The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter II.—Officers and Servants. Chapter III.—Taxation.*)

which, under any general or special orders of the Governor General in Council for the time being in force, the officer or servant would be entitled if the service had been service under the Government.

Pensions and other allowances of Government servants.

(2) In the case of an officer or servant being a Government official, the Deputy Commissioner may,—

(*a*) if his services are wholly lent to the Deputy Commissioner for employment in a bazar, meet any charges prescribed or authorized by any general or special order of the Governor General in Council, for the time being in force, regarding contributions towards pension or gratuity [illegible] ; and

(*b*) if [illegible] only a part of his time to the performance of [illegible] connected with a bazar, meet [illegible] charges as aforesaid in such [illegible] may be determined by the Commissioner.

(3) Nothing in this [illegible] any other section of this Regulation contained shall be deemed to prohibit the establishment of a Provident Fund by the officers or servants paid from a Bazar Fund under this Regulation, not being Government officials, or to debar the Deputy Commissioner, if otherwise expressly authorised by the Chief Commissioner in this behalf, from contributing from the Bazar Fund towards such Provident Fund at such rates and under such conditions as the Deputy Commissioner may, by rules to be confirmed by the Chief Commissioner, fix and apportion for such purpose.

CONTRACTS.

Authority to contract and mode of executing contracts.

6. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may enter into any contract for work to be performed for the benefit of a bazar.

(2) Every such contract whereof the value or amount exceeds fifty rupees shall be in writing.

(3) Every such contract shall be signed by the Deputy Commissioner.

(4) If a contract to which this section applies is executed otherwise than in conformity therewith, it shall not be binding on the Deputy Commissioner.

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.

Delegation of authority.

7. The Deputy Commissioner may, by general or special order, delegate to any officer not below the rank and status of a Tahsildar all or any of his powers under Chapters V and VI :

Provided that from any order passed by an officer so empowered under these Chapters, an appeal shall lie to the Deputy Commissioner.

CHAPTER III.

TAXATION.

Taxes which may be imposed.

8. (1) Subject to any general rules or special orders which the Governor General in Council may make in this behalf, the Chief Commissioner may, from time to time, for the purposes of this Regulation and in the manner by this Regulation directed, impose in any bazar any of the following taxes :

(*a*) a tax on buildings and lands not exceeding seven-and-a-half per centum on the annual value ;

(*b*) a tax on persons practising any profession or art or carrying on any trade or calling in the bazar, not exceeding two-and-a-half per centum on the annual income derived from such practice, trade or calling ;

(*c*) a tax not exceeding four rupees a quarter on every vehicle, animal used for riding, driving, draught or burden, or dog kept within the bazar ;

(*d*) a toll not exceeding one anna on every vehicle and every animal used as aforesaid entering the bazar ;

(*e*) an octroi on animals for slaughter, or goods, or both, brought within the bazar for consumption or use therein ;

and, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, any other tax :

Provided that any person may compound for exemption from all tolls leviable in respect of any animal or vehicle under clause (*d*) of this sub-section by paying the tax which would have been leviable in respect thereof under clause (*c*) if the same had been kept within the bazar :

Provided also that goods, which are the property of Government at the time of import, shall pass free of any octroi imposed under clause (*e*) if accompanied by an invoice, with an endorsement signed by the proper Government officer certifying that they are the property of the Government.

(2) In this section "annual value" means the gross annual rent for which buildings or lands liable to taxation may reasonably be expected to let.

Scavenging-tax.

9. When the Deputy Commissioner has, with regard to any buildings or lands, in exercise of the powers conferred by this Regulation, provided for the performance by officers or servants of the bazar appointed under this Regulation of the duties usually performed by sweepers, he may, with the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner and in the manner by this Regulation directed, impose upon those buildings and lands, in addition to any other tax imposed upon them under this Regulation, a tax, to be called the scavenging-tax, at such rate or of such amount as he thinks fit :

Provided that in fixing the rate or amount of such tax regard shall be had to the principle that the total net proceeds of the tax should not exceed the cost of the performance of the said duties.

Water-tax.

10. Besides the taxes mentioned in the foregoing sections, the Deputy Commissioner, with the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner,

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter III.—Taxation.*)

may, for the purpose of constructing or maintaining works for the supply of water to a bazar or paying the principal or interest of any loan raised for the construction of such works, impose, in the manner by this Regulation directed, a tax, to be called the water-tax, upon buildings or lands in a bazar which are so situated that their occupiers can benefit by the works :

Provided that, in fixing the rate of such tax, regard shall be had to the principle that the total net proceeds of the tax, with the estimated income from payments for water supplied from the works under special contracts, should not exceed the amount required for the said purpose.

Notification of and power to abolish and reduce taxes.

11. (*1*) No tax shall come into force until one month after it has been notified.

(*2*) The Chief Commissioner may, by notification, abolish or reduce in amount any tax imposed under the foregoing sections.

Power to exempt from taxation.

12. (*1*) The Deputy Commissioner may, by order, exempt in whole or in part from the payment of any such tax any person who by reason of poverty may in his opinion be unable to pay the same.

(*2*) The Governor General in Council may by order, exempt in whole or in part from the payment of any such tax any person or class of persons or any property or description of property.

Taxes not invalid for defect of form.

13. No tax imposed under this Regulation shall be invalid merely for defect of form ; and it shall be enough, in the case of any such tax on property or any assessment of value for the purpose of any such tax, if the property taxed or assessed is so described as to be generally known ; and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

Taxes when paid.

14. Any tax imposed under the foregoing sections and payable periodically shall be payable on such dates and in such instalments (if any) as the Deputy Commissioner may, from time to time prescribe.

Receipts to be given.

15. For all sums paid on account of any tax under this Regulation a receipt, stating the amount and the tax on account of which it is paid, shall be given, on his application, to the person making the payment.

Appeals against taxation.

16 (*1*) An appeal against the assessment or levy of any tax under this Regulation shall lie to the Commissioner.

(*2*) Subject to revision by the Chief Commissioner, the order of the appellate authority shall be final.

Limitation for appeals.

17. (*1*) No appeal shall lie in respect of a tax on any building or land in a bazar unless it is preferred within one month after the publication of the notice of assessment to be prescribed under section 88, and no appeal shall lie in respect of any other tax levied under this Regulation unless it is preferred within one month from the time when the demand for the tax is made :

Provided that an appeal may be admitted after the expiration of the period prescribed therefor by this section if the appellant satisfies the appellate authority that he had sufficient cause for not presenting it sooner.

(*2*) No appeal shall be entertained unless the amount of the tax levied under this Regulation to which it relates is deposited with the Deputy Commissioner before the appeal is preferred.

Taxation not to be questioned except under Regulation.

18. No objection shall be taken to any valuation or assessment made under this Regulation, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed or taxed be questioned, in any other manner or by any other authority than in this Regulation provided.

Power to examine articles on which octroi is payable.

19. Every person bringing or receiving within a bazar any article on which octroi is payable shall, when required by an officer authorized by the Deputy Commissioner in that behalf and so far as may be necessary for ascertaining the amount of tax chargeable,—

(*a*) permit that officer to inspect, examine, weigh or otherwise deal with the article ; and

(*b*) communicate to that officer any information and exhibit to him any bill, invoice or document of a like nature that he may possess relating to the article.

Power to search where octroi is leviable.

20. If after the imposition of an octroi-tax any person bringing or receiving a conveyance or package within a bazar refuses, on the demand of an officer authorised by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf, to permit such officer to inspect the contents of the conveyance or package for the purpose of ascertaining whether it contains any articles in respect of which octroi is payable, such officer may cause the conveyance or package to be taken without unnecessary delay before a Magistrate, who shall cause the inspection to be made in his presence.

Presentation of bill for octroi.

21. Every officer demanding octroi by authority of the Deputy Commissioner shall tender to every person introducing or receiving any article on which the tax is claimed, a bill specifying the article taxable, the amount claimed and the rate at which the tax is calculated.

Recovery of octroi.

22. (*1*) In case of non-payment of octroi on demand, the officer empowered to collect the same may seize any article on which it is chargeable, or any part thereof of sufficient value to satisfy the demand.

(*2*) The Deputy Commissioner may, after the lapse of five days from the seizure and the issue of a proclamation fixing the time and date of sale, cause the property so seized, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be sold by auction to satisfy the demand, with the expenses occasioned by the seizure, custody and sale thereof,

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter III.—Taxation. Chapter IV.—Bazar Fund and Property.*)

unless the demand and expenses are in the meantime paid :

Provided that articles of a perishable nature may be sold after the lapse of such shorter time as the Deputy Commissioner, having regard to the nature of the articles, may think necessary in order to avoid serious risk or damage.

Taxes leviable under the orders of the Chief Commissioner or the Governor General in Council, to be deemed to be taxes under this Regulation.

23. All taxes leviable in a bazar under the orders of the Chief Commissioner or of the Governor General in Council at the time when this Regulation comes into force shall, so far as the imposition and assessment are consistent with this Regulation and within the powers conferred thereby, be [illegible] have been imposed and assessed under this Regulation.

CHAPTER IV.

BAZAR FUND AND PROPERTY.

Constitution of Bazar Fund.

24 (*1*) In each bazar there shall be formed a Bazar Fund, and there shall be [illegible] to the credit thereof—

(*a*) all sums received for expenditure on a bazar under this Regulation or otherwise ;

(*b*) all fines realised in cases in which prosecutions are instituted under this Regulation or the rules made thereunder, or under section 34 of the Police Act, 1861, or under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1890, for offences committed within the bazar ;

(*c*) the balance (if any) standing at the credit of any Local Fund existing at the date on which this Regulation becomes operative, for the benefit of the bazar ; and

(*d*) the proceeds of such property, moveable and immoveable, as may for the time being be administered for the benefit of the Bazar Fund ;

and this fund, together with all property purchased at its expense, shall be vested in the Chief Commissioner for the time being ; and, subject to the provisions of this Regulation and of the rules made thereunder, and to the control of the Chief Commissioner, the management thereof shall be entrusted to the Deputy Commissioner.

(*2*) The property referred to in clause (*d*) of sub-section (*1*) includes—

(*a*) land or other property acquired by the Deputy Commissioner for local public purposes or under competent authority constituted the property of the Bazar Fund ;

(*b*) dust, dirt, sewage, refuse, filth and rubbish of any kind collected under the orders of the Deputy Commissioner from the streets, houses, privies, sewers, cesspools or elsewhere, or deposited in any place set apart by him for that purpose.

Application of fund.

25. (*1*) The Deputy Commissioner shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation, set apart and apply annually out of the Bazar Fund—

(*a*) first, such sum out of the net proceeds of the octroi receipts as the Governor General in Council may from time to time direct to be paid as a contribution to the fund of any neighbouring cantonment;

(*b*) secondly, such sum as may be required for the payment of any amounts falling due on any loan legally contracted for, or on behalf of, the Bazar Fund ;

(*c*) thirdly, such sum as may be required to meet the charges of the Bazar Fund establishment, including such subscriptions, contributions and payments as are referred to in section 5.

(2) Subject to the charges specified in sub-section (*1*) and to such rules as the Chief Commissioner may make with respect to the priority to be given to the several calls thereon, the Bazar Fund shall be applicable to the payment, in whole or in part, of the charges and expenses incidental to the following matters within the Bazar, namely—

(*a*) the construction, maintenance, improvement, cleansing and repair of public streets, bridges, drains, latrines and water-courses ;

(*b*) the watering and lighting of such streets or any of them ;

(*c*) the construction, establishment and maintenance of rest houses, markets, pounds and other works of public utility ;

(*d*) grants-in-aid to schools, hospitals, dispensaries, poor-houses, leper asylums and other educational or charitable institutions ;

(*e*) the supply, storage and preservation from pollution of water for the use of men or animals ;

(*f*) the planting and preservation of trees and gardens ;

(*g*) the taking of a census, the registration of births, marriages and deaths, public vaccination and any other sanitary measure ;

(*h*) the destruction of stray and ownerless dogs ;

(*i*) all acts and things which are likely to promote the safety, health, welfare or convenience of the inhabitants, or expenditure which may be declared by the Deputy Commissioner, with the sanction of the Commissioner, to be an appropriate charge on the Bazar Fund.

Custody of Bazar Fund.

26. (*1*) In places where there is a Government treasury or sub-treasury, the Bazar Fund shall be kept in such treasury or sub-treasury.

(*2*) In places where there is no such treasury or sub-treasury, the Bazar Fund may be kept in such treasury or sub-treasury as may be appointed by the Commissioner.

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(Chapter IV.—Bazar Fund and Property. Chapter V.—Powers for Sanitary and other Purposes.)

Investment of same.

27. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may, from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner, invest any portion of the Bazar Fund in securities of the Government of India or such other securities as the Governor General in Council may, from time to time, approve in this behalf, and may vary such investments for others of a like nature, and may, with like sanction, realise any investments made under this sub-section.

(2) The income resulting from the securities and the proceeds of the sale of the same shall be credited to the Bazar Fund.

CHAPTER V.

POWERS FOR SANITARY AND OTHER PURPOSES.

Streets and buildings.

Power to acquire land for building-sites adjoining new streets.

28. When any land in a bazar is required for a new street or for the improvement of an existing street, the Deputy Commissioner may cause to be acquired, in addition to the land to be occupied by the street, the land necessary for the sites of the buildings to be erected on the sides of the street.

Power to close streets.

29. The Deputy Commissioner may close temporarily any streets or parts thereof for any public purpose, and with the Chief Commissioner's permission may divert, discontinue or permanently close any street.

Power to permit temporary occupation of streets, etc.

30. The Deputy Commissioner may grant permission in writing for the temporary occupation of any street for the purpose of depositing any building materials or making any temporary excavation therein or erection thereon, subject to such conditions and the payment of such fees as he may prescribe, and may at his discretion withdraw such permission.

Power to attach brackets for lamps.

31. The Deputy Commissioner may attach to the outside of any building brackets for lamps in such manner as not to cause injury thereto or inconvenience.

Names of streets and numbers of buildings.

32. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may name any street, and cause that name and likewise any number to be affixed on any building, and may from time to time cause the same to be altered.

(2) Whoever destroys, pulls down, alters or defaces any such name or number shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Notice of new buildings.

33. (1) Every person intending to erect, re-erect, alter or repair any upper storey or other building shall give notice in writing of his intention to the Deputy Commissioner, and shall, if required to do so, submit a plan showing the levels at which the foundations and lowest floor are proposed to be laid and specifications of the works intended to be constructed and the materials to be used, and shall obey any written directions consistent with this Regulation given by the Deputy Commissioner thereupon; and the Deputy Commissioner may prohibit such erection, re-erection, alteration or repair, if in his opinion it is likely to be injurious to the neighbourhood or in respect of free passage or roadway, free circulation of air, facilities of scavenging, ventilation, drainage level, stability, line of frontage or any other matter which the Chief Commissioner may from time to time prescribe:

Provided that no compensation shall be claimable on account of any direction or prohibition under this section.

(2) If the erection, re-erection, alteration or repair of any building is begun without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, or in disobedience to any direction issued by the Deputy Commissioner under this section, or continued contrary to those directions, the Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require such building to be altered or demolished, and the person so erecting, re-erecting, altering or repairing shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Removal of obstructing projections and encroachments.

34. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of any building to remove or alter any projection, encroachment or obstruction built or placed against or in front thereof, if the same overhangs or projects into or encroaches on any street, public drain, aqueduct or sewer.

Bathing and washing places.

Bathing and washing places.

35. The Deputy Commissioner may set apart suitable places for the purpose of bathing, and may specify the times at which, and the sex of the persons by whom, such places may be used, and may also set apart suitable places for washing animals or clothes, or for any purpose connected with the health, cleanliness and comfort of the inhabitants; and may, by public notice, prohibit bathing, or the washing of animals or clothes, in any public place not so set apart or at times or by persons other than those specified, and all other acts by which water in public places may be rendered foul or unfit for use.

Deposit of offensive matter and slaughter-places.

Removal and deposit of offensive matter.

36. The Deputy Commissioner may fix places within, or beyond, the limits of a bazar for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or offensive matter of any kind or for the disposal of the dead bodies of animals, and may by public notice give directions as to the time, manner and conditions at, in and under which such refuse, rubbish or offensive matter or the dead bodies of animals may be removed along any street and deposited at such places.

Places for slaughter of animals.

37. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may fix and abolish places either within or beyond the limits of a bazar for the slaughter of animals or any specified description of animals for sale, and may grant and withdraw licenses for the use of such places, or, if they belong to a Bazar Fund, charge rent or fees for the use of the same.

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter V.—Powers for Sanitary and other Purposes.*)

(2) When any such place has been fixed, no person shall slaughter any such animal for sale within a bazar at any other place.

(3) Whoever slaughters any such animal at any other place for sale within a bazar shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Burial and burning places.

Powers in respect of burial and burning places.

38. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may by public notice order any burial or burning ground which is, in his opinion, dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood, to be closed from a date to be specified in the notice.

(2) Private burial-grounds in such burial-grounds may be excepted from the notice, subject to such conditions as the Deputy Commissioner may impose in this behalf.

(3) No burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed after the passing of this Regulation without the permission in writing of the Deputy Commissioner.

(4) Whoever buries or burns, or causes or permits to be buried or burnt, any corpse in any burial or burning ground made or formed contrary to the provisions of this section, or after the date fixed thereunder for closing the same, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

(5) The Deputy Commissioner may by public notice prescribe routes for the removal of corpses to burial or burning places.

Inflammable materials.

Inflammable materials.

39. The Deputy Commissioner may, where it appears to him to be necessary for the prevention of danger to life or property, by public notice, prohibit all persons from stacking or collecting wood, straw or other inflammable materials, or placing mats, erecting booths or thatched huts, or lighting fires, in any place or within any limits specified in the notice.

Powers of entry and inspection.

Inspection of drains, privies and cesspools.

40. (1) The Deputy Commissioner, or any person authorised by him in this behalf, may, after giving six hours' notice in writing to the occupier of any land or building in which any drain, privy or cesspool is situated, inspect any such drain, privy or cesspool at any time between sunrise and sunset, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened wherever he may think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising therefrom.

(2) If on such inspection it appears that the opening of the ground was necessary for the prevention or removal of a nuisance, the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the land or building or by the occupier, as the Deputy Commissioner may direct; but if it is found that no nuisance exists, or but for such opening would have existed, the ground shall be closed and made good as soon as may be, and the expense of opening, closing and making it good shall be paid from the Bazar Fund.

Power to enter and inspect buildings, etc.

41. The Deputy Commissioner, or any person authorised by him in this behalf, may, after giving twenty-four hours' notice in writing to the occupier, or, if there is no occupier, to the owner, of any building, at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect the building, and may by notice direct all or any part thereof to be forthwith internally or externally lime-washed, disinfected or otherwise cleansed for sanitary reasons.

Other powers of entry on building or land.

42. The Deputy Commissioner, or any person authorised by him in this behalf, may, after giving twenty-four hours' notice in writing to the occupier, or, if there is no occupier, to the owner, of any building or land at any time between sunrise and sunset—

(a) enter on and survey and take levels of any land;

(b) enter, inspect and measure any building for the purpose of valuation; or

(c) enter into any building or any land for the purpose of examining works under construction, of ascertaining the course of sewers or drains, or of executing or repairing any work authorised by this Regulation.

Power to enter for discovery of vehicles or animals liable to taxation.

43. The Deputy Commissioner, or any person authorised by him in this behalf, may, at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect any stable, coach-house or other place wherein there is reason to believe that there is any vehicle or animal liable to taxation under this Regulation, for which a license has not been duly taken out.

Power to inspect places for sale of food or drink, etc., and to seize unwholesome articles exposed for sale.

44. The Deputy Commissioner, or any person authorised by him in writing in this behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall or place used for the sale of food or drink for human consumption, or as a slaughter-house, or for the sale of drugs, and inspect and examine any food or drink, animal or drug which may be therein, and, if any article of food or drink or any animal therein appears to be intended for human consumption and to be unfit therefor, may seize and remove the same or may cause it to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such consumption;

and, in case any drug is reasonably suspected to be adulterated in such manner as to lessen its efficacy or to change its operation or to render it noxious, may remove the same, giving a receipt therefor, and may cause it to be brought before a Magistrate for inquiry whether any offence has been committed in respect thereof, and for his orders as to its disposal.

Power of entry for purposes of scavenging.

45. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may provide for the performance by servants of the bazar of the duties usually performed by sweepers in respect

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter V.—Powers for Sanitary and other Purposes.*)

of any buildings or lands, or of any drains, privies, cesspools or other receptacles for offensive matter pertaining to buildings or land.

(2) Such provision may be made in respect of individual buildings or lands or of buildings or lands generally.

(3) Nothing in this section or section 9 shall be deemed to preclude the Deputy Commissioner from making provision of a different nature for different buildings or lands, and charging scavenging-tax at different rates therefor, or from exempting wholly or in part from such tax at his discretion any individual who has made arrangements to his satisfaction for the performance of the duties aforesaid.

(4) When the Deputy Commissioner has undertaken to provide for the performance of such duties as aforesaid, the persons employed by him to perform the same may enter on the property at all reasonable times so far as may be necessary for the proper discharge of those duties; and the Deputy Commissioner, or any person authorised by him in this behalf, may enter on the property at all reasonable times for the purpose of ascertaining that such duties have been duly performed.

Precautions to be observed in entering dwelling.

46. When any building used as a human dwelling is entered under this Regulation, due regard shall be paid to the social and religious sentiments of the occupiers, and before any apartment in the actual occupation of any woman, who, according to custom, does not appear in public, is entered under this Regulation, notice shall be given to her that she is at liberty to withdraw, and every reasonable facility shall be afforded to her for withdrawing.

Water-pipes, privies and drains.

Troughs and pipes for rain-water.

47. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner of any building in any street to put up and keep in good condition proper troughs and pipes for receiving and carrying the water from the roof and other parts thereof and for discharging the same, so as not to inconvenience persons passing along the street.

Provision of privies, etc.

48. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner of any building to provide any privy or cesspool or additional privies or cesspools which should in his opinion be provided for the building.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of any building or land to have any privy provided for the same shut out by a sufficient roof and wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or dwelling in the neighbourhood, or to remove or alter, as he directs, any door or trap-door of a privy opening on to any street or drain.

(3) The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person employing more than twenty workmen or labourers to provide such latrines and urinals as the Deputy Commissioner may think fit and to cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleaned.

Construction, repairing and closing of drains, privies and cesspools.

49. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of any building or land to repair or alter and put in good order any drain, privy or cesspool or to close any cesspool belonging thereto.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person who constructs any new drain, privy or cesspool without his permission in writing or contrary to his directions or rules or to the provisions of this Regulation, or who constructs, rebuilds or opens any drain, privy or cesspool which has been ordered to be demolished or closed or not to be made, to demolish such drain, privy or cesspool or to make such alteration therein as he thinks fit.

Unauthorised buildings over drains, etc.

50. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person who, without his permission in writing, newly erects or rebuilds any building over any public sewer, drain, culvert, water-course or water-pipe, to pull down or otherwise deal with the same as he thinks fit.

Removal of latrines, etc., near any source of water-supply.

51. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any owner or occupier on whose land any drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or refuse for the time being exists within fifty feet of any spring, well, reservoir or other water-source, to remove or close the same within one week.

Power to require drainage, etc., of unwholesome land, etc.

52. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any owner or occupier of any land or building to cleanse, repair, cover, fill up or drain off any private land, well, reservoir, pool or excavation therein which appears to him to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood.

Dangerous buildings and places.

Power to require buildings, wells, tanks, etc., to be secured.

53. If any building or any well, tank or other excavation is for want of sufficient repair, protection or enclosure dangerous to persons passing by, or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood, the Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier thereof to repair, protect or enclose the same; and if it appears to him to be necessary in order to prevent imminent danger, he shall forthwith take such steps as are necessary to avert the danger.

Buildings, etc., in ruinous or dangerous state.

54. If any building, wall or structure, or anything affixed thereto, is deemed by the Deputy Commissioner to be in a ruinous state or in any way dangerous, he may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier thereof forthwith either to remove the same or to cause such repairs to be made to it as he considers necessary for the public safety; and, if it appears to him to be necessary in order to prevent imminent danger, the Deputy Commissioner may forthwith take such steps as are necessary to avert the danger.

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter V.—Powers for Sanitary and other Purposes.*)

Buildings and grounds in unsanitary condition.

Power to require owner to clear away noxious vegetation.

55. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of any land to clear away and remove any thick or noxious vegetation, jungle or undergrowth which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering on streets.

56. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of any land within three days to cut or trim the hedges thereof bordering on any street, or branches of trees growing thereon which overhang any street and obstruct the same or cause [illegible] therein or which so overhang any well, tank or other water-source as to be likely to pollute the water thereof.

Power to have building or land cleansed.

57. If the owner or occupier of any building or land suffers the same to be in a filthy or unwholesome state, the Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require him within twenty-four hours to cleanse the same or otherwise put it in a proper state.

Powers in respect of building unfit for habitation.

58. If any building appears to the Deputy Commissioner to be unfit for human habitation in consequence of the want of proper means of drainage or ventilation or for any other sufficient reason, the Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, prohibit the owner or occupier thereof from using the same for human habitation or suffering it to be so used until the Deputy Commissioner is satisfied that it has been rendered fit for such use.

Power to require untenanted building becoming a nuisance to be secured or enclosed.

59. The Deputy Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the owner or person claiming to be the owner of any building or land which, by reason of abandonment or disputed ownership or other cause, remains untenanted and thereby becomes a resort of idle and disorderly persons or otherwise a nuisance, to secure or enclose the same within a reasonable time to be fixed in the notice.

Cultivation, use of manure or irrigation injurious to health, after prohibition.

60. (*1*) The Deputy Commissioner may, on the report of the Chief Medical Officer of the district that the cultivation of any description of crop or the use of any kind of manure or the irrigation of land in any specified manner in any place within the limits of a bazar is injurious to the health of persons dwelling in the neighbourhood, by notification prohibit the cultivation of the crop, the use of the manure or the irrigation so reported to be injurious, or regulate such cultivation, use or irrigation by imposing such conditions thereon as may prevent injury:

Provided that, when on any land to which such notification applies the act prohibited has been practised during the five years next preceding the notification in the ordinary course of husbandry, compensation shall be paid from the Bazar Fund to all persons interested therein for any damage caused to them by the effect of such notification.

(*2*) Whoever cultivates, uses manure or irrigates in disregard of any prohibition or conditions notified under sub-section (*1*), shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the date of such conviction during which the offence is proved before a Magistrate to have been persisted in.

Registration of trades.

Regulation of offensive and dangerous trades.

61. (*1*) The owner or occupier of every place within a bazar used for any of the following purposes, namely:

- melting tallow, or boiling bones, offal or blood;
- as a soap-house, oil-boiling house, dyeing house or tannery;
- as a brick-kiln, pottery or lime-kiln;
- as any other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise;
- as a yard or depôt for trade in hay, straw, thatching grass, wood, coal or other highly inflammable material; or
- as a store house for kerosine, petroleum, naphtha or any inflammable oil, spirit or explosive substance;

shall register the same in a book to be kept by the Deputy Commissioner for the purpose.

(*2*) No place shall be newly used for any of the said purposes except under a license from the Deputy Commissioner which shall be renewable annually.

(*3*) The license shall not be withheld unless the Deputy Commissioner considers that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be offensive or dangerous to persons residing in or frequenting the immediate neighbourhood.

(*4*) The Deputy Commissioner may charge such fees for such licenses and may impose such conditions in respect thereof as he may deem fit.

(*5*) Whoever without such registration or without a license uses any place for any such purpose shall, on conviction, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and with further fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the offence is proved before a Magistrate to have been persisted in after he has been convicted thereof; and the Deputy Commissioner may, after conviction, by notice in writing, direct that the use of such place for such purpose shall be discontinued.

(*6*) The Deputy Commissioner, or any person specially authorised by him in writing in this behalf, may at any time enter and inspect any place or building which there is reason to believe is used without license for any of the purposes enumerated in this section.

Power to prohibit such trades.

62. (*1*) If it is shown to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner that any place licensed under section 61 is a nuisance to the neighbourhood or likely to be dangerous to life, health or property he may, by notice in writing, require the occupier thereof to

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter V.—Powers for Sanitary and other Purposes.*)

discontinue the use of the place, or to use it in such manner as will in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner render it no longer a nuisance or dangerous.

(2) Whoever after such notice has been given uses the place or permits it to be used in disregard of such requisition shall, on conviction be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, and with further fine which may extend to forty rupees for every subsequent day during which the offence is proved before a Magistrate to have been persisted in.

Execution of acts required to be done by any notice.

63. (1) When any notice under this Chapter requires any act to be done for which no time is fixed by this Regulation, it shall fix a reasonable time for doing the same.

(2) When the owner or occupier of any land or building fails to comply with the terms of any notice under this Chapter requiring him to do any act upon that land or building, the Deputy Commissioner may, after six hours' notice in writing, cause that act to be done, and may recover the expenses incurred in so doing from the person in default.

Compensation for damage caused by exercise of powers under this Regulation.

64. The Deputy Commissioner may make compensation out of the Bazar Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in him, his officers and servants under this Regulation, and shall make such compensation where the person sustaining the damage was not himself in default in respect of the matter in respect of which the power was exercised: where the compensation is claimable on account of injury to buildings or land, it shall be calculated with due regard to the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894. 1 of 1894.

Restraint of infection.

Information to be given of cholera or small-pox or plague.

65. Whoever,—

(a) being a medical practitioner or a person openly and constantly practising the medical profession and in the course of such practice becoming cognizant of the existence of cholera or small-pox or plague in any dwelling other than a public hospital, or, in default of such medical practitioner or person practising the medical profession,

(b) being the owner or occupier of such dwelling, and being cognizant of the existence of cholera or small-pox or plague therein, or, in default of such owner or occupier,

(c) being the person in charge of or in attendance on any person suffering from cholera or small-pox or plague in such dwelling, and being cognizant of the existence of the disease therein,

fails to give information, or gives false information, to the Deputy Commissioner respecting the existence of such disease, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees:

Provided that a person not required to give information in the first instance but only in default of some other person, shall not be punishable if it be shown that he had reasonable cause to suppose that the information had been, or would be, duly given.

Removal to hospital of cholera, small-pox and plague patients.

66. When any person suffering from cholera or small-pox or plague is—

(a) without proper lodging or accommodation, or

(b) living in a sarai or other public hostel, or

(c) living in a room or house which he neither owns nor pays rent for, or

(d) lodged in premises occupied by members of two or more families, and any of such occupiers objects to his continuing to lodge in such premises,

the Deputy Commissioner, by any person authorised by him in this behalf, may, on the advice of any medical officer, remove the patient to any hospital or place at which persons suffering from such disease are received for medical treatment, and may do anything necessary for such removal.

Prohibition by Deputy Commissioner of use of unwholesome water.

67. Should the Deputy Commissioner consider that the water in any well, tank or other place is likely, if used for drinking, to engender or cause the spread of any dangerous disease, he may, by public notice, prohibit the removal or use of such water for drinking.

Powers for certain purposes.

68. The Deputy Commissioner may, by bye-law and with the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner,—

(a) prohibit the manufacture or preparation for sale of any specified articles of food or drink in any premises not licensed by the Deputy Commissioner;

(b) regulate the grant and withdrawal of licenses to premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of such specified articles of food or drink;

(c) regulate the hours and manner of transport within a bazar of any specified articles of food or drink;

(d) fix the places in which any specified article of food or drink may be sold or exposed for sale or the places in which it may not be sold or exposed for sale;

(e) fix the conditions on which licenses under this section are to be granted and may be revoked:

Provided that no person shall be punishable for breach of any bye-law made under clause (a) or clause (d) by reason of the continuance of such manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale or sale upon any premises which are, at the time of making of such bye-law, used for such purposes, until he has received from the Deputy Commissioner six months' notice in writing to discontinue such manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale or such sale in such premises.

CHAPTER VI.

OFFENCES AFFECTING THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY OR CONVENIENCE.

Depositing or throwing earth or materials or refuse, rubbish or offensive matter on roads or into drains.

69. Whoever, without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner or in disregard of his orders, throws or deposits, or permits his servants or members of his household under his control to throw or deposit, earth or materials of any description, or refuse, rubbish or offensive matter of any kind upon any street or public place, or into any public sewer or any drain communicating therewith, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Discharging sewage.

70. Whoever, without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, causes or knowingly or negligently allows the water of any sink, sewer or cesspool or any other offensive matter to pass or be put upon any street or public place or into any sewer or drain not set apart for the purpose, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Non-removal of filth, etc.

71. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any building or land, keeps or knowingly or negligently allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, bones, ashes, night-soil or filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon such building or land, or suffers any such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to cleanse and purify the same, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Making or altering drains without authority.

72. Whoever, without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, makes or causes to be made, or alters or causes to be altered, any drain leading into any public sewer or drain under the management of the Deputy Commissioner, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Penalty for making or keeping latrines, etc., near any source of water-supply.

73. Whoever, without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, makes or keeps for a longer time than one week after notice under section 51, any drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or refuse within fifty feet of any spring, well, tank, reservoir or other source from which water is or may be derived for public use, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, and, when a notice has been issued, with a further fine not exceeding five rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after the lapse of the period allowed for removal.

Keeping animals so as to be injurious to health.

74. Whoever keeps any swine in disregard of any orders which the Deputy Commissioner may give to prevent them from becoming a nuisance, or keeps any other animals so as to be injurious to health or to become a nuisance, shall, on conviction be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, and with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the date of the conviction during which the offence is proved before a Magistrate to have been persisted in.

Feeding animals on deleterious substances.

75. Whoever feeds or allows to be fed any animal which is kept for dairy purposes or may be used for food on deleterious substances, filth or refuse of any kind, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Driving vehicles without proper lights.

76. Whoever drives any vehicle after dark in any public street or thoroughfare unless the vehicle is properly supplied with lights, or there is sufficient moonlight to render lights unnecessary, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Discharging fire-arms, fire-works, etc.

77. Whoever discharges fire-arms or air-guns or lets off fire-works or fire-balloons, or engages in any game in such a manner as to cause danger to persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Control of camels.

78. Whoever, being a camel-driver, omits, on being requested to do so, to remove his camel so far as may be practicable to a safe distance on the approach of a horse, whether ridden or driven, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Suffering dogs to be at large.

79. Whoever, being the owner or person in charge of any dog which is likely to annoy or intimidate passengers, neglects to restrain it so that it shall not be at large without a muzzle in any street or public place, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Destruction of mad dogs.

80. (*1*) The Deputy Commissioner, by any person authorised by him in this behalf, may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined, for such period as the Deputy Commissioner may direct, any ownerless dog or any dog suffering from rabies or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies.

(*2*) No damages shall be payable in respect of any dog destroyed under this section.

Altering, obstructing or encroaching upon streets, etc.

81. Whoever, without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner alters, obstructs or encroaches upon any street or public drain, aqueduct or sewer, or displaces, takes up or alters the pavement or other materials or the fences or posts of any street or public place, or deposits building materials or makes any hole or excavation on or in any street, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Picketing animals and collecting carts.

82. Whoever, contrary to the orders of the Deputy Commissioner, pickets animals or collects carts on any public ground, or uses any such ground as a halting-place for vehicles or animals of any description or as a place

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(Chapter VI.—Offences affecting the Public Health, Safety or Convenience. Chapter VII.—Supplemental.)

of encampment, or causes or permits animals to stray, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Carrying corpses by prohibited routes or so as to cause annoyance.

83. Whoever carries a corpse along a prohibited route or in a manner likely to cause annoyance to the public, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to ten rupees.

Destroying direction-posts, lamp-posts, etc.

84. Whoever, without being authorized by the Deputy Commissioner, defaces or disturbs any direction-post or lamp-post, or extinguishes any light in any street or public place, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Penalty for disobedience to orders under Chapter V.

85. Whoever disobeys any bye-law issued under section 68 or any lawful directions given by public notice or disobeys any written notice lawfully issued under the powers conferred by Chapter V or by rules under section 88 or fails to comply with the conditions subject to which any permission was given to him under those powers, shall, if the disobedience or omission is not an offence punishable under any other section, be punishable on conviction with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the date of the conviction during which the offence is proved before a Magistrate to have been persisted in:

Provided that when the notice fixes a time within which a certain act is to be done and no time is specified in this Regulation, it shall rest with the Magistrate to determine whether the time so fixed was a reasonable time within the meaning of this Regulation.

CHAPTER VII.

SUPPLEMENTAL.

Control.

86. The Deputy Commissioner shall be subject in all respects to the control of the Commissioner and of the Chief Commissioner.

Vaccination.

87. The Chief Commissioner may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare that from a date to be fixed in the notification, the Vaccination Act, 1880, shall apply, so far as it can be made applicable, to a bazar. XIII of 1880.

General rules.

88. (*1*) The Chief Commissioner may from time to time make rules consistent with this Regulation as to—

(*a*) the assessment and recovery of taxes, fees and monies claimable under this Regulation and for preventing evasion of the same;

(*b*) the authority on which money may be paid from the Bazar Fund, and the management and regulation of any Provident Fund which may be established under section 5, sub-section (*3*);

(*c*) the conditions on which property under management of the Deputy Commissioner may be transferred by lease or otherwise;

(*d*) the control of traffic, public processions and music;

(*e*) the registration of births and deaths, the regulation of vaccination, compulsory or otherwise, and the taking of a census;

(*f*) the offences under this Regulation or under rules made thereunder which shall be cognizable by the police; and

(*g*) generally for the purpose of this Regulation.

(*2*) The Deputy Commissioner, with the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner, may by bye-law—

(*a*) regulate licenses necessary for the proprietors or drivers of vehicles, drawn by animals or persons, kept or plying for hire within the limits of a bazar, and fix the fees payable for such licenses, and the conditions on which they are to be granted and may be revoked; and

(*b*) limit the rates which may be demanded for the hire of any vehicle, and the loads to be carried by such vehicle when hired within a bazar for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, or for a service which would ordinarily be performed within twenty-four hours.

Rules with respect to disorderly persons.

89. The Chief Commissioner may make rules for the suppression of mendicancy and of loitering or importuning for the purpose of prostitution, and for the removal and exclusion from a bazar of disorderly persons, of persons convicted under Chapter XVII of the Indian Penal Code, or ordered under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to execute a bond for their good behaviour, and of persons whom the Chief Commissioner deems it necessary to exclude from the bazar with or without assigning any reasons for excluding them therefrom. XLV of 1860; V of 1898

Penalties for breaches of rules under sections 88 and 89 and commencement of such rules.

90. (*1*) In making any rule or bye-law under either of the two last foregoing sections, the Chief Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner, as the case may be, may direct that a breach of it shall be punishable on conviction with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the date of such conviction during which the breach is proved before a Magistrate to have been persisted in.

(*2*) No rule or bye-law under either of the said sections shall come into force until it has been notified by the Chief Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner, as the case may be.

The British Baluchistan Bazars Regulation, 1910.

(*Chapter VII.—Supplemental.*)

Brothels.

91. On the complaint of three or more inhabitants of a bazar that a house, in their immediate neighbourhood and within the limits of the bazar, is used as a brothel or by disorderly persons of any description to the annoyance of the respectable inhabitants of the vicinity, any Magistrate of the first class having, as such, jurisdiction in the place where the house is situated may summon the owner or tenant of the house to answer the complaint; and on being satisfied that the house is so used, and is a source of annoyance and offence to the neighbours, may order the owner or tenant to discontinue such use of it; and, if he fails to comply with such order within five days, may impose upon him a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees for every day thereafter on which it is proved that the house has continued to be so used.

Penalty on officer or servant of bazar being interested in contracts made with Deputy Commissioner.

92. If any officer or servant of a bazar is, otherwise than with the permission in writing of the Commissioner, directly or indirectly interested in any contract made with the Deputy Commissioner, he shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 168 of the Indian Penal Code. of 1860.

Suits and prosecutions.

93. No suit or prosecution shall be entertained by any Court against the Deputy Commissioner or any officer or person for anything in good faith done or purporting to be done in pursuance of powers conferred by or under this Regulation on the Deputy Commissioner, officer or person, whether the thing done was or was not authorised by the powers so conferred.

Acquisition of land under Act I of 1894.

94. Where any land, whether within or without the limits of a bazar, is required for the purposes of this Regulation, the Chief Commissioner may proceed to acquire it under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894; and, on payment by the Deputy Commissioner of the compensation awarded under that Act, and of the charges incurred by the Government in connection with the proceedings, the land shall vest in the Chief Commissioner for the time being for the purposes of this Regulation. f 1894.

Official not to be deemed interested in prosecution.

95. No Judge or Magistrate shall be deemed to be a party to, or personally interested in, any prosecution for an offence punishable under this Regulation or any rule thereunder or any other enactment within the meaning of section 556 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, because as Deputy Commissioner he merely approved the prosecution. V of 1898.

Conduct of prosecutions and enforcement of fines under this Regulation.

96. (*1*) Subject to such rules as the Chief Commissioner may make under section 88 prescribing the offences which shall be cognizable by the police, no Court shall take cognizance of an offence punishable under this Regulation or rule made thereunder except on the complaint of the Deputy Commissioner or of some person authorised by him in this behalf.

(*2*) In default of payment of any fine imposed under this Regulation or rule made thereunder, the defaulter shall be liable to simple imprisonment for a term not exceeding eight days.

Recovery of taxes, etc.

97. Any arrear of any tax or any fee or other money claimable by or on behalf of the Deputy Commissioner may, in addition to any manner provided under section 88, be recovered on application to a Magistrate having jurisdiction within the limits of the bazar by the distress and sale of any moveable property within those limits belonging to the person from whom the money is claimable; and if payable by the owner in respect of any property, moveable or immoveable, such arrear shall be a charge on the property.

Irregularities not to invalidate proceedings.

98. No act done nor any proceeding taken under this Regulation shall be questioned on account of any defect or irregularity not affecting the merits of the case.

Validation of acts done before the commencement of this Regulation.

99. All acts of executive authority, proceedings, decrees and sentences which have been done, taken or passed in any bazar before this Regulation comes into force by any officer of the Government or by any person acting under his authority, or otherwise in pursuance of an order of the Government and which have been or may hereafter be ratified by the Chief Commissioner, shall be as valid and operative as if they had been done, taken or passed in accordance with law; and no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained or continued against any person whatever on the ground that such acts, proceedings, decrees or sentences were not done, taken or passed in accordance with law.

No. 48.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, ch. 4), the Governor General in Council is pleased, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, to direct that the following Schedule shall be substituted for Schedule VII of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, which were published with this Department's Notification No. 17, dated the 15th November 1909, namely:

SCHEDULE VII.

[See Regulation II, sub-head (*vii*), and Regulation III.]

RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MEMBERS BY THE BENGAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Preliminary.

1. "Returning officer" means the Secretary to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and includes any officer of the Chamber deputed for the time being by the Secretary to perform his duties under these rules.

Qualifications of electors.

2. The members specified in Regulation II, sub-head (*vii*), shall be elected by the votes of persons who—

(*a*) are permanent members of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce; or

(*b*) are entitled to exercise the rights and privileges of permanent membership of the said Chamber on behalf, and in the name, of any firm or Joint-Stock Company or other Corporation,

and who have a place of residence in India (hereinafter referred to as "electors").

Qualifications and nomination of candidates.

3. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations who is qualified to vote under this schedule may be nominated as a candidate for election.

(2) Every nomination shall be made by an elector, by letter sent to the Returning officer.

(3) The Returning officer shall ascertain in respect of every person so nominated whether he is willing to serve if elected.

(4) Any person who has been nominated for election may withdraw his candidature at any time before the day appointed for the counting of votes.

Voting.

4. (1) If the number of nominated candidates does not exceed the number of candidates to be elected, the Returning officer shall forthwith declare such candidate or candidates to be elected.

(2) If the number of nominated candidates exceeds the number of candidates to be elected, the Returning officer shall send to each elector a list of the nominated candidates and a voting paper.

5. Any elector may send his voting paper to the Returning officer after recording his vote thereon:

Provided that voting papers which are not received by the Returning officer before the day appointed for the counting of votes shall be rejected.

Counting of votes and declaration of result.

6. (1) On receiving the voting papers, the Returning officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) The Returning officer shall endorse "rejected" on any voting paper which he may reject as being imperfect.

7. (1) The Returning officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, or may send a representative duly authorized by him in writing, to watch the process of counting.

(3) If an objection is made to any voting paper as being imperfect, or to the rejection by the Returning officer of a voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning officer, whose decison shall be final, subject to reversal by the Local Government in the event of the election being questioned under Regulation XVI.

(4) In such cases the Returning officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

8. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning officer shall forthwith declare the candidate or candidates to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates, and the addition of a vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning officer and in such manner as he may determine.

9. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election, and shall retain the same for a period of six months, and thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of result.

10. The Returning officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Local Government, and the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected shall be published in the local official Gazette.

Appointment of dates, times and places.

11. The Local Government shall appoint, and shall notify in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and (if necessary) such time and place, as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely:—

(*a*) the sending of nominations under rule 3 (2);

(*b*) the sending of lists and voting papers under rule 4 (2);

(*c*) the sending of voting papers under rule 5; and

(*d*) the counting of votes under rule 7 (1).

No. 49.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, ch. 4), the Governor General in Council is pleased, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, to direct that the following Schedule shall be substituted for Schedule XV of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General of India, which were published with this Department's Notification No. 14, dated the 15th November, 1909 namely:

SCHEDULE XV.

[See Regulation II, sub-head (*xx*), and Regulation III.]

RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF AN ADDITIONAL MEMBER BY THE BENGAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Preliminary.

1. "Returning officer" means the Secretary to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and includes any officer of the Chamber deputed for the time being by the Secretary to perform his duties under these rules.

Qualifications of Electors.

2. The Member specified in Regulation II, sub-head (*xx*), shall be elected by the votes of persons who—

(*a*) are permanent members of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, or

(*b*) are entitled to exercise the rights and privileges of permanent membership of the said Chamber on behalf, and in the name, of any firm or Joint-Stock Company or other Corporation,

and who have a place of residence in India (hereinafter referred to as "electors").

Qualifications and nomintaion of candidates.

3. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations who is qualified to vote under this schedule may be nominated as a candidate for election.

(2) Every nomination shall be made by an elector, by letter sent to the Returning officer.

(3) The Returning officer shall ascertain in respect of every person so nominated whether he is willing to serve if elected.

(4) Any person who has been nominated for election may withdraw his candidature at any time before the day appointed for the counting of votes.

Voting.

4. (1) If one candidate only is duly nominated, the Returning officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(2) If more candidates than one are duly nominated, the Returning officer shall send to each elector a list of the nominated candidates and a voting paper.

5. Any elector may send his voting paper to the Returning officer after recording his vote thereon:

Provided that voting papers which are not received by the Returning officer before the day appointed for the counting of votes shall be rejected.

Counting of votes and declaration of result.

6. (1) On receiving the voting papers, the Returning officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) The Returning officer shall endorse "rejected" on any voting paper which he may reject as being imperfect.

7. (1) The Returning officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, and a representative duly authorized by him in writing, to watch the process of counting.

(3) If an objection is made to any voting paper as being imperfect, or to the rejection by the Returning officer of a voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning officer, whose decision shall be final, subject to reversal by the Governor General in Council in the event of the election being questioned under Regulation XVI.

(4) In such cases the Returning officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

8. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning officer shall forthwith declare the candidate to whom the largest number of the votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates, and the addition of a vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning officer and in such manner as he may determine.

9. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election, and shall retain the same for a period of six months, and thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of result.

10. The Returning officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Local Government and also to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, and the name of the candidate elected shall be published in the local official Gazette and in the *Gazette of India.*

Appointment of dates, times and places.

11. The Local Government shall appoint, and shall notify in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and (if necessary) such time and place as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely,—

(*a*) the sending of nominations under rule 3 (2);

(*b*) the sending of lists and voting papers under rule 4 (2);

(*c*) the sending of voting papers under rule 5; and

(*d*) the counting of votes under rule 7 (1).

R. SHEEPSHANKS,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 30th September, 1910.

No. 1472.—Mr. L. P. Shirres is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 1st October 1910.

EXAMINATIONS.

The 30th September, 1910.

No. 337.—The following regulations respecting the examination of candidates for the Civil Service of India, to be held in August 1911, are published for general information :

[*Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.*]

EXAMINATION FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

An open Competitive Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India will be held in London, under the subjoined Regulations, commencing on the 1st August 1911.

The number of persons to be selected at this examination will be announced hereafter.

No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, has not received on or before the 1st July 1911, *an application on the prescribed form, a copy of which is sent herewith. No question as to the delay or loss in the post of any such Application Form can be entertained. Candidates, who delay their applications until the last days, will do so at their own risk.*

Acknowledgments of such Application Forms are sent, and any Candidate who has filled up and returned the printed Application Form but has not received an acknowledgment of it within four complete days should at once write to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, London, W. Failure to comply with this provision will deprive the Candidate of any claim to consideration.

The Order for admission to the Examination will be posted on the 20th July 1911, *to the address given on the Form of Application. It will contain instructions as to the time and place at which Candidates will be required to attend and as to the manner in which the fee* (£6) *is to be paid.*

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

August 1910.

REGULATIONS.

*** *The following Regulations, made by the Secretary of State for India in Council, are liable to alteration from year to year.*

1. An examination for admission to the Civil Service of India, open to all qualified persons, will be held in London in August of each year for such number of appointments to that Service as the Secretary of State may on each occasion determine. The date of the Examination and the number of appointments to be made for each Province will be announced beforehand by the Civil Service Commissioners.

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners :—

(i) That he is a natural-born subject of His Majesty.

(ii) That he had attained the age of twenty-two, and had not attained the age of twenty-four on the first day of August of the year in which the Examination is held.

[*N.B.—In the case of Natives of India it will be necessary for a Candidate to obtain a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, no. 2152, dated 21st August 1888, as amended by Notification no. 404, dated 19th May 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides, or should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides.*]

(iii) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.*

(iv) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *primâ facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the Candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee, will be admitted to the Examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion, at any time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries in the case of any Candidate should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India, and, if already selected, will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

4. The Open Competitive Examination will take place only in the following 38 subjects (*a*) :—

		Marks.
1.	English Composition	500
2.	Sanskrit Language and Literature	800
3.	Arabic Language and Literature	800
	Greek, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
4.	Translation	400
5.	Prose Composition	200
6.	Verse Composition	200
7.	Literature, etc.	300
	Latin, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
8.	Translation	400
9.	Prose Composition	200
10.	Verse Composition	200
11.	Literature, etc.	300
12.	English Language and Literature	600
13.	Italian, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
14.	Italian, History of the Language and Literature	200
15.	French, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
16.	French, History of the Language and Literature	200
17.	German, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
18.	German, History of the Language and Literature	200
	The History of these Languages and their Literatures can only be taken by candidates who also offer themselves for the rest of the examination in those languages.	
19.	Lower Mathematics	1,200
20.	Higher Mathematics	1,200
	Natural Science, *i.e.*, any number not exceeding *four* of the following, or *three* if both Lower and Higher Mathematics be also taken :—	
21.	Chemistry	600
22.	Physics	600
23.	Geology	600
24.	Botany	600
25.	Zoology	600
26.	Animal Physiology	600
27.	Geography	600
28.	Greek History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500
29.	Roman History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500
	English History, either or both sections may be taken :—	
30.	Section I., to A.D. 1485	400
31.	Section II., A.D. 1485 to 1848	400
32.	General Modern History	500
33.	Logic and Psychology	600
34.	Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy	600
35.	Political Economy and Economic History	600
36.	Political Science	500
37.	Roman Law	500
38.	English Law	500

* The Civil Service Commissioners will regard no person as constitutionally fitted for appointment to the Civil Service of India who has not been satisfactorily vaccinated within the last seven years.

(*a*) A Syllabus, defining the character of the Examination in the various subjects, may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W.

From the marks assigned to Candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary in order to secure that no credit be allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

Consistently with the limitations specified above Candidates are at liberty to name any of the foregoing subjects, provided that the maximum number of marks that can be obtained from the subjects chosen is limited to 6,000. If this maximum is exceeded by a Candidate's selection he will be required to indicate one of his subjects the marks for which should, in his case, be reduced so as to bring his maximum marks within the prescribed limit. The marks so reduced will be subject to a correspondingly reduced deduction.

Moreover, if a Candidate's handwriting is not easily legible a further deduction will, on that account, be made from the total marks otherwise accruing to him (*a*).

5. A list of the competitors shall be made out in order of their proficiency as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each competitor, and in that order so many competitors up to the determined number of appointments, as are found by the Civil Service Commissioners to be qualified by examination, shall be designated to be Selected Candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided that they appear to be duly qualified in other respects. Should any Selected Candidate become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled or not. In the former case the Candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a Selected Candidate.

6. Selected Candidates, before proceeding to India, will be on probation for one year, at the end of which time they will be examined, with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (*b*) :—

Compulsory—

	Marks.
1. Indian Penal Code	400
2. Code of Criminal Procedure	200
3. The Indian Evidence Act	200
4. Indian History	400
*5. The principal Vernacular Language of the Province to which the Candidate is assigned	400

Optional. [Not more than one of the following subjects.]

	Marks
1. Hindu and Muhammadan Law	450
†2. Sanskrit	400
†3. Arabic	400
4. Persian	400
5. Hindustani (for Candidates assigned to the Province of Burma only) ...	400

* The principal Vernacular Language prescribed for each Province to which Candidates are assigned is as follows:—

For the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab, and the Central Provinces ... Hindustani.

For Bengal ... ... Hindustani or Bengali (at the option of the Candidate).

For Eastern Bengal and Assam ... ... Bengali. (unless it is the Candidate's mother tongue.)

For Burma ... ... Burmese.

For Bombay ... ... Marathi. (unless it is the Candidate's mother tongue).

For Madras ... ... Tamil or Telugu. (at the option of the Candidate).

In Hindustani the Candidate will be required to be acquainted with both the Persian and the Nagari character.

A Candidate assigned to Eastern Bengal and Assam, whose mother tongue is Bengali, must offer for examination Hindustani; a Candidate assigned to Bombay, whose mother tongue is Marathi, must offer for examination Hindustani; and a Candidate assigned to Bengal or Madras, whose mother tongue is either of the languages shown against his Province, must offer the other for examination.

† These subjects may not be offered by any Candidate who has offered them at the Open Competition.

(*a*) It is notified for general information that the number of marks deducted for bad handwriting may be considerable.

(*b*) Instructions, showing the extent of the examination, will be issued to Selected Candidates, as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.

In this Examination, as in the Open Competition, the merit of the Candidates examined will be estimated by marks (which will be subject to deductions in the same way as the marks assigned at the Open Competition), and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary. This Examination will be held at the close of the year of probation, and will be called the "*Final Examination.*"

If any Candidate is prevented by sickness or any other adequate cause from attending such examination, the Commissioners may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India in Council, allow him to appear at the Final Examination to be held in the following year, or at a special examination.

7. The selected Candidates will also be tested during their probation as to their proficiency in Riding.

The examinations in riding will be held as follows:—

(1) Shortly after the result of the Open Competitive Examination has been declared, or at such time or times as the Commissioners may appoint during the course of the probationary year.

(2) Again, at the time of the Final Examination. Candidates who may then fully satisfy the Commissioners of their ability to ride well and to perform journeys on horseback will be awarded from 100 to 200 marks, according to the degree of proficiency displayed, to be added to their marks in the Final Examination. Candidates who fail to obtain 100 marks, but are reported by the Civil Service Commissioners to have reached a minimum standard of proficiency in riding, and are certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, will, on their arrival in India, be subjected to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and shall receive no increase to their initial salary until they have passed such tests to the satisfaction of that Government.

A Candidate who fails at the end of the year of probation to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners that he has reached the minimum standard of proficiency in riding, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of Selected Candidates.

8. The Selected Candidates who, on examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 6, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character, conduct during the period of probation, and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, provided they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

9. Persons desirous to be admitted as Candidates must apply on Forms, which may be obtained from "The Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners, London," at any time after the 1st December, in the year previous to that in which the Examination is to be held. No person will be admitted to the Examination from whom the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners has not received on or before the 1st July (or, if that date should fall upon a Sunday or public holiday, then, on or before the first day thereafter on which their office is open), in the year in which the Examination is to be held, an application in the handwriting of the Candidate, on the prescribed form,

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements:—

(i) *Selected Candidates will be allotted to the various provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes; but the requirements of the Public Service will rank before every other consideration.*

(ii) *An allowance amounting to £150 will be given to any Candidate who passes his probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrews, Aberdeen and London (University College or King's College); Victoria University, Manchester.*

This allowance will be paid to the selected Candidate in four instalments on the following dates respectively:—December 24, after his selection, March 25, June 24, and the date of his signing his covenant on being finally appointed to the Service.

With the final instalment an allowance on account of passage to India will be paid to each newly appointed civilian to the amount of £37 10s. od., for passage to Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, and £43 for passage to Rangoon, the Officer then making his own arrangements for his passage.

The payment of each of the first three instalments will be conditional on the receipt, by the Secretary of State, through the Civil Service Commissioners, of a Certificate that the Candidate has fulfilled up to date the requirements of the Authorities, and shown satisfactory conduct at the Authorised University or College; the fourth and final instalment will be paid as soon as the selected Candidate has signed his covenant, and for its payment no certificate from College Authorities will be required.

The whole probation must ordinarily be passed at the same Institution. Migration will not be permitted except for special reasons approved by the Secretary of State.

(iii) *Each Candidate will be required before receiving the first instalment of his allowance to execute an agreement binding himself, his heirs, and all monies he may have received from the Secretary of State for India in the event of—*

(1) *his failure to pass the Final Examination within the time prescribed by the Regulations, and to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners of his fitness for admission to the Civil Service of India,*

(2) *his subsequent failure to execute the usual covenant, and to proceed to India, as and when he shall be directed by the Secretary of State for India.*

(iv) *All Candidates obtaining Certificates will be also required to enter into covenants, by which amongst other things, they will bind themselves to make such payments as under the rules and regulations for the time being in force, they may be required to make towards their own pensions or for the pensions of their families. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.*

(v) *The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the Candidates obtaining Certificates will be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the combined marks of the Open Competitive and Final Examinations.*

(vi) *Candidates obtaining Certificates will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificates of Qualification as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.*

(vii) *Candidates who fail to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners at the Final Examination held in any year will be definitely rejected, and will not be allowed to present themselves for re-examination, unless it shall appear to the Secretary of State in Council, after reference to the Civil Service Commissioners, that such failure is due to circumstances wholly exceptional and beyond the control of the Candidate.*

A Manual of Rules and Regulations applicable to members of the covenanted Civil Service of India has been compiled by permission of the Government of India, and may now be procured from the undermentioned Agents for the sale of Indian Official publications. Price 2s. 6d. LONDON.—E. Arnold, 41 and 43, Maddox Street, Bond Street, W.; A. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W. C.; P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, S. W.; Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 43, Gerrard Street, Soho, W.; B. Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, W.; Henry S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, E. C.; Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, S. W.; T. Fisher Unwin, 1, Adelphi Terrace, W. C.; W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, Ludgate Hill, E. C.; Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, W. C. OXFORD.—B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51, Broad Street. CAMBRIDGE.—Deighton, Bell & Co., Trinity Street. GERMANY.—Friedländer & Sohn, 11, Carl-Strasse, Berlin, N. W., 6; Otto Harrassowitz. Leipzig; Karl W. Hiersemann, 29, Konigstrasse, Leipzig; Rudolph Haupt, Leipzig. FRANCE.—Ernest Leroux, Rue Bonaparte, Paris. HOLLAND.—Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague.

The Commissioners have been requested by the Secretary of State for India to draw the attention of Selected Candidates to the prefatory note attached to this manual, as it is considered important that it should be clearly understood that this compilation is not to be regarded in any other light than that of a collection, made for facility of reference, of certain information and rules, that it is by no means exhaustive, and that it is liable to such modifications as may from time to time be sanctioned by competent authority.

[*Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.*]

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA ; ETC., ETC.

SYLLABUS of any open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India; Clerkships (Class I) in the Home Civil Service, and Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service that may be held in the year 1911, and of any other competition that may be held in combination therewith.

In view of the importance of legible handwriting in the public service, Candidates are warned that the provision as to deductions for bad handwriting in these competitions will be strictly enforced.

Candidates are warned that full marks cannot be obtained on any paper unless the whole of it is answered, or, in cases where the number of questions to be answered is specified, unless the full number specified is answered.

English Composition.—An Essay to be written on one of several specified subjects.

Sanskrit Language and Literature.—Translation from Sanskrit (Vedic and Classical) into English, and from English into Classical Sanskrit ; History of Sanskrit Literature (Vedic and Classical), including a knowledge of such Indian History as bears upon the subject; critical questions on the Sanskrit Language (Vedic and Classical).

Candidates are expected to make a special study of the Seventh Mandala of the Rig-veda, but other, Vedic hymns may also be set in the examination.

Arabic Language and Literature.—Translation from Arabic into English, and from English into Arabic ; original composition in Arabic ; History of Arabic Literature, including a knowledge of such Arabian History as bears upon the subject ; Arabic Grammar ; Arabic Prosody.

Greek Literature.—Critical questions on the Greek Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

Latin Literature.—Critical questions on the Latin Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

English Language and Literature.—The Examination will be in two parts. In the one the Candidates will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the course of English Literature, as represented (mainly) by the following writers in verse and prose, between the reign of Edward III and the accession of Queen Victoria :

Verse—Chaucer, Langland, Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Gray, Collins, Johnson, Goldsmith, Crabbe, Cowper, Campbell, Wordsworth, Scott, Byron, Coleridge, Shelley, Keats.

Prose—Bacon, Sir Thomas Browne, Milton, Cowley, Bunyan, Dryden, Swift, Defoe, Addison, Johnson, Burke, Scott, Macaulay (Essays and Biographies).

A minute knowledge of the works of these authors will not be looked for in this part of the Examination, which will, however, test how far the Candidates have studied at first hand the chief productions of the greatest English writers, and are acquainted with the leading characteristics of their thought and style, and with the place which each of them occupies in the history of English Literature. Candidates will also be expected to show that they have studied in these authors the history of the English Language in respect of its vocabulary, syntax, and prosody.

The other part of the Examination will relate to one of the periods named below, which will follow each other year by year in the order indicated.

1. For the year 1911 : A.D. 1800 to A. D. 1832, [Nineteenth Century writers to the death of Scott].

2. For the year 1912 : A.D. 1360 to A.D. 1600, [Chaucer to Spenser].

3. For the year 1913 : A.D. 1600 to A.D. 1700, [Shakespeare to Dryden].

4. For the year 1914 : A.D. 1700 to A.D. 1800, [Pope to Cowper].

The Examination in this part will require from Candidates a more minute acquaintance with the history of the English Language and Literature, as illustrated in the chief works produced in each period, and will be based to a considerable extent, but by no means exclusively, on certain books specified each year by the Commissioners. The names placed beside the dates are intended to suggest the general character of the literary development of the period, and, consequently, the natural limits of the Examination. All the works of Shakespeare, for example, will be regarded as falling within the period 1600 to 1700; all the works of Swift within the period 1700 to 1800; all the works of Scott and Wordsworth, and all the works of Macaulay within the period 1800 to 1832.

The books specified for the year 1911, period 1800 to 1832, are :—

Wordsworth. Sonnets.

Shelley. Prometheus Unbound ; Adonais ; Hellas.

Sydney Smith. Works.

Keats. Poems.

Rejected Addresses.

Scott. Heart of Midlothian ; The Antiquary ; Old Mortality.

Jane Austen. Novels.

Byron. Letters.

Italian, History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set, and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages ; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before the time of Dante.

French, History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set, and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages ; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before 1500.

German, History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set, and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages ; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before 1500.

Lower Mathematics.—Plane Geometry including conic sections ; Solid Geometry including the method of orthogonal projection ; Algebra and Plane Trigonometry ; Elementary Plane Co-ordinate Geometry ; Elementary Mechanics of solids and fluids ; Geometrical Optics, Elements of Differential and Integral Calculus with simple illustrations from other branches of the subject. The questions may involve the use of drawing instruments. The use of the slide rule is allowed.

Higher Mathematics.—Higher Algebra (including Theory of Equations), Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Differential Calculus, Integral Calculus, Differential Equations, Analytical Geometry (Plane and Solid), Statics including Attractions, Dynamics of a Particle, Rigid Dynamics, Hydrodynamics, the Mathematical Theory of Electricity and Magnetism. The questions may involve the use of drawing instruments. The use of the slide rule is allowed.

Chemistry, Physics, Geology, Botany, Zoology, Animal Physiology.—Candidates are warned that the practical Examinations carry a large proportion of the marks.

Geography.—The history of geographical ideas and methods.

The construction and use of the more familiar map-projections. A general knowledge of the methods of exploratory surveying.

The characteristics and cartographical analysis of the physical regions of the world. The configuration of the continents and of the bed of the ocean. The characteristics and distribution of typical land forms. The circulation of air and water. The climatic characteristics of different parts of the earth. The distribution of plant and animal-associations.

The classification and distribution of the races of mankind. Past and present lines of communication. The influence of geographical environment (physical features and other natural conditions) upon the habits, arts, industries, social organisation and, generally, the political and economical development of the more important existing peoples.

Greek History.—Questions (*a*) on the General and (*b*) on the Constitutional History of Greece to the death of Alexander. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities. They must also be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

Roman History.—Questions (*a*) on the General and (*b*) on the Constitutional History of Rome to the death of Trajan. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities. They must also be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

English History.—The subject will include (*a*) the Political History of Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies, (*b*) the Constitutional History of the United Kingdom. Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities:—

Period I, to 1485: Stubbs, Select Charters [Clarendon Press].

Period II, 1485 to 1848: Prothero, Statutes and Constitutional Documents [Clarendon Press]; Gardiner, Documents of the Puritan Revolution [Clarendon Press].

In each period the number of marks assigned to the question or questions dealing with the text of the prescribed books will be about one-sixth of that assigned to the whole period. Candidates must be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

General Modern History.—Candidates may, at their choice, be examined in any *one* of the following periods. Periods III., IV. and V. will include Indian History. Candidates are warned that high marks will not be awarded in this subject unless the text of the prescribed books has been carefully studied by them. Candidates must be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

I. From the accession of Charlemagne to the Third Crusade. [A.D. 800 to A.D. 1193.]

II. From the Third Crusade to the Diet of Worms. [A.D. 1193 to A.D. 1521.]

III. From the Diet of Worms to the death of Louis XIV. [A.D. 1521 to A.D. 1715.]

IV. From the accession of Louis XV to the French Revolution of 1848. [A.D. 1715 to A.D. 1848.]

V. From the Peace of Paris to the Treaty of Berlin. [A.D. 1763 to A.D. 1878.]

Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities:—

PERIOD I. 800—1193.

Einhard, Vita Caroli Magni, from 800 A. D. Editions:—(1) Pertz, (2) Scriptores Rerum Germanicarum.

Lambert of Hersfeld. Edition:—Pertz.

Suger, Vita Ludovici VI. Editions:—(1) Migne, (2) Société de l'Histoire de France, 1868.

Otto of Freising, De gestis Frederici I. Edition:—Pertz. The continuators are included.

PERIOD II. 1193—1521.

Joinville, St. Louis. Editions:—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat, (3) Buchon, (4) Société de l'Histoire de France, 1868.

Philippe de Comines, Mémoires. Editions:—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat, (3) Buchon, (4) de Maudrot [Picard, Paris, 1901—3].

Machiavelli, The Prince. English translation by Thompson, published by the Clarendon Press.

PERIOD III. 1521—1715.

Sully, Mémoires, up to the Treaty of Vervins. Editions:—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat.

Torcy, Mémoires. Editions:—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat.

PERIOD IV. 1715—1848.

Frederick II, Histoire de mon Temps, *and* La Guerre de Sept Ans. Editions:—(1) Boutaric, (2) Œuvres de Frédéric II, published by Decker, Berlin, 1846.

Malmesbury (*First Earl of*), Diaries and Correspondence; London, Bentley, 1844; Vol. II, Mission to the Hague, pages 66—443; Vol. III, Mission to Lisle, pages 369—599.

Metternich, Aus Metternich's Nachgelassenen Papieren; Autorisirte Original-Ausgabe; Vienna, 1880. Or in English translation:—Memoirs of Prince Metternich; Richard Bentley and Son, London, 1880—1882. To be studied up to the year 1815.

PERIOD V. 1763—1878.

Malmesbury, as for Period IV.

Metternich, as for Period IV.

Bianchi; La Politique du Comte Camille de Cavour, 1852—1861 (Turin, 1885).

Bismarck. Gedanken und Erinnerungen von Bismarck (Edited by H. Kohl, Stuttgart, 1898). Or in English translation:—Bismarck, the Man and the Statesman; Reflections and Reminiscences, etc.; translated under supervision of A. J. Butler; Smith and Elder, London, 1898. To be studied up to the year 1878.

Logic and Psychology.—The history of the subject will be included.

Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy.—The history of the subject will be included.

Political Economy and Economic History.—Candidates will be expected to possess a knowledge of economic theory; of the existing economic conditions; of statistical methods; and of the history of industry, land tenure, and economic legislation in the United Kingdom.

Political Science.—The Examination will not be confined to Analytical Jurisprudence, Early Institutions, and Theory of Legislation, but may embrace Comparative Politics, the History of Political Theories, etc. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of original authori[illegible]

English Law.—Law of Contr[illegible]gar, [illegible]o. Evidence: Law of the Constitution; Criminal Law; Law of Torts.

The following applies only [illegible] candidates for Clerkships on the Establishment of the Foreign Office, for Attachéships in the Diplomatic Service, and for Student Interpreterships in China, Japan and Siam:

Spanish, History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set, and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before 1500.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

July 1910.

[*Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.*]

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1911.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR EXAMINATION.

*** *The order for admission to the Examination will not be issued unless this Form,* filled up by the Candidate himself, *is received by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission on or before the* 1st July 1911.

SIR,

I beg to inform you that I wish to be admitted to the Open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence in London on the 1st of August, 1911.

Candidates not born within the British Dominions should state this fact in a separate letter.

I am, Your obedient Servant,

I hereby declare that I was born on the [illegible] of [illegible] 18[illegible], and that therefore I shall have attained the age [illegible] years [illegible] shall not have attained the age of 24 years on the 1st of August, 1911: I also declare that I have no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India; and that I am of good moral character, and otherwise eligible under the Regulations; and I undertake that, if I am successful, I will conform, during my period of probation, to such rules respecting the conduct of Public Servants as have been laid down, or may hereafter be laid down, by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Candidates who are not Natives of India should strike out this paragraph.

I send herewith a Certificate of age and nationality issued in accordance with the rule respecting Natives of India printed in paragraph III on the next page.

I beg to inform you that I was* _____ examined before the Civil Service Commissioners in the month of† _____ in the year 1 _____, as a Candidate for the situation of _____.

* If you have never been examined, insert here the word "never"

† If you have been examined, give the date, etc., of the *last* occasion.

I am, SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

Name in full _____

Address to which it is desired that the Order for Examination should be sent‡ _____

‡ If a London address, state the postal district; if a country address, state the post town.

_____

Date _____

The Secretary,

Civil Service Commission.

Certificates of age (except as mentioned above) health, and character should not be supplied until after the result of the Examination is known.

N. B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

This Application Form relates only to the Competition for the Civil Service of India, and does not entitle a Candidate to compete also for the Home or Colonial Service. Intending Candidates for either or both of these services must obtain the proper form or forms of application and forward them so as to reach the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, on or before July. See next page.

If an Open Competitive Examination for Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service should be appointed to be held in August 1911, I request that a prescribed Form of Application may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

*Signature*_____

If an Open Competitive Examination for Eastern Cadetships should be appointed to be held in August 1911, I request that a prescribed Form of Application may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

*Signature*_____

EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

I. Every Candidate [illegible] was [illegible] Kingdom should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate from [illegible] the [illegible] General of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, or from one of his provincial Offi[illegible] nagar, [illegible] certificate may be obtained from Registrar-General in London, Dublin, or Edinbu[illegible] from the Superintendent Registrar of the District in which the birth took place.

II. A Candidate bo[illegible] Eu[illegible] and [illegible] parents in India should be prepared to produce, when required a Certificate of Bap[illegible] from the district in which he was baptised. If this does not also mention the date of birth it should be accompanied by a statutory declaration by one of the Candidate's parents, stating the date and place of birth. When such certificates are not in the possession of the Candidates an Extract from the Registers kept at the India Office will probably be obtainable.

III. A Candidate who is a Native of India must, **on or before the 1st July 1911**, produce a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, no. 2252, dated 21st August 1888 as amended by Notification no. 404, dated 19th May 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides; or, should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides. *No other Certificates will be accepted for this Competition*

To be filled up by the Candidate himself, and returned with the Form of Application.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1911.

SELECTION FORM.

*** *Place your Initials against the Subjects which you select; if your selections exceed 6,000 marks indicate the Subject which is to be reduced; and sign your name in the place indicated on the next page.*

INITIALS.		MAXIMUM MARKS.
.....	1. English Composition	500
.....	2. Sanskrit, Language and Literature	800
.....	3. Arabic, Language and Literature	800
	Greek, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
.....	4. Translation	400
.....	5. Prose Composition	200
.....	6. Verse Composition	200
.....	7. Literature, etc.	300
	Latin, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
.....	8. Translation	400
.....	9. Prose Composition	200
.....	10. Verse Composition	200
.....	11. Literature, etc.	300
.....	12. English, Language and Literature	600
.....	13. Italian, Translation, Composition and Conversation ...	400
.....	14. Italian, History of the Language and Literature ...	200
.....	15. French, Translation, Composition and Conversation...	400
.....	16. French, History of the Language and Literature ...	200
.....	17. German, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
.....	18. German, History of the Language and Literature ...	200
	The History of these Languages and their Literatures can only be taken by Candidates who also offer themselves for the rest of the examination in those languages.	
.....	19. Lower Mathematics	1,200
.....	20. Higher Mathematics	1,200

INITIALS.		MAXIMUM MARKS.
	Natural Science, *i.e.*, any number not exceeding *four* of the following, or *three* if both Lower and Higher Mathematics be also taken :—	
.....	21. †Chemistry	600
.....	22. Physics	600
.....	23. Geology	600
.....	24. †Botany	600
.....	25. Zoology	600
.....	26. Animal Physiology	600
.....	27. [illegible]	600
.....	28. Gree[illegible] (Ancient, including Constitution) ...	500
.....	29. Ro[illegible] (Ancient, including Constitution) ...	500
	English His[illegible], either or both sections may be taken :—	
.....	30. Section I., to A.D. 1485	400
.....	31. Section II., A.D. 1485 to 1848	400
.....	32. General Modern History	500
.....	33. Logic and Psychology	600
.....	34. Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy	600
.....	35. Political Economy and Economic History ...	600
.....	36. Political Science	500
.....	37. Roman Law	500
.....	38. English Law	500

*Signature*_____

*Date*_____

To the Secretary,

Civil Service Commission,

London, W.

† *For the Practical Examination in Chemistry, Candidates may bring any standard books on Analysis; and, for the Practical Examination in Botany, any standard Flora. All books brought must be submitted to the Presiding Examiner for his approval; no written notes of any kind will be allowed.*

N.B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

[*Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.*]

NOTE.

If Open Competitive Examinations for the following Services, *viz.* :—

Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service;

Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service;

should be held in 1911 concurrently with the Open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, candidates duly eligible in respect of age will be admitted to compete for any two or all three of these Services, subject to the following conditions:

(1) They must enter and return to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, within the time limited by the several regulations, an application on the form prescribed for each of the respective services.‡

(2) Every successful candidate who may have been admitted to compete for either the India or the Colonial Service (or both), as well as for the Home Service, will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the India or Colonial Service or on the list of candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

(3) Every successful candidate who may [illegible] sketc[illegible]d to compete for both the India and Colonial Services will be called upon [illegible] diately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the Civil Service of India or on the list [illegible]ates for Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to d[illegible] when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for [illegible] Cadetships.

(4) All declarations of choice are irrevocable.

(5) Candidates for all three or any two of the above-mentioned services will be required to pay a consolidated fee of £6.

Civil Service Commission,
5th August 1910.

‡ Candidates who may desire to enter the competitions for the Home and Colonial Services should apply about Easter next to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W., for the prescribed forms of application.

MEDICAL.

The 29th September, 1910.

No. 1118.—The services of Captain A. C. MacGilchrist, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

(PORT BLAIR).

The 30th September, 1910.

No. 719.—Mr. W. H. Brookes, 5th (officiating 2nd) Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for three months with furlough for nine months in continuation, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of the leave.

PUBLIC.

The 30th September 1910.

No. 4959.—IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, namely :—

After rule 19, the following rule shall be inserted, namely :—

"*Import and Re-export.*

Import and re-export, by sea, of arms, ammunition and military stores.

"19-A.—Where a vessel bound for a port other than a port in British India, calls at any port in British India in the course of its voyage, any arms, ammunition or military stores in the possession of any passenger not exempted from liability to take out a license in respect of such possession shall be delivered by him to the Customs Collector to be detained until his departure by sea, and it shall not be necessary for such passenger to take out any license in respect of arms, ammunition or military stores so delivered and detained."

(SANITARY).

The 30th September, 1910.

No. 1774.—The undermentioned officer is granted privilege leave for two months and fifteen days, combined with furlough out of India for five months and fifteen days, under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Captain F. N. White, M.D., I.M.S., on special duty under the orders of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India. Pension service, eighth year, commenced 31st January 1910.

The Home Department notification no. 1159, dated the 4th July 1910 is hereby cancelled.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 29th September, 1910.

No. 1768.—The following [illegible] was [illegible] published for general information:

[illegible] nagar, [illegible] the 25th September 1910.

From—His Britannic M[illegible] Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency [illegible]

Medical inspection im[illegible] from Muscat.

The 30th September, 1910.

No. 1779.—The following telegram is published for general information:

Telegram, dated Pera, the 28th September 1910.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy, Simla.

My telegram dated 25th September. Disinfection and five days' quarantine, including days of voyage, imposed on arrivals from Muscat.

No. 1780.—The following telegram is published for general information:

Telegram, dated Pera, the 28th September 1910.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy, Simla.

Disinfection and medical inspection imposed on arrivals from Naples in Turkish Ports.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 26th September, 1910.

No. 1036—137-2.—Captain C. P. Gunter, R.E., Deputy Superintendent, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with special leave for three months under Articles 233, 260 and 316, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th June 1910.

The 30th September, 1910.

No. 1046—141-2.—Captain H. J. Couchman, R.E., Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st October 1910, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the privilege leave.

No 1048—138-2.—Captain L. G. Crosthwait, I. A., Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months under Articles 233, 260 and 308(*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st November 1910, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the privilege leave.

FORESTS.

The 27th September, 1910.

No. 1151-*F*.—179-10.—Mr. R. McIntosh, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Burma, on return from leave, is transferred to the Punjab in the interests of the public service, with effect from the 29th August 1910.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th September, 1910.

No. 2996 *Est.-A.—Corrigendum.*—In Notification No. 2402-Est.-A., dated the 27th July, 1910, *for* 17th February, 1910, *read* 22nd February, 1910.

The 28th September, 1910.

No. 3034-*Est.-A.*—Captain W. A. MacD. Garstin, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 20th September, 1910.

No. 1923-*I. B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply the Indian Stamp (Amendment) Act, 1904 (XV of 1904), to the territories administered by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent.

Provided that, for the purpose of facilitating the application of the said Act, any Court may construe the provisions thereof with such alterations not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the court.

No. 1926-*I. B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore the provisions, so far as they may be applicable, of the Indian Census Act, 1910 (XVI of 1910) subject to any amendments to which the Act is for the time being subject in British India.

Provided that, for the purpose of facilitating the application of the provisions of the said Act, any Court having jurisdiction within the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore may construe them with such alterations not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the court.

The 29th September, 1910.

No. 2029-*G.*—Mr. D. A. Clarke, Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for one week, with effect from the 19th September, 1910.

Mr. R. C. Albert, Secretariat Assistant, is appointed to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, *vice* Mr. Clarke.

S. H. BUTLER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 26th September, 1910.

No. 5066-F.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

st 1910. Lakhs of Rupees.

	August.		To end of August.		Whole Year.	
	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	Budget, 1910-1911.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1909-1910.
Civil Revenue.						
Revenue (including Land Revenue due to ...tion)	72	71	10,49	10,75	33,40	33,80
... ...	77	50	4,59	2,47	6,98	8,30
... ...	25	26	1,85	1,89	5,09	4,94
... ...	6	58	3,22	3,01	7,12	6,63
... ...	[illegible]	73	4,26	3,90	10,24	9,79
ial Rates	[illegible]	1	34	30	81	82
s	[illegible]	56	3,96	2,77	9,06	7,45
d Taxes	[illegible]	18	80	78	2,26	2,16
... ...	20	19	70	70	2,65	2,37
ation	6	5	31	33	68	65
s from Native States	4	5	21	22	89	88
Civil Revenue	[illegible]	4	1,59	1,57	4,61	4,12
CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ...OUNT: GROSS	[illegible]	4,2[illegible]	32,32	28,69	83,79	81,91
Civil Expenditure.						
on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and ...ation Works	—52	—58	—2,30	—2,33	—4,49	—4,59
... ...	—29	—29	—1,66	—1,39	—1,[illegible]4	—1,66
... Relief	...	—1	...	—[illegible]	—75	—10
Civil Expenditure	—2,85	—2,74	—15,13	—14,76	—38,95	—3[illegible],58
CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ...OUNT: GROSS	—3,66	—3,62	—19,01	—18,57	—45,83	—42,93
...pts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues ...those Treasuries to, the following Non-...l Departments:						
...gures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.]						
...ffice (Net: + Receipts more,—Receipts less than ...s)	+11	+14	+45	+76	+1,84	+1,34
... ...	—6	—3	—17	—16	—49	—37
...y Receipts	+4	+0	+25	+28	+1,00	+88
...y Issues	—1,60	—1,64	—8,25	—8,41	—21,35	—20,79
Works Department—						
Receipts.						
...ry Branches...	+27	+29	+2,40	+2,45		
Railways	+2,84	+2,54	+16,45	+15,25	+51,70	+50,81
...ndian Railway	+56	+[illegible]0	+3,18	+2,92		
...aph	+2	+2	+10	+8	+22	+24
TOTAL ...	+3,69	+3,35	+22,13	+20,70	+51,92	+51,05
Issues.						
...ry Branches	—91	—86	—4,91	—5,00		
Railways	—1,94	—2,17	—10,62	—11,55	—48,35	—43,32
...ndian Railway	—43	—32	—1,70	—1,61		
...aph	—10	—10	—48	—[illegible]2	—1,40	—1,32
TOTAL ...	—3,38	—3,45	—17,71	—18,68	—49,75	—44,64
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS ...	—1,20	—1,57	—3,30	—5,51	—16,83	—12,53
...vil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
...nent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts ...e, — Receipts less than payments) ...	+2	+1,27	+1,34	+2,41	+1,31	+2,28
Certificates and bullion Advances (Net as above)	—11	—4	+2	—7	...	—15
...ncy Transfers for Gold in England ...	...	...	+2,62	...	...	+1,50
...ncy Transfers for Silver in transit	...	...	...	...	...	...
...nge on Remittance Accounts	...	—1	...	—4	...	+10
...il Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at ₹15 per £	—1,78	—1,76	—13,67	—10,83	—23,25	—29,70
Debt Heads (Net as above)	—5	—4	+96	+64	+[illegible]66	+2,61
...L DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS ...	—1,93	—58	—8,73	—7,89	—20,28	—23,36
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES ...	—1,79	—1,54	+1,20	—3,28	+85	+3,09
...ing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency ...nks	21,43	13,61	18,44	15,35	17,85	15,35
...ng Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency ...nks	19,64	12,07	19,64	12,07	18,70	18,44

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Non-Judicial.

The 28th September, 1910.

No. 5057-*Exc.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 3632-Exc., dated the 29th June, 1906, as amended by Notification No. 2147-Exc., dated the 28th April, 1910, namely:—

1. In rule 5, for the words and figures "and rule 12-A" the words and figures "and rules 12-A and 12-B" shall be substituted.

2. After rule 12-A the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"12-B. Copies of maps and plans, and printed copies when chargeable with stamp duty under Article 24 of Schedule I of the Act may be stamped with adhesive stamps."

3. In rule 15 (*c*) after the word "plans" the words "and printed copies" shall be inserted.

[illegible] sketc. [illegible]

LEAVE AND APPOINT[illegible]

The 29th Septe[illegible]

No. 5151-*F. E.*—The following reversions [illegible] Superintendents in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat are notified:

With effect from the 22nd July 1910.

Mr. H. L. French to revert to Class I,

Mr. B. L. A. Laville and Mr. Hari Das Gupta to revert to Class II,

Mr. M. E. Watts to revert to Class III, and

Mr. G. W. C. Bradey to revert to his substantive appointment.

The 30th September, 1910.

No. 5146-*F. E.*—Mr. Brijlal Nehru, a Probationer in the Indian Finance Department, has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, United Provinces, with effect from the 28th June 1910.

No 5153-*F. E.*—Mr. H. N. Heseltine, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been granted privilege leave for five weeks, with effect from the 26th September 1910.

Mr. B. N. Mitra has been appointed Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, with effect from the same date.

No. 5160-*F. E.*—Mr. R. H. MacNair, I.C.S., has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, United Provinces, with effect from the 7th September 1910.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 29th September, 1910.

No. 1619-*Accts.*—The following promotions in the Military Accounts Department are made with effect from the 16th September 1910, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel G. W. S. Fryer,

vacated :—

Name.	From	To
Major R. H. B. Anderson ...	Military Accountant, 3rd class, ...	Military Accountant, 2nd class.
Captain E. B. Peacock ...	Military Accountant, 4th class,	Military Accountant, 3rd class.
Captain E. S. J. Anderson ...	Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class,	Military Accountant, 4th class.
Captain W. V. Richards ...	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class,	Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.
Captain A. G. Murray ...	Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class,	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.
Lieutenant M. E. Sinclair, 99th Deccan Infantry.	Attached Officer	Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class (on probation).

J. B. BRUNYATE,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

INDUSTRIES.

Simla, the 1st October, 1910.

No. 6357-4.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor General in Council is pleased on the recommendation of the Indian Tea Association, to appoint Mr. R. R. Toynbee of the firm of Messrs. Jardine Skinner and Company, Calcutta, to fill the vacancy on the Indian Tea Cess Committee caused by the death of Mr. G. Pickford.

EMIGRATION.

The 1st October, 1910.

No. 6862-93.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 102 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1908 (XVII of 1908), the Governor General in Council is pleased to determine that, for the purposes of that Act, the probable length of the voyage of sailing vessels and vessels using steam power, respectively, from the Port of Madras to the under-mentioned Colonies of the West Indies shall be held to be as follows, namely:—

Colonies.		Length of voyage.	
		Sailing vessels.	Steamers.
British Colonies	British Guiana, Trinidad, Greneda, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, St. Kitts and Nevis.	17 weeks ...	10 weeks.
Dutch Colony	Dutch Guiana		
British Colony	Jamaica	19 weeks ...	11 weeks.

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 30th September 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 807.—On return from leave, the services of Major W. C. Anderson, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 808.—The services of Lieutenant H. F. W. Paterson, 32nd Sikh Pioneers, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as an officiating Cantonment Magistrate.

EXCHANGES.

No. 809.—With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, an exchange is sanctioned between Lieutenant Alfred George Heales, 5th Cavalry, Indian Army, and Lieutenant Henry Fyshe-Palmer Hornsby, 2nd Battalion, East Surrey Regiment; with effect from the 16th September 1910.

Lieutenant Hornsby, on admission to the Indian Army, is to rank from 11th March 1910.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE [illegible]IC[illegible] [illegible]MENT.

HOSPITAL ASSIS[illegible]NT [illegible]

Bengal Establis[illegible]ind [illegible]

No. 810.—The undermentioned Native Militar[illegible] having passed their final examination, are admitted into the service as [illegible] Clas[illegible] [illegible]ssistants, with effect from the 3rd April 1910:—

No. 1291, Asvini Kumar Sarkar.

No. 1292, Muhammad Joynal Abedin.

No. 1293, Dhawa Ram.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 811.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Brevet-Colonel.

27th September 1910.

Lieutenant-Colonel Kenneth James Buchanan, C.B., Commandant, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Captains to be Majors.

28th September 1910.

Charles William Keene, 28th Punjabis.

Archibald Francis Stewart, 116th Mahrattas.

Frank Martin, 25th Punjabis.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

10th July 1910.

George Gilbert Creswick Maclean, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.

9th August 1910.

Ashton Mackrell, 109th Infantry.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL ASSISTANT BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 812.—The undermentioned Hospital Assistant is specially promoted, with effect from the 29th August 1910, in recognition of his services under the Government of India in the Foreign Department:—

No. 227, 1st Class Hospital Assistant Mirza Muhamed Beg, to be Senior Hospital Assistant, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar, *supernumerary.*

No. 813.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Hospital Assistants, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Hospital Assistants, with effect from the 3rd September 1910:—

No. 250, Kali-charan Shiu-ratan Misra.

No. 251, Sahedeo Ram-chandra Khanolkar.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 814.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 15th September 1910 :—

No. 294, Pran-Shankar Purusottam Raval.
No. 295, Jata Shankar Jeshta Ram Bhatt.
No. 296, Magan-Lal Dhanji Udani.
No. 297, Munshi Shaikh Ahmad Shaikh Lal.
No. 298, Ram-krishna Ganpat Shinde.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 815.—The following promotions are made :—

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Risaldar Wazir Chand to be Risaldar-Major. Ressaidar Ganga Dat to be Risaldar, Jemadar Sohan Singh to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Habibul Rahman Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Ali Muhammad Khán, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st June 1910.

Jemadar Ghulam Nabi Kha[illegible] be [illegible]ssaidar and Dafadar Jiwan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Wurriam Singh [illegible] to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st August 1910.

[illegible]nagar, [illegible] *48th Pioneers.*

No. 816.—In Army D[illegible]t Notification No. 341, dated the 29th April 1910, *for* "Havildar Girdhari Singh [illegible] Hav[illegible]ar Girdhara Singh."

[illegible]IGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 817.—Captain Herbert Trevor Raban has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 30th October 1910.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 818.—Lieutenant Guy Fergusson Hughes, 12th Cavalry, is transferred by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Retired List on permanent half-pay subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 15th October 1910.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 819.—The undermentioned departmental commissioned officer, with honorary rank, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 25th September 1910 :—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain George Thomas Milchem.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.

(Naval Divisions).

No. 820.—Chief Engineer William Henry Moore resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1910.

Punjab Light Horse.

No. 821.—George Duncan to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1910.

United Provinces Horse.

2nd (Northern) Regiment.

No. 822.—Major Walter Henry Kemp (Army Veterinary Department, retired), Veterinary Officer, resigns his commission. Dated 17th August 1910.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 823.—Lieutenant Alfred Lionel McCrea to be Captain, *vice* B. C. Scott, transferred to the South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles. Dated 3rd August 1910.

George Anderson to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st June 1910.

Henry Crow to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st July 1910.

Francis Hugh Stewart (Captain, Indian Medical Service), to be Lieutenant, *vice* F. P. Connor, resigned. Dated 1st April 1910.

Arthur Denham White, M.B. (Captain, Indian Medical Service), to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1910.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 824.—Second Lieutenant John Douglas Legge resigns his commission. Dated

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 30th September 1910.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 21st and 28th September 1910:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
2nd Battalion, The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment).	Major William Alexander Barnett, D.S.O.	21st September 1910.	Murree ...	...	...
66th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.	Second Lieutenant Thomas Nugent Le Geyt Daniell.	22nd September 1910.	Naini Tal ...	...	...

[illegible] sketc[illegible]

[illegible]ON, *Major-General,*

[illegible]hird [illegible]ry to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 28th September, 1910.

No. 240.—Mr. L. V. Pont, Assistant Signal Engineer, is transferred from the Nagla-Muttra Railway to the North Western Railway.

The 29th September, 1910.

No. 241.—Mr. H. A. Hindmarsh, Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for six months, under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th September 1910.

No. 242.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 241, dated the 29th September 1910, Mr. T. Gregson, Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, is temporarily transferred to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway and appointed to officiate as Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent of that railway, until further orders.

No. 243.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 159, dated the 8th June, and No. 242, dated the 29th September 1910 Mr. A. J. Chase will continue to officiate as Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, until further orders, with officiating rank in Class I up to the 7th December 1910, and temporary rank thereafter

No. 244.—Major R. S. Muter, R.E., Executive Engineer, attached to Inspection Circle No. 3, Lucknow, is appointed Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, Calcutta.

No. 245.—With reference to Notification No. 244, dated the 29th September 1910, Captain C. J. Clarke, R.E., Executive Engineer and Officiating Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, is posted to the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

The 30th September 1910.

No. 246.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 49, dated the 28th April 1905, it is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a survey being made by the Agency of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway for a line of Railway on the 2′ 6″ gauge from Karanja *viâ* Darwha to Yeotmal, a distance of 48 miles approximately.

2. This survey will be known as the Karanja-Yeotmal Railway Survey.

No. 247.—*Corrigendum.*—In Railway Board Notification No. 219, dated the 1st September 1910, publishing the officiating promotion of Captain Anderson to Class I *for* "6th May 1909" *read* "5th May 1909."

No. 248.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 386, dated the 23rd December 1909, Mr. J. J. Inglis is permanently transferred to the Carriage and Wagon Department in the rank of Deputy Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, with effect from the 1st June 1910.

Mr. Inglis will continue to officiate as Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, until further orders.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 29th September 1910.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 24th September 1910, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	14	14
		Ahmedabad Town	1	1
		Ahmedabad District	14	6
		Kaira District	68	38
		Bulsar Port	2	2
		Surat D[illegible]	28	19
		Mahi K[illegible]nagar, [illegible]	128	39
		Bhiwndi [illegible]	3	3
		Bandra [illegible]	1	1
		Umb[illegible]	1	1
		Agas[illegible] rup[illegible]	...	...
		Thana District	5	5
	Central	East Khandesh District	99	77
		Satara District	104	67
		Poona City	...	...
		Nasik District	16	10
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Kolaba District	15	5
		Dabhol Port	...	...
		Bankot "	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	1	2
		Belgaum "	117	81
		Hubli Town	67	39
		Dharwar District	61	21
		Kanara "	1 (a)	1 (a)
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	7	7
		Karachi District	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port	1	1
		Cutch State	3	3
		Verawal Port	2	2
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	56	45
		Jamnagar Town and Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	193	100
		Kolhapur Town	98	74
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	53	39
		Billimora Port	...	...
		Baroda State	164	104
		Surat Agency	1	2
		Borlai Port	...	...
		Mandla Port	..	...
		Janjira State	...	...
		TOTAL	1,324	809

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	77 (a)	47
		Madura District	15 (b)	12 (b)
		Salem District	8 (c)	5 (c)
		Salem Town	86	79
		North Arcot District	...	...
		Nilgiris District	3	3
		Trichinopoly District	...	...
		Bellary District	...	...
		South Arcot District	...	...
		Malabar District	...	...
		Madras City	1 (c)	...
		Cochin State	1 (c)	1 (c)
			191	147
BENGAL	...	Calcutta	6	5
	Burdwan	Howrah Town	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	...	...
		Patna District	25	10
	Tirhut	Saran District	20	18
		Champaran District	...	...
		Darbhanga "	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District	2	2
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	20	18
		TOTAL	73	53
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Meerut District	19	8
		Muzaffarnagar City	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	...	...

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Agra	Etawah City	...	...
		Etawah District	...	...
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	10	9
		Etah District	6	4
		Agra ,,	6	4
		Mainpuri ,,	2	1
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly District	3	3
		Budaun ,,	1	1
		Bijnor ,,	1	1
		Pilibhit ,,	...	...
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	3	8
		Cawnpore	4	2
		Jalaun Distr[illegible]	...	...
		Fatehpur ,,	...	1
	Benares	Ballia District	1	1
		Mirzapur	2	2
		Jaunpur	...	...
		Jaunpur [illegible]ict	13	13
		Ghazipur ,,	15	17
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City	...	...
		Azamgarh District	14	10
		Basti District	...	...
		Gorakhpur District	29	23
	Lucknow	Unao District	2	2
		Rae Bareli District	8	7
		Hardoi District	2	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	...	...
		Fyzabad District	2	
		Bahraich ,,	...	...
		Gonda District	2	...
		Sultanpur District	3	8
		Bara Banki Town	...	...
		Bara Banki District	2	2
		TOTAL	150	119
Punjab	Delhi	Gurgaon District	44	33
		Hissar ,,	9	4
		Delhi ,,	22	13
		Rohtak ,,	23	14
		Karnal ,,	4	4
		Ambala ,,	2	3
	Jullundur	Kangra District	...	...
		Hoshiarpur ,,	...	...
		Ludhiana ,,	9	8
		Ferozepur ,,	...	...
		Jullundur ,,	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Lahore District	...	...
		Amritsar District	...	...
		Gurdaspur "	2	2
		Gujranwala "	3	1
		Sialkot "	...	1
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	...	...
		Attock "	7	4
		Shahpur "	1	1
		Jhelum "	13	6
	Multan	Lyallpur District	...	...
		Jhang District	...	...
	...	Patiala State	73	59
		Jind State	11	6
			223	158
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	10	9
		Prome District	..	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein "	...	...
		Henzada "	1	1
		Pyapon "	1	1
		Myaungmya "	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo "	1	...
		Moulmein Town	...	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	..	...
	Magwe	Minbu District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1
		Bhamo District	...	...
		Myitkyina Town	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	1	1
		Kyaukse District	1	1
		Meiktila "	5	2
		TOTAL	21	16
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	1 (c)	1 (c)
		Nagpur District	23 (b)	7 (b)
		Bhandara "	...	...
		Wardha Town	13 (b)	5
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore District	5	2
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	14	3
		Nurshingpur "	12 (b)	6 (b)
	Berar	Akola Town	...	...
		Akola District	140 (b)	93
		Buldana "	127 (b)	187 (b)
		Amraoti Town	13 (f)	9 (g)
		Amraoti District	247 (d)	203 (e)
		Yeotmal Town	3 (c)	1 (c)
		Total	598	522
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Cantonment Railway Station	21	22
		Bangalore [illegible]	25	21
		Bangalore District	55	30
		Mysore City	1	1
		Mysore [illegible]	75	61
		Hassan [illegible]	35	24
		Kadur [illegible]	59	28
		Kolar "	20	16
		Kolar Gold Fields	3	1
		Tumkur District	3	2
		Shimoga "	62	40
		Chitaldroog "	84	42
		Total	443	288
Hyderabad State	...	Usmanabad District	32 (h)	28 (h)
		Raichur District	11 (h)	11 (h)
		Aurangabad District	...	...
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Total	43	39
Central India	...	Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	...	...
		Indore Residency	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	..	...
		Rutlam State	30 (i)	31 (i)
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	26	12
		Sailana State	4	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora State	...	...
		Dhar State	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	112 (j)	75 (j)
		Malwa Prant	...	...
		Rewa State	...	...
		Total	172	118

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Mewar State	107 (a)	90 (a)
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	87	78
		Jaipur State	67	66
		Dholpur "	...	...
		Tonk City	109	109
		Tonk State	...	...
		Partabgarh City	...	...
		Kishangarh State	...	...
		Alwar City	...	...
		Alwar State	15 (a)	15 (a)
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli State	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Bharatpur State	3	3
		Ajmer District	11 (a)	11 (a)
		Shahpura	...	...
		Deoli	...	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		TOTAL	309	372
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Peshawar Cantonment	...	...
		Nowshera Cantonment	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	3,637	2,641

(a) Figures for the week ending 16th September 1910.

A. EARLE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 29th September 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Conditions were unsettled throughout the week in the Bay and, although they did not result in any cyclonic storm, they influenced the distribution of rainfall, which accordingly occurred chiefly in the Peninsula, the central parts of the country and Lower Burma. At the close of the week a depression appeared over Gujarat and the adjacent sea area, and was the cause of moderately heavy rain in the Konkan.

2. The rainfall of the week was 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Central India, the Central Provinces (except Berar), the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and Madras. It was more than 20 per cent in defect in Upper Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam, the United Provinces East, the Punjab, Kashmir, Rajputana and Gujarat.

3. *Burma.*—Rainfall [illegible] was [illegible] general in Lower Burma, but only a few falls occurred in Upper Burma. Skies [illegible] nagar, [illegible]tely clouded.

Northeast India, incl[illegible] Orissa.—Only local falls of rain were reported, and skies were lightly to moderately clouded.

The United Prov[illegible] [illegible] and the Central Provinces.—Rainfall was recorded at every obs[illegible] in [illegible] Central Provinces and Central India, being most widespread in these a[illegible] the 28th; in the United Provinces it was restricted to local falls. Skies were ge[illegible]y clear or only lightly clouded except in the west and south of the Central Provinces.

Northwest India.—A few falls of rain occurred in Kashmir, the southeast Punjab, east Rajputana and Gujarat. Skies were clear or lightly clouded; and up to the 26th temperature was higher than usual in Kashmir.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general on most days in all parts of the Peninsula except the southeastern districts. Skies were moderately to heavily clouded, and temperature was locally lower than usual.

4. The following are the principal amounts of rainfall as reported at 8 hrs. each day:—

September	23rd.	Shillong 2·00″ and Balasore 1·82″.
"	24th.	Cherrapunji 3·60″, Jessore 2·03″, Cuddalore 3·90″, Kurnool 3·20″, Vizagapatam 2·54″ and Ootacamund 2·23″.
"	25th.	Karwar 2·12″ and Hyderabad (Deccan) 1·94″.
"	26th.	Chittagong 3·00″, Raipur 2·53″, Gulbarga 2·95″ and Calicut 2·26″.
"	27th.	Thayetmyo 1·90″, Poona 1·74″, Gopalpur 2·58″, Vizagapatam 3·23″ and Cocanada 2·66″.
"	28th.	Tavoy 3·30″ and Balasore 2·20″.
"	29th.	Mergui 4·76″, Tavoy 3·46″, Moulmein 5·75″, Raipur 1·77″, Aurangabad 2·84″, Sholapur 3·39″, Bombay 3·27″, Ratnagiri 2·06″, Goa 3·35″, Mormugao 2·25″ and Karwar 2·10″.

5. The rainfall of the whole period from the 29th April to the 29th September is 20 per cent or more in excess in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore, the Madras Deccan, Madras Southeast and the Madras Coast North; and in similar defect in Kashmir and Baluchistan. Over the remainder of the country it differed from the normal by less than 20 per cent.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 29th September 1910.			Rainfall data from 29th April 1910 to 29th September 1910.			Seasonal percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	5·8	3·7	+2·1	72·8	84·9	−12·1	−14	−17
Lower Burma	6·2	3·9	+2·3	124·9	128·3	−3·4	−3	−5
Upper Burma	1·0	1·4	−0·4	38·7	35·2	+3·5	+10	+12
Assam	1·3	2·6	−1·3	74·4	74·0	+0·4	+1	+2
Eastern Bengal	1·9	2·5	−0·6	82·6	72·3	+10·3	+14	+16
Bengal	1·8	2·1	−0·3	50·1	51·1	−1·0	−2	−1
Orissa	2·9	2·1	+0·8	44·8	53·4	−8·6	−16	−18
Chota Nagpur	2·3	1·6	+0·[illegible]	46·3	46·6	−0·6	−1	−3
Bihar	1·5	1·6	−0·[illegible]	[illegible]	47·1	+4·0	+8	+9
United Provinces, East	0·5	1·3	−0·[illegible]	[illegible]	38·1	−3·4	−9	−7
United Provinces, West	0·9	0·8	+0·1	40·6	40·0	+0·6	+1	+1
Punjab, East and North	0·[illegible]	0·3	[illegible]	[illegible]	21·7	+0·5	+2	+3
Punjab, South-west	0	0·1	[illegible]	[illegible]	7·9	−0·2	−3	−3
Kashmir	0·1	0·2	−0·1	3·3	5·1	−1·8	−35	−37
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·1	0·1	0	10·1	5·5	+4·6	+84	+85
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·4	1·3	−0·9	−69	−69
Sind	0	0	0	8·3	5·1	+3·2	+63	+63
Rajputana, West	0	0·2	−0·2	11·5	11·1	+0·4	+4	+5
Rajputana, East	0·2	0·3	−0·1	18·3	21·9	−3·6	−16	−17
Gujarat	0·2	0·5	−0·3	24·8	25·7	−0·9	−4	−3
Central India, West	1·5	0·7	+0·8	31·0	29·9	+1·1	+4	+1
Central India, East	1·1	0·9	+0·2	36·2	40·9	−4·7	−11	−12
Berar	1·7	1·7	0	34·8	29·3	+5·5	+19	+20
Central Provinces, West	2·0	1·4	+0·6	42·6	44·9	−2·3	−5	−7
Central Provinces, East	3·3	1·4	+1·9	54·3	47·9	+6·4	+13	+10
Konkan	5·8	1·9	+3·9	83·4	92·7	−9·3	−10	−14
Bombay Deccan	3·2	1·6	+1·6	28·1	23·5	+4·6	+20	+14
Hyderabad, North	3·7	1·1	+2·6	34·1	30·3	+3·8	+13	+4
Hyderabad, South	2·2	1·3	+0·9	25·3	26·0	−0·7	−3	−7
Mysore	1·6	1·6	0	27·4	19·5	+7·9	+41	+45
Malabar	2·5	1·5	+1·0	75·7	81·9	−6·2	−8	−9
Madras, South-east	1·2	1·0	+0·2	16·2	12·8	+3·4	+27	+27
Madras Deccan	3·5	1·2	+2·3	26·0	18·2	+7·8	+43	+32
Madras Coast, North	4·0	1·2	+2·8	28·2	22·9	+5·3	+23	+12

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 29th September 1910.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 24th September 1910.

Burma.—The rainfall was good in Lower Burma. Reports have not been received from six districts of Upper Burma, but last week's belated reports are favourable and good rain has fallen in districts from which reports have been received. The usual operations for winter rice are proceeding normally in Lower Burma and prospects remain good. Standing crops in Upper Burma are satisfactory. The prices of unhusked rice have fallen slightly at Rangoon and Bassein but they are generally normal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—More rain fell during the week, the fall being heavy in parts of Chittagong, Rajshahi and the Surma Valley divisions and moderate elsewhere. The heaviest fall recorded was 20 inches at Sunamganj. Steeping and washing of jute still continue. Harvest[illegible] the summer rice and transplantation of winter rice are nearly finished. Plucking of [illegible]nagar, [illegible] ploughing of fields for mustard are in progress. Sowing of pulses has commenced in [illegible] faces. Prospects of winter rice are fair and cotton and sugarcane promise we[illegible] average price of common rice has risen about one per cent. Cattle disease [illegible] Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang, Nowgong and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—The rainfall was general all over the Province. The fall was heavy in Birbhum, Patna, Saran, Purnea and Darjeeling; moderate in Midnapore, Hooghly, Gaya, Shahabad, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Balasore, Puri, Ranchi and in the Presidency division and light elsewhere. The rainfall has been beneficial but more rain is wanted for standing crops in Burdwan, Bankura, Midnapore and Hooghly. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress. Transplantation of winter paddy is well nigh completed. Weeding is going on. The condition of standing crops is good in most districts. Damage by insects is reported from Sambalpur. The price of common rice has fallen in Burdwan, Bankura, Jessore, Shahabad, Champaran, Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Purnea, the Sonthal Parganas, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Palamau and has risen in Nadia, Murshidabad and Monghyr. Cattle disease is reported from Midnapore, Jessore, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Manbhum and from the Patna and Tirhut divisions except Shahabad and Saran. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Rain fell throughout the Provinces. The rainfall was heavy in a few Himalayan and submontane districts and light elsewhere. Harvesting of maize, small millets and early rice continues. Cotton-picking has commenced and sowing of gram has begun. Preparation of fields for spring crops is in full swing and prospects are generally good. Sporadic cattle disease is reported in thirty-three districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is satisfactory. Fodder and supplies are ample everywhere. Prices have again fallen over nearly half the Provinces and are stationary elsewhere.

Punjab.—Slight rain has fallen in parts of Delhi and Ambala. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress in certain districts. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops are in progress. The condition of standing crops is average in Lahore and Multan, average to below average in Lyailpur, average to poor in Mianwali, average to bad in parts of Ferozepore, good to fair in Hissar and good elsewhere. Crops are suffering for want of rain in Mianwali. Insects are injuring great millet in parts of Rohtak and slight damage by rats is reported from parts of Ferozepore. Crops have been damaged to some

extent by river floods in Gurgaon, Delhi and parts of Ferozepore. Prices are generally unsettled. They are rising in three districts and falling in seven. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Ferozepore and Mianwali. Complaints of a short canal water supply are being received from three tahsils of the Lyallpur district.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week except slight showers in the Mardan and Peshawar tahsils. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. The condition of standing crops and the expected outturn are average. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. Very little irrigation is being done from the Paharpur canal. The condition of cattle is good though disease is prevalent in some villages. The public health is good except in some villages of the Charsadda, Nowshera and Peshawar tahsils and in several northern villages of the Dera Ismail Khan tahsil. Malarial fever is prevalent in the Nowshera tahsil. Prices of food grains are falling slightly. Prices :—wheat 13⅛ to 17 13/16 ; maize 15 to 27 3/16 ; gram 16¾ to 26 and *bajra* 18 to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—There was no rain during the week. Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 12 to 24 and maize from 18 to 32 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prev[illegible] some parts of the Province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—It rained on one occasion during the w[illegible] There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are station[illegible]

Rajputana.—The rainfall reported, in cents, was :—[illegible] 21 ; Partabgarh 163; Bundi 61 ; Kotah 144 ; Jhalawar 59 and Karauli 51. No rain was received elsewhere. Agricultural operations continue. Standing crops are in good condition except for slight damage by hot winds in Marwar, by heavy rains in some parts of Partabgarh, by insects in Tonk and by insects and a break in the rains in the Jaipur district. Cattle disease is prevalent in Mewar, Banswara, Jhalawar, Bharatpur and Merwara. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are falling in most places.

Central India.— No rain fell during the week in Malwa. It was insufficient in parts of Indore and general elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowings of spring crops continue. Crops are generally in excellent condition but they have been damaged slightly by insects in parts of Indore and by excessive rain in Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar. The weather is cloudy and unsettled and bright dry weather is now required for maturing and harvesting the crops. Fodder is plentiful. Cattle disease is reported in all Agencies except Gwalior and Malwa. Prices are falling generally and are fairly easy everywhere. Prospects are generally favourable.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been showery but heavy falls were also received measuring 9 inches in Yeotmal, 6 inches in Bilaspur and Wardha and 5 inches in Narsinghpur. The average rainfall to date has been exceeded in several districts, especially in Wardha, Nagpur, Yeotmal and Raipur. The average has not yet been reached in Saugor, Damoh, Jubbulpore, Mandla and Nimar but these districts have had sufficient rain. In tracts under cotton and *juar*, crops have suffered in low-lying lands from excessive moisture. The general condition of standing crops is satisfactory but a break in the rains is now necessary. Reaping of minor crops continued in Damoh, Mandla, Seoni, Hoshangabad, Nimar, Betul and Chanda. Fodder and water are sufficient and cattle are doing well. Prices :—The price of *juar* in Nimar became cheaper and that of gram in Chhindwara dearer by 4 seers per rupee. In Buldana *juar* fell by 2 seers. Prices are falling slightly in most districts.

Feudatory States.—During the week Sakti had 5 inches of rain. In the remaining States the quantity registered ranged between 45 cents and 3 inches. Grasshoppers

continue to damage rice in Sakti. Otherwise the condition of crops is generally good. The supply of fodder and water is adequate. Prices—rice in Sarangarh, Sakti and Jashpur fell from 2 to 3 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—The rainfall during the week was heavy in parts of Ahmednagar; good in Nasik, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur, Dharwar, Savantvadi and Kolhapur, moderate in Surat, the Konkan, West Khandesh and Belgaum and slight elsewhere, except in Sind. The rainfall was general and sufficient but more rain is needed in parts of Thar and Parkar, Gujarat, Colaba, Kanara, West Khandesh, Satara Belgaum and Baroda Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in parts of Ahmedabad and Cutch and from excessive moisture in Ahmednagar. They have been damaged slightly by rats in Karachi, by insects in Larkana, Hyderabad and the Upper Sind Frontier, by grasshoppers in Ahmednagar, Poona, Belgaum and Dharwar and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops is progressing in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Ratnagiri, Baroda, Mahi Kantha, Rewa Kantha and Savantvadi. Lands are being prepared for cultivation of spring crops in parts of Sind, the Panch Mahals, Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, Satara and Rewa Kantha. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in Broach, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur, Belgaum, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock is deficient in Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Satara but is generally in good condition. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally adequate. Grain stocks are sufficient. Pri[illegible] fallen in Hyderabad, the Upper Sind Frontier, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Br[illegible]asik and Ahmedn[illegible] and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity pu[illegible] per rupee is [illegible] 19 to 40 per cent; in the Konkan 13 to 29 per cent and [illegible]atak 10 to [illegible] per cent less than the normal. In Gujarat prices ranged from 10 [illegible] cent more than the normal to 26 per cent less and in the Deccan from 25 per ce[illegible] to 23 per cent less.

Hyderabad.—The average rainfall in the Dominions was 2 inches 18 cents. The rain was general but somewhat excessive in the Gulbarga and Usmanabad districts and fair to good in other places. The heaviest fall occurred in Seram in the Gulbarga district. Rain and crop reports are satisfactory in all talukas of the Raichur district. The autumn crop is fair to good but has suffered from rain in parts of the Parbhani and Nander districts. Harvesting of autumn crops has begun in some places. Lands are being prepared for spring crops and sowings are proceeding. Cattle disease is prevalent in sixteen talukas. Prices:—wheat 6¾; coarse rice 6½ and *juar* 14¼ seers per rupee showing a fall of ¼ seer in the price of *juar*. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 11½ seers and yellow *juar* at 13 seers. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in Karimnagar and the lowest 26 seers in Bidar.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good during the week throughout the State. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 5 inches 84 cents. The condition of the rice crop is good. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in Kurnool; heavy in Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Bellary, Anantapur and South Canara; good in Vizagapatam, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Malabar and the Nilgiris; *nil* in Tinnevelly and light to fair elsewhere. The rainfall in sixteen districts was above the average of the last 35 years. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavari, Kistna, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, the west coast of Ramnad and the Nilgiris and insufficient in Chingleput and in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are generally fair but some in

parts of Bellary have been damaged by locusts and some in parts of Guntur, Salem and Coimbatore require more rain. Harvests continue in parts with outturn generally fair to normal. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Tinnevelly. Fodder is scanty in parts of Ganjam, Godavari, Nellore, and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in twelve districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in three. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in sixteen and has risen in one. *Cholam* is stationary in three districts, has fallen in seven and has risen in five. *Cumbu* is stationary in six districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in one. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is generally satisfactory and employment is readily available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement [illegible] Earnings of Indian Railways.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
			Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
	During 2nd-half of 1909.	During official year 1909-10.	1909.	1910.	17th September 1909.	17th September 1910.	1909.	1910.	17th September 1909.	17th September 1910.			17th September 1909.	17th September 1910.		
	R	R	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
ngal-Nagpur (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	207	243	2,350	2,367	3,97,022	4,69,000	169	198	45,66,826	52,43,000	6,76,174	...	1,25,31,757	1,32,44,000	7,12,243	...
zwada Extension	268	308	21	21	4,286	4,600	204	219	53,022	63,200	10,138	...	1,37,464	1,38,000	20,536	...
mbay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Viramgam-Wadhwan Section, 3′ 3⅜″ gauge)	749	878	504	504	2,90,043	3,19,000	575	692	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,53,981	...	1,03,83,030	1,05,87,000	2,03,970	...
Nagda-Muttra	50	55	313	339	9,503	25,000	30	74	[illegible]	39,000	1,31,068	...	2,17,853	6,05,000	3,87,147	...
stern Bengal (including 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	390	35[illegible]	1,497	1,501	6,88,926	6,95,000	46[illegible]	46[illegible]	[illegible]	55,62,000	...	2,35,507	1,15,36,665	1,13,71,000	...	1,65,665
st Indian	646	681	2,337	2,337	13,93,509	15,35,000	596	6[illegible]	[illegible]	1,68,10,000	16,68,892	...	3,50,26,018	3,90,14,000	30,87,982	...
eat Indian Peninsula	603	679	1,6[illegible]	1,607	6,22,661	8,15,000	3[illegible]	5[illegible]	[illegible]	84,57,000	10,65,715	...	1,98,49,709	2,32,07,000	33,57,291	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	243	230	126	126	22,199	34,300	176	2[illegible]	[illegible]	3[illegible],000	63,482	...	6,40,151	8,42,000	2,01,849	...
Baran-Kotah	32	31	40	40	951	1,200	24	3[illegible]	[illegible]	9,900	7,233	...	25,025	51,300	26,275	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itársi)	213	229	916	916	1,50,295	1,77,000	164	1[illegible]	[illegible]	17,17,000	1,33,015	...	42,74,856	48,12,000	5,37,144	...
adras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3⅜″ gauge lines)	211	226	2,578	2,578	4,88,159	5,04,000	189	195	[illegible]	[illegible]5,000	1,43,902	...	1,37,23,046	1,48,96,000	11,72,954	...
orth Western (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	339	373	3,670	3,718	11,40,562	13,00,000	311	350	[illegible]	[illegible]34,000	26,78,435	...	3,33,56,720	3,40,43,000	6,86,280	...
udh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	213	241	1,298	1,402	2,38,945	3,12,000	184	223	28,12,659	35,06,000	6,93,341	...	75,14,252	86,63,000	11,48,748	...
ardwar-Dehra	209	228	32	32	6,[illegible]47	5,900	189	184	67,173	77,800	10,627	...	1,69,055	1,92,000	22,[illegible]45	...
ssam-Bengal	123	122	771	790	1,01,537	1,15,000	132	146	9,39,171	10,58,000	1,18,829	...	20,83,136	22,65,000	1,82,864	...
rma	201	247	1,527	1,527	2,88,289	2,36,000	189	155	30,71,124	33,19,000	2,47,876	...	83,05,161	86,55,000	3,51,839	...
dhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	134	135	124	124	17,181	17,800	139	144	1,52,585	1,66,000	13,415	...	3,64,378	3,91,000	26,622	...
cknow-Bareilly	132	153	200	215	24,683	24,400	123	113	2,54,944	3,28,000	73,056	...	7,39,285	8,84,000	1,44,715	...
ysore State (including Kolar Gold-Fields 5′ 6″)	126	134	411	411	43,605	50,800	105	124	5,55,618	5,63,000	7,382	...	12,78,042	14,31,000	1,52,958	...
lanpur-Deesa	49	62	17	17	700	800	41	47	8,435	8,400	...	35	27,309	26,500	...	809
jputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5′ 6″ gauge)	234	259	1,914	1,914	3,85,687	3,94,000	202	206	42,55,964	50,01,000	7,45,036	...	1,11,46,569	1,25,66,000	14,19,431	...
uth Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	294	299	1,396	1,396	3,80,372	4,20,000	272	301	44,76,035	46,17,000	1,40,965	...	1,01,67,056	1,04,65,000	2,97,944	...
Travancore Branch	121	115	108	108	12,405	13,600	115	126	1,50,0[illegible]2	1,49,000	...	1,062	3,09,032	3,29,000	19,568	...
hoot State	158	191	775	770	95,929	1,18,000	125	152	11,47,094	13,26,000	1,78,906	...	34,63,729	39,14,000	4,50,271	...
Jorhat	59	61	30	30	1,519	1,900	51	63	19,101	20,800	1,699	...	44,324	43,000	...	1,324

ıopal-Ujjain	120	139	114	114	10,766	21,500	94	185	1,17,782	1,35,000	17,218	...	3,81,667	4,24,000	42,333	...
na-Goona-Baran	33	40	148	148	4,250	8,100	29	55	42,175	64,100	21,625	...	1,33,583	1,61,000	27,417	...
elhi-Umballa Kalka	278	279	162	162	37,330	40,100	230	247	4,11,537	4,54,000	42,403	...	9,80,110	11,00,000	1,19,890	...
mmu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	91	103	16	16	846	2,000	53	125	10,008	20,000	9,992	...	34,759	43,400	8,641	...
ıdhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	132	144	79	79	9,880	10,000	125	127	1,01,021	1,22,000	20,979	...	3,03,024	4,74,000	1,70,976	...
agda-Ujjain	100	141	34	34	3,317	2,700	98	79	25,573	29,700	3,827	...	1,11,217	1,03,000	...	8,217
izam's Guaranteed State	260	284	334	334	68,229	64,100	204	192	7,55,287	9,04,000	1,48,713	...	20,11,593	22,89,000	2,77,407	...
etlad-Cambay	113	136	34	34	3,314	3,400	97	100	40,928	36,400	...	4,528	1,13,209	1,21,000	7,791	...
ajpura-Bhatinda	224	237	107	106	23,578	18,000	220	170	2,23,174	2,17,000	...	6,174	6,21,453	5,71,000	...	50,453
outhern Punjab	149	157	425	424	51,997	67,000	122	158	5,64,213	7,73,000	2,08,787	...	14,05,195	20,00,000	5,93,805	...
" —"Ludhiana" Extension	101	102	155	152	11,947	18,000	77	118	1,83,686	2,21,000	37,314	...	3,90,209	4,70,000	85,731	.
ıelej Valley (a)	...	...	...	209	...	14,000	...	67	...	1,50,000	1,50,000	...	...	1,50,000	1,50,000	...
apti Valley	121	146	155	155	9,689	12,600	62	81	1,13,300	1,18,000	4,700	...	3,67,223	3,71,000	3,777	..
arkessur	269	321	22	22	5,153	6,300	234	286	62,852	70,700	7,848	...	1,73,631	1,82,000	8,309	...
hmedabad-Dholka	61	68	34	34	1,835	2,000	54	59	20,150	24,800	4,650	...	56,346	64,100	7,754	...
hmedabad-Parantij	93	108	55	55	4,105	4,900	75	89	51,554	53,200	1,646	...	1,47,294	1,50,000	2,700	...
engal and North-Western	113	138	1,092	1,119	1,03,109	1,31,000	94	117	[illegible]	14,21,000	1,19,798	...	37,30,277	40,50,000	3,19,723	...
engal-Dooars	153	137	153	153	28,206	23,400	184	153	[illegible]	2,33,000	...	24,159	4,50,010	4,47,000	...	3,010
izwada Masulipatam	112	121	52	52	6,158	5,000	118	96	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8,799	1,52,331	1,43,000	...	9,331
havnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	101	123	459	459	45,119	56,000	98	122	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	12,89,760	14,43,000	1,53,240	...
bru-Sadiya	291	278	78	78	24,284	23,400	311	300	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	4,378	5,08,186	5,40,000	31,814	...
ekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	63	78	179	179	8,288	14,000	46	78	[illegible]	1,34,000	20,881	...	3,35,593	3,65,000	29,407	...
yderabad Godavari Valley	141	171	392	392	36,986	33,800	94	8	[illegible]	5,56,000	1,35,795	...	12,69,110	15,97,000	3,27,890	...
ipur	43	43	73	73	4,142	2,300	58	[illegible]	[illegible]	23,200	...	11,0[illegible]	64,130	80,700	16,570	...
dhpur-Bikaner	72	84	713	831	50,821	62,100	71	[illegible]	[illegible]	6,58,000	1,34,344	...	13,37,543	17,34,000	3,96,457	...
olhapur	136	166	29	29	2,821	4,200	97	145	[illegible]	50,900	14,045	...	98,858	1,24,000	25,192	...
irpur Khas Jhudo	28	25	50	50	1,370	1,500	27	30	[illegible]	10,700	6,074	...	(b) 18,345	37,500	19,155	...
orvi (including Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge	91	101	93	93	8,822	10,300	95	111	[illegible]	[illegible]	5,550	...	2,36,165	2,69,000	32,835	...
ymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	137	139	54	55	7,875	8,100	146	147	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,898	...	1,42,551	1,42,000	...	551
ohilkund and Kumaon	107	122	214	214	24,171	22,500	113	105	[illegible]	[illegible]	34,978	...	6,75,852	7,19,000	43,148	...
ngli	127	151	5	5	594	600	119	120	5,784	7,000	1,216	...	17,771	18,500	729	...
oranur Cochin	141	158	65	65	8,582	9,500	133	146	1,03,372	1,06,000	2,628	...	2,52,662	2,57,000	4,338	...
njore District Board	122	130	103	103	11,470	13,100	111	127	1,39,945	1,44,000	4,055	...	3,27,415	3,44,000	16,585	...
ıipur-Chitorgarh	60	68	67	67	3,719	4,100	55	61	38,278	45,400	7,122	...	1,05,158	1,14,000	8,842	...
si	177	179	78	78	5,180	6,200	66	79	1,34,480	1,34,000	...	480	3,00,408	2,88,000	...	12,408
och Behar	111	105	34	34	3,486	3,200	103	94	34,404	30,800	...	3,604	75,917	81,500	5,583	...
ekwar's Dabhoi	82	108	94	94	7,665	7,500	82	80	78,173	89,000	10,827	...	2,45,103	2,86,000	40,897	...
ipipla	34	47	37	37	1,075	1,600	29	43	13,923	16,300	2,377	...	39,278	45,600	6,322	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	387	377	51	51	17,794	17,000	349	333	1,87,871	1,87,000	...	871	4,58,053	4,78,000	19,947	...
TOTAL	126	142	6,067	6,445	6,65,661	7,62,200	110	118	73,86,061	86,42,100	12,56,039	...	1,94,89,924	2,24,73,300	29,83,376	...
GRAND TOTAL	276	302	30,629	31,241	74,71,676	83,81,500	244	268	8,39,98,258	9,39,81,100	99,82,902	...	20,76,02,446	22,51,29,100	1,75,26,654	..

(a) Opened from 6th July 1910.

(b) From 2nd May 1909.

C. F. ANDERSON, *Captain, R.E.*,
for *Secretary, Railway Board.*

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1910

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 24th M[illegible]

From the 9th Apr[illegible] IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weat[illegible] ed at Simla. After the 2nd April all notifications and [illegible] ication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Off[illegible] Seal.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

No. 2241.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first four months of 1910-1911 as compared with the corresponding period of 1909-1910.

ENGLAND.						RECEIPTS.	INDIA.					
Whole year.		April to July.					Whole year.		April to July.			
Preliminary Accounts, 1909-1910.	Budget, 1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	Increase.	Decrease.		Preliminary Accounts, 1909-1910.	Budget, 1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£		R	R	R	R	R	R
						Revenue.						
						PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation)	33,80,45,000	32,49,26,000	10,03,83,000	9,76,78,000	...	27,05,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Opium	8,30,20,000	50,000	1,97,17,000	3,82,54,000	1,85,37,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Salt	4,93,74,000		1,62,91,000	1,59,92,000	...	2,99,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Stamps	6,63,22,000		2,42,52,000	2,46,32,000	3,80,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Excise	9,80,21,000		3,17,58,000	3,44,37,000	26,79,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Customs	7,44,75,000		2,21,27,000	3,17,69,000	95,42,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Other Heads	7,04,57,000		1,89,99,000	1,88,47,000	...	1,52,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	TOTAL PRINCIPAL HEADS	97,14,[illegible]	79,31,[illegible]	23,35,27,000	26,15,09,000	2,79,82,000	...
167,700	109,400	58,800	133,700	74,900	...	Interest	1,43,61,000	[illegible]	37,98,000	41,21,000	3,23,000	...
4,200	5,500	1,200	2,300	1,100	...	Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint	5,35,60,000	4,39,[illegible]	1,37,23,000	1,41,87,000	4,64,000	...
2,600	1,700	200	300	100	...	Receipts by Civil Department	1,68,86,000	1,77,55,000	50,12,000	50,48,000	36,000	...
80,200	82,200	29,400	23,700	...	5,700	Miscellaneous	68,39,000	81,40,000	16,66,000	16,25,000	...	41,000
43,800	22,700	1,800	100	...	1,700	Railway	43,27,55,000	44,79,10,000	14,30,11,000	15,12,46,000	82,35,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irri	3,79,82,000	3,71,29,000	1,60,57,000	1,55,29,000	...	5,28,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Other Public Works	39,65,000	45,31,000	10,73,000	11,66,000	93,000	...
412,700	419,900	115,900	132,600	16,700	...	Military Receipts	98,54,000	1,09,13,000	26,40,000	29,10,000	2,70,000	...
711,200	641,400	207,300	292,700	85,400	...	TOTAL REVENUE	1,35,59,16,000	1,38,10,02,000	42,05,07,000	45,73,41,000	3,68,34,000	...
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not chai						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Capital subscribed by Native States towards outla	10,00,000		...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Profits on Rupee coinage appropriated to Railway	...		...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)	...		...	2,59,000	2,59,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	TOTAL	10,00,000		...	2,59,000	2,59,000	...
						Debt, Deposits, and Advan						
8,890,200	3,425,800	2,525,700	446,900	...	2,078,800	Permanent Debt (net incurred)	2,27,73,000	30,74,000	1,13,77,000	1,32,00,000	18,23,000	...
...	2,250,000	...	...	...	...	Temporary do. (do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Unfunded do. (do.)	53,89,000	1,67,86,000	38,45,000	29,62,000	...	8,83,000
2,437,200	...	...	...	...	...	Deposits and Advances (net)	2,77,23,000	30,58,000	63,02,000	3,52,71,000	2,89,69,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans and advances by Imperial Government	45,02,000	32,21,000	25,81,000	24,89,000	...	92,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	2,56,62,000	1,82,51,000	1,07,60,000	85,40,000	...	22,20,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans to Local Boards	91,000	95,000	...	...	...	...
...	...	1,458,600	1,210,500	...	248,100	Remittances (net)	...	59,41,000	...	...	...	...
8,006,600	15,500,000	6,142,000	6,897,000	755,000	...	Secretary of State's Bills drawn	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Drafts on London (net)	23,40,000	...	...	...	...	...
9,334,000	21,155,800	10,126,300	8,554,400	...	1,571,900	TOTAL	8,84,80,000	6,04,26,000	3,48,65,000	6,24,62,000	2,75,97,000	...
0,045,200	21,817,200	10,333,600	8,847,100	...	1,486,500	TOTAL RECEIPTS	1,44,53,96,000	1,44,14,28,000	45,53,72,000	52,00,62,000	6,46,90,000	...
3,453,700	14,802,400	8,453,600	15,809,400	7,355,800	...	Opening Balance	15,35,37,000	17,85,36,000	15,35,44,000	18,44,31,000	3,08,87,000	...
8,498,900	36,619,600	18,787,200	24,656,500	5,869,300	...	GRAND TOTAL	1,59,89,33,000	1,61,99,04,000	60,89,16,000	70,44,93,000	9,55,77,000	...

DISBURSEMENTS.	ENGLAND. Whole year. Preliminary Accounts, 1909-1910.	ENGLAND. Whole year. Budget, 1910-1911.	ENGLAND. April to July. 1909-1910.	ENGLAND. April to July. 1910-1911.	ENGLAND. April to July. Increase.	ENGLAND. April to July. Decrease.	INDIA. Whole year. Preliminary Accounts, 1909-1910.	INDIA. Whole year. Budget, 1910-1911.	INDIA. April to July. 1909-1910.	INDIA. April to July. 1910-1911.	INDIA. April to July. Increase.	INDIA. April to July. Decrease.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	R	R	R	R	R	R
Expenditure.												
Direct Demands on the Revenues	111,100	84,000	39,000	29,500	...	9,500	13,04,22,000	13,12,96,000	4,92,28,000	5,13,27,000	20,99,000	...
Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)	2,101,100	2,278,800	1,034,800	1,158,600	123,800	...	4,77,19,000	[illegible]3,83,000	1,77,56,000	1,80,95,000	3,39,000	...
Post Office, Telegraph and Mint	180,900	213,700	60,600	57,600	...	3,000	4,02,79,000	[illegible]7,33,000	1,26,16,000	1,26,23,000	7,000	...
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments	387,300	418,600	139,800	118,400	...	21,400	20,70,82,000	[illegible]0,94,000	6,59,83,000	6,86,34,000	26,51,000	...
Miscellaneous Civil Charges	2,619,500	2,619,700	961,400	971,600	10,200	...	3,46,52,000	[illegible]	1,19,61,000	1,10,04,000	...	9,57,000
Famine Relief and Insurance	12,500	2,400	1,100	4,200	3,100	...	77,01,000	[illegible]	32,65,000	18,09,000	...	14,56,000
Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India inter Expenditure)	8,582,200	8,780,200	4,135,500	4,164,600	29,100	...	6,39,46,000	[illegible]	8,00,39,000	8,00,47,000	8,000	...
Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India Ir Expenditure)	108,600	111,700	56,000	55,800	...	200	[illegible],97,67,000	[illegible]	99,15,000	98,67,000	...	48,000
Other Public Works	78,500	79,300	25,800	25,900	100	...	6,05,46,000	[illegible]	1,64,99,000	1,71,75,000	6,76,000	...
Military Services	4,942,000	5,107,500	1,426,200	1,370,200	...	56,000	22,90,01,000	23,61,[illegible]	7,43,95,000	7,38,51,000	...	5,44,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL AND P	19,123,700	19,695,900	7,880,200	7,956,400	76,200	...	1,04,11,15,000	1,09,88,76,000	34,16,57,000	34,44,32,000	27,75,000	...
Add—Provincial Surpluses, that is portion of vincial Governments not spent by t	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deduct—Provincial Deficits, that is, portion penditure defrayed from provincial b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	−93,32,0[illegible]	...	...	...	...
TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAI	19,123,700	19,695,900	7,880,200	7,956,400	76,200	...	1,04,11,15,000	1,08,9[illegible]	34,16,57,000	34,44,32,000	27,75,000	...
Railway and Irrigation Capital not charge												
Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works	2,133,200	1,928,300	1,355,500	386,700	...	968,800	[illegible]8,64,000	[illegible]	[illegible]8,000	−91,46,000	...	69,28,000
Capital Charge involved in redemption of Liabilities	...	5,904,100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Capital of Railway Companies (net payments)	1,422,400	1,385,100	555,600	200,400	...	355,200	[illegible]08,59,000	[illegible]	22,81,000	...	...	22,81,000
TOTAL	3,555,600	9,217,500	1,911,100	587,100	...	1,324,600	5,12,23,000	[illegible]	63,000	−[illegible]46,000	...	92,09,000
Debt, Deposits, and Advances.												
Permanent Debt (net discharged)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Temporary do. (do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Unfunded do. (do)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deposits and Advances (net)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Loans and Advances by Imperial Government	...	731,300	200,600	1,049,800	849,200	...	22,77,000	42,24,000	5,53,000	1,86,000	...	3,67,000
Do. do. by Provincial Governments	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,57,65,000	1,55,0[illegible],000	89,09,000	42,60,000	...	46,49,000
Loans to Local Boards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Remittances (net)	...	...	...	...	...	...	81,33,000	...	3,06,40,000	3,17,04,000	10,58,000	...
Secretary of State's Bills paid	10,200	387,000	...	...	...	...	29,69,47,000	23,25,58,000	9,06,44,000	11,89,44,000	2,83,00,000	...
do. do. do. exchange	...	...	...	...	...	...	−9,70,000	−16,000	3,58,000	−1,69,000	...	5,27,000
Drafts on London (net)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	10,200	1,118,300	200,600	1,049,800	849,200	...	32,21,52,000	25,20,75,000	13,11,10,000	15,49,[illegible]5,000	2,38,15,[illegible]	...
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	32,789,500	30,031,700	9,991,900	9,593,300	...	398,600	1,41,44,90,000	1,43,29,25,000	47,28,[illegible],000	49,02,11,000	1,73,81,000	...
Closing Balance	15,809,400	6,587,000	8,795,300	14,063,200	6,267,000	...	18,44,43,000	18,70,39,000	13,60,86,000	21,42,82,000	7,81,96,000	...
GRAND TOTAL	48,498,900	36,619,600	18,787,200	24,656,500	5,869,300	...	1,59,89,33,000	1,61,99,64,000	60,89,16,000	70,44,93,000	9,55,77,000	...

R. W. GILLAN,
Comptroller General.

The 30th September 1910.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 29th September 1910.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1879-P.—APPLIC[illegible] the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions [illegible] and Designs [illegible] 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under [illegible] the week en[illegible] September 1910 :—

No. 497 of 1910.—James [illegible], mechanical [illegible] 1533, Bolton Street, Baltimore [illegible] the State of Maryla[illegible] United States of America. *An improved baling press.*

No. 498 of 1910.—Harsha Nath Mukerjee, Talukdar, resident of Majpara, Police Station S[illegible]gar, District Dacca (at present of 25, Mirzapore Street, C[illegible]). *A hydraulic [illegible] stand.*

No. 499 of 1910.—William [illegible], superinten[illegible] Calcutta Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. [illegible] Road [illegible] British India. *An Improved [illegible]*

No. 500 of 1910.—Henry G[illegible], of 17, Lanark Mansions, Sh[illegible] County of Middlesex, England. *Im[illegible] in [illegible] and reproducing and recording instruments.*

No. 501 of 1910.—Primo Santachiara, mechanic, of Rio Saliceto, Reggio Emilia, Italy. *Improvements in tractors for ploughs or other agricultural implements.*

No. 502 of 1910.—James Rostron, loom overlooker, of 43, North Road, Clayton, Manchester, England. *An improved automatic stop-motion and take-up control devices for use with loom reshuttling mechanism.*

No. 503 of 1910.—Joseph Robert Hardy, manufacturer of Vienna, Austria, XX/2, Hochstadtplatz 4. *Improvements in pistons of vacuum brake cylinders.*

No. 504 of 1910.—Charles Edwin Hibberd, director, of 47, Victoria Street, in the County of London, England. *Improvements in and relating to coin freed mechanism.*

No. 505 of 1910.—Hamilton Labatt Worthington, engineer, of No. 6, Crown Street, Sydney, in the State of New South Wales, Commonwealth of Australia. *A new or improved rat trap for use on ship's hawsers.*

No. 1880-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 2, Bankshall Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

No. 111 of 1910.—Louis Brennan, civil and mechanical engineer, of Woodlands, Gillingham, in the County of Kent, England. *Improvements in means for imparting stability to bodies.* (Specification filed 14 September 1910.)

No. 112 of 1910.—Louis Brennan, civil and mechanical engineer, of Woodlands, Gillingham, in the County of Kent, England. *Improvements relating to single track vehicles.* (Specification filed 14 September 1910.).

No. 115 of 1910.—Alfred Whiteway, sub-manager, and Charles Macintosh and Company, Limited, India-rubber manufacturers, all of Cambridge Street, Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, England. *Improvements in or in connection with pneumatic tyres for motor and other vehicles.* (Specification filed 14 September 1910.)

No. 117 of 1910.—The Calcutta Company, Limited, merchants of 7, Clive Row, Calcutta, British India. *Improvements in automatic means for producing gas for lighting or heating purposes from petrol or other volatile oil.* (Specification filed 14 September 1910.)

No. 211 of 1910.—Kharak Singh, assistant professor of agriculture, Agricultural College, Lyallpur, Punjab. *Lifting water from wells, etc.* (Specification filed 9 September 1910.)

No. 373 of 1910.—Thomas James Francis Ryland, engineer, of 252, Camberwell New Road, London, England, and Edward Stanislaus Louis, engineer, of 57, Penwortham Road, Streatham, London, England. *Improvements in or relating to standing pulleys.* (Specification filed 1 September 1910.)

No. 403 of 1910.—[illegible]bert Trevor S[illegible]rer, of 12, London Wall, [illegible] *[illegible]nts in and relating to* [illegible] (Specific[illegible]ber 1910.)

No. 404 of 191[illegible] Morrison [illegible] engineer and surveyor, *c/o* [illegible] Turner, Esq., [illegible]ark Estate, Thornton, Maitland, [illegible] South Wales, Austra[illegible] *Improvements in and relating to insulators for telegraph, telephone and like wires.* (Specification filed 15 September 1910.)

No. 1881-P.—Tl[illegible]edule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have be[illegible]xclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inve[illegible] each :—

Seal.

No. 139 of 1898.—Ernest [illegible] *improvements in or connected with the attachment together of boards of built up veneer for the formation of boxes.* (From 25 November 1910 to 25 November 1911.)

No. 296 of 1900.—Thomas Henry Pearse. *Improvements in cotton gins and wool burrers.* (From 12 March 1911 to 12 March 1912.)

No. 79 of 1901.—A. A. Kuppusamy Iyer. *Improvements in Indian hand-looms.* (From 23 September 1910 to 23 September 1911.)

No 365 of 1902.—Allison Dalrymple Smith. *Improvements in or connected with automatic couplings for railway and other rolling stock.* (From 26 November 1910 to 26 November 1911.)

No. 111 of 1903.—John Cowan. *A boiler furnace for burning jute and other organic refuse.* (From 7 November 1910 to 7 November 1911.)

No. 395 of 1903.—Norman Pain Pearse. *Improvements in and relating to rollers for roller gins and burring apparatus.* (From 11 November 1910 to 11 November 1911.)

No. 357 of 1904.—Elmer Zebley Taylor. *Improvements in machinery or apparatus for automatically cutting endless rolls of paper into longitudinal strips, for cutting sush strips transversely so as to form rectangular tablets or labels, and for delivering the tablets or labels to any desired place.* (From 29 September 1910 to 29 September 1911.)

No. 503 of 1905.—The Lamson Paragon Supply Company, Limited. *Paper creasing, severing and delivery mechanism applicable for printing and like machines.* (From 22 December 1910 to 22 December 1911.)

No. 523 of 1906.—Francis Lawrence Lane and the Leeds Forge Company, Limited. *Improvements in wagon doors.* (From 30 November 1910 to 30 November 1911.)

No. 1882-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the under-mentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act the

exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India, and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

No. 515 of 1905.—Frederick Beale. *Improvements in time and percussion fuzes for projectile and the like.* (Specification filed 19 June 1906.)

No. 116 of 1906.—Karl Friedrich Phillipp Stendebach. *Improvements in fire-arms with drop-down barrels.* (Specification filed 20 June 1906.)

No. 215 of 1906.—Banwari Lall.—*Improvement in sugarcane crushing mill.* (Specification filed 18 June 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

(*a*) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of R50 for each of the above inventions.

No. 453 of 1901.—Isaac Shone an[illegible]in Ault. *Improvements in the mode of and mea[illegible] and flushing house drains and other dr[illegible]* Specification file[illegible]7 June 1902.)

Fee in respect of the [illegible] exclusive p[illegible]

4 (*e*) After the ex[illegible]th year [illegible] expiration of the eighth year from [illegible]

The sum of R[illegible] for the above inventio[illegible]

No. 111 of 1901.—Solar Motor [illegible]any. *Improvem[illegible] solar generators.* (Specification[illegible] June 1901.)

Fee in respect of the continuan[illegible]e pri[illegible]

4 (*f*) After the expiration [illegible] as [illegible] expiration of the ninth year from that d[illegible]

The sum of R10[illegible] in [illegible]

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

2, BANKSHALL STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 2, Bankshall Street Calcutta. Directions for inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.*).

2. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules must be received in full and in cash at the office within the times allowed by the Act. The office cannot be responsible for any delay attending the collection of cash on cheques. Cheques not payable at Calcutta are subject to commission. Preferably fees should be sent by money order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

3. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

4. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 2, Bankshall Street.

Madras—General Record Department, Fort St. George.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Record Room of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Lucknow—Office of the Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. R a.
(*a*) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(*b*) Bill to amend the Inventions and Designs Act	1 0
(*c*) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(*d*) Inventions and Designs for the year 1905	1 0
" " " " 1906	1 0
" " " " 1907	1 0
" " " " 1908	1 0
" " " " 1909	1 0
" " " January to March 1910	0 8
" " " April to June 1910	0 8
(*e*) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 [illegible]

J. W. MEARES,
[illegible]ry under the Inventions and Designs Act, V of 1888.

[illegible] THE MET[illegible] CURRENT QU[illegible]

[illegible] W. G. [illegible]

SULPHATE [illegible]E AND S[illegible] OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactur[illegible] the Bengal Governm[illegible] Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Qu[illegible]e can be purchased by Governme[illegible]fficers, District and Local Boards. It can also be [illegible]chased [illegible]issionaries for *b*[illegible] public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to privat[illegible] perso[illegible]s. Cinchonidine [illegible]sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quini[illegible] [illegible]chonidine [illegible]or cash only and may be obtained from the Superintende[illegible] [illegible] near Calcutta.

The rates for both [illegible]ollows :—

Seal[illegible] QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1910 are :—

	Wholesale rate For [illegible] lbs. or more in one *delivery*.			*Retail rate* For any quantity below *6 lbs. in one delivery*.		
	R	a.	p	R	a.	p.
16-oz. tins	5	0	0	6	0	0
8 " "	2	8	0	3	0	0
4 " "	1	4	0	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

Specimens of Persian Manuscripts for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6. Forwarded V. P. P., on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 4, Park Street.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909 are ready for sale. Price R3 per copy, and may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 4, Park Street.

Diwan-i-Sarkhush (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examinations in Persian; obtainable from Board of Examiners' office, price R3 per copy.

The Kalam-i-Urdu, the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu, is now ready for issue, price R2-12.

Qaāni, one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; obtainable from the Board of Examiners' office, price R7-8 per copy.

"Dēwan-i-Andalib," one of the [illegible] recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian, is obtainable from the Bo[illegible] aminers' office, price R4 per copy.

Glossary to Ar-Rauza[illegible] text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic, price R[illegible] ice.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab, [illegible] text-bo[illegible] expr the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu, [illegible] from the [illegible] miners' office, price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i Ibrahim Beg," one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian, is obtainable from the office of the Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta, price R5 [illegible] copy.

* *N.B.*—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:— Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, [illegible] du.

[illegible] T, Lieut.-Colonel,
Board of Examiners.

NOTICE.

Applications are invited from medical practitioners for the post of Professor of Anatomy without attached Hospital duties, for the Medical College, Calcutta. Officers of the I. M. S. on the active list are not eligible to compete for the appointment, but it is expected that the candidate selected will possess such qualifications as would ordinarily be expected from an I. M. S. Officer selected for the post. The salary will commence at R700 per mensem and rise by triennial increments of R100 to a maximum of R1,200. The post will be a whole-time one, but will not be pensionable, and neither private nor consulting practice will be permitted. Intending candidates are requested to send their original diplomas and certificates by registered post to the undersigned; copies will not be accepted. These will all be returned in due course. The latest date for the receipt of applications will be the 15th November. Free quarters will not be provided, nor any house-rent given.

G. F. A. HARRIS, M.D., Col., I.M.S.,
Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

NOTICE.

The following monuments in the Church of England Cemetery at Kamptee, C. P., are out of repair:—

A monument to the memory of Major James Woodward, 32nd Regiment, M. N. I., died 28th February 1850 (totally destroyed).

M. Plot O No. 22.

Monument to the memory of Harriet, the beloved wife of Major James Woodward, died 9th November 1849. (Half this monument is destroyed).

K. C. HORWOOD,
Chaplain.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 24th September 1910.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on [illegible]d September 1910.

	Total amount of notes in Circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In Eng[illegible]	Reserve. Securities (Purchase price).					Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.†					Held in India.	Held in England.	Total.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6		9				12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R			R	R	R	
Calcutta	4,22,57,030	17,62,77,015	21,85,34,045	1,46,15,862	*35,44,080	7,86,970	...	...	...		(a) 9,99,99,946	(b) 2,00,00,000	28,20,22,458	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500. (b) Nominal value.—R2,24,24,292.
Cawnpur	..	2,79,93,525	2,79,93,525	5,38,42,864	36,15,885	...	...	...	...			...	5,74,58,749	
Lahore	...	3,77,62,245	3,77,62,245	3,32,08,021	71,26,155	...	...	...	...			...	4,03,34,176	
Bombay	1,95,93,865	15,00,69,485	16,96,63,350	5,73,03,638	1,79,69,729	...	...	...	...			...	7,52,73,367	
Karachi	...	1,35,60,280	1,35,60,280	2,83,61,690	31,52,040	...	...	...	...			...	3,15,13,730	
Madras	43,76,325	5,77,57,365	6,21,33,690	30,22,765	13,52,100	...	...	...	...			...	43,74,865	
Rangoon	...	2,86,71,700	2,86,71,700	6,24,72,440	32,63,535	...	...	...	...			...	6,57,35,975	
	6,62,27,220	49,20,91,615	55,83,18,835	33,28,27,280	4,60,24,124	7,86,970	6,36,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	2,00,00,000	55,73,13,320	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of issue			10,55,515	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bills drawn by one circle on another									50,000	
Total Circulation R			55,72,63,320								Total Reserve R		55,72,63,320	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 22nd September 1910.
† The silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 22nd September 1910 to 380 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 16TH TO 22ND SEPTEMBER 1910.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	2	...	2	4	...	4	...	180	[illegible]	22	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3	200	[illegible]	19	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

His Majesty's Mint;
Calcutta, the 27th September 1910.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 27th September 1910,

LIABILITIES.	R	a.	p.	ASSETS.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	2,77,48,410	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,73,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	8,07,876	0	0
				Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,45,82,616	4	5
				Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	3,90,31,392	0	1
				Bills discounted and purchased	3,86,22,048	15	11
				Balances with other Banks	58,44,6[illegible]	5	2
				[illegible]	21,80,425	1	0
				[illegible]	11,424	12	2
				[illegible]	2,36,413	0	5
				[illegible]	15,66,65,236	7	2
Public Deposits at Head Office	84,05,073 8 8						
Public Deposits at Branches	1,93,12,232 12 [illegible]						
Other Deposits and Branches	[illegible] 5 [illegible]						
[illegible]	[illegible],93,693 3 10			Notes in Head Office	2,81,69,007 7 2	8,10,35,317	4 6
Sundries	13,54,514 5 7			Cash and Currency Notes in Branches	[illegible],28,66,309 13 4		
RUPEES	[illegible],553 11 8			RUPEES		23,77,00,553	11 8

[illegible] 9

[illegible] 00 0 0

[illegible] 45 0 0

R15,96,945 0 0

Seal.

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 29th September 1910.

N. H. MATHESON.
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 4 per cent.
Percentage 40·43.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
   (*a*) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (*b*) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 45 OF 1910.

In the matter of Saya Chein and Maung Hla, Actors, now civil prisoners in the Rangoon Central Jail, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Saya Chein and Maung Hla working in partnership as actors, now civil prisoners in the Rangoon Central Jail on the 10th day of September 1910, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 12th day of September 1910, against the said Saya Chein and Maung Hla.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 14th day of September 1910.

IN T[illegible] OF L[illegible]
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 5 OF 1910.

In the matter of Ah Th[illegible] contractor of No. 62, [illegible] goon.

Notice is hereby given that t[illegible] of this Court [illegible] said Ah Thoy, an Insolvent pursuant to the provisions [illegible] y Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the [illegible]

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 13th day of September 1910.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 9 OF 1910.

In the matter of Lim Lam Taik, Trader of No. 14, 21st Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Lim Lam Taik, an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 8th day of September 1910.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 13th day of September 1910.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 46 OF 1910.

In the matter of Mahomed Khan, furniture seller of No. 31, 32nd Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Mahomed Khan, son of late Osman Khan, carrying on business as furniture seller at No. 31, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 15th day of September 1910, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 16th day of September 1910 against the said Mahomed Khan.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 19th day of September 1910.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 47 OF 1910.

In the matter of Ah Hain, son of King Pong, residing at 21st Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ah Hain, son of King Pong, residing at 21st Street, Rangoon, formerly carrying on business at Dalhousie Street, on the 16th day of September 1910, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ah Hain.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RA[illegible] pay.
The 20th da[illegible]

[illegible] Punjab.
[illegible] W. G. [illegible]ton.

[illegible]IEF COURT OF [illegible]ER BURMA.

Mr. A. F. [illegible] **Insolvency Jurisdiction.**
Mr. F. S. V[illegible]

CASE NO. 48 OF [illegible]

In the matter [illegible] reet, Kemmendine, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby [illegible] Seal. [illegible] the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented [illegible] Thaung, Tailor, Obo Street, Kemmendine, Rangoon, on the 19th day of September 1910, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Po Thaung.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 20th day of September 1910.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the person hereunder mentioned Insolvent and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvent in J. R. B. Branson, Esquire, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvent, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee :—

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Hearing.
160 of 1910	9th September 1910.	Mahomed Nasoorudden Saib, butcher, residing at No. 2-12, Straham's Road, Perambore, Madras.	9th September 1910.	24th October 1910.

(*Illegible.*)
Ag. Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY OFFICE, MADRAS:
The 26th September 1910.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION, BANGALORE.

INSOLVENCY PETITION NO. 27 OF 1910

Ahamed Khan, lately a mundy Merchant residing in Broadway Road, Bangalore (petitioner)

versus.

Gurumoorthyappa and others . . . . . (creditors)

Notice, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to his Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 19th October 1910 for hearing.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the [illegible] may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

[illegible] UNJA,

[illegible] for the Higher St[illegible]

BANGALORE, [illegible] nce.

The 19th September 1910. [illegible] OF L[illegible] exr the D[illegible]

[illegible] ncy Jurisdiction [illegible] miners' [illegible]

INDIAN SUBORDIN[illegible]

[illegible] NO. 5 OF 1910. [illegible] ed for the High Pro[illegible] the Board of Exami[illegible]

A public examination for admi[illegible] ractor of No. 62, [illegible] of the Indian Subord[illegible] of this Court [illegible] held on the 12th Decem[illegible] marginally noted. Only [illegible] allowed to appear at the ex[illegible] as [illegible] tus and any further informa[illegible] Senior Medical Officers at these [illegible] in [illegible]

Dinapore.	Landour.
Allahabad.	Rangoon.
Agra.	Madras.
Lucknow.	Ootacamund.
Meerut.	Bangalore.
Bareilly.	Trichinopoly.
Jubbulpore.	Jhansi.
Ambala.	Sialkot.
Lahore Cantonment.	Fyzabad.
Rawalpindi.	Aden.
Secunderabad.	Maymyo.
Wellington.	Karachi.
Quetta.	Bombay.
Shillong.	Mhow.
Peshawar.	Poona.
Kasauli.	Kamptee.
Simla.	Mount Abu.
Mandalay.	

(1) The Secretary to the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, Simla.

(2) The Personal Assistants to the Surgeons-General with the Governments of Madras and Bombay.

(3) All Administrative Medical Officers and the Principal of the Medical Colleges and Schools in Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

BRUCE SETON, Major, I.M.S.,
Secretary to the Director-General,
Indian Medical Service.

SIMLA:
20th September 1910.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 22nd September 1910.

No. 118.—3rd grade Civil Sub-Assistant Surgeon Maheswar Das, of the late Imperial establishment of Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having passed the usual departmental examination and completed 5 years' service in that class is promoted to the 2nd grade with effect from the 19th June 1910.

The 26th September 1910.

No. 119.—2nd class Assistant Surgeon S. G. Langhorne, I.S.M.D., is appointed to the Lawrence Military Asylum, Murree, with effect from the 1st August 1910.

No. 120.—The services of 2nd class Assistant Surgeon J. R. Foy, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Punjab for employment in the Railway Department, with effect from the 1st August 1910.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA—TRIGONOMETRICAL BRANCH.

NOTIFICATION.

Dehra Dun, the 23rd September 1910.

No. 95.—Mr. Syed Aulad Hossein, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 4th grade, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 7 days, under the provisions of Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th October 1910.

J. ECCLES, M.A.,
For Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.

THE MET
URRENT QU
Punjab.

No. . W. G. ton.
August 1910, Mr. F. E. R. Calvert, to No. 3 (late 13) Party, No
months under Article 260 of the Civil
Mr. A. F. C. Insolvency Jurisdic 3th September 1910.
Mr. F. S. V.

W. J. BYTHELL, Bt. Col., R.E.,
Superintendent, Northern Circle.

CASE No. 48 OF

THE HON'E GOVERNOR GENERAL

Seal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 19th September 1910.

No. 4534.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, clause (3) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to appoint Captain E. H. S. James, I.A., Assistant Political Agent of Kalat, to be an Additional Sessions Judge of the Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway Sessions Division.

No. 4535.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 193 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to order that Captain E. H. S. James, I.A., Additional Sessions Judge of the Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway Sessions Division, shall try all Sessions cases occurring in the said Sessions Division.

By order,

A. L. JACOB, Major,
First Assistant.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 20th September 1910.

No. 2769-R.—In the preamble of Notification No. 4250, dated the 9th September 1909, insert the words "all the powers" between the words "charges" and "mentioned."

By order,

H. B. St. JOHN, Captain,
For Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Bangalore, the 12th September 1910.

No. 72.—Under section 18 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and in accordance with the directions contained in the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department No. 1964, dated the 2nd September 1887, the following draft of the amendments which it is proposed to make in the rules to regulate the transport, manufacture, possession and sale of explosives, which were promulgated with this Residency Notification No. 43, dated the 1st June 1908, is published for general information and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the [illegible] October 1910.

1. For the third [illegible] bstituted, namely :—

General exemptions.

(*i*) the packing or [illegible] ed for the High Pr[illegible] e of the Board of Exami[illegible] or [illegible] by a license [illegible] of 8), or [illegible] held [illegible] nargnder such conditions and i[illegible] in Mysore on the [illegible] osives, may from time to time dete[illegible] Sen[illegible]

(*a*) capped safety [illegible] transported [illegible] granted un[illegible]

(*b*) toy fireworks [illegible] recommend[illegible] to time dete[illegible]

(*ii*) the manufacture, posses[illegible] in [illegible] fireworks, such as paper caps for toy pistols, under such conditions and in such quantities as the Resident in Mysore, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, may from time to time determine."

2. The figure "5" in rule 8 (2) shall be omitted.

3. Below the heading "Transport" the following shall be added as rules 8-A, 8-B 8-C and 8-D :—

"8-A. (1) Explosives required for blasting purposes shall not be transported by holders of licenses granted in Form D, Form H or Form I in the Schedule, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license to transport the same.

Licenses for transport.

(2) The following general rules shall be observed with respect to the grant of such licenses :—

I. Any such person may be granted a license for the general transport of explosives required for blasting purposes for any term not exceeding one year. The license shall be issued free of charge and shall be in Form *I* hereto annexed.

II. A license under Rule I shall be granted by the District Magistrate of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

III. Every person who wishes to obtain a license under Rule I shall apply in writing to the authority empowered to grant such license, and shall furnish particulars as to the place from which, and the place or places to which, he desires to transport explosives.

IV. When the place or places to which explosives are to be transported are outside the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore and the railway lands in Mysore over which jurisdiction has been ceded to the British Government, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent—

(*a*) when the transport of explosives is authorised to a Presidency town or to Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police ;

(*b*) when the transport of explosives is authorised to any other place, to the Magistrate of the District in which such place is situated.

V. The license shall entitle the licensee to issue passes for the transport of explosives required for blasting purposes from the place from which the explosives are to be transported as entered in the license, to any place or places to which the explosives may be transported as entered in the license, subject to the conditions mentioned in the license.

VI. The pass issued under Rule V shall accompany each consignment of explosives transported.

In the case of explosives transported by rail, the pass shall be attached to the way-bill or invoice, as the case may be.

VII. A copy of every pass issued under Rule V shall be forthwith sent to the licensing authority, and in cases where the explosives are being transported to a place beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer who has granted the license, to the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated, or if such place be in a Presidency town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police.

(2) The holder of a license [illegible] to annexed shall not be [illegible] transport of gunpowder.

[illegible] Punjab, [illegible]

"8 [illegible] W. G. [illegible]ton. [illegible]ting purposes in con- [illegible]oregoing rules or commits [illegible] condition subject to which [illegible]thable with a fine which may

Mr. A. F. C[illegible] Insolvency Jurisdic[illegible]

Mr. F. S. V[illegible] [illegible]ay, at its expiration, be renewed [illegible]ty who granted it."

[illegible] CASE No. 48 of [illegible]

"8-D. Eve[illegible] [illegible] renew a license may, in his [illegible]

Di[illegible] [illegible]9

to grant tr[illegible]

(a) [illegible] Seal. [illegible]ense, or

(b) refer the [illegible] [illegible]ers to the Resident in Mysore."

4. In rule 13-IX, for the words "signed by an officer authorised by the Resident in this behalf" the words "signed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives or an Inspector of Explosives" shall be substituted.

5. In rule 13-XI, for the words "15th October" in the second and fourth lines the words "1st August" and "31st July" respectively shall be substituted.

6. Sub-clause (ix) of rule 16 (3) shall be omitted.

7. After rule 19 the following shall be added as rule 19-A :—

"19-A. (1) Licenses may be granted to contractors, cultivators or other persons to possess at the same time not more than 100 lbs. of gunpowder, 10 lbs. of other explosives and 100 detonators when the same are proved to the satisfaction of the officer granting the license to be required *bonâ fide* for blasting purposes.

Grant of licenses to contractors, cultivators or other persons to possess explosives for *bonâ fide* blasting purposes.

(2) Licenses under this rule may be granted by the District Magistrate.

Every such license shall be in Form C-1 hereto annexed and shall contain the conditions prescribed therein."

8. The following shall be substituted for rule 33 (2) :—

"(2) No fee shall be charged for licenses granted to contractors, cultivators or other persons under rule 19-A."

9. In rule 38 (1) the words "or pass" shall be inserted after the word "license" in both the places where it occurs.

10. In rule 42 the words "or to transport" shall be inserted after the words "possess or sell" and the following shall be added at the end of the rule :—

"Such new license shall be granted without payment of any fee in the case of a transport license granted under rule 8-A."

11. Before Form A in the schedule Form 1 hereto annexed shall be inserted.

12. In Form D the following shall be added as condition 8 :—

"8. All losses, shortage of stock or thefts of explosives shall be reported without delay to the nearest police station."

13. In Form H the following shall be added as conditions 15 and 16 :—

"15. The licensee shall, at his own expense, provide for the safe custody of the magazine, a guard which shall be of such strength as the District Magistrate may consider to be sufficient."

"16. All losses, shortage of stock or thefts of explosives shall be reported without delay to the nearest police station."

FORM I.

(*See Rule 8-A—I.*)

(FREE OF CHARGE)

General license to transpo[illegible]osives required for blasting purposes.

(To be granted to [illegible] Fo[illegible] D H or I in the Schedule.)

A general licen[illegible] UN[illegible]
to transport explosives [illegible] for the higher Stan[illegible]e. [illegible]ice. [illegible]bstitu
to the places* specified be[illegible] ex[illegible]r the [illegible]niners' [illegible]

*Places of destination [illegible]

The license shall continue [illegible]

The 19 [illegible]

[illegible]ed for the High Pr[illegible]
[illegible]e of the Board of Exam[illegible]

(5 OF 1910.

[illegible]actor of No[illegible]62, [illegible] of [illegible]8),
[illegible] of this Court [illegible]neld [illegible] Signature)
[illegible]nder [illegible]

1. This license is subject to the [illegible] Se[illegible] IV of 1884), and to the rules made thereunder.

2. It becomes void on the expiration of the term mentioned, or if a consignment breaks bulk before reaching the place of destination or if the explosive is taken from or to any place other than the places mentioned in the license.

3. It authorises the licensee to deliver consignments of explosive material covered by the license, provided :—

(*i*) that the consignee has taken out a license for the possession of explosives under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884) ;

(*ii*) that the quantity of explosives despatched to any consignee is not in excess of the quantity which he is entitled under his license to possess ;

(*iii*) that each consignment of explosives is covered by a pass in the form appended hereto ;

(*iv*) that a copy of the pass issued with each consignment is forthwith sent to the authority granting the license and also to the Magistrate of the District to which the explosives are consigned or to the Commissioner of Police if the explosives are consigned to a Presidency town or Rangoon ;

(*v*) that any loss, shortage or theft of explosives in transit is reported without delay to the licensing authority.

FORM OF PASS.

Pass granted by the holder of General Transport License (Explosives) No. for the transport of a consignment of explosives required for blasting purposes.

No.

This pass covers packages containing (Description of explosives and weight)

while in transit from to

Name of consignee

No. of consignee's license to possess explosives

Date of despatch of consignment

Approximate date on which consignment should reach its destination.

Holder of General Transport License No.

FORM C-1.

See Rule 19-A.

[FREE OF CHARGE]

License to possess gunpowder or other explosives required bonâ fide *for blasting purposes.*

(*Granted by the District Magistrate.*)

Name, etc., of licensee, and place of residence.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed during the year.	Place, with full details, where explosive is to be possessed.	Maximum quantity of explosive (not exceeding 10 lbs. gunpowder and 10 lbs. of other explosives) and 100 detonators to be kept at any one time.	Date on which license expires.
1	2		4	

Punjab.

W. G. ...ton.

...EF COURT OF ...any ...o

Mr. A. F. G... Insolvency Jurisdic... ...3th

Mr. F. S. V...

CASE No. 48 ...

Seal.

(Signature)

of

Conditions.

1. This lincense is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), and the rules thereunder.

2. The explosive shall be kept in a substantially constructed uninflammable building approved by such officer as the Resident in Mysore may prescribe, or in a fireproof safe separated from any dwelling house, highway street, public thoroughfare or public place by a distance of 50 yards and made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and to secure it from danger from without :

Provided that 50 lbs. of gunpowder may be kept inside a dwelling-house or in any building other than as last aforesaid in a receptacle exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives.

3. All articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive and from any room or part of a building, fireproof safe or receptacle containing the same, and no person entering such room or part of any building or such safe or receptacle shall have any iron or steel in his possession or attached to or on his boots or shoes.

4. Neither the building exclusively appropriated for the purpose of keeping the explosive, nor the fireproof safe or receptacle referred to above, shall have any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof :

Provided that this condition shall not be obligatory in a building, fireproof safe or receptacle in which no explosive other than an explosive of the 1st division of the 6th (Ammunition) class is kept.

5. Gunpowder or other explosives exceeding one pound in quantity shall be kept in a substantial case bag, canister or other receptacle made and closed so as to prevent the explosive from escaping.

6. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases and under the vendor's signature :—

(*a*) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(*b*) the nature and amount of the articles purchased ; and

(*c*) the date of purchase.

The 20th September 1910.

No. 73.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore and to the railway lands in Mysore territory over which jurisdiction has been ceded to the British Government, the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules to regulate the possession and transport of petroleum in the said Civil and Military Station and the railway lands, published with this Residency Notification No. 52, dated the 19th July 1909.

Amendment.

To rule 5, Chapter III, Part II, the following proviso shall be added, *viz* :—

" Provided also that, in the case of installations or storage sheds intended for the storage of petroleum which has a flashing point above 150° F., the license may contain, in lieu of the conditions endorsed on the form prescribed for it by these rules, such conditions as may in each case be adopted by the licensing authority on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

No. 75.—In exer[illegible] bstitu[illegible] the Code of Criminal Procedure, 189[illegible] Station of Bangalore, and with reference [illegible] 90, dated the 3rd November 1890, the Resi[illegible] to be a Special Magistrate and a mem[illegible] for the High Pr[illegible] Military Station of Bangalore with effect fro[illegible] Board of Exam[illegible]

COORG AND MYSORE RIFLES.

The 21st September 1910.

No. 74.—Lieutenant Ralph William Fremlin is granted leave for 12 months out of India with effect from the 11th October 1910.

W. G. GREY, MAJOR,
First Assistant Resident.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 29th September 1910.

No. 2314-*D*.—The services of Major V. DeV. Hunt, Cantonment Magistrate of Mhow, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties.

By order,

V. GABRIEL,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Agra, the 22nd September 1910.

No. 258.—Mr. A. V. Nash, Assistant Superintendent of the Sambhar Lake Division, is granted privilege leave for 15 days in extension of the period sanctioned by Notification No. 247, dated 9th instant.

R. A. GAMBLE,
Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 28th September 1910.

No. 24-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 14th September to 27th September 1910 :—

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Allahabad Exibition	United Provinces	15th September 1910	Opened.
Bailhongal	Bombay	20th " "	"
Dera Ghazi Khan City	Punjab	29th August 1910	Closed.
Lattipu[illegible]	[illegible] Punjab	[illegible] July 1910	Opened.

W. G. [illegible]on.

Mr. A. F. C[illegible]

Mr. F. S. V[illegible]

H. C. N. PRANCE,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

[illegible]RAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 23rd September 1910.

No. 249.—The following temporary promotions are sanctioned in the Superior Establishment of the Department with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From.	To	With effect from.	REMARKS.
G. W. Mungavin	Superintendent, Class IV.	Superintendent, Class III, temporary.	18th July 1910.	Sanctioned by the under Secretary of State in Minute, dated 10th August 1910.
H. Baggaley	Assistant Superintendent, Class V.	Superintendent, Class IV, temporary.	Ditto.	
J. O. Twells	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, Grade I.	Assistant Superintendent Class V, temporary.	Ditto.	Sanctioned by the Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph Department.
S. N. Wilson	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, Grade I.	Assistant Superintendent, Class V, temporary.	16th August 1910.	

G. C. WOLFE,
Deputy Accountant General, Telegraphs.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 21st September 1910.

No. 32.—Mr. J. H. Chase, District Traffic Superintendent in Class II, grade 4 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India furlough for 1 month and 8 days in extension of the combined leave for 6 months granted to him in Manager's Notification No. 16, dated 9th April 1910.

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North-Western Railway.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND THE SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the M. Sc. Examination, 1910 :—

CHEMISTRY.

CLASS II.

Bhaduri, Kshitibhushan	University student.
Chakrabarti, Makundalal	Ditto.
,, Rameschandra	Ditto.
De, Bimanbihari	Ditto.

CLASS III.

Chatt[illegible]adhyay, Ahindranath	University student.
Maitra, Birendranath	Ditto.

[illegible] UN[illegible] UT,
[illegible]gistrar.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 26th September, 1910.

ORDERS BY THE HO[illegible]'BLE [illegible]
SYNDICATE OF THE CA[illegible]

[illegible]d for the High Pr[illegible]
[illegible] Board of Exam[illegible]

The undermentioned candidates have p[illegible] [illegible]amination in Engineering, 1910 :—

(In order of merit.)

1. Sengupta, Prasaddas	Civil Engineering College.
2. Biswas, Prasannakumar	Ditto.
3. Mukhopadhyay, Kshirodmohan	Ditto.
4. Majumdar, Surendranath	Ditto.
5. Lahiri, Santoshchandra	Ex-student, Civil Engineering College.
6. Bandyopadhyay, Makhangopal	Civil Engineering College.
7. ,, Anadinath	Ditto.
8. Ghosh, Sukhendranath	Ditto.
9. Chaudhuri, Anathnath	Ditto.
10. Ray, Surendranarayan	Ditto.
11. Bhattacharyya, Bijendragopal	Ditto.
12. Baruya, Hariprasad	Ditto.
13. Das, Krishnachandra	Ditto.
14. Bandyopadhyay, Amulyaratan	Ditto.
15. Saha, Matilal	Ditto.
16. Bhattacharyya, Taradas	Ex-student, Civil Engineering College.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 26th September, 1910.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND THE SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the B.E. Examination, 1910 :—

REVISED LIST.

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit).

1. Guin, Kalicharan	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
2. King, Albert J.	Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit).

1. Chakrabarti, Sasikanta	Ex-student, Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	
2. Dhar, Anukulchandra	Ditto,	ditto.
3. Sabhakar, Bhudebchandra	Non-Collegiate student.	
4. Bhattacharyya, Birendranath	Ex-student, Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	
5. Basu, Surendranath	Ditto,	ditto.
6. Sengupta, Subodhkumar	Ditto,	ditto.
7. Ghosh, Kiranchandra	Ditto,	ditto.
8. Mitra Amulyachandra	Ditto,	ditto.
9. De, Charuchandra	Ditto,	ditto.
10. Dasgupta, Jitendrakumar	Ditto,	ditto.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE:
The 29th [illegible] W. G. [illegible]ton.

Mr. A. F. G[illegible]
Mr. F. S. V[illegible]

In partial m[illegible]tion of the no[illegible]ch appeared on page 466 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, Part I[illegible]ted the 3rd August 1910, it is hereby announced that Ambujaksha Sarkar and Kalid[illegible] Bagchi of the Presidency College, having elected to accept the Graduate Scholarships attached to the College, and thus being unable to hold University Post Graduate Scholarships, the two Post Graduate Scholarships previously awarded to the above-named students have now been awarded by the Syndicate to the undermentioned students :—

Asutosh Sengupta	Dacca College.
Maung Thin Maung	Rangoon College.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE:
The 26th September 1910.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd East Yorkshire Regiment of Infantry, dated at Fyzabad, this 28th day of September 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—1994, Private Horace Joshua Bradshaw.
Age—23 years, 9 months.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, fair; eyes, grey.
Trade—Plumber.
Date of enlistment—15th December 1904.
Place of enlistment—Warley.
Parish and County in which born—Westham, Stratford, Essex.
Date of desertion or absence—23rd September 1910.
Place of desertion or absence—Fyzabad.
Marks—3 moles left jaw, scar back of right hand.
Under 6 years' service.

C. RIALL, Capt., for Major,
Commanding 2nd East Yorkshire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd East Yorkshire Regiment of Infantry, dated at Fyzabad, this 28th day of September 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—8280, Private Arthur Bowers.
Age—24 years 9 months.
Height—5 feet 4½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, dark brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—3rd February 1906.
Place of enlistment—Beverley.
Parish and County in which born—Barnsley, Yorks.
Date of desertion or absence—23rd September 1910.
Place of desertion or absence—Fyzabad.
Marks—Tattooed indistinct marks back of left forearm and wrist.
Small dot back of right forearm.
Under 5 years' service.

C. RIALL, Capt., for Major,

Report of a Deserter or Absentee wit hout leave from the 2nd East Yorkshire Regiment of Infantry, dated at Fyzabad this 28th day of September 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—8250, Private, Vincent Crisp.
Age—24 years 4 months.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, bluish.
Trade—Farm labourer.
Date of enlistment—29th November 1905.
Place of enlistment—Hornsea.
Parish and County in which born—Aldboro, Hornsea, Yorks.
Date of desertion or absence—23rd September 1910.
Place of desertion or absence—Fyzabad.
Marks—Tattooed back of left forearm various designs.
Under 5 years' service.

C. RIALL, Capt., for Major,
Commanding 2nd East Yorkshire Regiment.

[illegible]

[illegible] for the 7 higher St[illegible] [illegible]nce. [illegible] the [illegible]miners' [illegible]

[illegible] for the High Pr[illegible] Board of Exam[illegible]

No. 40.—The following offi[illegible] Survey of India *vice* Lieutenant E. J. Headlam [illegible] Marine Survey of India, on leave, with effect from th[illegible] 1910:—

To be officiating 1st class Assistant Surveyor vice *Lieutenant E. J. Headlam, R.I.M.*

2nd class Assistant Surveyor Lieutenant A. G. Bingham, R.I.M.

To be officiating 2nd class Assistant Surveyor vice *Lieutenant A. G. Bingham, R.I.M.*

3rd class Assistant Surveyor Lieutenant A. P Robinson, R.I.M.

To be officiating 3rd class Assistant Surveyor vice *Lieutenant A. P. Robinson, R.I.M.*

4th class Assistant Surveyor Lieutenant J. F. Vibart, R.I.M.

WALTER LUMSDEN,
Director, Royal Indian Marine.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th September 1910.

No. 2067-S.-Ap.—Mr. R. F. Kalberer, Superintendent of Post Offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 7th September 1910.

Babu Rajendra Lal Ball, Postmaster, Shillong, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of Post Offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. R. F. Kalberer, or until further orders.

27th September 1910.

No. 2171.-S.-Ap.—Mr. Hafiz Muhammad Abdul Gany, Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 20th October 1910 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of the Post Office of India.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER AND AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Nathiagali, the 20th September 1910.

No. 1773-*N*.—On return from the leave granted him in North-West Frontier Province Notification No. 954-N. dated the 18th August 1910, Major C. J. Cumberlege, I.A., resumed charge of his duties as Cantonment Magistrate, Peshawar, on the forenoon of the 12th September 1910.

The 24th September 1910.

No. 1830-*N*.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him under the Reformatory Schools Act (VIII of 1897), the Chief Co[illegible]oner is pleased to make the [illegible]lowing rules under sections 8 (3) (*a*) and 8 (3) (*b*) [illegible] Act :—

[illegible] Punjab.

[illegible] W. G. [illegible]on.

[illegible] Reformatory School.

Mr. A. F. G[illegible]ortation or [illegible]risonment for [illegible] Mr. F. S. V[illegible]ections 3[illegible] 303, 304, 307, 308, [illegible]4, and 377 of the [illegible]pt or [illegible]pt in connection with such offence, and th[illegible]cted is of opinion that it is not advisable to deal [illegible] provisions of the Whipping Act (Act IV of 1909), [illegible]der section 562 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, or under section 31 of the R[illegible]atory Schools Act (VIII of 1897), such youthful offender shall, in accordance with t[illegible]provisions of the last mentioned Act, be sent to a Reformatory School :

Provided that the Magistrate or Court shall not send any youthful offender to a Reformatory School—

(*i*) until he is satisfied, after taking such medical evidence as may be necessary, that the boy is fit for industrial training,

(*ii*) or if it appears that he has been previously convicted under section 377 of the Indian Penal Code.

2. Any youthful offender may be sent to a Reformatory School under the orders of the Local Government, and if, when any boy is brought before him under section 10 of the Act, a District Magistrate is of opinion that he is a youthful offender who, although he cannot be sent to a Reformatory School under Rule I above, is a proper person to be an inmate of such school, he shall refer the case to the Local Goverment for orders.

B.

UNDER SECTION 8 (3) (*b*).

Rules defining the periods for which youthful offenders may be sent to a Reformatory School.

1. Every youthful offender sent to a Reformatory School who is found by the Magistrate to be 13 years of age or more at the time of his conviction shall be sent to the school for a period that will expire on his attaining the age of 18.

2. Every youthful offender sent to a Reformatory School who is found by the Magistrate to be under 13 years of age at the time of his conviction shall be sent to the school for five years.

No. 1838-*N*.—Subedar-Major Nur Muhammad Khan, Border Military Police, Bannu, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of Commandant, Border Military Police, Bannu, in addition to his own, with effect from the afternoon of the 19th September 1910.

By order, etc.,

H. N. BOLTON,
Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—IRRIGATION BRANCH

Irrigation Operations of the Fasl Kharif of 1910 up to 31st August 1910.

Canals.	Water distributed during August 1910.				Land irrigated (approximate).		Rainfall.			Chief Crops (approximate).				Remarks.
	Depth in canal at regulating gauge.		Gross consumption, cubic feet, per second.											
	Authorized maximum gauge.	Actual throughout Aug. 1910.	Authorized full supply.	Actual average throughout Aug 1910.	Zilla.	Acres.	Number of years on which average is struck.	Average.	During month.	Name.	Area irrigated during Aug. 1910.	Area irrigated to end of Aug. 1910.	Area irrigated to end of Aug. 1909.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Major Irrigation Works.														
(1) Lower Swat River Canal.	5·7	3·77	770	434	Peshawar	65,901	23	3·48	11·85	Sugar[illegible]		4,992	3,765	The Canal ran for 22 days during the month.
										Rice		498	356	
										[illegible]		301	3,976	
										[illegible]		..	2	
Supply utilized	...	...	...	428						Maize		213	32,456	
Escapage	...	...	...	6						Chari			3,789	
										Miscellaneous			20,891	
Total	...	...	...	434		65,901	...	...	...				65,235	
(2) Kabul River Canal	5·6	3·8	394	266	Peshawar	25,512	12	1·04	5·7			55	2,331	The Canal ran throughout the month.
												138	773	
												010	490	
Supply utilized	...	...	...	225								5,059	7,274	
Escapage	...		...	41								2,3[illegible]0	1,840	
												4,250	13,238	
Total	...	...	...	266		25,512	...	...	...			25,512	25,946	
(3) Paharpur Canal	7·0	2·73	1,100	315	Dera Ismail Khan	15,876	3	2·16	[illegible]			7	...	The Canal ran throughout the month.
												...	...	
Supply utilized	...	...	...	315								14	7	
Escapage	..	...	...	*Nil.*								2,537	395	
												7,620	10,256	
												5,490	1,693	
Total	...	...	...	315		15,876	...	...	...			15,876	12,351	
Grand Total	...	...	...	...		107,289	..	...	...		43,994	107,289	103,532	

W. E. T. BENNETT,
Offg. Secretary for Irrigation, N.-W. Frontier Province.

Simla;
The 22nd September 1910.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Statement showing the number of Births registered according to classes in the Districts of the North-West Frontier Province during the month of August 1910

1	2	3			4			5			7			8	9
Numbers.	District.	Christians.			Hindus.			Mahomedans.			Total.			Birth-rate *per mille* per annum.	Number.
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.		Boys.	Girls.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		15	16	17	18	19
1	Hazára	...	...	...	31	29	60	765	711	[illegible]	797	741	1,538	38	1
2	Pesháwar	...	...	...	27	20	47	1,086	779	[illegible]	[illegible]14	802	1,916	29	2
3	Kohat	...	...	...	9	14	23	321	289	[illegible]	330	303	633	36	3
4	Bannu	...	...	...	38	21	59	306	261	567	344	282	626	32	4
5	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	...	55	40	95	480	397	877	537	440	977	46	5
	Total	...	...	...	160	124	284	2,958	2,437	5,395	3,122	2,568	5,690	35	

A. L. DUKE, Lt.-Col., I.M.S.,
Administrative Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province.

PESHAWAR:
Dated the 26th September 1910.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MORTUARY RETURN FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1910.

Deaths registered from different causes in each district of the North-West Frontier Province during the month of August 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Population according to the Census of 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Birth-rate *per mille* per annum.	Death-rate *per mille* per annum.	CAUSE OF DEATHS. Cholera. Males.	Cholera. Females.	Cholera. Total.	Small-pox. Children under one year. Males.	Small-pox. Children under one year. Females.	Small-pox. One to under ten years. Males.	Small-pox. One to under ten years. Females.	Small-pox. Ten and over ten years. Males.	Small-pox. Ten and over ten years. Females.	Small-pox. Total of small-pox.	Plague. Males.	Plague. Females.	Plague. Total.	Fever. Males.	Fever. Females.	Fever. Total.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Males.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Females.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Total.	Respiratory Disease. Males.	Respiratory Disease. Females.	Respiratory Disease. Total.	Injuries. Suicide. Males.	Injuries. Suicide. Females.	Injuries. Suicide. Total.	Injuries. Wounding. Males.	Injuries. Wounding. Females.	Injuries. Wounding. Total.	Injuries. Accidents. Males.	Injuries. Accidents. Females.	Injuries. Accidents. Total.	Injuries. Snake-bite and killed by wild beasts. Males.	Injuries. Snake-bite and killed by wild beasts. Females.	Injuries. Snake-bite and killed by wild beasts. Total.	All other Causes. Males.	All other Causes. Females.	All other Causes. Total.	Total Deaths from all Causes. Males.	Total Deaths from all Causes. Females.	Total Deaths from all Causes. Total.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
ara . .	473,359	1,538	1,064	38	26	3		3	..	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	321	326	647	17	14	31	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	17	3	2	1	3	161	133	294	547	517	1,064
awar .	753,437	1,016	1,746	29	27	181	97	278	3	...	15	3	...	1	22	...	...	...	645	518	1,163	3	2	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	14	4	18	3	9	118	81	199	1,016	730	1,746
at . .	205,195	633	508	36	29	47	55	102	...	...	6	12	...	...	18	...	...	...	170	145	315	1	1	2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	2	4	2	3	30	18	48	273	235	508
iu . .	227,264	626	304	32	16	..	...	...	1	1	4	...	...	2	8	...	...	...	67	94	191	1	2	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	1	2	...	...	45	44	89	156	148	304
Ismail	248,929	977	488	46	23	...	...	...	...	2	4	4	2	...	12	..	...	...	143	144	287	10	9	19	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	4	5	9	7	3	10	75	56	131	259	229	488
an.																																														
OTAL .	1,908,184	5,690	4,110	35	25	231	152	383	4	4	29	19	2	3	61	...	...	...	1,376	1,227	2,603	32	28	60	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	34	35	15	50	16	9	25	429	332	761	2,251	1,859	4,110
in previous ıth . .	...	5,705	3,542	35	22	26	12	38	4	4	21	14	3	4	50	...	...	...	1,305	1,190	2,495	18	10	28	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	14	35	16	51	5	1	6	431	278	709	1,938	1,604	3,542
in same ıth of past . .	...	4,195	3,305	26	20	67	57	124	2	10	16	11	1	1	41	...	...	...	1,262	1,090	2,352	18	17	35	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	26	44	26	70	6	4	10	278	238	516	1,769	1,536	3,305

Remarks by the Administrative Medical Officer, North

thousand six hundred and ninety births were registered in the Province during the month of August 1910, giving a birth-rate of 35 *per mille* ... ps, 3,122 were boys and 2,568 girls.

total number of deaths registered from all causes in the Province during the month of August 1910 was 4,110 against 3,542 in the previous month an ... f the past year, giving an annual death-rate of 25, 22 and 20 *per mille* of population per annum, respectively.

were 383 deaths registered under the head of cholera against 38 in the previous month and 124 in the corresponding month of the past year.

small-pox 61 deaths were registered against 50 in the previous month and 41 in the corresponding month of the past year.

was not a single death registered from plague.

fevers, 2,623 deaths were registered against 2,495 in the previous month and 2,352 in the corresponding month of the last year; dysentery and diarrhœa 60 ... res, ...atory disease 133 against 120; suicide 0 against 1; wounding 34 against 44; accidents 50 against 51; snake-bite and killed by wild beasts 25 against 6; and from all other causes 761 against 709 in the past month and 516 in the corr ... month of the last year.

PESHAWAR;
The 26th September 1910.

A. L. DUKE, Lt.-Col., I.M.S.,
Administrative Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province.

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List No. I of 1910, dated 30th June 1910, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. 2*a*. 3*p*. (1*a*.)

Act No. III of 1864 (Foreigners) as modified up to 1st September 1910. 3*a*. 6*p*. (1*a*.)

The Assam Labour and Emigration Act 1901 (VI of 1901) as modified up to 1st July 1910. R1-4 (2*a*.)

General Rules and Orders made under Enactments in force in British India, Vol. IV Edition 1910. R5 4*a*. 4*p*. (8*a*. 4*p*)

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Abstract of the Principal Civil Leave and Pensions Rules, 1910. As. 4. (1*a*.)

History of Services of officers holding appointments in the offices under the control of the Government of India, Finance Department, corrected to 1st July 1910. As. 12 or 1*s*. (3*a*)

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The General Clauses Act (X [illegible] up to 1st February 1910.

Act 26 of 1881. In Urdu and [illegible] each.

Act 13 of 1880. In Urdu [illegible] each.

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Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XL, Part I. Director, Geological Survey of India. R1.

The [illegible] of India.

[illegible] Punjab.

[illegible] W. G. [illegible]ton.

Mr. A. F. G[illegible]

Mr. F. S. V[illegible] 1, 1910.

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Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

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Name of the Advertiser—CHUJJOOMULL,
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The Gazette of India

No. 40.] CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1910.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

ORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE, LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in July 1910, and from 1st January to 31st July 1910 and in the corresponding period of 1909

Whence exported	Calcutta 1909	Calcutta 1910	City of Bombay 1909	City of Bombay 1910	Karachi 1909	Karachi 1910	Madras ports 1909	Madras ports 1910	Total 1909	Total 1910	Whence exported
	COTTON, raw										
	Imports in July										
ail and River—											*By Rail and River—*
B. and Assam	16,856	486	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,856	486	E. B. and Assam
ngal	5,823	7,402	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,823	7,402	Bengal
P. of Agra and Oudh	4,480	1,937	1,480	2,065	[illegible]35	140	...	...	5,960	4,002	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
njab	471	...	29	[illegible]			.	...	2,835	146	Panjab
d and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	121	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,708	...	...	410	3,708	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
j. and C. India	143	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	788	3,279	3,106	7,643	3,411	Raj. and C. India
mbay									39,914	85,886	Bombay
nt. Provs. and Berar	8						...	...	3,659	7,105	Cent. Provs. and Berar
zam's Territory	...							12,120	26,253	23,065	Nizam's Territory
adras	713								90,968	66,726	Madras
ysore									271	1,346	Mysore
TOTAL										230,373	TOTAL
ea—											*By Sea—*
B. and Assam	13,930	[illegible]							13,930	5,3[illegible]	E. B. and Assam
ngal	...	...						..	301	1,074	Bengal
mbay	5,342	10,541					1,225	6,815	6,567	17,356	Bombay
d and Br. Baluchistan	...	20	2,689	2,097	...	...	...	...	2,689	3,117	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
adras	5,612	7,514	5,448	4,712	..	...	...	...	11,060	12,226	Madras
rma	2,865	660	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,865	660	Burma
n-Br. Ports in India	...	...	61,670	112,428	...	...	...	...	61,670	112,428	Non-Br. Ports in India
reign countries	134	16	17,536	1,610	...	...	...	4	17,670	1,630	Foreign countries
TOTAL	27,883	24,117	87,647	122,921	...		1,225	6,819	116,755	153,857	TOTAL
L IMPORTS	56,677	38,907	166,407	263,413	2,751	4,636	105,877	77,274	331,802	384,230	TOTAL IMPORTS
	Imports to end of July										
Rail and River—											*By Rail and River—*
B. and Assam	73,519	43,131	..		...	.	...	...	73,519	43,131	E. B. and Assam
ngal	22,499	26,019	1	14		...	...	...	22,500	26,033	Bengal
P. of Agra and Oudh	96,561	89,501	183,709	144,434	6,376	1,085	...	...	286,646	235,020	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
njab	19,010	30,996	125,598	104,135	519,313	449,055	...	..	663,921	584,186	Panjab
nd and Br. Baluchistan	2,020	...	...	...	252,218	322,337	...	...	254,238	322,337	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
aj. and C. India	14,998	16,072	351,976	765,536	...	3,230	...	234	366,974	785,072	Raj. and C. India
mbay	390	670	2,071,817	3,114,831	...		11,196	22,268	2,083,403	3,137,769	Bombay
nt. Provs. and Berar	73,209	148,976	1,431,980	2,005,347	.	.	...	...	1,505,189	2,154,323	Cent. Provs. and Berar
izam's Territory	198	705	313,191	595,974	...	.	49,502	62,338	362,891	659,017	Nizam's Territory
adras	4,287	940	71,259	34,794	...		408,916	430,634	484,462	466,368	Madras
ysore	...	...	4,367	8,250		.	13,287	8,580	17,654	16,830	Mysore
TOTAL	306,691	357,010	4,553,898	6,773,315	777,907	775,707	482,901	524,054	6,121,397	8,430,086	TOTAL
Sea—											*By Sea—*
. B. and Assam	62,091	70,142	...		...	.	...	...	62,091	70,142	E. B. and Assam
engal	17	22	1,574	7,086	...		12,482	6,530	14,073	13,638	Bengal
ombay	28,169	22,065	10,653	12,781	47	187	18,270	65,984	57,139	101,017	Bombay
ind and Br. Baluchistan	311	20	92,983	88,978	...	1	...	...	93,294	88,999	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
adras	30,894	16,926	22,594	11,383	...	...	...	...	53,488	28,309	Madras
urma	37,757	3,056	593	...	...	.	.	...	38,350	3,056	Burma
on-Br. Ports in India	.	...	1,023,656	1,250,799	542	...	...	...	1,024,198	1,250,799	Non-Br. Ports in India
oreign countries	1,146	80	77,001	11,547	2,074	...	15	4	80,236	11,631	Foreign countries
TOTAL	160,385	112,311	1,229,054	1,382,574	2,663	188	30,767	72,518	1,422,869	1,567,591	TOTAL
TAL IMPORTS	467,076	469,321	5,782,952	8,155,889	780,570	775,895	513,668	596,572	7,544,266	9,997,677	TOTAL IMPORTS

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" include the ports of Madras, Pondicher[illegible] exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicher[illegible] Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara. The last eight ports were added from 1st April 1909

Whence exported	Wheat								Rice (			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Total		Calcutta		Karacl	
	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	
	Imports in July											
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	3,379	2,597	...	...	...	...	3,379	2,597	8,586	27,598	...	
Bengal	87,4[illegible]	104,756	...	4	...	..	87,453	104,760	319,624	460,266	...	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	482,20[illegible]	333,800	17,381	5,109	15,814	2,858	515,400	341,767	715	21	...	
Panjab	12,555	1,913	129,627	170,336	3,752,303	2,854,[illegible]8	3,894,485	3,026,467	130	71	3,166	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	375,278	110,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	..	66,728	
Raj. and C. India	11,160		121,333	32,449	5,256	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	..	4	...	
Bombay	...	...	36,198	43,502	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	
Cent. Provs. and Berar	18,835	31,230	89,763	94,904	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12	430	...	
Nizam's Territory	...	...	438	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	
Madras	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	223	...	
Mysore	...		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	
Kashmir	...		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	..	...	
Total	615,587	[illegible]	39[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	44	...	
Bengal	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8,014	...	..
Bombay	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	484	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	4,888	52,102	...	..	4,888	52,102	...	...	...	
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Burma	...	...	...	...	.	...	...		928,098	167,864	...	..
Non-Br. Ports in India		...	1,259	6,213	...	...	1,259	6,213	...	...	...	..
Foreign countries	...	...	...	..	...	143		143	842	63	...	..
Total	...	...	6,147	58,315	17	621	6,164	58,936	933,001	175,985	484	1
Total Imports	615,587	474,297	400,887	404,779	4,148,668	2,975,476	5,165,142	3,854,552	1,262,525	664,598	70,378	7.
	Imports to end of July											
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	27,573	22,046		...	..	.	27,573	22,046	1,208,067	1,309,465	...	.
Bengal	3 63,001	328,580	302	29	...		363,303	328,609	3,936,709	4,916,105		.
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3,497,973	2,970,840	553,438	365,347	450,892	519,692	4,502,303	3,855,879	1,437	1,159	...	.
Panjab	40,940	45,846	357,172	506,061	10,616,571	9,908,862	11,014,683	10,460,769	580	550	20,594	:
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	..	1,050,110	331,789	1,050,110	331,789	4	...	734,117	64
Raj. and C. India	41,011	2,024	327,550	153,358	17,336	28,370	385,903	183,752	289	4	112	.
Bombay	511	145	521,764	133,131	...	...	522,275	133,276	..	92	4	..
Cent. Provs. and Berar	301,339	273,374	889,220	588,930	...	...	1,190,559	862,304	56,860	5,211	..	..
Nizam's Territory	...	.	16,403	1,472	.	...	16,403	1,472	...	1	.	..
Madras	..		..	71	...	...		71	3,478	640	...	..
Mysore	...	...	...	36	..	...	.	36	...	...	...	..
Kashmir	...	.	...	...	...	1,333	...	1,333	...	...	1	..
Total	4,272,348	3,642,855	2,659,855	1,748,435	12,134,909	10,790,046	19,067,112	16,181,336	5,207,484	6,233,227	754,828	64
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...	...		...	...	...	.	.	...	44		..
Bengal	.	..	...	110	...	...		110	56,618	129,691	140	
Bombay	4	...	32,577	10,766	423	562	33,004	11,328	14	86	16,970	3
Sind and Br. Baluchistan			207,325	333,113	...	98	207,325	333,211	.		12,863	38
Madras		...	15	46	...	...	15	46	55	.	...	
Burma	2,787	...	...	...	...	...	2,787	...	6,797,434	1,331,113	910	.
Non-Br. Ports in India	.	...	344,736	167,543	18,691	2,794	363,427	170,337	...	...	55	.
Foreign countries	175,567	133	204,274	1,504	..	143	379,841	1,780	5,071	233	...	...
Total	178,358	133	788,927	513,082	19,114	3,597	986 399	516,812	6,859 192	1,461,167	30,938	42
Total Imports	4,450,706	3,642,988	3,448,782	2,261,517	12,154,023	10,793,643	20,053,511	16,698,148	12,066,676	7,694,394	785,766	685

† One maund of pa

PADDY)†				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	
Imports in July												
												By Rail and River—
240	...	8,586	27,598	20,840	19,841	...	...	...	...	20,840	[illegible]	E. B. and Assam
	8,740	319,864	469,006	211,834	405,622	...	...	...	...	211,834	[illegible]	Bengal
	...	715	21	85,702	121,051	6,990	4,863	148	1,205	92,840	[illegible]	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
	...	3,296	283	5,633	[illegible]	[illegible]	46,836	56,135	36,342	90,224	83,474	Panjab
	...	66,728	72,945	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	14,225	28,522	14,225	28,522	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
	...	...	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	22,274	242	2,308	[illegible]	25,135	Raj. and C. India
15	33	15	33	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	[illegible]	41,154	Bombay
	1	12	431	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	[illegible]	41,619	Cent. Provs. and Berar
658	356	658	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,284	561	Nizam's Territory
708	113,330	96,165	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	410	...	Madras
18	9	18	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mysore
	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	Kashmir
639	122,469	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	521,520	[illegible]	TOTAL
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*[illegible]a—*
	...	...	44	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	[illegible] and Assam
1	34,795	4,062	42,809	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	[illegible]	Ben[illegible]
410	954	894	1,329	[illegible]	[illegible]	12	13	84	223	96	236	Bom[illegible]
428	36,771	428	37,683	[illegible]	[illegible]	6,075	9,230	...	...	6,075	9,780	Sind and [illegible]luchistan
3,891	2,629	2,891	2,629	[illegible]	12,480	...	...	...	...	6,257	12,480	Madras
5,966	507,220	1,454,064	675,084	968	6,008	1,261	...	...	...	[illegible]	6,008	Burma
...	...	...	...	...	...	220	327	...	...	220	327	Non-Br. Ports in India
3,757	63	4,599	126	6,857	80	4,938	20	...	...	11,795	100	Foreign countries
3,453	582,432	1,466,938	759,704	14,082	19,118	12,506	9,590	84	223	26,672	28,931	TOTAL
0,092	704,901	1,962,995	1,443,943	360,741	568,998	115,417	164,380	70,834	68,600	547,992	801,978	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of July												
..	...	1,208,067	1,309,465	122,176	104,247	..	...	...	...	122,176	104,247	*By Rail and River—*
1,683	119,376	3,948,452	5,035,481	1,484,902	2,035,847	62	3	...	...	1,484,964	2,035,850	E. B. and Assam
4	27,972	1,441	29,131	619,800	744,590	254,020	164,879	3,478	7,219	877,298	916,688	Bengal
642	9	21,816	2,575	32,034	31,294	257,948	414,214	211,486	498,415	501,468	943,923	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
..	...	734,121	641,085	...	...	...	...	206,335	252,747	206,335	252,747	Panjab
..	...	401	4	30,703	5,680	231,810	230,369	9,760	41,093	272,273	277,142	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
251	661	255	753	2,857	1,015	337,467	461,881	17	87	340,341	462,983	Raj. and C. India
21	156	56,881	5,367	134,247	53,317	427,357	269,293	...	..	561,604	322,610	Bombay
4,386	1,502	4,386	1,503	14	972	32,802	7,590	...		32,816	8,562	Cent. Provs. and Berar
7,531	685,246	721,009	685,886	4,246	2,136	379	...	...	..	4,625	2,136	Nizam's Territory
1,014	388	1,014	388	...	...	...		...	..			Madras
...	...	1	...	..	...	...		...	...	...		Mysore
5,532	835,310	6,697,844	7,711,638	2,430,979	2,979,098	1,541,845	1,548,229	431,070	799,561	4,403,900	5,326,888	Kashmir
												TOTAL
												By Sea—
9	4,238	9	4,282	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	E. B. and Assam
6,482	381,244	123,240	511,075	691	1,610	224	...	180	...	1,095	1,610	Bengal
2,236	204,354	129,220	207,942	152	11	32,616	14,422	4,557	3,636	37,325	18,059	Bombay
5,413	101,460	28,276	146,223	...	550	34,158	43,851	220	128	34,378	44,529	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
4,786	54,488	34,841	54,490	28,843	30,620	25	23	...	37	28,868	30,640	Madras
8,259	4,707,378	11,236,603	6,038,491	21,782	21,486	3,462	277	...	...	25,244	21,763	Burma
1,845	19,648	1,900	19,648	..	.	62,795	51,995	11,504	5,338	74,299	57,333	Non-Br. Ports in India
1,962	3,270	107,033	3,503	65,137	2,295	82,585	7,027	1,229	222	148,951	9,544	Foreign countries
0,992	5,476,080	11,661,122	6,979,654	116,605	56,572	215,865	117,595	17,690	9,351	350,160	183,518	TOTAL
6,524	6,311,390	18,358,966	14,691,292	2,547,584	3,035,670	1,757,710	1,665,824	448,765	808,912	4,754,060	5,510,406	TOTAL IMPORTS

) as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	Linseed						Rape and Mustard Seed					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Total		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Total	
	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1
Imports in July												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	20,[illegible]	4,155	...	...	20,740	4,155	69,395	125,310	...	...	69,395	1
Bengal	216,1[illegible]	286,556	.	...	216,127	286,556	117,177	38,242	...	...	117,177	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	126,242	148,127	16,164	45,669	142,406	193,[illegible]6	98,388	90,241	52,474	63,591	150,862	1
Panjab	...	...	4,506	6,885	4,506	6,[illegible]5	[illegible]	35,504	3,724	1,667	3,724	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	..	...				...	...	...	
Raj. and C. India	3,933	...	18,685	59,610	22,618				21,646	20,290	22,221	
Bombay	...	...	21,123	14,366					22,910	10,016	22,910	
Cent. Provs. and Berar	3,737	155	31,639	58,79[illegible]						1,254	3,683	
Nizam's Territory	...	..	13,900							26	...	
Madras	...	...								..		
Mysore	.									...		
Total	370,779	[illegible]	[illegible]								389,072	3
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam		...	...	...		...			...	...	...	
Bengal	64	...	...	...	64	.	..	...	1,892	...	1,892	
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...		...	3,04[illegible]	...	...	...	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	105	...	105	...		496	2,387	5	2,387	
Madras			...	...	...		...	...	...	..	...	
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	..	3,482	1,022	3,482	1,022	...	...	6	4	6	
Foreign countries	..	...	1,520	185	1,520	185	..	...	...	...	..	
Total	64	...	5,107	1,207	5,171	1,207	...	3,545	4,285	9	4,285	
Total Imports	370,843	438,993	111,264	200,922	482,107	639,915	285,999	303,534	108,258	96,853	394,257	4
Imports to end of July												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	94,825	129,744	...	..	94,825	129,744	298,809	675,837	...	...	298,809	6
Bengal	1,327,798	2,442,016	160	2,232	1,327,958	2,444,248	934,351	789,338	567	286	934,918	7
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	560,990	1,346,769	105,650	519,653	666,640	1,866,422	834,626	912,870	535,824	1,134,823	1,435,450	2,0
Panjab	...	...	16,871	21,837	16,871	21,837	9,651	100,742	37,660	151,936	47,311	2
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...		
Raj. and C. India	124,244	24,945	301,193	432,532	425,437	457,477	16,693	35,087	150,512	99,930	167,205	1
Bombay	...	8	256,774	275,150	256,774	275,158		...	286,815	253,523	286,815	2
Cent. Provs. and Berar	76,155	87,288	465,928	607,935	542,083	695,223	21,333	14,861	87,974	55,456	109,307	
Nizam's Territory	...	...	297,266	342,472	297,266	342,472		..	333	272	333	
Madras	..	...	22,621	3,546	22,621	3,546	1,037	3,504		...	1,037	
Mysore	...	...	412	99	412	99	..		...	...	...	
Total	2,184,012	4,030,770	1,466,875	2,205,456	3,650,887	6,236,226	2,121,500	2,532,239	1,159,685	1,696,226	3,281,185	4,2
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...	.	.		..		...	...	...	...	...	
Bengal	64	...	..	...	64	..	129	...	8,633	2,151	8,762	
Bombay	...	...	1	...	1	...	..	4,231	22	17	22	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	607	812	607	812		496	26,051	3,334	26,051	
Madras	...	..	..	...	...	...	1,037	530	150	...	1,187	
Burma	.	.	.	...	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	
Non-Br. Ports in India	..		39,138	38,678	39,138	38,678	..	.	7,425	1,860	7,425	
Foreign countries	20	...	2,808	609	2,828	609	2	...	1	...	3	
Total	84	...	42,554	40,099	42,638	40,099	1,168	5,257	42,282	7,362	43,450	
Total Imports	2,184,096	4,030,770	1,509,429	2,245,555	3,693,525	6,276,325	2,122,668	2,537,496	1,201,967	1,703,588	3,324,635	4,2

Jute						Tea						
Calcutta		Chittagong port		Total		Calcutta		Chittagong port		Total		Whence exported
1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	
Imports in July												
												By Rail and River—
821,777	490,881	5,260	6,172	827,037	497,053	144,827	203,156	57,742	64,21[illegible]	202,569	[illegible]7,370	E. B. and Assam
73,104	70,689	...	...	73,104	70,689	16,626	15,576	4		16,630	15,576	Bengal
...	112	...	...	...	112	375	158	...	...	375	158	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	436	...	...	[illegible]	436	Panjab
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	Raj. & C. India
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	8	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Cent. Provs. and Berar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
894,881	561,682	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	283,548	Total
												By Sea—
...	...	...	...	...	...	551	...	...	...	551	...	E. B. and Assam
2,674	282	...	...	2,674	282	...	...	9	60	9	60	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
		...	...	...	...	46	...	...	...	46	...	Burma
		...	...	...	...	...	8			...	...	Non-Br. Ports India
	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Foreign countries
	38	...	...	...	38	11	11	...		11	11	
2,674	320	...	...	2,674	320	608	19	9	60	617	79	Total*
897,555	562,002	5,260	6,172	902,815	568,174	162,310	210,345	57,755	64,282	220,195	283,627	Total Imports
Imports to end of July												
												By Rail and River—
6,508,072	3,761,150	126,863	149,085	6,634,935	3,910,235	359,779	443,885	99,714	146,181	458,493	590,066	E. B. and Assam
1,364,387	1,212,271	...	...	1,364,387	1,212,271	44,115	75,893	27	1,284	44,142	77,176	Bengal
13,681	18,883	...	...	13,681	18,883	1,218	764	...	...	1,218	764	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
...	...	...	...	...	...	20	837	...	...	20	837	Panjab
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...		...	6	Raj. & C. India
...	...	...	...	...	...	4	83	...	8	4	91	Bombay
1,182	276	...	...	1,182	276	3	50	...	...	3	50	Cent. Provs. and Berar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
9	...	...	...	9	...	1	6	...	...	1	6	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
7,887,331	4,992,580	126,863†	149,085	8,014,194	5,141,665	404,649	521,523	99,741†	147,473	504,390	668,996	Total
												By Sea—
89	354	6,522	...	6,611	354	8,603	1,006	...	...	8,603	1,006	E. B. and Assam
61,064	64,068	...	8	61,064	64,076	...	41	9	60	9	101	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	...	3,870	2	...	...	3,870	2	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	...	...	...	...	...	113	41	...	...	113	41	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	361	11		...	361	11	Burma
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports India
51	106	...	...	51	106	2,784	156	...	...	2,784	156	Foreign countries
61,204	64,528	6,522	8	67,726	64,536	15,731	1,257	9	60	15,740	1,317	Total
7,948,535	5,057,108	133,385	149,093	8,081,920	5,206,201	420,380	522,780	99,750	147,533	520,130	670,313	Total Imports

* Comprise the import figures from February 1909

C. W. E. COTTON,
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, September 30, 1910

The Gazette of India.

PUBLI[illegible] Punjab [illegible] ORITY.

W. G. [illegible]on.

No. 41.] Mr. A. F. [illegible]

Mr. F. S. V[illegible]

Separate [illegible] d as a separate compilation [illegible]

CONTENTS.

	Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	1019—1034
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	1453—1484
Part III.—Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	89—90
Supplement No. 41—	
Statement of Wholesale and Retail Prices, and certain staple articles of food-grains for the first-half of September 1910	1585—160[illegible]
Imports of Cotton, Wheat, Linseed, Indigo, Jute, Tea and Rice	169[illegible]
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during week ending the 1st October 1910	1605—161[illegible]
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 6th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1611—161[illegible]
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 1st October 1910	1613—161[illegible]
Report on the working of the Post Office of India during the year 1909-1910.	1616—1656
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1657—1659

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EXAMINATIONS.

Simla, the 4th October, 1910.

No. 341.—In supersession of the Home Department Notification no. 320, dated the 22nd September 1910, it is notified that Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, is granted privilege leave for one month, combined with special leave for five months, with effect from the 8th October 1910, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 5th October, 1910.

No. 1505.—Mr. Brajendra Nath De has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 6th September 1910.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.

NOTIFICATION.

MUNICIPAL DEPART[illegible]

Shi[illegible]nce. 10.

No. 7655-*M.*—In ex[illegible] ev[illegible] the [illegible]nd 5-A of the Scheduled Districts [illegible]yners' [illegible] the Governor General in Co[illegible] is pleased to extend t[illegible]gal M[illegible]ed for the High Pr[illegible]rict of the Khasi[illegible]d Jaintia Hills [illegible] Board of Exam[illegible]

Provided that for the [illegible] act so extended all references therein to the Calcu[illegible] all be [illegible] of [illegible]ar[illegible]es to the Eastern Bengal and Assam Gazette.

L. J. K[illegible]RSHAW,

Secretary to Government, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 4th October, 1910.

No. 1180—248-4-*F.*—Mr. V. Subramania Iyer, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, 4th grade, and Forest Zoologist, is granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the afternoon of the 7th September 1910.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 6th October, 1910.

No. 87.—The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed Assistant Engineers by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, and are posted as follows :

Madras.

Mr. D. W. Gollan.

Mr. F. W. Ireland.

Mr. S. C. Majumdar.

Mr. M. G. Platts.

Bombay.

Mr. J. C. Gammon.

Mr. W. Kirkpatrick.

Mr. M. S. A. Lewis.

Mr. H. H. M. Spink.

United Provinces. Buildings and Roads.

Mr. L. B. Gilbert.

United Provinces. Irrigation.

Mr. L. E. Dawson.

Mr. G. Lacey.

Mr. A. V. Morphy.

Punjab. Irrigation.

Mr. W. G. Quinton.

Mr. A. F. G[illegible]

Mr. F. S. V[illegible]

[illegible] Bengal and [illegible]

Mr. E. Ale[illegible]

Mr. Teja Singh Malik.

L. M. JACOB,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1910.

No. 2044-*G*.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Charles John Elton, as Vice-Consul for Denmark at Calcutta.

No. 2045-*G*.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Charles John Elton temporarily to discharge the duties of the Consulate General for Denmark at Calcutta.

The 4th October, 1910.

No. 3082-*Est.-A*.—Major W. R. Battye, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and Residency Surgeon in Mewar, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 16th September, 1910, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 3091-*Est.-A*.—Major S. B A. Patterson, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days, with effect from the 19th September, 1910.

No. 3092-*Est.-A*.—Mr. B. J. Glancy, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, is posted as Assistant Commissioner of Ajmer, with effect from the 19th September 1910.

No. 3093-*Est.-A*.—Munshi Durga Pershad, Deputy Magistrate of Beawar, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Assistant Commissioner of Merwara, in addition to his own duties with effect from the 17th September, 1910, and until further orders.

No. 3097-*Est.-A*.—Major A. D. Bannerman, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 3rd class, is posted temporarily as Resident, Jaipur, and Political Agent, Alwar, and is appointed, in addition, to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Political Agent, Kotah, with effect from the 20th September, 1910, and until further orders.

The 6th October, 1910.

No 3103-*Est.-A.*—In supersession of the orders contained in the Notification by the Government of India, in the Foreign Department No. 1680-G., dated the 27th July 1906, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to publish the following rules regulating the admission of junior military officers to the Political Department of the Government of India :—

1. All applications for employment in the Political Department should be submitted officially through the proper channels, with information in the form attached. Such applications will be considered in the Foreign Department and each candidate will be duly informed, through the military authorities of the result of his application. Applications should not be submitted until the applicant has passed all the prescribed examinations for admission to the Indian Army.

Officers are not ordinarily eligible for appointment to the Political Department if they are marr[illegible]

2. [illegible]e name of an accepted candidate for the Political Department will ordinarily be removed from the list (*a*) in the event of his marriage ; or (*b*) if he should obtain any other permanent extra-r[illegible]mental employ, [illegible], in the Bombay Political Department, or the Military Accounts Dep[illegible]ent; or (*c*) wher[illegible] seven years' army service; or attains the age of twenty-seven yea[illegible].

Urdu and Hindi, Persia[illegible] Russian, French.

3. In ma[illegible]ing selections much weight will be [illegible]istic attainments, especially in [illegible]ified in the margin.

4. Officers select[illegible] the [illegible]ed for [illegible]artment will be required to undergo a medical exa[illegible] Boa[illegible].

5. First appointments [illegible] Polit[illegible]al Depar[illegible]ordinarily be made with effect from the 1st April in each year [illegible] all officers who are [illegible]ed to the Department will be on probation for a period of not [illegible] three years, from [illegible] of first appointment.

6. An officer, on first appointment to the Political De[illegible]rtment, will, as a general rule, be attached to a district in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh for a period of not less than eighteen months, to undergo a course of training in revenue and judicial work similar to that prescribed for Assistant Collectors in that Province, and to acquire proficiency in Urdu. During this period he will be required to pass a departmental test, which will be identical with that prescribed for members of the Indian Civil Service in the United Provinces, except that (1) the use of books will be allowed in all subjects, except in Urdu, (2) Probationers will not be expected to pass the local examination in Hindi. Particular importance will be attached to a probationer's ability to speak Urdu fluently and in a manner befitting the occasion.

7. Should an officer fail to pass the departmental examination within the period of his training, he will ordinarily revert to military duty.

8. On the expiry of the period of preliminary training, a probationer will be posted for six months to a Native State or a Frontier District, for training in political or frontier work. At the end of this period, his general knowledge of Indian History and political subjects or frontier conditions will be tested by examination which will be both oral and in writing and include questions on the following works :—

For officers under training in a Native State.

(*a*) Lyall's "Rise and Expansion of the British Dominion in India."
(*b*) The introduction to Aitchison's Treaties for Central India or Rajputana as the case may be ; and
(*c*) The Political Department Manu[illegible]

For officers under training on the Frontier.

(*a*) Lyall's "Rise and Expansion of the British Dominion in India."
(*b*) The introduction to Aitchison's Treaties in regard to Afghanistan.
(*c*) Articles in the Imperial Gazetteer on the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan.

Candidates will also be [illegible] to have some knowledge of standard works bearing on the country in which they are serving ; *i.e.*, in the case of

Native States.—Tod's *Rajasthan*, Malcolm's "Central India", Sleeman's "Rambles and Recollections", Lyall's "Asiatic Studies" ; and in the case of

The Frontier.—Edwardes' "Year on the Punjab Frontier", Thornton's "Life of Sir Robert Sandeman", Ch[illegible]rol's "The Middle Eastern Question".

9. During the period of an officer's probation, reports on his work and general suitability for the Political Department will be submitted once every six months through the proper channels, by the Collector or Political Officer under whom he is serving. Should an officer marry during this period he will ordinarily revert to military duty.

10. Nothing in these rules shall interfere in any way with the absolute discretion of the Viceroy to select any officer for the Political Department.

Information to be supplied by a candidate for Political employ.

1. Name and profession of father . . .	1.
2. Date of candidate's birth	2.
3. Where educated. Length of stay at school. Highest form reached and distinctions gained there. Place in Sandhurst, entrance and final examinations. Prizes won there.	3.
4. Language qualifications, stating [illegible] of proficiency and examination [illegible] ed in each.*	
5. Brief statement of how and where army service has been passed.	5.
6. Particulars as to any active service in the field.	6.
7. Whether married or single . . .	7.
8. Whether free from debt	
9. Names of any near relatives who have served or are serving in India.	9.
10. Names of persons other than immediate military superiors who can testify to character and qualification.	10.

*Particulars of language examinations passed after submission of [illegible]s application should be reported without delay, through the usual channel, to the Secretary to the [illegible]vernment of India in the Foreign Department.

Information to be supplied by the Officer Commanding ———— Regiment respecting Lieutenant ————, an applicant for Political employ.

(This form should be forwarded through the proper channel, for transmission, with remarks, to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, by whom it will be transferred to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.)

1. How long have you been acquainted with Lieutenant ?	1.
*2. Would you recommend him for the appointment of Adjutant ?	2.
*3. Do you consider [illegible] ployment ?	3.
*4. Is he popular—	
(a) with his brother British officers and	(a
(b) with the Native ranks ? . . .	(b
*5. Do you consider that he shows tact in dealing with Natives of India ?	5.
6. Give the Medical Officer's opinion respecting his physique and general health.	6.
7. Is he of active habits and proficient in field sports ?	7.
8. Is he a good, bad or indifferent horseman ?	8.
*9. Do you consider him to be in general ability above, up to, or under the average of his rank and service ?	9.
10. Has Lieutenant in any way specially distinguished himself ?	10.
*11. Add any general remarks you may have to offer in respect to his ability, character, etc.	11.

Secretary to the Government of India.

*It will be convenient if reasons are given for the replies to these questions, which should usually be answered in some detail.

In supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to publish the following rules regulating the admission of junior members of the Indian Civil Service to the Political Department of the Government of India.

1. All applications for employment in the Political Department should be submitted officially through the proper channels, with information in the form attached. Such applications will be considered in the Foreign Department, and each candidate will be duly informed, through the Local Government under which he is serving, of the result of his application.

2. The choice of probationers will ordinarily be made from officers of not more than three or four years service, but the Viceroy reserves full discretion to select any officer of any standing.

3. A married officer will not ordinarily be eligible for admission to the Political Department, and the name of an accepted candidate will ordinarily be removed from the list in the event of his marriage.

4. Officers selected for employment in the [illegible] Department will be required to undergo a medical examination.

5. An officer selected for the Political Department will [illegible] probation for a period of three years. During this period [illegible] his work and [illegible] suitability for the Department will be submitted once [illegible] six months through the proper channels by the Political Officer under whom he is serving. Should any officer [illegible] during this period he will ordinarily revert to his Province.

6. An officer will, on selection, be posted for six months to a Native State or a Frontier District for training in political or frontier work. At the end of this period his general knowledge of Indian History and political subjects or frontier conditions will be tested by examination which will be both oral and in writing and include questions on the following works :—

For officers under training in a Native State.

(*a*) Lyall's "Rise and Expansion of the British Dominion in India".

(*b*) The introduction to Aitchison's Treaties, for Central India or Rajputana as the case may be ; and

(*c*) the Political Department Manual.

For officers under training on the Frontier.

(*a*) Lyall's " Rise and Expansion of the British Dominion in India ".

(*b*) The introduction to Aitchison's Treaties in regard to Afghanistan.

(*c*) Articles in the Imperial Gazetteer on the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan.

Candidates will also be expected to have some knowledge of standard works bearing on the country in which they are serving ; *i.e.*, in the case of — [illegible]

Native States.—Tod's *Rajasthan*, Malcolm's " Central India ", Sleeman's " Rambles and Recollections ", Lyall's " Asiatic Studies "; and in the case of—

The Frontier.—Edwardes' " Year on the Punjab Frontier ", Thornton's " Life of Sir Robert Sandeman ", Chirol's " The Middle Eastern Question ".

7. An officer will not be confirmed in the Political Department unless he can speak Urdu fluently and in a manner befitting the occasion.

Information to be Supplied by a member of the Indian Civil Service who is a candidate for Political employ.

1. Name and profession of father . . .	1.
2. Where educated	2.
3. University honours [illegible]	3.
4. Language qualifications, stating degree of proficiency and examinations (if any) passed in each.	4.
5. Brief statement of how and where service has been passed.	5.
6. Whether married or single	6.
7. Names of any near relatives who have served or are serving in India.	7.
8. Names of persons, other than immediate superiors, who can testify to character and qualifications.	8.

Dated the

Information to be supplied by his immediate superiors respecting

, an applicant for Political employ.

(This form should be forwarded through the Local Government, for transmission, with remarks, to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.)

1. How long have you been acquainted with ?	1.
*2. Is he popular—	2.
(a) with his brother British officers and in society generally ?	
(b) with those Natives of India with whom his duties bring him into co[illegible]	
*3. Do you consider that he shows tact in dealings with Natives of India ?	3.
4. Give a Medical Officer's opinion respecting his physique and general health.	4.
5. Is he of active habits and proficient in field sports ?	5.
6. Is he a good, bad, or indifferent horseman ?	6.
*7. Do you consider him to be in general ability above, up to, or under the average of his rank and service ?	7.
8. Has in any way specially distinguished himself ?	8.
*9. Add any general remarks you may have to offer in respect to his ability, character, etc.	9.

Secretary to the Government of India.

*It will be convenient if reasons are given for the replies to those questions, which should usually be answered in some detail.

No. 3117-*Est.-A.*—Military Assistant Surgeon G. A. Richardson, His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Hodeidah, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 27th August, 1910.

No. 1972-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 2132-I.-B., dated the 31st May, 1901, as amended by the like notification No. 2347-I.B., dated the 13th June, 1902, publishing rules for the regulation of Criminal Justice within the limits of the Indore Residency and of that portion of the Central India Agency which is controlled by the Agent to the Governor General without the intervention of a Political Agent other than the Resident, if any, at Indore, namely:

To rule 2, the following shall be added, namely:

"The Second Assistant shall also exercise the power to require security for good behaviour under Section 110 of the said Code."

The 7th October, 1910.

No. 313[illegible]-*Est.-A.*—Capta[illegible] R. L. W. Heale, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, is posted as City [illegible]gistrate, Pesha[illegible]ct from the 19th September, 1910.

No. 3131-*Est.-A.*—Capt[illegible]sthwaite, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, is posted as Deput[illegible] Comm[illegible]ith effect from the 21st September, 1910.

No. 3132-*Est.-A.*—Capt[illegible]cott, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, is posted as Assistant [illegible] Sub-Division, Hangu, with effect from the 21st September, 1910.

No. 3136-*Est.-A.*—Ca[illegible] G. H. Anderson, a [illegible]litical Assistant of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with f[illegible]gh for one year, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, [illegible] effect from the 14th August, 1910.

S. H. BUTLER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1910.

No. 5211-*F.-E.*—The privilege leave for 4 days granted to Mr. L. E. Pritchard in the Notification in this Department, No. 3411-F. O. & A., dated the 30th June 1910, is hereby cancelled.

Mr. L. E. Pritchard has been granted privilege leave for 19 days with effect from the 19th September 1910.

Mr. U. L. Majumdar has been appo[illegible]ted to officiate as Accountant-General, Bengal, with effect from the 19th September 1910, during the absence on leave of Mr. Pritchard or until further orders.

The 4th October, 1910.

No. 5248-*F.-E.*—M[illegible] A. R. Lyon, Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue [illegible]ilege leave for 23 days with effect from the 16th Septe[illegible]

Mr. F. D. Reid, a Superintendent in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department, has been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Commissioner in the Department with effect from the 16th September 1910 and until further orders.

The 7th October, 1910.

No. 5292-*F. E.*—Mr. C. O. Slacke, Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 8th September 1910.

Mr. K. C. Biswas has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Post Office, Calcutta, with effect from the 8th September 1910.

Mr. Purna Chandra Sarkar, a Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent in that office with effect from the 25th August 1910 and until further orders.

Mr. M. A. Haleez has been posted as Coin Officer, Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, with effect from the 8th September 1910.

J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND A[illegible]S.

Simla, the 6th O[illegible]

No. 1646-*Accts.*—Mr. H. C. DuBois, Deputy [illegible] grade (Supernumerary), Military Accounts Department, is granted a f[illegible] of lea[illegible] on medical certificate for six months, under Article 336, Civil [illegible] at[illegible]om the 28th August 1910.

No. 1650-*Accts.*—The undermentioned [illegible]s been [illegible] an extension of leave by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary [illegible]tate for India:

Major H. G. W. Chand[illegible]ndian Army, Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Depar[illegible]t (private affairs), for six [illegible]onths.

J. B. BRUNYATE,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE [illegible]ND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION[illegible]S.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

Simla, the 8th October, 1910.

No. 7016-82.—With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India Mr. J. R. R. Wilson, Chief Inspector of Mines in India, is granted privilege leave with effect from the 1st October, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, to the 13th December 1910, and is permitted to relinquish his appointment in England on the latter date.

No. 7017-82.—Mr. R. R. Simpson, Inspector of Mines, is appointed until further orders to officiate as Chief Inspector of Mines in India during the absence of Mr. J. R. R. Wilson.

LEAVE AND A[illegible]OINTMENT.

POST OFFICE.

The 8th October, 1910.

No. 7034-219.—Khan Sahib Muhammad Kazim, Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th September 1910 and until further [illegible]rs, in the arrangements *vice* Mr. P. G. C. Currie, Officiating Deputy P[illegible]nd grade, [illegible] privilege leave.

CUSTOMS.

The 8th October, 1910.

No. 7044-113.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing, by sea or by land, into British India, of any copy of a book of poems in Arabic entitled *Watanyati*, purporting to have been published by Ali Al Ghayati of the *Al Alam* newspaper, at the Costaliyula Press at Cairo, Eg[illegible].

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 8th October, 1910.

No. 7031-165.—The following permanent and temporary promotions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department are made with effect from the dates specified :

Mr. I. C. Thomas, Officiating Director, 2nd class, to be temporary Director, 2nd class, with effect from the 16th August 1910.

Mr. I. C. Thomas, Director, 4th class, and temporary Director, 2nd class, to be Director, 3rd class, and temporary Director, 2nd class, with effect from the 25th August 1910.

Mr. J. M. Coode, Superintendent of Telegraphs and temporary Director, 3rd class, to be Director, 4th class, and temporary Director, 3rd class, with effect from the 25th August 1910.

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

[illegible]PARTMENT.

[illegible]mla, th[illegible]tober 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 825.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff :—

Major O. F. L. W. Cuffe, V[illegible], Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles, to be Honorary Aide-de-Camp, *vice* M[illegible]or (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) H. P. Todd-Naylor, V.D., C.S.I., C.I.E., dece[illegible]ed, and is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel on appointment. Dated 1st September 1910.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 826.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 13th September 1910, pages 6543 and 6544.

* * * * * * * *

War Office, Whitehall,
September 13, 1910.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * *

Lieutenant Colonel Richard H. Ewart, D.S.O., Indian Army, to be Brevet Colonel. Dated 1st May 1910.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 827.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

5th October 1910.

Richard Alexander Ste[illegible] 17th Cavalry.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

6th July 1910.

Edward Armstrong Trafford, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Frederick Launcelot Donne Jarrad, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.

5th October 1910.

Reginald Walter Louis DeBernier Smart, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).

6th October 1910.

William Henry Deane Wilson, 1st Brahmans.

INDIAN CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

No. 828.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be [illegible]

3rd Septem[illegible]

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Colonel) [illegible] Pease, C.I.E.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE M[illegible]

ASSISTANT [illegible] RANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 829.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 1st October 1910 :—

Henry Reynold Byrne.

Nicholas Philip Shemain.

St. John Edward Hendricks.

No. 830.—The undermentioned 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 27th September 1910 :—

Leopold Vasconcellos Daconceicao Francis.

Eugene Fratel.

Frank Aquino.

HOSPITAL ASSISTANT BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 831.—The undermentioned Hospital Assistant is specially promoted, with effect from the 1st April 1910, in recognition of his services at the Khorasan Agency Dispensary, Meshed :—

No. 1075, 2nd Class Hospital Assistant Z[illegible]hirud-din Khan (E) to be 1st Class Hospital Assistant, *supernumerary.*

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AN[illegible]

No. 832.—The following promotions are made :—

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

Jemadar Dundi Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Havat Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Yasin Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 5th September 1910.

22nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Raja Khan to be Subadar, *vice* Jaimal, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st September 1910.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Subadar Govindrao Chowan to be Subadar-Major and Jemadar Yakub Khan to be Subadar, *vice* Hamid Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1910.

104th Wellesley's Rifles.

Havildar Chothu Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Kan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th July 1910.

2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Subadar Narbahadur Gurung, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Narbir Thapa to be Subadar, and Havildar Dalbahadur Rana to be Jemadar, *vice* Santbir Gurung, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1910.

PENSIONS.

[illegible] OFFICERS.

No. 833.—The undermen[illegible]nt officer has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from [illegible]ified:—

Sub-Conductor [illegible] Ordnance Department, Northern Circle; with effect from [illegible]th Sep[illegible]910.

RETIREMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 834.—Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Eyre Sullivan Taylor, Indian Army, has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 30th August 1910.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

United Provinces Horse.

2nd (Northern) Regiment.

No. 835.—The Hon'ble Major John Alexander Broun, C.S.I., 1st (Southern) Regiment, United Provinces Horse, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st September 1910.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

No. 836.—Lieutenant Eric Tom Lambert to be Captain, *vice* A. Saunders, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 23rd August 1910.

Lieutenant Brisson Kermode Goldsmith to be Captain, *vice* R. W. Fisher, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 23rd August 1910.

Second Lieutenant William Henry Leach to be Lieutenant, *vice* E. T. Lambert, promoted. Dated 23rd August 1910.

Maurice Herbert Sowerby to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 23rd August 1910.

Upper [illegible] Volunteer Rifles.

No. 837.—Captain Otway Fortescue Luke Wheeler Cuffe, V.D., to be Major, *vice* H. P. Todd-Naylor, V.D., C.S.I., C.I.E., Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Viceroy, deceased. Dated 6th August 1910.

Lieutenant Pestonjee Manackjee to be Captain, *vice* O. F. L. W. Cuffe, V.D., promoted. Dated 6th August 1910.

Second Lieutenant Alastair Marcel Macnab to be Lieutenant, *vice* P. Manackjee, promoted. Dated 6th August 1910.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 7th October 1910.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 24th August and 4th October 1910.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.	
Stephen Frederick Fremantle.*	Lieutenant ...	2nd Battalion, 9th King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).	14th April 1910	Testate ...	1,056 11 7	6th Dec. 1910.

* *Next-of-kin.*—(1) *Father.*—The Very Revd. The Hon'ble [illegible] Ripon.
Address—The Deanery Ripon, Yo[illegible]
(2) *Brother*—Dr F. E. Fremantle.
Address—17, Queensberry Place, [illegible]

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th October 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 85.—Engineer E. S. Borner, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed "Engineer for superintending the work in Ships, Bombay Dockyard"; with effect from the 26th September 1910.

No. 86.—With reference to Marine Department Notification No. 52, dated the 24th September 1909, the undermentioned officers are confirmed in their appointments, with effect from the 1st October 1909:—

Lieutenant E. H. Dauglish, Royal Indian Marine.
Sub-Lieutenant R. A. Melhuish, Royal Indian Marine.

LEAVE.

No. 87.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of leave by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Commander F. Dobson, Royal Indian Marine, for one day (p. a.).
Assistant Engineer L. B. Wengi, Royal Indian Marine, six months (m. c.).

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 6th October, 1910.

No. 249.—The services of the following Executive Engineers, State Railways, are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief with effect from the date of their arrival in India on return from a course of instruction at Chatham:

Major G. R. Hearn, R.E.
Captain E. N. Manley, R.E.

No. 250.—Mr. A. C. Crighton, Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Locomotive Superintendent of that railway during the absence of Mr. R. K. Biernacki, officiating Locomotive Superintendent, on one month's privilege leave.

No. 251.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 250, dated the 6th October 1910, Mr. J. H. Smellie, District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Locomotive Superintendent in class I of that establishment.

The 7th October, 1910.

No. 252.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 76, dated the 16th March 1910, Mr. N. D. Calder, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 26th September 1910.

No. 253.—On the completion of their duties on the Nagda-Muttra Railway, the undermentioned officers are posted as follows:—

Mr. R. J. Halliday, Covenanted Temporary Engineer, to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

Mr. J. K. Robertson, Covenanted Temporary Engineer, to the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

Mr. C. E. Brown, Assistant Engineer, to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

No. 254.—Mr. M. S. S. O'Connor, District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Deputy Traffic Superintendent of that railway with temporary rank in class I, until further orders.

No. 255.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 254, dated the 7th October 1910, Mr. W. E. S. McGregor, Deputy Traffic Superintendent, temporarily attached to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is, on relief by Mr. O'Connor, re-transferred to the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

No. 256.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 255, dated the 7th October 1910, Mr. C. L. Taylor, Officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is reverted to his substantive appointment of District Traffic Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties as Deputy Traffic Superintendent.

F. A. HADOW,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 6th October 1910.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, 910, is published for general information :

		50,000 or more inhabitants, and orts.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
			12	
			...	1
Northern	Ahmedabad District		8	4
	Panch Mahals District		1	1 (a)
	Kaira District		13	49
	Bulsar Port		2	2
	Surat District		24	15
	Mahi Kantha Agency		11	37
	Bhiwndi Port		...	...
	Bandra "		...	...
	Nasoin "		1	1
	Umbergaon Port		...	...
	Arnala Port		...	...
	Thana District		3	2
	East Khandesh District		119	69
	Satara Di[illegible]			
ral				

Continuation Sheets of Supple- to the Gazette of India published at tta.

Central In	Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...	...
	Dewas State (Junior Branch)			...
	Neemuch Cantonment		17 (f)	14 (f)
	Piploda State		...	...
	Jaora State		...	...
	Dhar State		...	...
	Barli State		12 (f)	6 (f)
	Sailana State		2 (f)	2 (f)
	Manpur		...	...
	Malwa State		99 (g)	71 (g)
	Rewa State		...	...
		TOTAL	204	221
		TOTAL	15	18
Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Chittagong Noakhali District		...	...
		TOTAL	...	...

N. B.—The number of plague deaths in Rangoon during the week ending the 17th September 1910 was 3, and not 30 as shown in the statement for that week.

(a) One imported. (b) Imported. (c) Three imported.
(d) Figures for the period from the 19th to 25th September. (e) Including one imported seizure and one death and

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	43 (a)	87 (b)
		Madura District	22	17
		Salem District	79 (c)	63 (d)
		Salem Town	...	...
		North Arcot District	...	...
		Nilgiris District	3	3
		Trichinopoly District	...	...
		Bellary District	...	...
		South Arcot District	...	...
		Malabar District	...	...
		Madras City	...	...
		Cochin State	...	...
		TOTAL	147	140
BENGAL	...	Calcutta	8(e)	8(e)
	Burdwan	Howrah Town	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	3	1
		Patna District	32	19
	Tirhut	Saran District	29	20
		Champaran District	...	...
		Darbhanga "	...	...
		Muzaffarpur "	...	...
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	17	12
		TOTAL	89	60
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	City	1	1
		Meerut District	30	11
		Muzaffarnagar City	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	57	44
		Saharanpur District	1	1

(a) Six imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Three imported. (d) Sixteen imported.
(e) One imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Agra	Etawah City	...	...
		Etawah District	12	12
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	4	3
		Mainpuri District	...	...
		Etah "	14	9
		Agra "	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Budaun District	...	...
		Pilibhit "	...	...
		Bijnor "	...	...
		Bareilly "	...	...
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	3	1
		Jalaun District	...	...
		Cawnpore "	5	2
		Fatehpur "	1	1
	Benares	Ballia District	...	...
		Mirzapur District	46	46
		Jaunpur City	...	...
		Jaunpur District	10	10
		Ghazipur "	2	2
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City	...	...
		Azamgarh District	19	7
		Basti District	...	...
		Gorakhpur District	18	22
	Lucknow	Unao District	...	...
		Rae Bareli District	...	...
		Hardoi District	2	4
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	1	1
		Fyzabad District	2	2
		Gonda District	2	1
		Sultanpur District	11	8
		Bara Banki Town	...	...
		Bara Banki District	2	2
		Bahraich "	...	...
		TOTAL	243	190
Punjab	Delhi	Gurgaon District	29	22
		Hissar "	2	2
		Delhi "	8	5
		Rohtak "	[illegible]	[illegible]
		Karnal "	1	10
		Ambala "	...	...
	Jullundur	Kangra District	...	...
		Hoshiarpur "	20 (a)	20 (a)
		Ludhiana "	...	...
		Ferozepur "	...	...
		Jullundur "	1	...

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending 1st October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Lahore District	...	...
		Amritsar "	...	...
		Gurdaspur "	...	4
		Gujranwala "	...	...
		Sialkot "	...	...
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur "	...	...
		Gujarat "	1	1
		Attock "	10	4
		Jhelum "	14	6
	Multan	Lyallpur "	9	...
	...	[illegible]tiala State	130	27
		Ji[illegible] "	14	8
		[illegible]chin		
		TOTAL	273	117
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	4	5
		Prome District	...	...
		Tharawaddy District	1	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassein District	1	1
		Pyapon "	...	...
		Henzanda "	2	2
		Myaungmya "	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	1	1
		Moulmein Town	...	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	...	...
	Magwe	Minbu District	...	...
	Mandalay	[illegible]dalay Town	4	2
		[illegible]amo District	...	...
		[illegible]itkyina Town	...	...
	Meiktila	[illegible]mothin District	1	...
		[illegible]aukse "	1	1
		[illegible]iktila "	...	...
		[illegible]		
		TOTAL	15	13
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	Chittagong	[illegible]oakhali District	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...

N. B.—The number of plague deaths in Rangoon Town during the week ending the 17th September 1910 was 3, and not 30 as shown in the statement for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	3 (b)	2 (b)
		Nagpur District	29	20
		Warddha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	1
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore District	18	11
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	9	4
		Narshingpur "	38	23
	Berar	Akola Town	1 (b)	...
		Akola District	185 (a)	[illegible]07 (a)
		Buldana "	170 (a)	105
		Amraoti Town	6 (c)	6 (c)
		Amraoti District	2[illegible] (e)	224 (e)
		Yeotmal Town	1 (b)	2 (b)
		Total	726	510
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	35	23
		Bangalore City	28	19
		Bangalore District	39	32
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	26	22
		Hassan "	6	6
		Kadur "	126	76
		Kolar "	9	6
		Kolar Gold Fields	3	3
		Tumkur District	1	...
		Shimoga "	47	27
		Chitaldroog "	99	58
		Total	419	272
Hyderabad State	...	Usmanabad District	58 (d)	10 (d)
		Raichur District	33 (d)	81 (d)
		Aurangabad District	...	...
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Total	91	81
Central India	...	Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	36 (f)	90 (f)
		Indore Residency	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Rutlam State	38 (f)	38 (f)
		Mhow Cantonment	...	
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town		
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)		...
		Neemuch Cantonment	17 (f)	14 (f)
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora State	...	...
		Dhar State	...	...
		Barli State	12 (f)	6 (f)
		Sailana State	2 (f)	2 (f)
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	99 (g)	71 (g)
		Rewa State	...	...
		Total	204	221

(a) One imported. (b) Imported. (c) Three imported.
(d) Figures for the period from the 19th to 25th September. (e) Including one imported seizure and one death and

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Rajputana and Ajmer-Merwara		Mewar State	261 (a)	101 (a)
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	122 (a)	89 (a)
		Jaipur State	...	...
		Dholpur "	...	...
		Tonk City	...	...
		Tonk State	179 (a)	179 (a)
		Partabgarh City	...	...
		Kishangarh State	...	...
		Alwar City	...	...
		Alwar	34 (a)	27 (a)
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli State	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Bharatpur State	19	15
		Ajmer District	22 (a)	22 (a)
		Shahpura	1	...
		Deoli	7 (a)	2 (a)
		Ajmer-Merwara District	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		TOTAL	645	435
N.-W. F. Province	...	Peshawar Cantonment	...	...
		Nowshera Cantonment	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
Kashmir	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		TOTAL		...
Baluchistan	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		[illegible]	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		[illegible] Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	4,[illegible]22	2,981

(a) Figures for the week ending 23rd September 1910.

A. EARLE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 6th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The depression in Gujarat referred to in last week's report extended northwards, and caused abnormally heavy rain in the west of the United Provinces and the adjacent districts of the Punjab. As this depression filled up another appeared off the Orissa coast and, travelling to the neighbourhood of Cawnpore, occasioned widespread rain in the east of the United Provinces. Both depressions also gave rain in the central parts of the country and the north of the Peninsula, but on their disappearance rainfall ceased in all these areas and at the end of the week was occurring only in Burma and northeast India.

2. The rainfall of the week was more or less in large excess in Assam, Bengal, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Rajputana East, Gujarat, Central India Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, Hyderabad North and the Madras Coast North. The only areas where rainfall was more than [illegible] per cent in defect were Eastern Bengal, Kashmir and the south of the Peninsula.

3. *Burma.*—Rainfall was local and gene[illegible] were lightly clouded.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Fairly general rain was reported from Bengal and Eastern Bengal on the 3rd, but during the rest of the week there were only local falls. Skies were moderately clouded.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rainfall was nearly general, and in parts heavy, in the west of the United Provinces on the first four days of the week, and in the east of the United Provinces on the 2nd and 3rd October; it was fairly general on most days in Central India, and more or less local in the Central Provinces. Cloud was moderate to heavy, and temperature was much lower than usual where heavy rain fell.

Northwest India.—Rainfall occurred during the first half of the week in the southeast Punjab and east Rajputana, but there was practically no rain on the remaining days. Skies were heavily clouded in the area of rainfall and were clear or only lightly clouded elsewhere. Temperature was lower than usual in the Punjab and Rajputana.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was light and local. Cloud was moderate to heavy at the beginning of the week, but became light at the end. Day temperature was in defect locally in the north of the Peninsula.

4. The following are the chief amounts of rainfall as reported in 8 hrs. each day:—

September	30th.	Saugor Island 3·50", Pachmarhi 3·05", Vetaval 2·25", Bombay 4·76", Ratnagiri [illegible]2" and Cocanada 2·17".
October	1st.	Muktesar 3·09", Bareilly 3·70", Mainpuri 2·[illegible]", Agra 6·68", Jaipur 1·92", Kotah 2·3[illegible] Bombay 3·83" and Gwalpur 3·76".
"	2nd.	Bareilly 6·30", Meerut 4·88", Roorkee 4·31", Dehra Dun 3·62", Chakrata 3·31" and Delhi 6·00".
"	3rd.	Toungoo 2·45", Myitkyina 2·25", Lucknow [illegible]70", Bahraich 3·19", Agra 3·31", Meerut 2·18" and Roorkee [illegible]".
"	4th.	Gorakhpur 2·17".
"	5th.	Dibrugarh 2·63".
"	6th.	Akyab 4·42" and [illegible]19".

5. The rainfall of the whole period from the 29th April to the 6th October is within 20 per cent of the normal everywhere, except in Kashmir and Baluchistan where it is more than 20 per cent in defect, and in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Berar, Mysore, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North where it is 20 per cent or more in excess,

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 6th October 1910.			Rainfall data from 29th April 1910 to 6th October 1910.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1·0	3·2	—2·2	73·7	88·1	— 14·4	— 16	— 14
Lower Burma	2·9	2·9	0	127·8	131·2	— 3·4	— 3	— 3
Upper Burma	1·2	1·2	0	39·8	36·3	+ 3·5	+ 10	+ 10
Assam	2·8	1·5	+1·3	77·2	75·5	+ 1·7	+ 2	+ 1
Eastern Bengal	0·9	1·4	—0·5	83·4	73·7	+ 9·7	+ 13	+ 14
Bengal	1·6	1·3	+0·3	51·8	52·4	— 0·6	— 1	— 2
Orissa	2·5	1·2	+1·3	47·4	54·7	— 7·3	— 13	— 16
Chota Nagpur	1·6	0·8	+0·8	47·6	47·4	+ 0·2	0	— 1
Bihar	2·4	[illegible]	+1·4	53·4	48·2	+ 5·2	+ 11	+ 8
United Provinces, East	[illegible]	[illegible]	+1·9	37·8	39·3	— 1·5	— 4	— 9
United Provinces, West	7·0	0·5	[illegible]	47·5	40·6	+ 6·9	+ 17	+ 1
Punjab, East and North	1·5	0·1	+1·4	23·8	21·8	+ 2·0	+ 9	+ 2
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	7·7	7·9	— 0·2	— 3	— 3
Kashmir	0	0·2	—0·2	3·3	5·2	— 1·9	— 37	— 35
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	10·1	5·5	+ 4·6	+ 84	+ 84
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·4	1·3	— 0·9	— 69	— 69
Sind	0	0	0	8·3	5·1	+ 3·2	+ 63	+ 63
Rajputana, West	0·1	0·1	0	11·5	11·3	+ 0·2	+ 2	+ 4
Rajputana, East	1·[illegible]	0·1	+1·5	19·9	22·0	— 2·1	— 10	— 16
Gujarat	1·[illegible]	0·2	+1·0	26·0	25·9	+ 0·1	0	— 4
Central India, West	1·9	0·5	+1·4	32·9	30·3	+ 2·6	+ 9	+ 4
Central India, East	1·2	1·0	+0·2	37·4	41·8	— 4·4	— 11	— 11
Berar	1·5	[illegible]·9	+0·6	36·3	30·3	+ 6·0	+ 20	+ 19
Central Provinces, West	2·6	[illegible]·7	+1·9	45·2	45·7	— 0·5	— 1	— 5
Central Provinces, East	0·9	[illegible]·5	+0·3	55·3	48·5	+ 6·8	+ 14	+ 13
Konkan	3·5	[illegible]	+2·1	86·9	94·1	— 7·2	— 8	— 10
Bombay Deccan	1·5	[illegible]	0	29·6	25·0	+ 4·6	+ 18	+ 20
Hyderabad, North	1·7	0·5	+1·2	35·8	30·7	+ 5·1	+ 17	+ 13
Hyderabad, South	0·9	0·8	+0·1	26·2	26·8	— 0·6	— 2	— 3
Mysore	0·1	1·7	—1·6	27·5	21·2	+ 6·3	+ 30	+ 41
Malabar	1·3	1·7	—0·4	77·0	83·5	— 6·5	— 8	— 8
Madras, South	[illegible]	[illegible]	—1·1	16·3	14·0	+ 2·3	+ 16	+ 27
Madras Deccan	0·2	1·3	—1·1	26·2	19·5	+ 6·7	+ 34	+ 43
Madras Coast, North	1·9	1·1	+0·8	30·1	24·0	+ 6·1	+ 25	+ 23

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 6th October 1910.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 1st October 1910.

Burma.—The rainfall was heavy in Tenasserim, moderate in the rest of Lower Burma and mostly light in Upper Burma. Reports for ten districts have not been received. Sowing and transplanting of winter rice have nearly been completed in Lower Burma and are progressing normally in Upper Burma. Operations have been retarded by floods in parts of four districts. Standing crops are on the whole in good condition and prospects are favourable. The price of unhusked rice has risen considerably in Pegu and has fallen considerably in Tharrawaddy. Slight variations are reported for three other centres. Prices are generally normal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—Less rain was received during the week. No rain fell in Darrang and Nowgong but the fall was fairly heavy in parts of the Chittagong division, Bakarganj and Mymensingh and light to moderate elsewhere. Steeping and washing of jute continue. Transplantation of winter rice and harvesting of autumn rice have been nearly completed. Ploughing for spring crops, plucking of tea and sowing of pulses are in progress. Prospects of cotton, sugarcane, tea and winter rice are good. The average price of common rice has fallen about one per cent. Cattle disease prevails in Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—The rainfall during the week was general over the Province. The fall was heavy in Cuttack, Balasore, Puri and also in Manbhum and Singhbhum; moderate in Hooghly, Khulna, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Purnea, the Sonthal Parganas, Angul and Ranchi and light in the rest of the Province. More rain is wanted for standing crops in Bankura, Midnapore, Hooghly, the 24-Parganas and Murshidabad. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress. Weeding of winter rice continues. The condition of winter rice and other standing crops is good in most districts. The price of common rice has fallen in Burdwan, Midnapore, Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Patna, Gaya, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, the Sonthal Parganas, Angul, Hazaribagh and Palamau and has been stationary in the remaining districts. Cattle disease is reported from thirteen districts. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Excessive rain fell towards the close, or just after the close, of the week over a large part of the Provinces causing some damage to standing crops especially in low-lying tracts. The state of prices however indicates no material damage to general prospects. Cotton-picking and harvesting of maize and millets continue. The heavy rainfall retarded in places the preparation and sowing of fields for spring crops and fine weather is now required. The condition of agricultural stock continues good but sporadic cattle disease is reported from twenty-nine districts. Supplies are everywhere ample. Prices have fallen in fourteen districts and are for the most part stationary elsewhere.

Punjab.—The rainfall during the week was heavy to good in the Delhi division; moderate in Jullundur and light in parts of Rawalpindi and Mianwali. Autumn crops are being harvested in certain districts. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops continue. The condition of standing crops is average in Lahore, Sialkot and Multan, average to below average in Lyallpur, average to poor in Mianwali, average to bad in parts of Ferozepore, good to fair in Hissar and good elsewhere. Crops are withering for want of rain in parts of Sialkot, Shahpur and Mianwali. Insects are injuring rice in Ambala and great millet and maize in parts of Lyallpur. Slight damage by rats is reported from Ferozepore. Crops have also been damaged to some extent by heavy rainfall in Gurgaon and Delhi. Prices have fallen slightly. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Mianwali. Complaints of a short canal water supply are still being received from the Toba Tek Singh and Samundri tahsils in the Lyallpur district. Water is scarce in parts of Mianwali.

North-West Frontier Province.—Slight showers fell during the week in the Hazara and Kohat districts and in the Swabi and Mardan tahsils of the Peshawar district. Rain is badly wanted in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The condition of standing crops and the expected outturn are average. Rice is being reaped and cotton picked in some parts of the Peshawar district. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province. Very little irrigation is being done from the Paharpur canal. Cattle are generally in good condition but disease is prevalent in some villages of the Peshawar tahsil and in one village of the Charsadda tahsil. The public health is generally good. Malarial fever is prevalent in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Prices of food grains show a tendency to fall. Prices :—wheat 13 to 18 7/16 ; gram 16 to 26 ; maize 15 to 29 11/16 and *bajra* 18 to 25 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 12 to 24 and maize from 18 to 32 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in some parts of the Province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Rajputana.—The rainfall reported, in cents, was :—Banswara 116; Partabgarh 58; Tonk 461; Bundi [illegible] Kotah [illegible] Jhalawar 86; Jaipur 265; Alwar 551; Karauli 517; Dholpur 539 and Ajmer [illegible]4. Bharatpur received 17 inches. No rain or practically none fell elsewhere. The rain though sufficient for crops has left many tanks in Ajmer-Merwara empty. Agricultural operations are in progress. Standing crops are generally good. Damage by insects is reported in Tonk and by heavy rains in Bharatpur and Karauli. Crops are withering in Sambhar for want of rain. The outturn in Bharatpur may be below the average unless good sunshine follows the heavy rains. Cattle disease is prevalent in Alwar, Banswara, Jhalawar, Bharatpur and Merwara. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are low and have a tendency to fall.

Central India.—The rainfall was general and sufficient in all the Agencies but was somewhat excessive in Gwalior and Malwa. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops continue. Crops are generally in excellent condition but have been damaged slightly by insects and excessive rain in Gwalior, Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar. The weather continues overcast and unsettled and bright clear weather is now badly wanted for maturing and harvesting crops. Fodder is plentiful. Some cattle disease prevails in all Agencies except Gwalior and Malwa. Prices are falling slowly everywhere.

Central Provinces.—Light to moderate rain was received during the week throughout the Province. The quantity registered at head-quarters ranged from 35 cents to 4 inches in the districts of Jubbulpore division, 3 to 5 inches in the Nerbudda division, 1 to 4 inches in the Nagpur division, 2 to 4 inches in the Chhattisgarh division and 1½ to 5 inches in Berar. A break would now be welcome especially in the important *juar* and cotton-growing districts where crops have suffered somewhat from excessive moisture. Harvesting of early sown rice and *mahua* crops, weeding of autumn crops and preparation of land for sowing of spring crops have been retarded in several districts owing to continuous rain. The condition of standing crops is generally good. The supply of fodder and water is adequate. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices :—The price of wheat remained stationary in [illegible] districts, gram in 14, rice in 15 and *juar* in 17. Gram in Jubbulpore and Raipur and *juar* in Betul and Buldana fell from 2 to 3 seers per rupee. Elsewhere fluctuations were unimportant and generally indicate a tendency to fall.

Feudatory States.—During the week Nandgaon had heavy rain amounting to 9 inches Elsewhere the rainfall was from 62 cents to 3 inches. A break is needed in Sakti and Sirguja. Excessive rain has damaged *til* in Kawardha. The condition of crops is generally satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices :—Wheat, gram and kodos in Chhuikhadan and rice in Udaipur became cheaper by 2 to 3 seers per rupee. Wheat in Jashpur rose by 2 seers.

Bombay.—The rainfall during the week was heavy in parts of the Konkan, Nasik, Ahmednagar and Savantvadi; good in Surat, Khandesh, Poona, Satara, Bijapur, and Kathiawar; moderate in Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Dharwar, Baroda, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha and slight in Broach, Palanpur and Cutch. The rainfall was sufficient and generally beneficial. Standing crops have been damaged slightly by excessive rain in Ratnagiri, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Savantvadi, by rats in Karachi, by insects in Larkana, by grasshoppers in Ahmednagar, Poona and Dharwar and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops is progressing in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Thana, Ratnagiri, Baroda, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha. Lands are being prepared for cultivation of spring crops in parts of Sind, the Panch Mahals, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, Satara and Rewa Kantha. Sowing of spring crops continues in Broach, Satara and Baroda but was retarded by excessive rain in Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona and Bijapur. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock is deficient in Ahmednagar and Satara and is generally in good condition. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally adequate. Prices have risen in Ahmedabad, have fallen in other Gujarat districts, the Upper Sind Frontier, Bijapur, Dharwar and parts of the Deccan and Konkan and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 19 to 40 per cent, in the Konkan 13 to 29 per cent and in the Karnatak 2 to 25 per cent less than the normal. In Gujarat prices ranged from 18 per cent more than the normal to [illegible] per cent [illegible] in the Deccan from 25 per cent more to 19 per cent less.

Hyderabad.—The weather during the week was showery. Heavy rain fell in the Aurangabad division. The total rainfall for the season was nearly 50 inches in the Nander district, over 50 inches in Parbhani and 38 inches in Aurangabad. The cotton crop has suffered especially in the Nander district and the loss is estimated at about 25,000 bales but it is too early to form an opinion. Sowings of spring crops have been retarded in places by the heavy rainfall. Raichur has benefited much by the rainfall. Prospects are good on the whole but settled weather is required.

Mysore.—The rainfall was slight in Kolar and Mysore and good elsewhere. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 4 inches 44 cents. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in South Canara; heavy in the Vizagapatam littoral, Godavari, Kistna and Bellary; good in Ganjam, the Vizagapatam Agency, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Malabar and the Nilgiris, *nil* in Tinnevelly and light to fair elsewhere. The rainfall in fifteen districts was above the average of the last 35 years. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in the Circars, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Trichinopoly, Ramnad, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in Chingleput and in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are generally fair but some in parts of Bellary have been damaged by excessive rain and grasshoppers and some in parts of Guntur, Salem, Coimbatore, Madura, Ramnad and Tinnevelly require more rain. Harvests continue in parts with outturn generally fair to normal. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Coimbatore and Tinnevelly. Fodder is scanty in Ganjam, Godavari, Nellore and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in ten districts, has fallen in ten and has risen in three. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in six districts, has fallen in twelve and has risen in three. *Cholam* is stationary in four districts, has fallen in six and has risen in five. *Cumbu* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in eight and has risen in three. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is generally satisfactory and employment is readily available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

RESOLUTION.

No. 7038—7039-221, dated Simla, the 6th October 1910.

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE POST OFFICE OF INDIA DURING THE YEAR 1909-10.

READ—

The Report on the working of the Post Office of India during the year 1909-1910.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the Report be forwarded to the Finance Department for information.

Ordered, also, that the report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

W. MAXWELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ANNUAL REPORT

ON

THE POST OFFICE OF INDIA

FOR THE YEAR

1909-1910.

No. 190-S.—B.P., dated Simla, the 26th September 1910.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. C. STEWART-WILSON, *I.C.S., Director-General of the Post Office of India,*

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the official year 1909-10.

2. The administration of the Department was in my hands throughout the year. Charge of the Post Office.

3. From the following figures some idea will be formed of the magnitude of the business of the Indian Post Office at the present time. At the close of 1909-10, the numerical strength of its staff was 92,163, the number of post offices open was 18,642, and the mileage of mail lines was 156,761 representing an annual travel of over 135 millions of miles. During the year, nearly 920 millions of articles, including nearly 26½ millions of registered articles, were given out for delivery; stamps worth more than [illegible]½ million pounds were sold for postal purposes; over 24½ million money orders representing a total value of more than 29 million pounds sterling were issued; a sum of nearly 5½ million pounds was realised on account of tradesmen and others through the value-payable system; over a million insured articles representing a total insured value of nearly 17 million pounds were posted, while the amount paid as compensation was only about £500; pensions to the amount of [illegible] than £171,000 were disbursed to Native military pensioners in the Punjab; 7,701 lbs. of quinine were sold to the public; and over 5¾ millions of telegraph messages were sent from telegraph offices under the control of the Post Office, representing a total revenue of £213,750 as compared with postal expenditure of £78,000 on account of such offices. The number of accounts open in the Savings Bank on the 31st March, 1910, was 1,378,916 with a total balance of over 10½ million pounds sterling. The total revenue and expenditure for the year, after making the various administrative adjustments, amounted to £1,943,275 and £1,986,755, respectively. Magnitude of business.

Principal events, inland post.

4. There were during the year few changes in the inland post which directly affected the public.

On the 1st April, 1909, the last two remaining minor circles, Central Provinces and Rajputana, were abolished and in their place the Central Circle was created.

The reforms in sorting which were alluded to in last year's report were proceeded with. Their success was manifest, and in the course of the current year their completion may be expected.

The field post offices in North China were maintained, and special postal arrangements were made as usual for military camps, etc., and for the tour of His Excellency the Viceroy.

There was a strike of drivers on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway in May, 1909, which temporarily interfered with the running of mail trains. Special arrangements were, however, made to cope with the difficulties and few serious delays to the mails occurred.

The great cyclone of 17th October last disorganised for the time the steamer and train services of Eastern Be[illegible] One postal servant lost his life in the storm. Interruptions in the mail service due to breaches on the railways were not more than usual.

The Calcutta-Madras mail train ran off the line and was wrecked at Ennore on 19th June, 1909, and the Inspector of Sorting travelling in the mail van was killed. The Madras inward Postal Special train was also wrecked on 4th March, 1910, at Bhalwani in collision with a goods train.

Only in the Central Circle did plague appear in a more virulent form than last year. The deaths among all employés from the disease were 85 as against 62 in the preceding year.

Increases in pay of postal servants.

5. As in previous years, the necessity of the pay of postal servants keeping pace with increase in responsibilities and in cost of living has been constantly borne in mind. During the year under report increases in pay were sanctioned in the case of 8 head postmasters, [illegible]3 deputy and assistant postmasters, 1,077 sub-postmasters, and 484 branch postmasters. The pay of 575 clerks and sorters, [illegible],721 postmen and village postmen, 1,[illegible]2 runners, and 619 other inferior servants was also raised. In spite of the business of the year financially, no fewer than 5,679 postal officials have had their pay and prospects improved.

Principal events, foreign post.

6. The foreign money order system was extended to Anguilla in the West Indies; to Benadir (Italian Somaliland); to the Chatham, Cook, Fanning, Penrhyn and Savage Islands in the Pacific Ocean; to the French Colonies on the West Coast of Africa; and to the Island of Madagascar. Arrangements were concluded during the year for the introduction, from the 1st April, 1910, of a direct exchange of money orders between India and the Orange River Colony (in place of the previously existing service through Natal) and between India and Siam. The maximum limit of amount for a single money order was raised to £20 in the case of the exchange with Mexico and to £40 in the case of that with Bulgaria.

The rates of postage applicable to parcels for France, Italy, Egypt, and a large number of other countries were reduced in consequence of the British Post Office having agreed to the application of the reduced charges for sea transit—contemplated by Article 3 of the Parcel Post Convention of Rome—to the services performed by the P. and O. steamers between Bombay and Marseilles *viâ* Aden and Port Said and between Port Said and Brindisi. Reductions were

also effected in the rates of postage on parcels for Canada, North-Eastern Rhodesia, the German offices in Morocco, Netherlands-India, and the Seychelles.

The foreign parcel post was extended to the Malay States of Kedah and Kelantan and insurance to destination was made available for foreign registered letters addressed to German New Guinea, to certain places in the Caroline, Marianne (or Ladrone) Marshall, and Palaos (or Pelew) Islands, and to the British postal agencies in Turkey at Beyrout, Constantinople, Salonica, and Smyrna.

The parcel post service from India to Servia had to be suspended owing to the Servian Postal Administration having imposed certain conditions on the acceptance of postal parcels for that country which could not be complied with by the Indian Post Office.

Arrangements were made, in the case of uninsured parcels exchanged between India on one side and Gibraltar, Hongkong, Mauritius, the Seychelles, and New Zealand on the other, for the payment under certain conditions of compensation not exceeding 25 francs (Rs. 15-0-0), in the event of loss of, damage to, or abstraction from, such parcels.

A revised agreement was entered into with the Chinese Imperial Postal Administration for the establishment of direct mail communication between the Chinese provinces of Yunnan, Kweichow, and Szechwan and Burma *viâ* Bhamo in Upper Burma and *viâ* Kengtung in the Southern Shan States.

Working of the P. and O. contract.

7. According to the sanctioned time tables of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company the steamers carrying the mails from Europe were due to arrive at Bombay at 6 A.M. on Friday of each week. During the year under report, 52 weekly mails were received, and the mail steamers arrived at Bombay on 51 occasions on Friday and once on Sunday. In the case of the Friday arrivals, the contract time was exceeded on five occasions; while, in the solitary instance of a Sunday arrival, the delay was due to an accident to the S. S. "China" in the London Docks. The shortest time occupied in the transit of the mail from London to Bombay was 13 days, 7 hours, while the average time for the year was 13 days, 9 hours, and 32 minutes. In the opposite direction, that is, from Bombay to London, the quickest transit was 12 days, 22 hours, and 2 minutes, the average time for the year being 13 days, 12 hours, and 51 minutes.

Section I.—Post Offices and Postal Communications.

(1) Post Offices and Letter-boxes.

Post offices and letter-boxes

8. Appendix I shows the number of post offices, letter-boxes and village postmen in each circle at the close of the year, compared with those in existence at the close of the previous year. There was an increase during the year of 243 post offices and 2,176 letter-boxes. The increase in the number of post offices was greatest in the Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam Provinces. The number of post offices in charge of school masters and other persons not being regular servants of the Department rose from 11,918 to 12,149.

(2) Postal Communications.

Postal communications.

9. In Appendix I is also shown the length of line over which mails were conveyed in each circle by the various agencies employed by this Department.

The total figures for the year under report and for the preceding year are given in the following statement:—

	Railway.	Nature of postal communications.			
		Runners and boats.	Mail cart, tonga, etc.	Steamer.	Total.
Mileage at close of 1908-09	*31,518	96,299	*9,522	19,083	*156,422
Mileage at close of 1909-10	32,340	95,671	9,576	19,174	156,761
Increase or decrease	+822	−628	+54	+91	+339

* Revised figure.

The figure 156,761 represents a total annual travel of over 135 millions of miles.

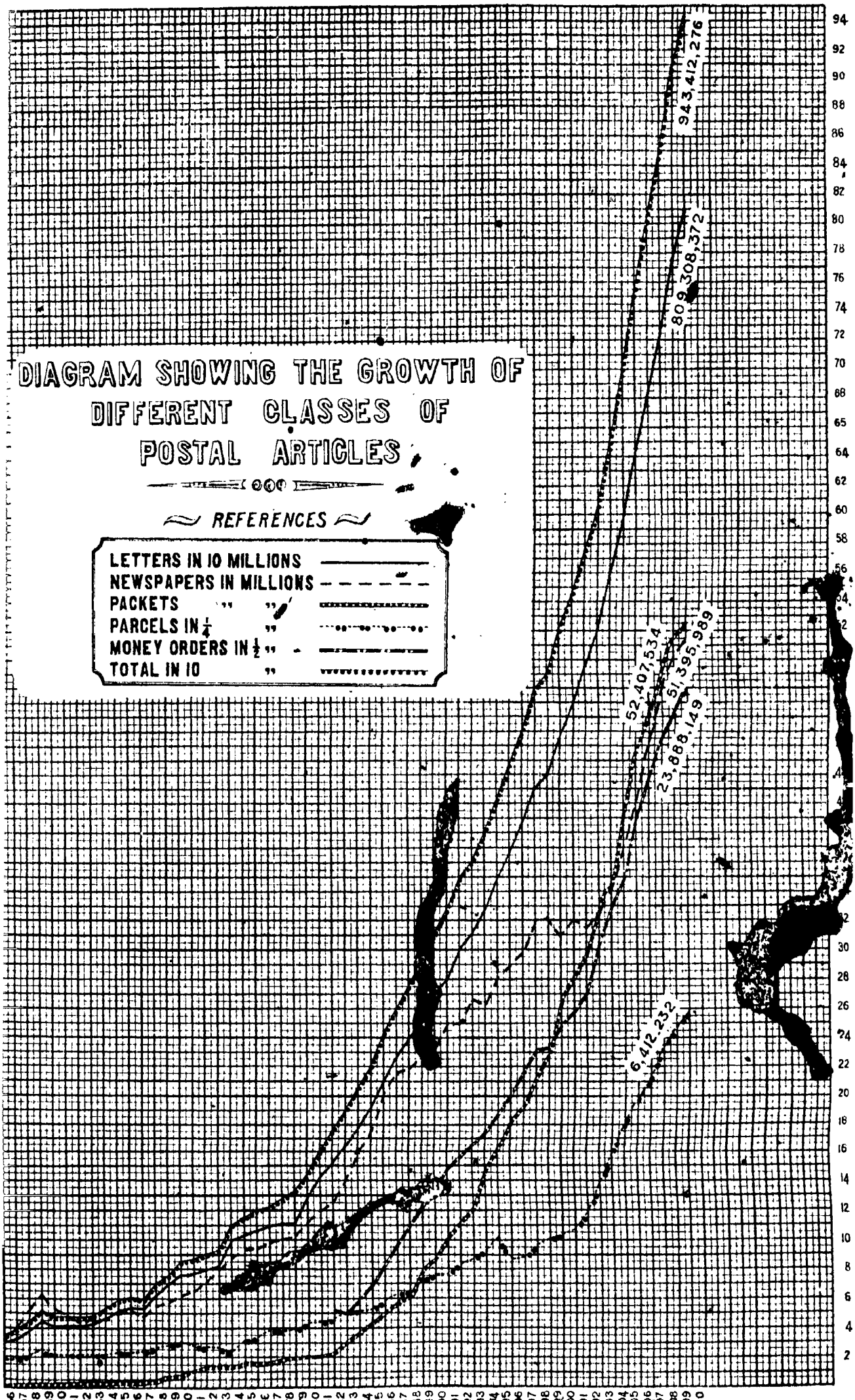
Section II.—Correspondence and Parcels—Postage Stamps.

(1) Correspondence and Parcels.

Statistics of postal articles.

10. The estimated number of postal articles of all kinds, exclusive of money orders and parcels, issued for delivery during the year, added to the actual number of parcels, amounted to over 919½ millions, or 44 millions in excess of the corresponding figure of the preceding year. Statistics showing the different classes of articles delivered in the various postal circles during 1909-10 will be found in Appendix II, and a general summary of the results is given in the following statement:—

Classes of postal articles.	1908-09.	1909-10.	Increase (+) or decrease (−).	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (−).
Letters, paid	[illegible]7,395,044	343,380,659	+15,985,61[illegible]	+4·88
" unpaid	[illegible]8,072,793	42,228,596	+4,155,803	+10·92
" registered	[illegible]8,708,647	20,101,618	+1,392,971	+7·45
Total letters ...	[illegible],176,484	405,710,873	+21,534,389	+5·61
Postcards	383,746,244	403,597,499	+19,851,255	+5·17
Total letters and postcards ...	767,922,728	809,308,372	+41,385,644	+5·39
Registered newspapers	[illegible]0,107,799	51,395,989	+1,288,190	+2·57
Book and pattern packets	[illegible]	52,407,534	+1,323,048	+2·59
Total articles of the letter mail ...	869,115,013	[illegible]	+43,996,882	+5·06
Parcels - registered	4,080,621	4,297,142	+216,521	+5·31
" unregistered	2,060,198	2,115,090	+54,892	+2·66
Total parcels ...	6,140,819	6,412,232	+271,413	+4·42
Grand total of all postal articles ...	875,255,832	919,524,127	+44,268,295	+5·06



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The slackness of trade in the country during the year consequent on the bad harvests of the year before and the general commercial depression throughout the world accounts for the comparatively small increase. The slow development of our parcel traffic during the last two years is specially noticeable.

The diagram opposite this page shows graphically the growth of postal traffic in its principal branches since 1854.

11. The second table in Appendix I shows, for each postal circle, the number of post offices, letter-boxes, and postal articles in relation to area, population, and literate population, taking the figures of the last census. Average number of postal articles per head of population.

Altogether there were 3·25 postal articles—letters, postcards, packets, and parcels—per head of the total population and 57·72 postal articles per head of the literate population according to the last census. As in previous years, the number of postal articles per head of the total population was highest in Bombay where it was 6·73.

12. The foreign correspondence received for delivery in India is included in the total figures contained in Appendix II. The estimated number of letters and postcards received from the United Kingdom was over 11¾ millions, as compared with about 11⅓ millions in the preceding year, while the number of newspapers, book-packets, and samples received was a little over 11 millions, as compared with over 11¼ millions in the previous year. The estimated number of letters and postcards despatched to the United Kingdom from this country during the year under report was about 10½ millions, as compared with nearly 9 millions, and the number of newspapers, book-packets, and samples was nearly 2 millions, as compared with about 1¾ millions during 1908-09. Foreign correspondence.

As regards correspondence exchanged with countries other than the United Kingdom, the figures for the year under report are based on the fresh statistics recorded in October, 1909. The estimated number of letters and postcards received in India from such countries was nearly 5½ millions in the year under report, while that of newspapers, book-packets, and samples received was 4½ millions. The estimated numbers of (1) letters and postcards and (2) newspapers, book packets, and samples despatched to such countries were about 6⅓ millions and 3 millions, respectively.

13. The total number of parcels sent by the foreign post from this country during the year was 286,049, as compared with 267,569 during the previous year, and the number of parcels received was 384,296, as compared with 354,134 in 1908-09. There was thus an increase of 6·91 per cent. in the number of foreign parcels despatched and of 8·5 per cent. in the number received.

The numbers of parcels sent to, and received from, the United Kingdom during the year were 123,701 and 276,890, respectively, as compared with 122,220 and 261,534, respectively, during 1908-09. The percentage which this traffic bears to the total of our foreign parcel traffic remains fairly stationary. In the parcel exchanges with countries other than the United Kingdom, there was, as usual, some development, but, except in the case of Ceylon, they remain unimportant. The numbers of parcels sent to and received from these countries during the year were 161,017 (of which 101,024 were for Ceylon) and 106,930, respectively, as compared with 143,781 and 92,079*, respectively, in the preceding year.

* These are revised figures.

Delivery work of the year.

14. Appendix II shows that the number of letters, postcards, newspapers, and packets issued for delivery and of parcels posted amounted to 919,524,127 and these figures, added to the 24,418,682 money orders issued for payment, make a grand total for all these classes of articles of 943,942,809, as compared with 898,886,127 in 1908-09, being an increase of 5·01 per cent. as against one of 5·82 per cent. in the previous year. Of these 943,942,809 articles, it is estimated that 940,839,537 or 99·67 per cent. were actually delivered or paid.

Work of Dead Letter Offices.

15. The total number of postal articles, excluding money orders, consigned to the Dead Letter Offices during the year was 9,215,748, representing a satisfactorily small increase over the previous year of only ·18 per cent. as against 8·96 per cent. in 1908-09 and 10·48 per cent. in the preceding year.

Detailed information showing the distribution among the Dead Letter Offices and the manner of disposal of the articles which reached them, is given in Appendix III. More than 30½ per cent. of the articles received were redirected to the addressees, while more than 43½ per cent. were issued for return to the senders. Less than 9 per cent. of the total number of articles issued by the Dead Letter Offices came back to them as undelivered, and the total number of articles finally deposited as "Dead," that is as undeliverable either to addressees or senders, was 2,963,653. This represents 32 out of every ten thousand of the total number of articles given out at post offices for delivery, and includes a large number of articles which from their nature were not susceptible of delivery, such as articles with no address at all. In Bengal, Madras, and Bombay alone on an average about 136 articles were posted every day with no address whatever, and many of these contained money or valuables. In articles opened in the five larger Dead Letter Offices, cheques, hundis, currency notes, bills of exchange, coins, and other property of the nominal value of nearly 5½ lakhs of rupees were found. The great majority of these articles were successfully delivered either to the addressees or the senders. Among the articles thus delivered was one containing a number of small diamonds posted in an unpaid cover.

(2) Postage Stamps.

16. Details of the issues from treasuries of ordinary postage stamps, postcards, embossed envelopes, and wrappers and also of service postage stamps, postcards, and envelopes will be found in Appendix IV. The total value of ordinary postage stamps and postal stationery issued during the year amounted to over three crores of rupees, showing an increase of more than 44¾ lakhs over the value of issues during the previous year. The total value of service stamps and stationery issued exceeded 46 lakhs, being an increase of more than 2¾ lakhs upon last year's figure.

The quarter-anna ordinary adhesive stamp continued to command the highest sale, the total number sold having increased from 167 millions in the previous year to 185 millions during the year under report. The quarter-anna single postcard had the next largest sale, but, owing to the increasing use of postcards of private manufacture, the sale decreased from over 1[illegible]½ millions in 1908-09 to 116½ millions. The half-anna adhesive stamp comes next, [illegible] issues (including the stamps in booklets) were over 110¾ millions. This was followed by the small half-anna envelope, which is sold for the face value of the stamp, with a sale of 69 millions as against 70 millions in the previous year. Of the ordinary stamps the sale of the 4 anna, 8 anna and 1 rupee denominations was smaller

during the year under report than in the previous year. As regards the 4 anna and the 8 anna stamps this is due to the increase from the 1st January, 1909, of the minimum rate for telegrams from 4 annas to 6 annas. There has been a large corresponding increase in the sale of 6 anna stamps. The demand for the 1 rupee stamp rose abnormally in 1908-09 for the payment of telegraph charges. The issue of the 2 rupees, 3 rupees and 5 rupees stamps to departmental telegraph offices was stopped for some months in 1908, and no stamps of higher value than 5 rupees were available in the country till January, 1909. With greater sales of the stamps of high value there was a natural falling off in the sale of the 1 rupee stamps in the year under report.

In addition to postage stamps, non-judicial and court-fee stamps are sold in many post offices; but, except in Burma, the postmaster acts as a private vendor in respect of these stamps, and they do not form part of the post office balance. In Burma, where general stamps are kept by postmasters in the same way as postage stamps, the sales amounted to Rs. 75,509.

The new 6 anna service stamps and 25 rupees ordinary and service stamps indented for during the previous year reached this country during the year and were put into circulation for the first time.

Section III—Insurance and Value-payable Post.

(1) Insurance.

17. During the year under report 1,044,957 letters and parcels were insured for transmission by post, the aggregate insured value being nearly 25½ crores of rupees. The following statement shows the year's business, as compared with that of the preceding year:— Insurance business.

	Insured letters.		Insured parcels.		Total.		
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Insurance fees.
		R		R		R	R
1908-09 ...	455,715	9,77,89,817	500,474	[illegible],51,64,305	956,189	23,29,45,122	3,10,046
1909-10 ...	534,527	11,60,09,027	5[illegible],430	[illegible],97,232	1,044,957	25,46,06,259	3,33,623
Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—).	+17·29	+18·64	+1·99	+2·54	+9·28	+9·30	+7·60

The average amount for which each letter was insured was Rs. 217, as compared with Rs. 215 in the preceding year, and the average amount for which each parcel was insured was Rs. 272, as compared with Rs. 270 in 1908-09.

18. During the year, one hundred and sixty-seven claims for compensation were made in respect of insured articles, as compared with one hundred and eleven in 1908-09. Fifty-nine claims were admitted, the loss having been caused in fifty-three cases by fraud or negligence on the part of postal servants, in one case by accident and in the remaining five cases by highway robbery. The total amount paid in satisfaction of these claims was Rs. 8,046-4-4, as against Rs. 10,489-2-6 in 1908-09. Of this the sum of Rs. 5,377-3-5 was recovered, so that the actual loss to the Department was Rs. 2,669-0-11, as against Rs. 7,936-15-0 in the previous year. Claims for compensation.

(2) Value-payable post.

Value-payable business.

19. The total number of value-payable articles of all kinds sent through the post was 6,870,979 as compared with 6,393,575 in the previous year. The total amount declared for recovery was eight crores of rupees, as against nearly seven crores in the preceding year. There was thus an increase of 7·66 per cent. in the number of articles and of 6·75 per cent. in the amount specified for recovery. The number of value-payable articles posted in the city of Calcutta was 2,025,494, as compared with 1,811,512 in the preceding year, and the Department realised on the delivery of these articles and paid over to the tradesmen of Calcutta a total sum of Rs. 2,35,52,396 or over one and a half million pounds sterling. The number of value-payable articles posted in the city of Bombay rose from 924,689 to 983,369 during the year under review and the amount realised on the delivery of the articles and paid to the senders was Rs. 1,13,87,441, or over three-quarters of a million pounds sterling.

The increase extended to all classes of value-payable articles. The average value of each article posted was Rs. 11-14-2, as compared with Rs. 11-15-10 in 1908-09.

The number of value-payable articles despatched from India to Ceylon was 80,720 of the aggregate value of Rs. 7,35,069 as compared with 71,558 articles valued at Rs. 6,07,983 in 1908-09.

Section IV.—Money Orders.

General money order business.

20. Appendix V (*a*) shows the entire money order transactions (including value-payable money orders) of the Department year by year for a period of ten years, separate figures being given for inland and foreign money orders. The total number of money orders issued during 1909-10 was 24,669,161 as compared with 23,877,637 in the previous year, and the total amount remitted was more than 43½ crores, as compared with over 42¾ crores in the year 1908-09. Foreign money orders constitute, as usual, a very small percentage (3·17) of the entire transactions of the year.

21. Appendix V (*b*) shows the issues and payments of inland money orders for 1909-10 by postal circles and compares the results of the year with those of the previous year. More than 23¾ million inland money orders, ordinary and telegraphic, of the aggregate amount of nearly 40 crores of rupees were issued during the year; and the commission amounted to something over 46½ lakhs of rupees. There was an increase over the transactions of the previous year of 3·27 per cent in the number of inland money orders issued, of 1·98 in their amount, and of 2·26 in the commission realised.

The average amount of an inland money order was Rs. 16-11-8 as compared with Rs. 16-15-1 in the preceding year.

Telegraphic money orders.

22. Appendix V (*b*) also gives separate figures for telegraphic money orders. There was an increase both in the number and in the amount of such orders issued, as well as in the postal commission realised, which amounted to Rs. 2,92,086 as compared with Rs. 2,85,469 in the preceding year. The average amount of a telegraphic money order was Rs. 85-7-2, as compared with Rs. 91-6-11 in 1908-09.

Special money order business.

23. The special classes of money orders for the payment of land revenue, rent, and miscellaneous Government dues are included under inland money orders

in Appendix V (*b*). Separate figures for these classes of orders are given in the table below. With one exception, the totals under each class show a satisfactory increase as compared with the corresponding figures of the previous year, which are also given. The exception is in the *number* of orders in payment of miscellaneous Government dues which is less by 8,629 than during the year before.

Circle.	REVENUE MONEY ORDERS.				RENT MONEY ORDERS.				OFFICIAL MONEY ORDERS.			
	NUMBER.		VALUE.		NUMBER.		VALUE.		NUMBER.		VALUE.	
	1908-09	1909-10	1908-09	1909-10	1908-09	1909-10	1908-09	1909-10	1908-09	1909-10	1908-09	1909-10
			R	R			R	R			R	R
Bengal	222,475	250,615	16,54,936	18,02,902	41,900	47,627	7,95,021	7,57,913	140,708	164,029	31,11,969	34,67,477
Eastern Bengal & Assam	113,083	114,048	10,52,567	10,67,560	20,171	21,810	3,20,527	3,41,558	31,405	31,501	2,58,073	2,59,002
United Provinces ...	291,237	313,659	56,56,892	59,26,276	131,197	147,081	16,11,074	18,01,800	170,917	139,343	17,28,554	14,34,514
Central	36,123	36,745	12,69,627	12,31,800	2,415	3,133	52,116	73,363	...	...	...	...
Punjab, & North-West Frontier	17,42[illegible]	18,725	14,30,331	15,71,510	...	...	...	...	5,749	5,738	1,25,579	1,06,297
Madras	4,581	4,536	46,293	43,257	...	...	...	...	7,479	6,085	1,07,258	90,346
Bombay	...	3,568*	...	46,915*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	333	...	10,248
TOTAL ...	685,021	740,776	1,11,10,799	1,16,93,227	198,683	219,651	26,89,758	29,82,614	356,258	347,629	53,31,433	53,67,884

* Approximate figures.

The revenue money order system is not in force in Burma; the rent money order system is not in force in the Punjab, Madras, Bombay, and Burma; and the system of remitting miscellaneous Government dues by money order is not in force in the Central Circle and Bombay.

24. Figures relating to the money order exchanges with foreign countries will be found in Appendix V (*c*). This shows (1) sterling money order exchanges, which are in force with the United Kingdom and its colonies and with foreign countries generally, and (2) rupee money order exchanges, which are in force chiefly with countries and places in the Far East and Africa. The money o[illegible] transactions with the Native States of India which have separate postal arran[illegible]ments are also included, for convenience, in this Appendix. These figures [illegible] for no special remark. Foreign money ord[illegible] business.

25. During the year under repo[illegible] was a further increase in the sales of British postal orders, the total number of orders sold being 341,981, as compared with 309,048 in the preceding year, and the total value (including poundage) £232,103, as compared with £214,480 in 1908-09. The chief increases occurred in the Punjab and North-West Frontier Circle and in Bengal. Of the total number of British [illegible] orders sold, 161,808 were of the value of £1, 37,708 of the va[illegible] 10*s.*, and 26,983 of the value of 5*s.* each. 64,660 orders of the a[illegible]gate value of £42,654-18*s.*-0*d.* were paid in this country in 1909-10, and [illegible]ese, 8,156, of the value of £4,547-11*s.*-2*d.*, were orders issued and paid in India, as compared with 6,052 of the value of £3,232-17*s.*-0*d.* issued and paid in the preceding year. The net commission realised by the Indian Post Office on the sales of the year was Rs. 12,199, as compared with Rs. 10,793 during the previous year. British postal orders.

Section V.—Post Office Savings Banks.

General results of the year.

26. Appendix VI shows in detail, according to postal circles, the Savings Bank transactions of the year, as compared with those of the previous year. There were 1,378,916 active accounts in existence on the 31st March, 1910, showing a net increase of 60,284 or 4·57 per cent. The total amount at credit of depositors at the close of the year exceeded 15 crores 86½ lakhs and was about 63½ lakhs or 4·17 per cent. more than the balance at the close of the preceding year.

The deposits and withdrawals, exclusive of all transfers, increased and decreased by over 32¼ lakhs and 24¼ lakhs, respectively, and the interest paid increased by over 1¼ lakhs.

The 1,378,916 active accounts were composed of:—

		Crores.	Lakhs.
70,764	Security deposit accounts with a balance of about	R 0	76½
9,528	Public accounts with a balance of over	" 0	61¼
572	Regimental and other conjoint accounts with a balance of over	" 0	17½
169,864	Minors' accounts with a balance of over	" 2	69½
1,128,188	Ordinary accounts with a balance of over	" 11	61¾

The figures show that 94·14 per cent. of the accounts, and 90·21 of the total balance of 15 crores 86½ lakhs represent savings of private persons. Of the total number of accounts open at the close of the year, 1,298,052 were held by private persons. In only 6,211 of these accounts, or ·48 per cent., as compared with 6,343 or ·51 per cent. in the previous year, were deposits subject to 6 months' notice of withdrawal, the deposits in the remaining accounts being at call. The number of accounts held by natives of the country represents 91·13 per cent. of the total number open at the close of the year.

Occupation of depositors.

27. In Appendix VI will be found a classification, according to their occupation, of depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank. It will be seen that, as in the preceding year, the largest number of accounts were held by the undermentioned classes of depositors in the following order:—

(1) persons of no occupation or whose incomes are derived from others, classed as "Indefinite" in the statement,

(2) the professional class, and

(3) the domestic servant class.

Investment in Government securities.

28. The number of Government promissory notes purchased through the Post Office was 3,114 of the nominal value of Rs. 16,27,300, as compared with 3,107 of the nominal value of Rs. 16,42,500 in the previous year. The number of Government promissory notes sold was 736 of the nominal value of Rs. 4,88,500, as compared with 745 of the nominal value of Rs. 5,39,000. The nominal value of the Government promissory notes held in the custody of the Accountant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs, at the close of the year on account of depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank was Rs. 64,48,900, as compared with Rs. 57,59,300 on the 31st March, 1909. The value of securities in the custody of the Accountant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs, in the 3½ per cent. loans was Rs. 63,95,400 and in the 3 per cent. loans Rs. 53,500. During the year under report, 1,300 investment certificates for fractional amounts of Government promissory notes of the nominal value of Rs. 3,60,226 were

purchased, as compared with 1,401 investment certificates of the nominal value of Rs. 3,91,257 purchased in the previous year. The number of investment certificates sold was 779 of the nominal value of Rs. 1,93,394, as compared with 697 of the nominal value of Rs. 1,56,902 sold in the preceding year.

29. An estimate of the financial results of the working of the Savings Bank is given below, as directed in Resolution No. 2428 of the 13th May, 1902, issued by Government in the Finance and Commerce Department :— Financial effect of the Post Office Savings Bank.

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	R		R
Interest at 3½ per cent. per annum on the balance of the deposits.	54,46,320	Interest actually paid to depositors.	44,77,394
		Estimated cost of managing the bank.	6,00,591
Total ...	54,46,320	Total ...	50,77,985

Section VI.—Miscellaneous.

30. The statement below shows the transactions of the Post Office Guarantee Fund. The balance at credit of the Fund, including the nominal value of Government securities held on its behalf, rose from Rs. 10,41,380 on the 31st March, 1909, to Rs. 10,47,810 on the 31st March, 1910. The amount decreed against the Fund was Rs. 24,313 as compared with Rs. 11,634 in the previous year. A sum of Rs. 5,590 was paid as gratuities to servants of the Department or their heirs under the powers given by Government, and a sum of Rs. 1,029 was advanced at an easy rate of interest to servants of the Department for various purposes. Post Office Guarantee Fund.

A sum of Rs. 37,455 was added to the Fund during the year on account of interest :—

Receipts.	Government securities (nominal value).	Cash.	Charges.	Government securities (nominal value).	Cash.
	R	R		R	R
Balance of 1908-09	7,27,300	3,14,080	Sums decreed against the Fund	...	24,313
Interest given by Government on Rs. 3,00,000 at 4 per cent. from April 1909 to March 1910	...	12,000	Refund to subscribers on account of returnable subscriptions.	...	929
Interest on Government securities on 3½ per cent. loans	...	5,455	Rewards for specially courageous service and for information in Post Office robbery cases	...	2,314
Recoveries against awards made in previous years		615	Compensation to postal servants for loss of private property	...	237
			Compassionate gratuities	...	3,039
			Special advances	...	1,029
Recoveries of special advances	...	221	Balance on 31st March, 1910	*7,27,300	3,20,510
	7,27,300	3,52,371		7,27,300	3,52,371

* Market value on 31st March, 1910—R 6,82,298.

Complaints by the public.

31. The number of complaints recorded as having been made by the public was 51,483 against 51,124 in 1908-09, being an increase of only ·70 per cent. as compared with an increase of 5·01 per cent. in the number of articles carried. The number of cases in which the complaints were found to be justified was 16,648 against 16,442 in 1908-09. Though it is fully acknowledged that these 16,648 complaints by no means represent all the justifiable causes of complaint given to the public during the year, it is at least of some interest to observe that they represent a percentage of only ·0018 on the total number of articles carried during the year.

Complaints regarding special classes of articles.

32. During the year under report, 5,331 complaints were received regarding the special classes of postal articles shown in the following statement :—

	Registered articles other than parcels and insured value-payable articles.	Ordinary registered parcels.	Insured letters and insured parcels.	Value-payable registered articles of all kinds.	Total for 1909-10.	Total for 1908-09.
Number of complaints received.	2,121	1,631	347	1,232	5,331	4,615

Out of these, enquiries showed that in 3,064 cases the Post Office was in no way to blame. In 862 cases no definite conclusion had been arrived at when the year closed, while in 1,405 cases, or 26·3 per cent. of the total, the complaints were well-grounded. Of the well-grounded complaints, 284 were made in respect of more than 2½ millions of ordinary registered parcels, 109 in respect of over a million of insured articles, 441 in respect of nearly 3¾ millions of value-payable registered articles, and 571 in respect of more than 18¾ millions of registered articles of other kinds. The figures for complaints in respect of registered parcels for the last three years (864, 1,074, and 1,270) are eloquent of the growth in size of ladies' hats and of the faith so unworthily bestowed on mere cardboard boxes to keep them safe in transit.

The number of inland registered articles in respect of which claims for compensation were dealt with was 599 as compared with 431 in the previous year. Compensation amounting to Rs. 3,197-1-1 was paid in respect of 227 articles, while applications for compensation were rejected in the case of 228 articles. At the close of the year, 160 cases were still under enquiry.

Offences by servants of the Post Office.

33. The number of cases in which servants of the Post Office were held to be guilty of offences punishable by law as well as the number of such servants punished in those cases are shown in Appendix VII, and a summary of the figures is given in the margin.

	1908-09.		1909-10.	
	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.
Convictions in Courts of law.	321	285	330	273
Cases departmentally punished.	232	226	239	247
	553	511	569	520

There were 84 cases of misappropriation of office cash, 144 money order frauds, 11 savings bank frauds, and 83 cases of theft from mails or post offices. Most of the remaining offences were committed in respect of letters, parcels, or other postal articles entrusted to the Post Office for conveyance.

Among the offenders convicted or departmentally punished were 55 departmental postmasters and 34 clerks, 87 extraneous agents in charge of post offices, 224 postmen and village postmen, 33 runners, and 25 officials of the Railway Mail Service. The defalcations and losses amounted to Rs. 46,947-0-9, as compared with Rs. 65,197-9-6 in the previous year. Of this sum Rs. 27,462-8-3 was recovered from the offenders or their sureties, Rs. 4,747-2-0 was decreed against the Post Office Guarantee Fund, Rs. 83-7-4 was written off as irrecoverable, and Rs. 14,653-15-2 had still to be adjusted at the close of the year.

Offences by other persons.

34. The offences against the Post Office committed by persons not belonging to the Department included nine cases of money order frauds involving a sum of Rs. 645 and two cases of fraudulent withdrawals from the Savings Bank amounting to Rs. 175. There were also ninety-eight cases of theft of Government money from the mails and post offices, besides cases of highway robbery, which are dealt with separately. The total amount stolen was Rs. 14,161-15-6, of which Rs. 3,661-2-10 was recovered, Rs. 107-5-2 was decreed against the Guarantee Fund, Rs. 1,030-15-0 written off as finally lost, and Rs. 9,362-8-6 remained unadjusted at the close of the year.

Highway robberies of the mails.

35. There were 29 cases of highway robbery of the mails, as compared with 35 in the previous year. Of these, nineteen occurred in British territory and ten in Native States.

Of the robberies that occurred in British territory, six took place in Madras, four in the Punjab, four in the United Provinces, three in Bombay, and two in Bengal.

Two cases were attended with loss of life. On the night of the 22nd April, 1909, a runner carrying mails from Tekkalakota to Bellary in Madras was murdered by robbers who carried away the whole mail. Four men were arrested on suspicion, but were discharged for want of evidence. The second case occurred on the North-West Frontier on the Fort Sandeman-Daraban line. The mails from Daraban and Moghalkot Shirani due at Fort Sandeman on the 21st March, 1910, were robbed in transit and the trooper accompanying them was murdered. The mails were recovered intact. The murder of the trooper, which was ascertained to have been due to a private feud, was referred to the Shirani *jirga*, which agreed to arrange a settlement according to tribal custom.

Two other cases, though not attended with loss of life, may be mentioned. On the 7th August, 1909, thirteen parcel bags were being conveyed from Karaikudi to Oyakondan Siruvayal in the district of Madura in Madras. The bags were in a bullock cart in charge of an overseer, who was driving it himself when he was attacked and overpowered by a band of robbers, who drove the cart into the jungle and unloaded it. The overseer was left bound hand and foot, but managed to reach the outskirts of the nearest village, whence he sent word to the local Police. Eight of the thirteen bags were found unopened in the jungle. Seven men were subsequently arrested, of whom six were sentenced to various terms of rigorous imprisonment. The second case occurred in the Native State of Bastar during the local rising of February, 1910, during the early stages of which the mail communications between the post offices in the State were seriously disorganised. Two runners' huts and some letter-boxes were destroyed, and some mails were carried off.

Government suffered a loss in this class of case amounting to Rs. 14,326-5-6. Of this sum, Rs. 569-6-0 represents cash and stamps stolen. The entire mail

was recovered in eight cases, and part of the mail in thirteen cases. In the remaining eight cases the whole mail was lost. Eight prosecutions were instituted, in five of which convictions were obtained.

In addition to the cases of actual highway robbery mentioned above, there was one unsuccessful attempt to rob the mails. This took place in British territory.

Casualties.

36. These were unfortunately not the only cases during the year in which lives of postal servants were lost. On the 15th May, 1909, a runner in Coorg, while waiting at a stage to receive the incoming mails, was accidentally shot dead by an Indian sportsman. On the 12th June, 1909, a runner in the Punjab was exchanging mails from the footboard of a mail van, when, the train starting suddenly, his foot slipped and he was run over and killed. On the 16th November, 1909, the sub-postmaster of Malkhanagar in the district of Dacca and a postman of the office were brutally murdered in their beds. Robbery was apparently not the object as nothing was taken away. The police enquiry into the case has not yet been concluded. On the 8th December, 1909, a village postman in Bengal was murdered while sleeping in a school house in his beat, having been taken for the school master against whom his assailants had a grudge. Some of them have since been secured and are under trial. In the same month, a postman in the Bombay Presidency, while returning from his beat, was bitten by a venomous snake and died. On the 3rd February, 1910, a runner in Bengal was carried off by a tiger. On the 21st of the same month a mail overseer and a village postman in Burma were severely beaten by some villagers who took the former for a plague inspector against whom they had a grudge. The village postman subsequently died from the injuries received. Three arrests have been made and the accused are under trial. On the 26th February, 1910, a village postman in the Punjab, while out on his beat, was decoyed into a field of sugar-cane and was there murdered for the sake of an insured parcel which he had in his possession. The reported assailants were subsequently arrested by the police, but the enquiry into the case had not been concluded when the year closed.

It is a matter for congratulation that the Leh and Gilgit lines were entirely free from accidents during the year under report.

During the year seventeen post offices and one mail office were destroyed by fire and the severe cyclone of October, 1909, destroyed several post offices in Bengal and Eastern Bengal.

Post Office staff.

37. Appendix VIII, an abstract of which is given in the margin, shows the entire staff of the Department, the numbers in the different classes being shown separately for each postal circle. On the 31st March, 1910, the numerical strength of the Post Office establishment was 92,163 as compared with 91,187 at the

Postal Officials.	1908-09.	1909-10.
Chief Officers of Direction, Accounts Officers, and Heads of Circles and Superintendent, Workshop, Aligarh ...	33	34
Superintendents, Probationary Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents and Inspectors ...	622	649
Postmasters, including Deputy, Assistant, Sub, and Branch postmasters ...	[illegible]	6,686
Extraneous agents, such as schoolmasters and station masters ...	11,918	[illegible]
Clerks ...	13,704	[illegible]
Postmen and other servants ...	25,886	26,37[illegible]
Village postmen ...	8,299	8,378
Road establishment ...	20,377	20,461
Signallers and other servants employed wholly for telegraph work in combined offices ...	3,674	3,132
Total ...	91,187	92,163

close of 1908-09. This included 264 pensioned soldiers of the Native Army, of whom 52 were non-commissioned officers and 212 sepoys. The number of women employed was 82, of whom all except 9 were either Europeans or Eurasians.

The total number of servants of the Department dismissed during the year was 569 as against 612 in the previous year. Of this number 256 were postmen or village postmen and 33 belonged to the road establishment.

38. The number of officials of the Post Office who joined the General Provident Fund during the year was 3,315, representing about seven per cent of the total number of officials eligible for admission, and 801 of the officials who joined paid subscriptions at the maximum rate. The majority of the subscribers were clerks (including signallers) but it is gratifying to note that 581 were postmen and village postmen. General Provident Fund.

39. The charges incurred during the year on account of printing work done by private presses amounted to Rs. 17,438, as compared with Rs. 22,572 in the year 1908-09. Use of private presses.

Section VII.—Non-Postal Branches of the Post Office.

40. During the year under report 113 combined post and telegraph offices were opened, and 8 previously existing offices were closed. There was, therefore, a net increase of 105 in the total number of combined offices as compared with a net increase of 113 during 1908-09 and 107 during 1907-08. Of the 113 new combined offices 111 were opened at places which had previously been without a Government Telegraph Office and 79 at places where there had previously been neither a Government nor a Railway telegraph office. The total number of combined offices open on the 31st March, 1910, was 2,483 as compared with 2,378 on the 31st March of the preceding year. The number of postal servants who qualified as signallers was 691 and the total number of signallers employed was 3,930 as compared with 3,455 at the close of 1908-09. There were 1,113 boys employed as messengers in these offices as compared with 1,067 at the close of the preceding year. Postal-Telegraph Offices.

41. In Appendix IX will be found the traffic statistics of combined offices supplied by the Telegraph Department. According to these there was an increase of 29,545 or ·51 per cent in the number of messages sent; and a decrease of 710,926 or 12·07 per cent in the number received, and of Rs. 13,379 or ·41 per cent in the revenue realised on sent messages as compared with the figures of the previous year. The apparent decrease in the number of messages received is due to the inclusion this year of paid messages only. In former years both paid and free messages were included. The revenue from messages despatched from combined offices is given as Rs. 32,06,255, as compared with Rs. 32,19,634 during the preceding year, while the total number of messages (excluding free messages) sent is given as 5,783,614 and the number received as 5,177,478.

42. In addition to the telegrams sent and received by the 2,483 combined offices, there were 52,927 telegrams booked at receiving post offices for despatch by post to telegraph offices as compared with 56,956 in the previous year. The revenue realised on these telegrams was Rs. 28,022 as compared with Rs. 31,704 in 1908-09. Telegrap receiving offices.

The number of telegrams received at post offices in the Persian Gulf on account of the Indo-European Telegraph Department was 440 against 628 in the year 1908-09, and fees to the amount of Rs. 3,077 were realised, as compared with Rs. 4,002 in the previous year.

Carrying agency on the Kalka-Simla line.

43. From the 1st February, 1910, the day mails between Kalka and Simla were conveyed by the Kalka-Simla State Railway and from the same date the horse establishment was greatly reduced. The gross expenditure on the service was Rs. 1,50,710 as compared with Rs. 1,82,557 in the previous year, while the receipts amounted to only Rs. 17,402 as compared with Rs. 25,857. The decrease in revenue is due to the fact that passengers now travel almost exclusively by the railway. The net cost of the line to Government was Rs. 1,33,308 as against Rs. 1,56,700 in the previous year, showing a reduction of Rs. 23,392.

Receipt of salt revenue at post offices.

44. The Post Office acted as agent for the receipt of salt revenue at certain selected offices in the Punjab and North-West Frontier, United Provinces, Bengal, and Central Circles. The following comparative figures show that there was a slight increase in the small business done through the Post Office:—

		1909-10	1908-09.
Post offices authorised to receive salt revenue	No.	312	... 307
Indents received	No.	1,756	... 1,520
Quantity of salt indented for ...	Mds.	5,52,144	... 403,417
Value	₨	6,19,121	...4,63,619
Postal commission realised ...	₨	1,097	... 964

Sale of quinine at post offices.

45. The Post Office obtained for sale to the public about 7,701 lbs. of quinine as compared with 7,549 lbs. in the previous year.

Postal Insurance Fund.

46. Appendix X shows the operations of the scheme of Life Insurance, Endowment Assurance, and Monthly Allowances, as compared with those of the previous year, and Appendix XI shows the financial results of the administration of the Postal Insurance Fund up to the end of the year under report. During the year 2,180 new policies were issued of the aggregate value of Rs. 28,75,960, of which 430 of the aggregate value of Rs. 6,26,194 were life insurance policies, while 1,750 of the aggregate value of Rs. 22,49,766 were policies of endowment assurance. The total sum realised on account of premia on old and new policies taken together amounted to Rs. 10,89,663 as compared with Rs. 9,93,955, the revised figure for the previous year. Claims to the extent of Rs. 4,41,148 were discharged as compared with Rs. 4,14,741 during the preceding year; while ninety-nine life insurance policies representing a gross sum of Rs. 1,26,650 and two hundred and seventeen endowment assurance policies representing Rs. 2,13,851 either lapsed or were surrendered or cancelled. The lapses and surrenders during 1908-09 were ninety-two life insurance policies representing a gross assurance of Rs. 1,17,250 and one hundred and eighty-two endowment assurance policies representing Rs. 2,04,443.

Of the 2,180 persons holding policies issued during the year, 2,135 were pure Asiatics by race. Two women employed under Government were insured during the year, so that there are now sixteen female policy-holders in all.

The general results of the past two years are summarised below:—

Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance.	Up to the 31st March 1909.	Up to the 31st March 1910.
Number of lives insured	20,772	22,952
	₨	₨
Amount received in premia	71,16,765	82,06,428
Amount of insurance	2,85,02,049	3,13,78,009
Amount of claims met	24,09,747	28,50,895

At the close of the year there were 19,249 active policies in existence, representing an aggregate of Rs. 2,65,96,126, of which 8,329 were held by Post Office servants and 10 920 by persons employed in other Departments. Four new contracts for monthly allowances were entered into during the year and there were 129 such contracts in existence at the end of the year, the total of the monthly allowances contracted for being Rs. 1,258-11-5.

Four life annuities were purchased from the Post Office under Article 807 of the Civil Service Regulations.

Payment of military pensioners.

47. The pensions of 36,332 pensioners of the Native Army were paid through the agency of the Post Office in the Punjab and North-West Frontier during 1909-10, as compared with 35 387 in 1908-09 and the amount paid on this account was Rs. 25,65,222-8-5, as compared with Rs. 24,[illegible]8,362-4-7 in the previous year. The Post Office received only Rs. 19,239-2-7 for this service, almost all of which was, as usual, swallowed up in paying for the establishment, forms and printing required for this special service, so that the Post Office is doing this important and difficult work practically free of cost to Government.

Section VIII.—Financial Results.

Summary

48. The total receipts and charges of the year as shown in the Post Office accounts and given in Appendix XII are as under:—

Receipts.		Charges.	
1908-09.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1909-10.
R.	R.	R.	R.
2,73,81,300	2,89,16,324	2,76,20,469	2,79,62,580

According to the figures above, the charges for 1909-10 exceeded the charges for 1908-09 by Rs. 3,33,111, the receipts for 1909-10 exceeded the receipts for 1908-09 by Rs. 15,32,024 and the receipts for 1909-10 exceeded the charges for the same year by Rs. 9,53,744.

Postage

49. The receipts for 1909-10 include a sum of Rs. 2,26,50,980 on account of the Post Office share of the total revenue from the sale of postage and unified stamps as compared with the sum of Rs. 2,12,76,030 included on the same account in the receipts for 1908-09. The [illegible]ge increase of Rs. 13,74,950 shown by a comparison of these two figures cannot be taken as entirely due to the growth of business in the year, although the general depression of trade was somewhat less on the whole during 1909-10 than during 1908-09. Some portion of the increase must be accounted for by the fact that, as surmised in the report for 1908-09, the sum allotted to the Post Office as its share of the total revenue from the sale of postage and unified stamps for that year was less than the sum that would have been due [illegible] if there had been a correct computation of the share of the Tele[illegible] Department.

Charges.

50. With regard to the small increase in charges, it should be explained that whereas the figure for 1908-09 includes a sum of Rs. 11,62,258 on account of grain compensation allowance and the "Fiftieth Anniversary Bonus," the figure for 1909-10 includes only Rs. 6,91,653 on the same account. If these special

items of expenditure are left out of consideration, the ordinary charges for 1909-10 exceed those for 1908-09 by Rs. 8,03,716 as compared with Rs. 13,03,503 representing the excess of the ordinary charges for 1908-09 over 1907-08. This result has been obtained only by very careful attention and by avoiding all expenditure that was not urgently necessary.

I am glad to be able to say that the Stationery and Printing bill of the Department was substantially smaller for 1909-10 than for 1908-09, though this is not apparent from a comparison of the figures in Appendix XII to the reports for the two years. To the figure Rs. 10,77,822 shown for 1908-09 must be added not only a sum of Rs 4,590 which was subsequently adjusted but also the large sum of Rs. 1,19,000 on account of stationery supplied to the contractors which was omitted from the original statement submitted by the Superintendent of Government Printing. The real total for 1908-09 was thus Rs. 12,01,412 as compared with Rs. 10,88,928 representing the expenditure for 1909-10. Expenditure under this head continues to be very strictly watched.

Financial position of the Post Office.

51. Appendix XII shows also under a distinct head (II) certain charges which appear in the Finance and Revenue Accounts but not in the Post Office Accounts. These charges are reproduced in the margin and, if their total be added to those given in the table in the preceding paragraph, the total charges of the year amount to Rs. 2,87,92,485. It will thus be seen that there was a surplus of Rs. 1,23,839 on the year's transactions as shown in the Finance and Revenue Accounts. In order, however, to arrive at the true financial result of the year's administration, it is necessary to add to the charges a further sum of Rs. 12,67,765 representing the net balance of the items shown in the margin. The result is that the charges exceeded the receipts by Rs. 11,43,926. After taking credit for the sum of Rs 2,65,111 representing the net expenditure during the year on account of unremunerative establishments formerly paid from District Post Funds, the deficit is reduced to Rs. 8,78,815. This figure, however, does not take into account the services rendered by the Department to a large number of Native States in carrying their official correspondence free of charge in accordance with the arrangements under which their postal systems have been amalgamated with the Indian

	R
Stores from England	11,085
Payments under postal arrangements with Lords of the Treasury ...	8,18,820
Total ...	8,29,905

	Details.	Total.
	R	R
Add to charges—Railway free service estimated ...	9,605	
Rent of Government buildings...	5,72,382	
Gratuities	7,014	
Leave allowances paid out of India	91,314	
Pensions (being the average of five years capitalised at 10·05 years' purchase)	11,70,564	
		18,52,080
Deduct Share of marine subsidies which should strictly have been borne by the Military, Political, and other Departments	5,78,124	
Postage on unpaid official correspondence sent from India to the United Kingdom (formerly collected and brought to account)	[illegible]	[illegible],84,315
Net amount to be added ...		12,67,7[illegible]

Post Office. The total value of these services for the year 1909-10 has been estimated at Rs. 2,26,610 so that the final deficit was Rs. 6,52,205 as compared with Rs. 16,26,984 in 1908-09.

This deficit, it may be noted, is approximately equal to the sum representing the estimated cost of managing the Post Office Savings Bank (*vide* paragraph 29) for which no credit is allowed to this Department. In spite, therefore, of the enormous reduction in rates which unfortunately coincided with two bad years, the Post Office has shown a real deficit for only one year. There is every reason to hope that for the year 1910-11 it will show a moderate surplus which will continue to grow thereafter.

52. The following figures show the financial result of the amalgamation of the posts in the Kashmir and Jammu State with the Imperial Post Office. Financial result of working the posts in Kashmir.

The amalgamation took place in November, 1894, and, except in 1905-06, when there was a small surplus, the working of the Kashmir post offices has always resulted in a loss, owing to the very expensive lines which have to be maintained to serve Gilgit and Leh. The total revenue in 1909-10 was Rs. 1,78,800 as compared with Rs. 1,88,891 in 1908-09, and Rs. 1,60,307 in 1907-08. The expenditure during 1909-10 was Rs. 2,29,627 against Rs. 2,21,577 in 1908-09 and Rs. 2,14,483 in 1907-08, the actual deficit during the year being Rs. 50,828. The decrease in revenue was due mainly to the reduced sale of service stamps to the Durbar, as the purchases in 1908-09 had been above the actual requirements. The increase in expenditure was chiefly due to necessary revision of establishment.

Section IX.—Personal Matters.

53. During the year under report, Mr. W. T. van Someren, C.I.E., officiating Postmaster-General, Bombay, retired after a long and meritorious service. Mr. van Someren's success in organising the Indian Field Post Office had earned for him the well deserved honour of a Companionship in the Order of the Indian Empire, and the excellent work done by him in this important branch will long be remembered. Personal matters

Soon after the year closed, the Department suffered a serious loss in the retirement of Mr. W. F. Cockell, Deputy Director General, than whom the Post Office has probably never had a more zealous, careful and generally useful officer. With him I have lost a very highly valued adviser.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of the Post Office of India.

SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL STEAMER SERVICES, 1909-10.

By the British India Steam Navigation Company.

(1) Direct communication three times a week between Calcutta and Rangoon.	Under contract with the Post Office from 1st May, 1904, on an annual subsidy of R 10,00,000.
(2) Weekly communication between Chittagong, Akyab, Kyaukpyu, Sandoway (during fair season only) and Rangoon.	
(3) Weekly direct communication between Madras and Rangoon.	
(4) Communication three times a week between Rangoon and Moulmein	
(5) Weekly communication between Rangoon, Tavoy and Mergui.	
(6) Fortnightly communication between Moulmein, Yeh, Palaw, Tavoy, Mergui and Bokpyin.	
(7) Weekly direct communication between Bombay and Karachi.	
(8) Weekly communication between Bombay and Karachi *viâ* the Coast ports.	
(9) Weekly communication between Karachi and Busrah *viâ* the Persian Gulf ports.	
(10) Weekly communication between Karachi and Busrah *viâ* the *principal* Persian Gulf ports	
(11) Daily communication between Tuticorin and Colombo.	
(12) Fortnightly service from Negapatam to the Straits.	
(13) Additional services between any of the ports served by the above-mentioned lines and between any of the ports on the Coromandel Coast and Rangoon.	
(14) Direct weekly communication between Rangoon and Penang.	Under contract with the Post Office from 1st July, 1908, on an annual subsidy of R 70,000.

By the Asiatic Steam Navigation Company.

(15) Six-weekly communication between Calcutta and Port Blair, with extensions to Madras and Rangoon.	The consideration is not in the form of a subsidy, but of guaranteed rates for the transport of Government stores; the contract is for five years, from 1st July, 1909, and is terminable after the five years by a notice of six months.

By the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, Limited.

(16) Communication three times a week between Rangoon and Bassein.	Under contract with the Burma Government for a period of five years from 1st November, 1908 The annual subsidy is R 1,41,000, of which R 41,236 is paid by the Post Office.
(17) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Bassein and Myaungmya.	
(18) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Prome and Thayetmyo and Minbu.	
(19) Communication twice a week between Thayetmyo and Pakokku.	
(20) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Magwe and Sale.	
(21) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Sale and Pakokku.	
(22) Daily communication (Fridays excepted) between Myingyan and Pakokku.	
(23) Weekly communication between Pakokku and Kindat.	
(24) Weekly communication (provided the depth of the water permits) between Kindat and Homalin.	

By the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, Limited—contd.

(25) Communication six times a week between Katha and Bhamo.	Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until twelve months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is R 18,000, of which R 4,666 is paid by the Post Office.
(26) Weekly communication between Moulmein and Kya-in.	Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The subsidy R 100 per mensem is paid by the Burma Government.
(27) Daily communication between Rangoon, Pyapon, Maubin and Yandoon.	Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is R 4,800, of which R 960 is paid by the Post Office.
(28) Communication three times a week between Moulmein, Shwegun and Kammaung.	Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is R 6,000, of which R 1,200 is paid by the Post Office.
(29) Communication three times a week between Moulmein and Kyondo. (30) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Moulmein and Natmaw. (31) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Moulmein and Kado.	Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party, the subsidy, which is paid by the Burma Government, being R 260 per mensem.
(32) Daily communication between Rangoon and Kyauktan.	Under contract with the Post Office to continue in force until two months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is R 1,500, of which R 1,200 is paid by the Burma Government.
(33) Daily communication between Wakema and Myaungmya. (34) Daily communication between Myaungmya and Moulmeingyun. (35) Daily communication between Wakema and Moulmeingyun. (36) Daily communication between Wakema and Kyonmague.	Under contract with the Post Office to continue in force until two months' notice is given by either party, the monthly subsidy being R 280.

By the Arracan Company, Limited.

(37) Communication three times a week between Akyab and Buthidaung. (38) Communication thrice a week between Akyab and Paletwa. (39) Communication once a week between Akyab and Kyauktaw. (40) Communication once a week between Akyab and Myaungbwe. (41) Weekly communication between Akyab and Sakanmaw *viâ* Myebon and Kyaukpyu. (42) Weekly communication between Akyab and Sandoway *viâ* Kyaukpyu. (43) Weekly communication (during fair season only) between Sandoway and Gwa.	Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April, 1905. Subsidy R 70,750 a year paid by the Burma Government.
(44) Weekly communication between Akyab and Kyaukpyu.	Under contract with the Burma Government from 18th June, 1909, to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. Subsidy R 11,000 a year is paid by the Burma Government.

By the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.

(45) Weekly communication on the river Tigris between Busrah and Bagdad.	Under contract for ten years, from the 1st May, 1904, with His Majesty's Secretary of State for India. Subsidy R 24,000 per annum: steamers to run in connection with line No. (10).

By Messrs. Apcar & Co., Calcutta, and Jardine, Matheson & Co., Hong-Kong.

(46) Communication at irregular intervals between Calcutta and the Straits Settlements and Hong-Kong, the dates of departure being regulated mainly with reference to the Calcutta opium sales.	The consideration is not in the form of a money subsidy but of a guarantee of certain concessions constituting just as effective a subsidy as a money payment.

By the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.

(47) Fortnightly communication between Calcutta and Colombo, touching occasionally at Madras. (48) Fortnightly communication between Bombay and Colombo.	Non-contract lines maintained by the company in connection with the China and Australian mail services. Under Article 20 of the contract between the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company and His Majesty's Postmaster-General relating to the conveyance of the East India, China, and Australia mails, mails sent by these non-contract steamers are conveyed without any payment other than the subsidy specified in that contract.

By other Agencies.

(49) By the Bombay Steam Navigation Company.—Daily communication between Bombay and Goa.	Under contract with the Post Office from 1st October, 1909, to 31st May, 1910. The monthly subsidy paid by the Post Office is ₹ 3,000, towards which the Goa Government contributes ₹ 200.
(50) By M. G. Bwin and Brothers.—Weekly communication between Kyaukpyu and Cheduba, Kyaukpyu and Ramree, Sandoway and Singaing Sandoway, Taungup and Kyaukpyu.	Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April, 1905. Subsidy ₹ 23,200 a year.
(51) By Messrs. Cowasjee, Dinshaw and Brothers.—Weekly communication between Aden, Berbera and Zeyla.	Under contract with the Government of the Somaliland Protectorate for twelve months, from 1st April, 1909, to 31st March, 1910. The monthly subsidy is ₹ 1,050, of which sum ₹ 300 is at the sole charge of the Protectorate Government, and the balance, *viz.*, ₹ 750, is paid in equal shares by the Protectorate Government and the Indian Post Office.
(52) By the Retriever Flotilla Company.—Communication four times a week between Chittagong and Cox's Bazar.	Under contract with the Post Office from 1st June, 1908, to 31st May, 1913. Subsidy ₹ 5,700 a year.

APPENDICES.

nent showing, according to postal circles, (1) the number of post offices, letter-boxes and village postmen, and (2) the distances over which mails were conveyed by railway, mail carts, runners and steamers at the close of the year 1909-10 and of the preceding year.

Names of postal circles.	Post offices, letter-boxes and village postmen.						Distance over which mails were conveyed by													
	Existing on the 31st March 1909.			Existing on the 31st March 1910.			Railways. Under local control.		Railways. Under Director-General, Railway Mail Service and Staff.		Railways. Total.		Mail carts, horses, camels, etc.		Runners and boats.		Steamer services—sea and river.		Total.	
	Post Offices.	Letter-boxes.	Village Postmen.	Post Offices.	Letter-boxes.	Village Postmen.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1909-10.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
. . . . .	2,522	7,583	376	2,591	8,189	372	...	...	3,824	3,919	3,824	3,919	95	79	14,169	14,247	2,196	2,197	20,284	20,442
. . . . .	2,883	9,143	1,318	2,917	9,398	1,333	12	65	4,170	4,171	4,202	4,236	*1,238	1,258	14,054	14,260	6,589	6,589	*26,083	26,343
. . . . .	3,572	8,000	1,735	3,595	8,292	1,781	...		*6,778	6,597	*6,778	6,597	1,344	1,317	16,735	16,861	2,077	2,077	*26,924	26,762
Provinces	2,176	6,040	1,760	2,179	6,455	1,861	..	..	4,654	4,727	4,654	4,727	844	748	10,740	10,178	..	...	16,238	15,653
nd North-West Frontier . .	3,254	5,396	1,609	3,259	5,741	1,610	...	...	4,390	4,390	4,390	4,390	3,914	3,988	13,654	13,831	...	..	21,868	22,109
Bengal and Assam . . .	1,891	4,037	479	1,954	4,133	[illegible]	20	20	1,954	1,955	.	1,975	111	111	10,850	10,790	246	246	12,781	13,122
. . . . .	427	1,795	319	*429	1,883	318	1,573	1,573	...	..	1,573	1,573	649	658	2,454	2,331	7,975	8,065	12,651	12,637
. . . . .	1,674	1,383	713	1,722	1,454	747	...	...	4,623	5,113	4,623	5,113	1,327	1,407	13,643	13,173	...	...	19,593	19,693
Mail Service	...	194	..	...	208	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
TOTAL .	18,399	43,577	8,299	18,642	45,753	8,378	1,605	1,658	*29,913	30,682	*31,518	3[illegible]	*9,522	9,576	96,299	95,671	19,083	19,174	*156,422	156,761
Increase or decrease .	...	...	...	[illegible]	+2,176	−79	...	+53	...	+769	...	+822	...	+54	...	−628	...	+91	...	+339

* Revised figure.

er of post offices and letter-boxes (including the letter-boxes at post offices) in relation to area and population and number of postal articles (excluding money orders) in relation to population.

Names of postal circles.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Literate population.	One post office serves— Square miles.	One post office serves— Population.	One post office serves— Literate population.	One letter-box serves— Square miles.	One letter-box serves— Population.	One letter-box serves— Literate population.	Total number of postal articles (excluding money orders).	Number of postal articles per head of Population.	Number of postal articles per head of Literate population.
. . . . .	154,359	55,397,871	2,515,578	60	21,[illegible]	671	14	5,115	232	160,016,492	[illegible]	63·61
. . . . .	293,125	27,477,010	1,798,019	70	9,420	616	16	2,228	146	*184,935,614	6·73	[illegible]
. . . . .	182,111	47,170,491	3,185,091	51	13,121	885	15	3,954	267	163,198,608	3·46	51·21
rovinces	161,885	54,469,274	1,589,976	74	24,697	730	19	6,280	183	102,533,562	1·88	64·49
nd North-West Frontier	295,160	30,503,865	1,019,552	91	9,360	322	33	3,375	116	134,951,791	4·42	128·58
Bengal and Assam	106,540	31,000,000	2,672,632	55	15,865	1,365	17	5,081	438	76,269,412	2·46	28·54
. . . . .	236,738	10,490,624	2,223,962	556	24,626	5,221	103	4,543	963	36,563,460	3·49	16·44
. . . . .	282,614	25,097,477	885,704	164	15,155	514	89	8,199	278	60,609,341	2·32	68·43
Total (1909-10) .	1,622,533	282,606,612	15,922,134	87	15,160	854	25	4,389	247	919,078,280	3·25	57·72
Total (1908-09) .	1,622,533	282,606,612	15,922,134	88	15,360	865	25	4,560	257	874,677,098	3·10	54·93

* Excluding figures of the Indian post offices at Bagdad, Busrah, and places in the Persian Gulf.

Appendix II.

Statement showing, according to postal circles, (1) the estimated number of letters, postcards newspapers and packets given out for delivery, and (2) the actual number of parcels posted during the year 1909-10.*

Classes of postal articles.	Bengal.	Bombay.	Madras.	United Provinces	Punjab and North-West Frontier	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Burma.	Central Circle.	Total. 1909-10.	Total. 1908-09.
Letters, Paid	50,341,674	66,450,231	[illegible]	35,[illegible]	45,024,027	24,878,270	21,963,446	22,081,822	322,476,957	322,772,136
" Unpaid	97,655,158	2,230,581	3,530,521	7,454,771	[illegible]	4,411,555	4,607,786	3,325,521	42,225,595	38,[illegible]
" Registered	3,080,753	2,4[illegible]	4,530,[illegible]	2,295,729	2,738,743	1,200,948	741,810	1,118,803	17,[illegible],542	16,672,496
" Insured	159,835	104,833	186,175	65,205	[illegible]	57,800	34,351	50,[illegible]	711,255	583,295
" Value-payable	315,559	195,017	243,419	230,810	233,[illegible]79	195,145	92,[illegible]	191,051	1,773,821	1,452,856
" Service privileged	446,265	[illegible]	2,702,721	.....	602,875	...	.....	144,227	3,903,702	4,622,508
Total Letters.	73,[illegible],343	73,443,574	75,253,075	4[illegible]	[illegible],253,925	30,572,818	26,530,233	2[illegible],81,842	405,710,873	384,176,484
Postcards, Single	60,199,633	89,450,680	66,157,[illegible]	4[illegible],566,73	6[illegible],019,240	34,0[illegible],8[illegible]	3,[illegible],745	26,[illegible],755	384,850,655	356,489,983
" Reply	4,323,321	2,909,987	2,445,977	[illegible],729	[illegible],561,918	1,147,039	[illegible],640	1,[illegible],153	1[illegible],744	17,256,261
Total Letters and Postcards	[illegible],794	155,[illegible],241	1[illegible],857,[illegible]	9[illegible],304,5[illegible]	119,8[illegible]	65,8[illegible],635	29,7[illegible]18	54,256,750	809,3[illegible],372	757,922,728
Registered newspapers	10,174,531	9,550,464	7,[illegible],901	4,726,[illegible]	7,[illegible],6[illegible]	5,756,506	2,6[illegible],765	[illegible],257,854	51,295,989	50,107,799
Book and pattern packets: Unregistered	9,427,272	7,751,024	8,574,476	5,244,[illegible]	6,[illegible]8,[illegible]86	[illegible],470,783	3,565,815	2,344,639	46,250,[illegible]	45,850,875
Book and pattern packets: Registered	216,967	175,852	254,331	123,[illegible]6	161,470	146,[illegible]63	64,579	117,295	1,252,823	1,044,944
Book packets: Value-payable, registered	146,478	33,815	115,705	5,212	25,123	[illegible],135	44,139	118,356	737,[illegible]	321,043
Book packets: " unregistered	673,[illegible]7	559,910	71,443	[illegible]51	[illegible]3,343	948,318	126,[illegible]	208,008	4,156,[illegible]	2,667,624
TOTAL ARTICLES OF THE LETTER MAIL	158,261,75[illegible]	184,[illegible]	162,237,[illegible]	01,870,356	134,102,407	75,[illegible]	36,210,[illegible]	[illegible],297,[illegible]	[illegible]	869,115,013
Parcels (registered): Ordinary	539,793	452,[illegible]	[illegible],066	2[illegible],58	477,[illegible]3	155,938	205,021	[illegible],287	2,587,178	2,488,985
Parcels (registered): Insured	95,120	1[illegible],361	73,174	33,[illegible]99	48,912	[illegible],713	[illegible],121	33,[illegible]7	510,430	500,474
Parcels (registered): Value-payable	442,480	208,191	212,250	119,444	[illegible]	[illegible],497	86,617	[illegible]	1,199,534	1,091,162
Parcels (unregistered): Ordinary	82,533	158,757	114,740	66,3[illegible]0	57,[illegible]79	34,952	[illegible]53	24,259	544,679	520,171
Parcels (unregistered): Value-payable	604,881	274,184	2[illegible],405	157,44[illegible]	150,151	111,703	24,725	5,015	1,570,414	1,540,027
TOTAL PARCELS	1,754,733	1,279,535	9[illegible],583	6[illegible]	843,3[illegible]	33[illegible],712	352,[illegible]	211,483	6,412,232	6,140,819
Grand Total	160,015,49[illegible]	185,281,451	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible],751,791	[illegible]	[illegible],563,461	60,6[illegible],341	9[illegible],524,127	875,255,832
Deduct—Number of articles deposited as dead	543,094	473,817	4[illegible],143	7[illegible],662	337,[illegible]8	104,833	115,974	191,006	2,953,653	2,594,764
Total numbers delivered	159,473,098	184,[illegible],644	152,[illegible],459	101,821,900	134,613,873	7[illegible],164,579	35,447,455	60,417,435	916,560,474	872,661,068

*Computed from the actual figures of [illegible] days of the year.

Appendix III.

Statement showing the number of articles dealt with by the several Dead Letter Offices during the year 1909-10.

Names of Dead Letter Offices.	Received for disposal.*						
	Unregistered letters and postcards.	Registered Newspapers.	Unregistered packets.	Registered letters, post-cards, and packets.	Parcels.	Total.	Total for 1908-09.
ombay	1,388,882	37,531	67,076	22,655	14,065	1,530,209	1,572,696
lcutta	1,422 476	89,462	175,282	21,703	26,889	1,735,812	2,036,819
cca	450,788	1,514	45,702	7,724	4,306	510,034	474,263
hore	1,114,274	23,524	35,157	10,215	6,326	1,189,496	1,085,663
cknow	1,503,666	21,389	32,835	11,440	6,804	1,576,134	1,543,222
dras	1,105,377	36,636	76,622	49,488	20,393	1,288,516	1,233,950
gpur	582,206	4,451	7,795	5,092	1,320	600,864	†571,652
goon	755,639	7,283	9,769	7,979	4,013	784,683	681,368
Total (*a*)	8,323,308	221,790	450,238	136,296	84,116	9,215,748	9,199,633
Issued for delivery to addressees	2,615,857	66,704	121,776	11,949	13,779	2,830,065	3,069,415
Percentage on total at (*a*)	31·43	30·07	27·05	8·77	16·38	30·71	33·37
ssued for delivery to senders	3,410.135	143,689	292,111	113,864	66,443	4,026,242	4,091,310
Percentage on total at (*a*)	40·97	64·79	64·88	83·54	78·99	43·69	44·47
Total of (1) and (2)	6,025,992	210,393	413,887	125,813	80,222	6,856,307	7,160,725
ntage on total at (*a*)	72·40	94·86	91·93	92·31	95·37	74·40	77·84
ctually delivered to addressees or senders	5,431,627	210,006	411,771	119,844	78,847	6,252,095	6,604,869
Percentage of (4) on (3)	90·14	32	99·49	95·26	98·29	91·19	92·24
eturned as undeliverable	591 365	387	2,116	5,969	1,375	604,212	555,856
ercentage of (5) on (3)	9·86	·18	·51	4·74	1·71	8·81	7·76
eposited originally as dead	2,297,316	11,397	36,351	10,483	3,894	2,359,441	2,038,908
ercentage of (6) on (*a*)	27 60	5·14	8·07	7·69	4·63	25·60	22·16
otal deposited as dead	2,891,681	11,784	38,467	16,452	5,269	2,963,653	2,594,764
ercentage of (7) on (*a*)	34·74	5·31	8·54	12·07	6·26	32·16	[illegible]

* The figures represent the total number of articles of each kind received in each Dead Letter Office from post offices and other [illegible] Dead Letter [illegible] after deducting articles transferred to other Dead Letter Offices.

† Includes figure shewn against 'Ajmer' in last year's report.

	10-rupee Stamps.	15-rupee Stamps.	25-rupee Stamps.	½-anna* Booklets.	1-anna* Booklets.	*½ and 1-anna combined Booklets.	Postal Service Stamps. Total of all kinds.	Gross value.
90,107	5,860	3,367	.....	10,718,304	4,189,206	2,892,336	592,405	.....
,50,985	58,600	50,503	.....	3,74,947	2,61,831	1,20,514	3,41,675	2,64,13,047
1'71	'22	'19	.....	1'27	'99	'45	1'39	100
13,137	127,617	62,472	7,895	15,951,808	7,112,784	4,301,784	177,978	.....
15,685	1,27,670	9 37,080	1,97,375	4,98,492	4,44,549	1,79,241	98,488	3,08,91,847
4'04	4'84	3'55	'75	1'89	1'69	'68	'37	116'95

tement

y denomination issued from the Treasury during the year 1909-10, and the preceding year.

Postage Stamps.

NAMES	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8-anna Stamps.	12-anna Stamps.	1-rupee Stamps.	2-rupee Stamps.	3-rupee Stamps.
y											
a	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	640,716	[illegible],280,861	173,970	60,
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible],565,060	22,80,861	3,47,740	1,82,
w	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1·81	8·61	1·32	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,037,234	776,458	2,132,782	436,408	70,8
n.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15,18,617	5,82,344	21,32,782	8,72,816	2,12
	[illegible]	[illegible]	1·04	2·55	[illegible]	8·00	5·75	2·06	8·08	3·31	

[illegible] in the table above. The total value was R [illegible] in 1908-09 and R [illegible] in 1909-10.

		R
ced for	...	3,08,01,847
centag	...	1,80,42,458
	Difference ...	1,28,49,389
ed for	...	1,03,94,532
	count adjustments ...	24,54,857
centag		1,28,49,389
al of (1		

ge on postage stamps.

	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1-rupee Stamps.	2-rupee Stamps.	5-rupee Stamps.	10-rupee Stamps.
ally d								
centag	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	650,0[illegible]	331,530	585	160	15
	[illegible]	4,81,[illegible]	[illegible]	3,25,339	3,31,530	1,170	845	[illegible]
rned	11·81	11·14	[illegible]	7·52	7·67	·03	·02	·01
centag	[illegible]	2,00[illegible],638	35[illegible],485	681,514	370,137	21,327	3,667	1,068
		5,00,167	1,32,182	3,40,77[illegible]	[illegible],16,137	42,654	18,535	10,680
osited	[illegible]							
	[illegible]	11·57	[illegible]·03	7·88	7·31	·90	·42	·25
centag								

		Rs
	...	46,20,857
al dep	...	46,08,522
	Difference ...	12,335
centa	nents ...	12,335

* Th
after d
† In

Appendix V(a).

Statement showing the money order business in the last ten years.

Year.	Inland Orders.				Foreign (including Native State) Orders				Grand Total.			
	Number.	Amount.	Increase per cent on Number.	Increase per cent on Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Increase per cent. on Number.	Increase per cent. on Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Increase per cent. on Number.	Increase per cent on Amount.
		R				R				R		
1900-01 . .	12,922,465	26,2[illegible]976	+3·34	+2·52	4[illegible]8,248	2,1[illegible]08,117	+11·36	+13·81	13,420,713	28,45,28,093	+3·61	+3·29
1901-02 . .	13,581,928	26,84,51,162	+5·10	+2·18	525,290	2,41,60,707	+5·43	+10·51	14,107,218	29,25,51,869	+5·12	+2·82
1902-03 . .	15,311,055	27,82,17,678	+12·74	+3·64	556,609	2,48,09,679	+5·96	+2·94	15,868,564	30,30,27,357	+12·48	+3·58
1903-04 . .	16,479,115	29,43,59,136	+7·56	+5·80	596,478	2,67,74,506	+7·16	+7·92	17,066,593	32,11,33,642	+7·55	+5·98
1904-05 . .	17,657,917	31,04,28,794	+7·21	+5·46	642,611	2,88,05,118	+7·73	+7·58	18,300,528	33,92,33,912	+7·23	+5·64
1905-06 . .	19,622,437	33,14,36,803	+11·13	+6·77	673,981	3,11,97,172	+4·88	+8·30	20,296,418	36,26,33,975	+10·91	+6·90
1906-07 . .	20,923,383	35,25,97,091	+6·63	+6·38	697,430	3,45,80,384	+3·48	+10·84	21,620,813	38,71,77,475	+6·52	+6·77
1907-08 . .	22,109,666	37,97,08,358	+5·67	+7·69	737,016	3,82,49,203	+5·68	+10·61	22,846,682	41,79,57,561	+5·67	+7·95
1908-09 . .	23,132,115	39,19,26,114	+4·62	+3·22	745,522	3,58,68,601	+1·15	—6·22	23,877,637	42,77,94,715	+4·51	+2·35
1909-10 . .	23,888,149	39,96,74,848	+3·27	+1·98	781,012	3,60,53,890	+4·76	+·52	24,669,161	43,57,28,738	+3·31	+1·85

Statement showing for the year 1909-10 inland (ordinary and telegraphic) money order transactions according to postal circles.

Names of Circles.	Ordinary Orders.				Telegraphic Orders.				Total.				Commission.
	Issues.		Payments.		Issues.		Payments.		Issues.		Payments.		
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
		R		R		R		R		R		R	R
Bengal	5,463,880	7,28,02,145	6,499,910	8,96,63,587	32,361	26,84,119	46,388	37,92,638	5,496,241	7,54,86,264	6,546,298	9,34,56,225	9,18,37[illegible]
United Provinces	3,194,366	4,54,91,710	4,386,563	6,69,09,340	14,997	10,30,061	40,694	25,57,701	3,209,363	4,65,21,771	4,427,257	6,94,67,041	5,66,425
Madras	3,399,486	4,85,44,835	3,573,221	5,34,70,343	49,343	40,48,427	104,265	74,96,489	3,448,829	5,25,93,262	3,677,486	6,09,66,832	6,28,380
Bombay	2,549,722	4,59,47,932	3,189,646	4,95,68,961	24,567	20,46,408	31,577	26,87,350	2,574,289	4,79,94,340	3,221,223	5,22,56,311	5,14,041
Punjab and N.-W. Frontier	2,316,820	3,57,78,619	2,262,445	4,25,30,201	16,675	1,271,337	20,231	18,25,527	2,333,495	3,70,49,956	2,282,676	4,43,55,728	4,56,717
Burma	1,476,518	3,68,6[illegible]	565,834	1,56,07,709	151,938	1,34,09,134	44,783	62,99,753	1,628,456	5,02,73,005	610,622	2,19,07,462	5,42,515
Eastern Bengal and Assam	3,558,743	5,56,50,313	2,058,000	3,35,79,230	28,763	28,62,305	37,128	32,45,516	3,587,506	5,85,12,618	2,095,128	3,68,24,746	6,61,113
Central	1,595,251	3,01,09,876	875,757	2,15,05,793	14,719	11,33,756	12,083	10,03,306	1,609,970	3,12,43,632	887,840	2,25,09,099	3,44,009
Total	23,554,786	37,11,89,301	23,411,376	37,28,35,164	333,363	2,84,85,547	337,154	2,89,08,280	23,888,149	39,96,74,848	23,748,530	40,17,43,444	46,31,570
Total for 1908-09	22,827,276	36,40,53,996	22,641,163	36,29,59,734	304,839	2,78,72,118	317,504	2,91,11,958	23,132,115	39,19,26,114	22,958,667	39,20,71,692	45,29,148
Increase +, or decrease —	+ 727,510	+ 71,35,305	+ 770,213	+ 98,75,430	+ 28,524	+ 6,13,429	+ 19,650	— 2,03,678	+ 756,034	+ 77,48,734	+ 789,863	+ 96,71,752	+ 1,02,422

		R	A.		R	A.				R	A.		R			
British East Africa	227	17,936	4	39	14,704	11			14,279	10,10,451	6	13,793	9,47,303	10		
Ceylon	11,414	4,48,611	14	12,638	4,73,846	4			173,041	48,26,204	15	196,229	55,41,549	13		
Federated Malay States	721	27,922	13	631	29,395	4			34,270	21,85,211	11	35,661	23,32,066	15		
German East Africa	72	1,251	10	24	4,465	7			4,581	9,15,392	8	4,820	7,61,849	2		
Hong Kong	1,620	1,39,852	2	1,629	1,51,463	8			4,608	2,35,423	15	5,797	2,93,293	0		
Mauritius	276	17,667	0	372	22,400	8			1,464	77,587	7	1,356	58,832	11		
North Borneo	4	303	2	3	38	15			266	21,344	12	242	20,130	6		
Portuguese Settlements (India)	19,002	7,53[illegible]	[illegible]3	17,991	7,15,625	12			5,047	1,01,943	8	5,407	1,11,614	9		
Sarawak	2	11	[illegible]	3	98	1			463	27,306	15	559	31,026	10		
Seychelles	28	907	7	32	2,328	7			975	2,16,037	12	873	1,70,404	2		
Somaliland (Br. Protectorate)	162	16,492	5	188	18,494	0			1,595	52,360	7	2,168	75,684	14		
Straits Settlements	1,249	72,693	3	1,232	61,448	8			38,520	21,58,329	15	36,507	19,91,563	0		
Zanzibar (Br. Protectorate)	161	28,800	10	193	32,282	6			7,305	14,41,735	10	5,595	4,03,160	8		
TOTAL (B)	34,938	15,25,833	1	35,175	15,26,591	11	+·68	[illegible]	286,414	1,32,69,330	13	309,007	1,27,38,479	4	+7·89	−4·00
	C.—NATIVE STATE RUPEE ORDERS.								C.—NATIVE STATE RUPEE ORDERS.							
		R	A.		R	A.				R	A.		R	A.		
Chamba	1,021	26,527	9	1,051	28,437	4			3,612	1,01,670	8	4,294	96,417	9		
Gwalior	35,814	7,66,600	14	37,951	8,17,218	10			75,754	15,81,711	4	83,750	16,83,619	6		
Jhind	9,059	1,88,975	12	8,729	1,96,933	6			9,281	2,27,198	14	9,700	2,19,022	5		
Nabha	6,973	2,31,101	8	6,851	2,40,990	5			7,325	1,95,630	3	7,758	1,71,556	15		
Patiala	31,898	8,91,717	11	32,549	8,69,549	9			47,695	8,56,375	9	45,776	8,09,663	10		
TOTAL (C)	84,765	21,05,023	6	87,131	21,53,129	2	+2·79	+2·30	1,43,667	29,62,586	6	151,278	29,80,279	13	+5·29	+·60
GRAND TOTAL, BEING TOTALS OF (A), (B), AND (C)	247,342	1,09,17,041	2	250,479	1,05,82,177	13	+1·27	−3·07	4,98,180	2,49,51,560	2	530,533	2,54,71,712	14	+6·49	+2·08

Appendix V (c).

Statement showing money order transactions with the United Kingdom, British possessions, and foreign countries and with the Native States of India during the year 1909-10 and the preceding year.

Names of Foreign Countries and Native States with which direct exchanges exist.	Orders issued by India.						Orders paid in India.					
	1908-09.		1909-10.		Increase + or decrease — per cent. on number.	Increase + or decrease — per cent. on amount.	1908-09.		1909-10.		Increase + or decrease — per cent. on number.	Increase + or decrease — per cent. on amount.
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.			Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.		
	A.—Foreign Sterling Orders.						A.—Foreign Sterling Orders.					
		£ s. d.		£ s. d.				£ s. d.		£ s. d.		
United Kingdom	107,168	411,415 2 9	107,127	387,328 3 1			32,612	218,775 6 2	35,320	273,794 8 1		
Austria	896	4,274 16 11	1,025	4,606 7 4			278	1,144 9 4	284	841 12 4		
British Guiana	27	258 2 7	28	101 4 8			907	1,794 10 2	792	1,859 15 4		
British Central Africa	10	65 8 7	7	6 14 9			915	9,621 9 11	535	4,475 18 2		
Cape Colony	128	624 4 7	99	429 1 11			3,931	49,246 11 1	3,662	45,620 9 2		
Denmark	8	543 13 0	242	539 17 8			119	1,090 14 0	77	682 11 7		
Egypt	1,162	6,735 19 8	1,309	8,534 11 4			3,551	78,546 13 1	3,240	70,279 16 0		
France	9,659	23,809 3 7	9,218	19,756 14 4			1,548	8,420 3 10	1,608	8,706 1 2		
Germany	3,970	13,696 0 10	4,336	13,872 4 7			2,359	18,152 8 9	2,524	18,351 2 6		
Italy	1,472	10,672 2 0	1,527	9,936 14 8			297	2,611 17 11	1,242	34,335 3 1		
Malta	140	553 [illegible]	117	599 6 4			73	390 4 4	121	1,686 10 4		
Natal	169	1,047 10 6	205	1,076 3 1			9,298	63,182 6 8	8,153	55,347 19 8		
New South Wales	599	2,453 11 1	657	2,182 10 9			1,546	15,746 2 2	1,445	14,428 4 0		
New Zealand	223	1,081 15 10	245	947 0 9			859	3,350 13 9	865	3,111 17 8		
Queensland	117	600 16 0	109	419 7 0			646	8,632 13 11	523	8,084 1 4		
South Australia	90	358 16 6	127	463 18 9			417	2,301 2 2	378	2,073 1 5		
Switzerland	576	2,398 8 11	520	2,389 9 9			216	942 2 3	220	713 14 6		
Tasmania	124	623 19 3	130	385 17 1			133	384 12 3	121	387 5 10		
Transvaal	129	765 8 6	191	1,529 2 2			5,779	84,367 16 8	6,473	91,037 2 4		
Trinidad	2[illegible]	188 3 6	9	46 3 11			1,033	3,520 9 0	1,064	3,864 4 0		
Victoria	636	[illegible] 2	739	3,567 14 3			1,029	6,000 6 3	1,044	6,514 0 0		

ed according to postal circles.

	ITS SUBJECT TO SIX S OF WITHDRAWAL.	BALANCE.		Average number of depositors per bank.	Average balance in each bank.	Average balance at credit of each depositor.	CLASSIFICATION OF DEPOSITORS.							TOTAL.
							CLASS I.—PROFESSIONAL.							
	By transfer to deposits at call.	At call.	Subject to six months' notice of withdrawal.				A.—Having fixed income.	B.—Having variable income.	Class II—Domestic.	Class III.—Commercial.	Class IV.—Agricultural.	Class V.—Industrial.	Class VI.—Indefinite.	
p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
0	73,317 15 3	2,91,03,730 7 11	4,48,107 10 3	181·19	18,063·47	99·69	81,327	17,927	33,769	12,961	7,018	7,897	1,35,526	2,96,425
4	1,77,580 13 2	4,30,52,637 9 3	11,43,329 15 9	216·25	33,532·60	155·07	67,706	15,572	34,440	13,387	4,616	12,845	136,447	285,013
4	5,964 2 0	47,89,853 10 8	48,505 6 7	235·69	18,396·80	78·25	11,183	2,402	23,460	2,024	404	4,854	17,504	61,831
5	35,313 4 0	85,97,262 14 6	2,34,425 5 0	105·55	13,608·15	128·92	19,773	3,710	13,588	1,637	507	2,748	26,452	68,505
2	31,350 14 8	1,81,52,354 6 1	2,26,560 11 0	151·97	18,754·11	123·41	34,269	13,582	19,033	4,427	2,556	4,057	71,004	148,928
8	77,287 11 6	1,17,07,672 14 8	3,55,158 12 6	112·04	6,705·29	59·85	57,531	15,667	26,195	11,887	8,606	9,974	71,691	201,551
1	55,060 6 11	2,04,69,349 3 2	2,28,691 [illegible] 11	184·09	24,669·93	134·01	38,383	11,927	41,595	5,309	2,317	5,614	49,307	154,452
	35,943 10 4	1,97,63,320 3 4	3,50,818 1 0	126·43	15,677·43	123·99	39,153	11,453	41,796	5,415	4,633	4,239	55,522	162,211
21	4,91,818 13 10	15,56,36,181 5 7	30,35,604 9 0	157·28	18,018·76	115·07	3,49,325	92,240	2,33,876	57,047	30,747	52,228	563,453	1,378,916
7	9,38,124 6 [illegible]	14,91,90,118 2 7	31,51,395 9 10	155·11	17,920·42	115·53	3,39,331	86,045	2,22,925	53,785	29,262	49,110	538,174	1,318,632
	[illegible]	+64,46,063 3 0	−1,15,791 0 10	+2·17	+178·34	− ·46	+9,994	+6,195	+10,951	+3,262	+1,485	+3,118	+25,279	+60,284
5	−47·57	+4·32	−3·67	+1·39	+ ·99	− ·39	+2·94	+·72	+4·91	+6·07	+5·07	+6·38	+4·69	+4·57

Appendix VII.

Statement showing, according to postal circles, the number of cases in which servants of the Post Office were held to be guilty of offences punishable by law and the number of servants of the Post Office punished in those cases during the year 1909-1910.

Names of Postal Circles.	Ascertained cases against Post Office servants.				Total.	
	Convictions in Courts of Law.		Departmental Punishments.			
	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.
Bengal	32	33	28	31	60	64
Bombay	41	27	24	24	65	51
Madras	64	48	35	35	99	83
United Provinces	26	27	35	36	61	62
Punjab and North-West Frontier	53	39	19	18	72	57
Burma	35	32	40	42	75	74
Eastern Bengal and Assam	22	20	20	20	42	40
Central Circle	38	31	21	19	59	50
Railway Mail Service	19	17	17	22	36	39
Total for 1909-10	330	273	239	247	569	520
Total for 1908-09	321	285	232	226	553	511

NOTE.—The figures in this Appendix show the cases in which punishment was awarded during the year as it is only when a case is closed that it can be entered with certainty as having been committed by a Post Office servant. Besides the 569 cases shown above, there were 75 cases in which postal servants were charged with offences but no punishment was imposed owing to the cases not being concluded on the death or escape of the offenders.

Appendix VIII.

ment showing the Post Office staff for the year 1909-10 and the preceding year.

	Direction.		Office of Accounts.		Bengal.		Bombay.		Madras.		United Provinces.		Punjab and N.W.F.		Burma.		Central Circle.		Eastern Bengal and Assam		Railway Mail Service.		Total.	
	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.	1909.	1910.
Director-General of the Post Office	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Deputy Directors-General of the Post Office	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
Assistant Directors-General of the Post Office	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4
Accountant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Deputy Accountants-General, Post Office	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4
Assistant Accountant-General, Post Office	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4
Postmasters-General, Deputy Postmasters-General and Superintendent, Aligarh Workshop and Press	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	4	4	17	18
Superintendents, Probationary Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, and Inspectors	4	4	...	...	72	77	72	72	85	85	68	68	89	89	32	29	4	12	14	15	94	120	622	619
Postmasters, including Deputy, Assistant, Sub and Branch Postmasters	...	...	...	...	1,243	1,2[illegible]	18	8[illegible]	9[illegible]	1,0[illegible]2	946	1,[illegible]	8[illegible]	8[illegible]	362	384	588	5[illegible]	575	551	...	...	6,674	6,68[illegible]
Miscellaneous Agents, Schoolmasters, Station Masters, etc.	...	...	...	...	1,[illegible]6	1,112	[illegible]	2,112	2,615	2,[illegible]	[illegible]	1,2[illegible]	2,448	2,[illegible]	66	63	1,[illegible]3	1,[illegible]	1,027	1,087	...	...	11,91[illegible]	12,140
Clerks (English and Vernacular)	134	132	1,527	1,488	1,837	1,[illegible]	1,760	1,[illegible]	1,104	1,[illegible]1	1,[illegible]0	1,0[illegible]	1,134	1,2[illegible]	[illegible]	411	510	[illegible]	732	777	3,0[illegible]7	3,191	13,70[illegible]	14,201
Postmen and other servants	77	75	100	102	5,[illegible]9[illegible]	5,[illegible]4	4,2[illegible]2	4,[illegible]	4,138	1,270	3,[illegible]5[illegible]	3,[illegible]	2,[illegible]12	2,7[illegible]	[illegible]5	918	1,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,256	1,2[illegible]7	25,884	26,373
Village Postmen	...	...	...	...	376	372	1,218	1,[illegible]	1,735	1,[illegible]	1,760	1,[illegible]	1,069	1,010	310	318	711	747	469	456	...	...	8,299	8,575
Road Establishment, consisting of Overseers, Runners, Clerks and Booking Agents, Bantmen, Syces, Coachmen, Bearers, and others	...	...	...	...	3,[illegible]02	3,[illegible]0	2,25[illegible]	2,[illegible]	3,5[illegible]	3,[illegible]	2,387	2,397	2,9[illegible]	2,[illegible]	2[illegible]8	250	2,521	2,[illegible]	2,977	2,[illegible]	...	...	2[illegible],377	20,161
Combined Offices.																								
Signallers (whole-time)	...	...	...	...	205	185	255	193	308	198	158	111	211	135	119	116	104	123	124	33	...	...	1,582	917
Messengers and other servants	...	...	...	...	367	[illegible]	277	292	470	391	2[illegible]6	242	212	285	130	145	225	237	210	241	...	...	2,087	2,215
Total	229	219	1,636	1,511	13,[illegible]43	14,100	13,057	13,585	15,288	15,45[illegible]	11,290	11,234	12,227	12,297	2,792	2,985	7,400	7,576	8,882	8,987	4,451	4,512	91,187	92,183

Appendix IX.

Statement showing the traffic statistics of combined (post and telegraph) offices for the year 1909-10.

	Number of combined offices open on 31st March 1910.	Total cost incurred by the Post Office in working combined offices during the year and debited to the Telegraph Department.			Number of messages.			Revenue realised during the year on sent messages (Inland and Foreign).			Remarks.
					Sent, Inland and Foreign (excluding "Free messages").	Received.	Transit.				
		R	a.	p.				R	a.	p.	
] for 1909-10	2,483	11,70,489	3	6	5,783,614	5,177,478	1,088,032	32,06,255	0	0	
I for 1908-09	2,378	11,81,706	3	0	5,754,069	5,888,404	1,107,322	32,19,634	0	0	
ease (+) or decrease (—)	+105	—11,216	15	6	+29,545	—710,926	—19,290	—13,379	0	0	
entage of increase (+) or decrease (—) ...	+4·41	—·94			+·51	—12·07	—1·74	—·41			

Statement showing the operations of the scheme of Life Insurance, Endowment Assurance, and Monthly Allowances during the year 1909-10.

	Life Insurance.				Endowment Assurance.				Grand Total				Monthly Allowances.			
	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premia (including fines and medical fees)	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premia (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premia (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of subscribers.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Amount of subscriptions received.	Claims of monthly allowances met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance
		R	R a. p.	R a. p.		R	R a. p.	R a. p.		R	R a. p.	R a. p.		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
st Office	156	1,73,611	64,166 14 1	68,558 15 3	824	6,99,940	2,06,373 0 5	79,[illegible]67 9 11	980	8,73,551	2,70,539 14 6	1,18,026 9 2	...	...	24 2 2	633 8 0
legraph Department	19	30,000	29,824 12 10	29,482 8 9	68	1,36,881	58,977 13 9	30,294 11 3	87	1,66,881	88,802 10 7	59,782 4 0	...	...	...	601 0 0
ublic Works Department	23	44,000	14,164 [illegible]	2,562 6 11	119	2,10,062	96,685 14 10	30,552 9 7	142	2,54,062	1,10,849 15 8	33,115 0 6	...	...	112 8 0	77 0 0
ocal Fund	10	11,250	2,107 14 4	151 0 0	39	52,050	13,619 0 1	1,027 13 8	49	63,300	15,726 14 5	1,178 13 8	4	41 8 0	188 12 8	8,448 0 9
ther Civil Departments	199	3,25,633	89,921 2 0	35,273 14 2	659	10,89,133	4,80,746 7 6	1,45,718 2 9	858	14,14,766	5,70,667 9 6	1,80,092 0 11	...	...	2,363 3 1	726 9 1
ilitary Department	23	41,700	7,060 9 10	2,375 3 2	41	61,700	26,015 3 11	15,678 0 3	64	1,03,400	33,075 13 9	18,053 3 5	...	...	9 6 0	76 0 0
TOTAL	(a) 430	6,26,194	2,07,245 5 1	1,38,409 0 3	(b) 1,750	22,10,766	8,82,417 8 6	3,02,738 15 5	2,180	28,75,960	10,8[illegible]62 14 5	4,41,147 15 8	(c) 4	41 8 0	2,637 15 11	10,562 1 10
TOTAL FOR 1908-09	497	6,94,250	1,94,247 9 0*	1,53,954 7 5	2,168	26,22,5[illegible]5	7,99,768 5 5*	2,60,786 13 11	2,665	33,16,805	9,93,955 14 5*	4,14,741 5 4	7	91 8 7	17,097 4 1	10,443 10 3
crease	...	...	12,997 12 11	...	...	...	82,709 3 1	41,952 1 6	..	...	95,707 0 6	26,406 10 4	...	...	...	118 7 7
crease	67	68,056	...	15,545 7 2	418	3,72,789	...	...	485	4,40,845	...	...	3	50 0 7	15,293 4 2	...

* Revised figure.

	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.		Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.		Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
(a) 1909-10	419	11	(b) 1909-10	1,716	34	(c) 1909-10	4	0
1908-09	487	10	1908-09	2,120	48	1908-09	6	1

Appendix XI.

Statement showing the financial result of the administration of the Postal Insurance Fund to the end of the year 1909-10.

Life Insurance.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Receipts—		
Balance on 1st April 1909		20,67,846 12 11 *—1 8 9
Premia realised on Life Insurance Policies during 1909-10	2,07,069 7 3	
Fines realised during 1909-10	107 14 8	
Medical fees realised during 1909-10	68 0 0	
Total		2,07,245 5 11
		22,75,090 [illegible] 1
Payments—		
Life Insurance Policies paid	86,573 0 0	
Surrender values paid	44,009 4 10	
Medical fees paid	2,900 0 0	
Refunds of medical fees	...	
Refunds	566 11 5	
Cost of Postal establishment, including printing, etc.	4,360 0 0	
Total		1,38,409 0 3
		21,36,681 9 10
Interest on balance	...	73,662 12 7
Balance on 31st March 1910	...	22,10,344 [illegible]

Endowment Assurance.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Receipts—		
Balance on 1st April 1909		37,86,724 3 7 *+6 15 0
Premia realised on Endowment Assurance Policies during 1909-10	8,81,720 7 7	
Fine realised during 1909-10	236 0 11	
Medical fees realised during 1909-10	461 0 0	
Total		8,82,417 8 6
		46,69,148 11 1
Payments—		
Endowment Assurance Policies paid	2,44,965 15 10	
Surrender values paid	35,719 4 5	
Medical fees paid	5,824 0 0	
Refunds of medical fees	12 0 0	
Refunds	653 11 2	
Cost of Postal establishment, including printing, etc.	15,564 0 0	
Total		3,02,738 15 5
		43,66,409 11 8
Interest on balance	...	1,43,591 7 3
Balance on 31st March 1910	...	45,10,001 2 11

Monthly Allowances.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Receipts—		
Balance on 1st April 1909		1,00,763 13 8
Subscriptions realised during 1909-10	376 8 10	
Amount paid in lump for purchase of immediate monthly allowances	2,321 7 1	
Fines realised during 1909-10	...	
Total		2,697 15 11
		1,03,461 13 7
Payments—		
Allowances paid	10,428 1 10	
Surrender values paid	...	
Refunds of subscription	...	
Cost of Postal establishment, including printing, etc.	134 0 0	
Total		10,562 1 10
		92,899 11 9
Interest on balance	...	3,392 7 7
Balance on 31st March 1910		96,292 3 4

Appendix XII.

Statement showing the receipts and charges

Post Office Receipts.	Amount.	
	R	R
Postage realised in cash	14,79,077	
Deduct—Refund of Postage	4,903	
		14,74,1
Gross sale of Ordinary Postage and Unified stamps	3,03,3,990	
Deduct—Civil Department share	18,95,000	
Net payments made by India in respect of correspondence and parcels exchanged between it and other countries	1,59,888	
	20,54,888	
Net Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of Ordinary stamps	2,82,77,102	
Gross sale of Service Postage stamps	46,08,522	
Total Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of stamps	3,28,85,624	
Deduct—Telegraph Department share	1,03 94.532	
Net Post Office share of sale of Postage and Unified stamps		2,24,91,0
Passenger Service Receipts		17,9
Receipts on account of Money Orders		47,60,0
Receipts on account of British Postal Orders		12,1
Fees and Petty Receipts:—		
Fees for Window Delivery Tickets	20,819	
Contributions from private individuals and Native States	15,809	
Other Petty Receipts	1,36,746	
Total	1,73,374	

Post Office during the year 1909-1910.

Post Office Expenditure.		Amount.	
		R	R
I.—Postal Service.			
ONTROL	Salaries	5,52,956	
	Establishment	9,26,903	
	Other charges	7,94,141	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	10,689	
	Other Special Items	5,826	
			22,90,515
Office of Account and Audit.	Salaries	76,[illegible]2	
	Establishment	7,20,529	
	Other charges	49,9[illegible]2	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	6,274	
	Other Special Items	11,673	
			8,64,750
Residency and District Offices.	Salaries	12,78,[illegible]50	
	Establishment	1,21,40,003	
	Other charges	22,87,555	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	3,90,8[illegible]2	
	Other Special Items	1,1[illegible],684	
			1,62,09,764
Conveyance of Mails.	Subsidies	19,52,0[illegible]9	
	Road Establishment and charges	20,36,875	
	Ferry and Boat Establishment charges	37,746	
	Gratuities to Masters of ships	3,807	
	Passenger Service Establishment and charges	37,[illegible]63	
	Special Train Hire	2,56,874	
	Construction of Vans	38,922	
	Other Payments to Railways	19,75,8[illegible]	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	2,67,8[illegible]	
	Other Special Items	4,519	
			66,12,442
Stationery and Printing.	Stationery supplied by Superintendents, Government Printing	4,96,13[illegible]	
	Stationery supplied from Central stores	3,21,352	
	Stationery purchased in the country	6,429	
	Printing at Government (including Jail) Presses	1,96,925	
	Printing at Private Presses	17,438	
	Printing at Departmental Presses. — Establishment	55,147	
	Other charges	39,078	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	3[illegible]2	
	Other Special Items	[illegible]	
		11,32,892	
Deduct—Recovery from the Telegraph Department		43,964	
Total Stationery and Printing			10,88,928
Miscellaneous	Aligarh Workshop. — Salaries	7,820	
	Establishment	13,326	
	Other charges	2,531	
	Other Special Items	7	
	Cost of Postage and Unified stamps	8,5[illegible],784	
	Compensation for lost or damaged insured and other articles	10,711	
	Other miscellaneous charges	9,002	
			8,96,181
Total Expenditure as per Post Office Accounts			2,79,62,580

Statement showing the receipts and char

Post Office Receipts.	Amount.	
	R	R
Deduct—Refund of Window Delivery Fees	69	
Refund of other Petty Receipts	13,388	
Total .	13,457	1,5
Total Revenue as per Post Office Accounts .		2,89,1
Grand Total { For 1909-10 .		2,89,1
Grand Total { For 1908-09 .		2,73,8

XII—*contd.*

the Post Office during the year 1909-1910.

Post Office Expenditure.	Amount.	
	R	*R*
II.—Charges not shown in the Post Office Accounts but debited to the Post Office in the Finance and Revenue Accounts.		
Stores from England	11,085	
Payments under Postal arrangements with Lords of the Treasury	8,18,820	
		8,29,905
Grand Total { For 1909-10 .		2,87,92,485
Grand Total { For 1908-09 .		2,84,51,304

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
	During 2nd-half of 1909.	During official year 1909-10.	Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
			1909.	1910.	24th September 1909.	24th September 1910.	1909.	1910.	24th September 1909.	24th September 1910.			24th September 1909.	24th September 1910.		
	R	R	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
[illegible] (gauge lines)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4,41,999	4,96,000	188	[illegible]	50,08,825	57,39,000	7,30,175	...	1,29,73,756	1,37,40,000	7,66,244	...
[illegible] India (incldg. [illegible] 3' 3⅜" gauge)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	5,157	4,100	246	[illegible]	58,219	67,000	8,781	...	1,42,621	1,02,000	19,379	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,89,983	3,64,000	575	[illegible]	39,84,002	42,12,000	2,27,998	...	1,05,73,013	1,09,51,000	3,77,987	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12,463	22,000	40	[illegible]	1,20,095	2,61,000	1,40,905	...	2,30,316	6,27,000	3,96,684	...
Eastern (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,497	1,501	6,88,926	6,91,000	46[illegible]	[illegible]	64,86,433	62,53,[illegible]	...	2,33,433	1,22,25,591	1,20,62,000	...	1,63,591
East Indian	[illegible]	681	[illegible]	2,337	14,02,363	16,43,000	600	703	1,65,43,471	1,84,53,[illegible]	[illegible]	...	3,73,28,381	4,06,56,000	33,27,619	...
Great Indian Peninsula	603	679	1,6[illegible]	1,607	7,01,048	8,30,000	436	516	80,92,333	92,8[illegible]	[illegible]	...	2,05,5[illegible],757	2,40,37,000	34,86,243	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	243	236	[illegible]	126	26,094	40,100	207	318	3,03,612	3,81,[illegible]	[illegible]	...	6,06,245	8,82,000	2,15,755	...
Baran-Kotah	3[illegible]	31	40	40	1,108	1,200	29	30	13,835	2[illegible]	7,265	...	26,193	52,500	26,307	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itársi)	213	229	916	[illegible]	1,66,778	1,91,000	182	203	17,50,763	19,[illegible]	1,55,237	...	44,41,634	50,01,000	5,59,366	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	211	226	2,578	2,578	[illegible],021	5,15,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	63,57,019	64,91,000	1,33,981	...	1,42,48,967	1,54,11,000	11,62,033	...
North Western (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)	339	373	3,670	3,718	11,27,915	12,70,000	[illegible]	342	1,53,83,[illegible]	1,82,04,000	28,20,520	...	3,44,84,635	3,53,48,000	8,63,365	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	213	241	1,298	1,402	2,62,819	2,91,000	[illegible]	208	30,7[illegible]	37,98,000	7,22,522	...	77,77,071	89,55,000	11,77,929	...
Hardwar-Dehra	209	228	32	32	5,846	7,[illegible]	[illegible]	238	73,019	85,400	12,381	...	1,75,801	2,00,000	24,199	...
Assam-Bengal	123	122	771	790	1,01,537	1,10,000	[illegible]	139	10,40,708	11,49,000	1,08,292	...	21,84,673	23,57,000	1,72,327	...
Burma	201	247	1,527	1,527	3,77,462	3,10,000	247	203	34,38,585	36,10,000	1,71,414	...	86,80,623	89,56,000	2,75,377	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	134	135	124	124	17,180	16,700	139	135	1,69,765	1,83,000	13,235	...	3,81,558	4,05,000	26,442	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	132	153	205	215	30,000	29,500	150	[illegible]	2,84,944	3,66,000	81,056	...	7,69,285	9,23,000	1,53,715	...
Mysore State (including Kolar Gold-Fields 5' 6")	126	134	411	411	46,979	51,100	[illegible]	124	6,02,597	6,15,000	12,403	...	13,25,021	14,82,000	1,56,979	...
Palanpur-Deesa	49	62	17	17	800	900	[illegible]	53	6,235	9,400	165	...	28,109	27,400	...	709
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5' 6" gauge)	234	259	1,914	1,914	3,83,482	4,26,000	200	223	46,[illegible],446	54,27,000	7,87,554	...	1,15,30,051	1,29,92,000	14,61,949	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	294	299	1,396	1,396	3,91,483	4,16,000	280	298	48,67,518	50,33,000	1,65,482	...	1,05,58,539	1,08,81,000	3,22,461	...
Travancore Branch	121	115	108	108	12,721	13,100	118	121	1,62,783	1,[illegible]	...	783	3,[illegible],753	3,42,000	20,247	...
Tirhoot State	158	191	775	770	1,03,412	1,17,000	133	151	12,50,5[illegible]	[illegible],000	1,91,494	...	35,62,996	40,31,000	4,68,004	...
Jorhat	59	61	3[illegible]	30	2,434	1,800	81	60	21,535	22,500	[illegible],065	...	46,758	46,800	42	...
Total	[illegible]13	342	24,562	24,796	71,25,970	78,58,100	2[illegible]	317	8,37,38,207	31,78,500	94,40,293	...	19,52,34,[illegible]	21,05,[illegible]	1,52,96,352	...

Amritsar-Pathankot	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bhopal-Ujjain	120	139	[illegible]	114	17,239	11,160	151	97	1,35,021	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,08,906	4,35,000	36,094	...
Bina-Goona-Baran	33	40	[illegible]	148	5,025	6,700	34	45	47,500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,38,608	1,68,000	29,392	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	278	279	162	162	34,111	38,700	211	239	4,45,648	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	10,14,221	11,39,000	1,24,779	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	91	103	16	16	996	2,000	62	125	11,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	35,755	45,400	9,645	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	132	144	79	79	10,434	14,000	132	177	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,13,458	4,88,000	1,74,542	...
Nagda-Ujjain	100	141	34	34	3,041	2,600	89	76	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	1,14,258	1,05,000	...	9,258
Nizam's Guaranteed State	260	284	334	334	71,100	73,700	213	221	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	20,82,693	23,80,000	2,97,307	...
Petlad-Cambay	113	136	34	34	3,658	3,500	108	112	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4,386	1,16,867	1,25,000	8,133	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	224	237	107	106	24,122	17,000	[illegible]	160	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	13,296	6,45,575	5,88,000	...	57,575
Southern Punjab	149	157	425	424	52,903	71,000	[illegible]	167	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,26,884	...	14,59,098	20,71,000	6,11,902	...
—"Ludhiana" Extension	101	102	155	152	12,277	17,000	79	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	42,037	...	4,02,546	4,93,000	90,454	.
Sutlej Valley (a)	...	...	...	209	...	17,000	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,67,000	...	...	1,67,000	1,67,000	...
Tapti Valley	121	146	155	155	12,490	13,800	81	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6,210	...	3,79,713	3,85,000	5,287	..
Tarkessur	269	321	22	22	3,935	5,400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	9,313	...	1,77,566	1,88,000	10,434	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	61	68	34	34	1,907	1,9[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4,643	...	58,253	66,000	7,747	...
Ahmedabad-Parantij	93	108	55	55	4,175	4[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,671	...	1,51,469	1,54,000	2,531	...
Bengal and North-Western	113	138	1,092	1,119	1,13,770	1,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	38,44,224	41,85,000	3,41,770	...
Bengal-Dooars	153	137	153	153	22,089	30,800	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	13,248	4,72,099	4,79,000	6,901	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	112	121	52	52	[illegible]	4,900	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	10,433	1,58,965	1,48,000	...	10,965
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	101	123	459	459	[illegible]	53,600	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	13,35,047	15,03,000	1,67,953	...
Dibru-Sadiya	291	278	78	78	[illegible]	25,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,760	5,31,568	5,65,000	33,432	...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	63	78	179	[illegible]	8,584	12,700	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	3,44,177	3,78,000	33,823	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	[illegible]	171	[illegible]	392	38,386	30,100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	13,07,496	16,10,000	3,02,504	...
Jaipur	[illegible]	43	[illegible]	73	3,622	1,900	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12,771	67,752	82,600	14,848	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	[illegible]	84	776	831	50,822	83,500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	13,88,305	18,18,000	4,29,695	...
Kolhapur	130	[illegible]	[illegible]	29	3,039	4,200	[illegible]	[illegible]	39,894	55,[illegible]	[illegible]	...	1,01,847	1,28,000	26,153	...
Mi[illegible] 6" gauge	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	50	1,370	1,300	[illegible]	[illegible]	11,995	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	(b) 19,715	38,800	19,085	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8,822	8,500	95	[illegible]	1,03,272	1,09,000	5,728	...	2,44,987	2,78,000	33,013	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7,875	9,700	146	[illegible]	75,577	79,300	3,723	...	1,50,426	1,52,000	1,574	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	27,790	27,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,87,812	3,31,000	43,188	...	7,03,642	7,55,000	51,358	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	640	600	[illegible]	[illegible]	6,424	7,600	1,176	...	18,411	19,100	689	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8,925	9,400	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,12,298	1,14,000	1,702	...	2,61,588	2,66,000	4,412	...
Tan[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12,500	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,51,691	1,57,000	5,309	...	3,39,111	3,57,000	17,889	...
Udai[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,500	[illegible]	52	41,724	48,900	7,176	...	1,08,604	1,17,000	8,396	...
Barsi	177	179	78	[illegible]	[illegible]	4,900	[illegible]	63	1,39,910	1,30,000	...	910	3,05,838	2,93,000	...	12,838
Cooch B[illegible]	111	105	34	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,200	[illegible]	97	37,890	34,000	...	3,890	79,403	84,800	5,397	...
Gaek[illegible]	82	108	94	[illegible]	[illegible]	9,500	[illegible]	101	85,421	98,500	13,079	...	2,52,351	2,96,000	43,649	...
[illegible]	34	47	37	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	38	14,969	17,700	2,731	...	40,324	47,000	6,676	...
gauge. Darjeeling-Himalayan	387	377	51	[illegible]	[illegible]	19,[illegible]	[illegible]	373	2,04,858	2,06,000	1,142	...	4,75,040	4,97,000	21,960	...
TOTAL	126	142	6,130	6,444	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	123	80,67,851	94,52,800	13,84,949	...	2,01,61,891	2,32,85,700	31,23,809	...
GRAND TOTAL	276	302	30,692	31,240	78,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	277	9,18,00,058	10,26,31,300	1,08,25,242	...	21,53,96,238	23,38,16,400	1,84,20,162	..

(a) Opened from 6th July 1910.

(b) From 2nd May 1909.

C. F. ANDERSON, *Captain, R.E.*,
for *Secretary, Railway Board.*

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1910.

[illegible]te paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

[illegible]ntions by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

[illegible] INDIA.

[illegible] 1910.

[illegible] Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of* [illegible] published at Simla. After the 2nd April [illegible] for publication in the *Gazette* should be [illegible]a.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 6th October 1910.

NOTIFICATION

No. 1897-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned [illegible] filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the [illegible] Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 3rd October 1910.

No. 506 of 1910.—R. F. and J. Alexander and Company Limited, [illegible] facturers, of Neilston, Renfrewshire, Scotland, and [illegible] engineer, of the same address. *Improvements [illegible] to machinery for winding [illegible] and variation to cards.*

No. 507 of 1910.—Hans Peter Rasm[illegible] City of Dune[illegible] Zealand. *Com[illegible] other commercial [illegible]*

No. 508 of 1910.—Wheaton Lityeat[illegible] Corps, Lyallpur, [illegible] *for transport or [illegible]*

No. 509 of 1910.—Frederick William Nic[illegible] lane, in the town of [illegible] *bottle openers for aerated water [illegible]*

No. 510 of 1910.—Ram Sarup Mistri [illegible] lock and [illegible] Allahaba[illegible] [illegible]rganj, [illegible] *of any [illegible]*

No. [illegible] [illegible]oss, [illegible]onet, [illegible]th tem[illegible]ary [illegible] *or relating to [illegible]*

No. 1555, Victoria, [illegible] *in and relating to [illegible]*

[illegible]tions have been filed, under [illegible]8, in the office of the Secretary [illegible] to the Governments of Madras, [illegible]t of Land Records and Agriculture, [illegible]ther specifications are open to public [illegible] 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's [illegible] of a fee of one rupee, and a certified [illegible] the fixed expenses of copying :—

No. 27 of 1910.—W[illegible]r, of 86 Chorley New Road, [illegible], England, and Thomas [illegible]2, Church Road, Smithills, [illegible] *winding, doubling, gassing [illegible]pl[illegible]ces to be used therewith.*

No. 42 [illegible] [illegible]r to Marsland, Price & Co Ld., of [illegible] *rovements in apparatus for consoli- [illegible] granular matter or for analogous [illegible]* filed 30 August 1910.)

No. 47 of 19[illegible] [illegible], of Tordeevra, Helen's Bay, County [illegible]ert Brown, manufacturer, of 14 Dublin [illegible]. *Improvements in electric signalling on [illegible]* [illegible]cation filed 20 September 1910.)

No. 78 of 1910.—Henry Arthur Westmoreland, manufacturer, of La Court Terrace, Burntwood Lane, Earlsfield, London, S. W., England. *Improvements in Droppers and Standards.* (Specification filed 20 September 1910).

No. 85 of 1910.—Pirojshaw Burjorji Godrej, safe maker, of the Godrej and Boyce Manufacturing Co., Parel, Bombay. *Improvements in non-conductors of heat applicable to fireproof safes.* (Specification filed 17 September 1910).

No. 92 of 1910.—Arthur Ross, Junior, engineer, 1, Glengal Road, Old Kent road, London, S. E., England. *Improvements in or relating to water-feeding and circulating devices for steam boilers.* (Specification [illegible] 20 September 1910).

[illegible] Firman, tea garden manager, of the Borelli Tea [illegible]mpa [illegible]zpore, Assam, British India. *Improvements in feeding devices for tea, grain or other produce or materials.* (Specification filed 20 September 1910).

[illegible]lexander John Arbuckle, mechanical engineer, of 1, Main street, Belgravia, near Johannesburg, Transvaal. *Improvements in apparatus for the treatment of crushed ore products for the recovery of the metal contents.* (Specification filed 20 September 1910).

[illegible]rge [illegible] manager, of Titaghur House, Titaghur, [illegible]ents in apparatus for combing or card[illegible]es. (Specification filed 20 September [illegible]

[illegible] Manufacturer, trading as Henry Blunn [illegible]ton Works, Rugeley, in the county of [illegible]ovements in cash boxes and the like. [illegible] September 1910).

[illegible] fitter, of 17, Adelaide street, Bradford, [illegible]nty of Lancaster, England. *A self-lubri[illegible] for looms.* (Specification filed 20 Sep[illegible]

[illegible]man, tea garden manager, of Borelli Tea Com[illegible] British India. *Impr[illegible]ents in tea* [illegible]ber 1910.)

[illegible] Leices[illegible] leath[illegible]

No. 374 of 1910.—[illegible]

[illegible]S.,

[illegible]ROVINC[illegible]engal.

No. 1899-P.—THE fees pres[illegible] Act of 1888 have been paid for [illegible] of the undermentioned inventions for the pe[illegible]

No 168 of 1898.—Karl Ludwig [illegible] *[illegible]vements relating to paints suita[illegible] other surfaces.* (From 21 Decemb[illegible]911.)

No. 338 of 1900.—Rasmus [illegible] *[illegible]tus for drying rice* [illegible]10 to 9 November 19[illegible]

No. 158 of 1901.—The [illegible] *[illegible]vements in linotype mac[illegible]* [illegible]ember 1911.)

No. 159 of 1901.—[illegible] V, and VI, of [illegible] *[illegible]ents in linotype machines.* [illegible]ues of the G[illegible] [illegible]ber 1911.)

No. 161 of 1901.—The Linoty[illegible] [illegible]mp[illegible] weight. [illegible]ve Acts, and ha[illegible] *[illegible]ents [illegible]e ejector blades of [illegible]* [illegible] November 1910 to 25 November [illegible]

No. 206 of 1902.—Samuel Clela[illegible] *[illegible]n apparatus for filtering, hum[illegible]* (From 18 October 1910 to 18 October [illegible]

No. 66 of 1906.—James Rostron and Tho[illegible] *[illegible]vements in automatic weft-replenishing ap[illegible]* (From 17 November 1910 to 17 November [illegible]

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Return of Births and Deaths registered at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the North-West Frontier Province during the week ending Saturday, the 10th September 1910.

	Districts.	Municipal Towns.	Population according to the Census of 1901.	Births. Males.	Births. Females.	Births. Total.	Deaths (September 1910). Total.	Deaths. Males.	Deaths. Females.	Cause of death. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory disease.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Infants under one year of age. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number.
1	2		4	5	6	7	8	9		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1	Hazara	Abbottabad	3,395	...	4	4	2	[illegible]		...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	61	31	1
2		Nawashahr (notified area).	4,114		1	2	6	[illegible]		...	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	25	76	2
3		Buffa (notified area)	7,029	1	4	5	9	[illegible]		...	...	...	4	...	2	...	3	...	6	6	37	67	3
4		Haripur	[illegible]78	...	2	2	3	[illegible]		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	2	19	28	4
5	Peshawar	Pes[illegible]	73,343	24	10	34	42	[illegible]		7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4	...	14	3	4	7	24	30	5
6		Now[illegible]an (notified area)	9,66[illegible]	6	2	8	1	[illegible]		...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	5	6
7	Kohat	Kohat	[illegible]5	5	3	8	5	[illegible]		...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	...	...		...	...	23	14	7
8	Bannu	Bannu	[illegible]070	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	1	3		1	3	47	52	8
9		Lakki (not[illegible]	5,218	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	[illegible]		...					...	...	2	..	...	...	10	20	9
10	Dera Ismail Khan	Dera Ismail [illegible]	26,487	16			15	[illegible]		...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	8		3	4	53	28	10
11		Kulachi	9,125	4	[illegible]		4	[illegible]		...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	2		...	2	51	23	11
12		Tank (notified area)	4,402	1	...		...	...		...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...		...	...	12	...	12
13	Mardan Sub-Division.	Becketganj-Khwajaganj (notified area)	5,566	1	...		...	...		...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...		...	...	9	...	13
		Total	178,316	67	46	113	99	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	9	1		10	16	20	32	28	

Remarks by the Administrative Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province, on [illegible] the 10th September 1910.
Births and deaths in Municipal Towns.—In the 13 Municipal Towns 113 births were registered [illegible] deaths were registered (44 males and 55 females), giving a death-rate of 28 *per mille* of popul[illegible]

Peshawar, the 22nd September 1910.

[illegible]EUT.-COL., I.M.S.,
[illegible]rth-West Frontier Province.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Return of Births and Deaths registered at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the North-West Frontier Province during the week ending Saturday, the 17th September 1910.

Number.	Districts.	Municipal Towns.	Population according to the Census of 1901.	Births. Males.	Births. Females.	Births. Total.	Deaths. Total.	Deaths. Females.	Death. Cholera.	Death. Small-pox.	Death. Plague.	Death. Fever.	Death. Diarrhœa.	Death. Respiratory disease.	Death. Injuries.	Death. All other causes.	Infants under one year of age. Males.	Infants under one year of age. Females.	Infants under one year of age. Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1	Hazára	Abbottabad	3,395	1	[illegible]	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	...	1
2		Nawash[illegible] (notified area)	4,114	3	[illegible]	3	[illegible]	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	2	38	101	2
3		Buffa [illegible] area)	[illegible]	1	4	5	6	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	...	2	37	48	3
4		Harip[illegible]	5,[illegible]	1	2	3	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	28	28	4
5	Pesháwar	[illegible]	73,343	17	14	31	26	[illegible]	8	...	...	...	1	4	...	4	1	1	2	22	18	5
6		No[illegible]dan (notified area).	9,663	2	...	2	4	[illegible]	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	11	22	6
7	Kohat	Kohat	18,092	4	2	6	4	[illegible]	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	17	12	7
8	Bannu	Bannu	10,070	6	3	9	4	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	2	1	3	47	21	8
9		Lakki (notified area)	5,218	[illegible]	3	3	2	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3[illegible]	20	9
10	Dera Ismail Khan.	Dera Ismail Khan	28,287	22	14	36	14	11	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	6	3	5	8	60	26	10
11		Kulachi	9,125	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	0	6	11
12		Tank (notified area)	4,402	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	12
13	Mardan Sub-Division.	Becketgarh (notified area)	5,566	...	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	9	13
		...	183,882	60	46	106	73	36	8	...	...	35	3	10	...	17	11	7	18	30	21	

Remarks by the Administrative Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province, on the general health of the Municipal Towns during the week ending Saturday, the 17th September 1910.

Births and deaths in Municipal Towns—In the 13 Municipal Towns, 106 births were registered (60 males and 46 females), giving a birth-rate of 30 *per mille* of population; 73 deaths were registered (37 males and 36 females), giving a death-rate of 21 *per mille* of population.

A. L. DUKE, LIEUT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Administrative Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province.

Pesháwar, the 29th September 1910.

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Report of the Sanitary Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province, 1909. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a.* 6*p.* (2*a.*)

Records of Fort St. George.—Diary and Consultation Book, Military Department, 1752. Foolscap. Board. R1-2 or 1*s.* 9*d.* (3*a.*)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil [illegible]eering—

Section IX, Ra[illegible]tion. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4

Section V, Ma[illegible]ting, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College [illegible]ndar for 1908. R5-2.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 57, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. 5, Nos. 2 to 11, at R2 each.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10, Cerrhipedes Opercules de l'Indian Museum de Calcutta. Par Mr. M. A. Gruval, at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11, Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the Rainfall. By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Rasarnavam. Fasc. 2. By Dr. P. C. Roy, at R1-4.

Grihya Sangraha. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at As. 10.

Gobhila Paricista, Part I. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at R1-14.

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Suryya Siddhanta, Fasc. 1. By M. M. Sudhakara Dvivedi, at R1 4

Chaturvarga Cintamoni, Vol. 4, Fasc. 9. By Pandit Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusana. As. 10.

Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 7. By Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur, at R1.

Mohabhasyapradipodyata, Vol. 3, Fasc. 10. By Pandit Bahuvallava Shastri, at As. 10.

Muntakhab-al-Labab. Part 3, Fasc. 1. By Major T. W. Haig, I.A., at R1.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1910.

Monthly Weather Review for September 1909 to March 1910. (Illustrated by 7 plates) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XVIII, Part IV. By Sir John Eliot, M.A., F.R.S., K.C.I.E. (Illustrated by 40 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R2.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 8*a*.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part II. By Gilbert T. Walker, M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price R1 8*a*.

Tables for the reduction of Meteorological Observations in India. Quarto. Cloth binding. R2.

Monthly Weather Review, for December 1909 to June 1910. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1. per month.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part II, By Gilbert T. Walker, M. A., Sc.D., F. R. S. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. paper cover. Price R1-8.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XX, Part 8. By George C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price R3.

Tables for the reduction of Meteorological Observations in India. Quarto. Cloth binding. R2.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 24TH SEPTEMBER 1910.

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXXIX, 1910. By Sir Thomas H. Holland, K.C.I.E., D.Sc., F.R.S, and L. Leigh[illegible]ur, D.Sc., A.R.S.M. F.G.S. (with Plates 1-8). R2.

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume [illegible] Part I. Director, Geological Survey of India. R1.

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1910.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. 7,361 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R500 only originally standing in the name of Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Chujjoomull, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—CHUJJOOMULL,
Residence—Banker, Mhow, C. I.

J. B. N. Hennessey decd.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late John Baboneau Nickterlien Hennessey, C. I. E., F. R. S., M. A., who died at 18, Albyn Park, West Dulwich, on the 23rd May 1910, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 6th November next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate, J. B. N. Hennessey, decd.

CALCUTTA;
5th October 1910.

NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1882
and
In the Matter of Shragers Limited.

By an order made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in the above matter, dated the 28th day of September 1910 on the petition of Orenstein and Koppel—Arthur Koppel Aktiengesellschaft carrying on business at 7—1, Lyons Range in the Town of Calcutta, creditors of the abovenamed Company, it was ordered that the said Shragers Limited should be wound up by the said Court under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1882.

ORR, DIGNAM & CO.
32, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.
Attorneys for the Petitioners.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 41.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1910.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1910 OF:

RICE	GRAM AND PULSE	TOBACCO
WHEAT	OATS	TURMERIC
BARLEY	LINSEED	GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR	MUSTARD AND RAPESEED	JAWAR STALKS
BAJRA	SESAMUM (*til* or *jinjili*)	BHUSA
RAGI	GHI	BRAN
KANGNI	SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)	SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
MAIZE	SALT	KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER

Districts	Rice, unhusked		Rice, husked		Wheat		Flour (wheat)		Barley		Jawar		Bajra	
	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909
Burma*—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui	...	...	38·1	42·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	30·77	27·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	54·24	39·02	55·65	55·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon	...	...	31·37	34·41	43·24	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	34·41	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	37·21	39·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada	...	...	34·78	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay	...	...	31·68	39·51	38·79	36·36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	32·82	36·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—														
Akyab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam*—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong	...	...	36·25	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	40	44·37	35	47·5	...	...	17·5	20	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Pabna	...	...	37·5	40·62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rangpur	...	...	50	57·5	50	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—														
Goálpára	18·12	20	35	43·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	20	23·75 to 25	41·25	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—														
Deltaic—														
Midnapur	...	...	35	37·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	48·75	47·5	32·5	47·5	...	...	22·5	30	30	...	32·5	...
Central—														
Burdwan	...	...	36·25	43·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack	...	...	45·62	33·85	38·07	43·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south—														
Patna	...	...	34·37	41·25	30	38·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, north—														
Bhágalpur	...	...	35	51·56	35	42·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	50	66·56	36·25	44·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) Agra—														
Eastern—														
Benares	24·53	31·93	44·01	45·83	32·6	[illegible]	40·68	44·43	19·58	25·31	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Cawnpore	27·55	20	42·08	38·07	31·98	39·61	38·07	43·23	18·18	22·86	21·61	24·22	24·22	25·68
Jhánsi	...	...	45·62	45·78	32·66	40·94	...	48·44	21·41	25·78	17·19	28·12	...	27·66
Western—														
Meerut	...	...	45·62	50	31·41	36·41	37·19	40·94	19·53	23·12	...	22·19	...	...
Agra	47·08	50	53·33	57·13	32·66	42·08	41·04	50	21·61	24·22	22·24	25·78	27·6	[illegible]
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahánpur	20	20	...	...	30	40	...	...	15·99	23·54	24·37	28·59	21·87	[illegible]
(b) Oudh—														
Southern—														
Lucknow	23·54	23·54	43·44	41·09	31·93	41·09	41·04	50	19·06	23·54	...	28·59	...	25·62
Northern—														
Fyzabad	20	24·22	44·37	48·12	31·98	40·94	...	...	20	23·75	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Ragi		Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	
														Burma—
														Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	...	...	...	57·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	40·76	40·76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	28·79	34·78	38·79	55·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	...	31·22	23·27	50	63·37	51·61	68·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	...	...	...	33·86	34·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	45·07	53·78	50·39	46·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Toungoo
														Upper Burma—
...	...	14·48	15·76	26·23	32·16	51·61	47·41	71·11	76·19	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	21·84	25·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pakôkku
														Arakan—
...	...	...	...	44·44	50	61·54	72·73	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and Assam—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	27·5	35	45	52·5	...	...	...	...	52·5	40	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	25	35	38·75	48·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dacca
														Central—
...	...	...	...	23·75	30	...	...	...	...	65	55	53·75	52·5	Pabna
														Northern—
...	...	...	...	40	40	37·5	50	...	...	...	...	50	55	Rangpur
														Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	42·5	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	90	49·37	46·25	Gauhati
														Bengal—
														Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	52·5	60 and 65	52·5 and 57·5	Midnapur
...	...	...	27·5	23·75	35	35	43·75	32·5	40	70	55	53·75	47·5	Calcutta
														Central—
...	...	...	...	30	34·37	46·25	45	...	...	...	...	47·5	50	Bardwan
														Orissa—
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	27·08	50·83	...	...	60·94	70·47	Cuttack
														Bihár, south—
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	100	58·75	52·5	47·5	Patna
														Bihár, north—
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	35	41·25	29·37	31·87	97·5	57·5	55	40·62 and 45	Bhágalpur
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	33·28	40	26·56	36·25	...	...	...	...	Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
														(*a*) Agra—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	22·92	29·37	31·15	34·9[illegible]	...	...	69·84	44·43	56·77	43·12	Benares
														Central—
...	...	13·33	17·76	22·19	28·54	27·55	34·06	...	...	84·17	55·16	45·73	44·43	Cawnpore
...	...	15·21	29·06	20·78	29·06	34·06	...	...	...	63·91	50	44·37	50	Jhánsi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	28·44	25	28·59	...	...	42·19	...	...	...	...	Meerut
[illegible]	...	...	22·24	24·22	25·78	30·78	47·29	...	...	72·71	66·67	47·68	51·61	Agra
														Submontane, west—
[illegible]	...	15·99	18·12	20·99	33·12	34·06	38·12	32·5	...	...	...	...	...	Shahjahánpur
														(*b*) Oudh—
														Southern—
...	...	13·33	20	23·54	30·78	...	...	...	...	72·71	50	53·33	53·32	Lucknow
														Northern—
...	...	...	...	22·19	32·5	26·56	38·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*continued*

Districts	Sesamum (*Til* or *jinjili*)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (*Gúr*)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909
Burma—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui	...	...	581·82	581·82	...	...	17·16	14·16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	533·33	533·33	...	...	20·51	20·51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	400	400	...	...	18·77	18·77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon	...	...	533·33	457·14	...	...	16·24	16·8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	533·33	492·31	...	...	21·77	17·73	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	492·31	492·31	...	...	22·86	22·61	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada	...	...	492·31	304·76	...	...	22·15	27·83	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	492·31	...	...	22·61	22·61	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay	...	...	533·33	492·31	...	...	20·85	21·33	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	581·82	533·33	...	...	22·54	22·54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—														
Akyab	...	...	457·14	457·14	...	...	26·67	27·59	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong	...	...	465	420	70	50	15·62	15·62	60	70	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	500	400	75	75	19·37	18·12	130	180	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Pabna	...	...	600	520	56·25	54·37	18·75	18·75	115	132·5	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rangpur	...	...	480	430	60	70	...	...	100	90	...	...	5	3·75
Brahmaputra—														
Goálpára	...	...	...	...	72·5	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	...	...	...	...	75	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
Deltaic—														
Midnapur	...	...	420 to 450	415	77·5	82·5	17·5	17·5	107·5 and 115	140 and 155	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	70	47·5	470	420	60	67·5	15	15	85	82·5	...	...	[illegible]	15
Central—														
Burdwan	...	...	460	400	80	85	17·5	16·56	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack	40·73	65	457·19	457·19	60·94	57·13	18·12	14·37	67·19	62·5	...	...	5	5
Bihár, south—														
Patna	52·5	50	420	320	61·25	60	20	20	20	30 to 60	...	...	...	...
Bihár, north—														
Bhágalpur	...	...	470	400	60	62·5	23·44	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	426·56	400	57·19	57·19	20	[illegible]	30	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	[illegible]
United Provinces—														
(*a*) Agra—														
Eastern—														
Benares	56·41	54·27	469·37	366·67	60·36	56·41	23·65	23·65	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central—														
Cawnpore	69·53	55·16	376·46	355·52	64·01	[illegible]	17·76	17·76	80	82·5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jhánsi	51·56	48·44	356·25	335·78	64·06	[illegible]	20	19·53	...	...	...	80	...	...
Western—														
Meerut	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·66	17·34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	...	...	376·46	345·94	61·56	61·51	17·03	17·76	120	120	135	80	...	2·86
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahánpur	...	...	400	370	...	...	20	20	...	...	90 and 100	90 and 100	...	[illegible]
(*b*) Oudh—														
Southern—														
Lucknow	...	...	390	370	66·25	50	21·04	20	...	...	100	95	2·5	2·5
Northern—														
Fyzabad	...	...	380	347·5	52·5	48·44	20·68	20·94	...	...	...	...	...	...

he figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	
														Burma—
														Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	8·89	11·27	...	...	...	...	3	3·25	Mergui
...	...	...	...	...	...	14·1	14·1	...	...	...	...	3	2·5	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·85	11·85	...	...	...	...	2	2	Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (delta)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·56	1·56	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	25·3	24·06	...	...	...	...	2·62	1·81	Maubin
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·43	19·75	...	...	...	...	1·69	1·69	Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·75	1·56	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·87	1·5	Toungoo
														Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	13·62	10·83	24·43	26·67	...	...	...	...	2·81	1·69	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	8·8	...	14·1	...	...	...	...	...	1·87	Pakókku
														Arakan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·25	2·25	Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and Assam—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·78	1·25	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·12	1·62	Dacca
														Central—
15	7·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·5	Pabna
														Northern—
8·75	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·5	2	Rangpur
														Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2·06	2·06	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	..	...	..	1·87	1·87	Gauhati
														Bengal—
														Delta—
7·31	4·37	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·66	1·41	Midnapur
12·5	[illegible]	.		22·5	17·5	18·75	20	...	...	...	...	2·12	1·5	Calcutta
														Central—
5	6·76	..		...	...	31·25	30	...	...	..	..	2·19	1·53	Bardwan
														Orissa—
5·62	5·62	..		...	...	6·25	...	...	...	...	...	2·06	1·53	Cuttack
														Bihár, south
...	...	...	...	7·5	13·75	21·35	22·5	...	...	...	...	1·98	1·57	Patna
														Bihár, north—
...	...	...		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	17·5	...	...	...	...	1·87	1·25	Bhágalpur
...	...			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	1·75	1·75	Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
														(a) Agra—
														Eastern—
[illegible]	...	19·37				26·15	33·33	...	50	...	40	2·62	1·87	Benares
	26·56	23·44												*Central—*
[illegible]				6·15	7·97	17·76	25	70	70	...	...	2·11	1·81	Cawnpore
		...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	2·19	1·87	Jhánsi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	21·09	...	...	...	...	...	2·44	1·87	Meerut
10	8·75	...	...	5	5·73	22·24	29·63	...	...	80	80	2·5	2·31	Agra
														Submontane west—
[illegible]	...	...	...	3·12	5	28·75	40	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	2·37	1·87	Shahjahánpur
														(b) Oudh—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	6·25	6·87	21·25	27·5	40	40	...	...	2·75	2·62	Lucknow
														Northern—
...	...	...	...	5·62	6·72	...	...	...	...	35	35	2	1·69	Fyzabad

WHOLES[illegible]
12 Noon on [illegible]

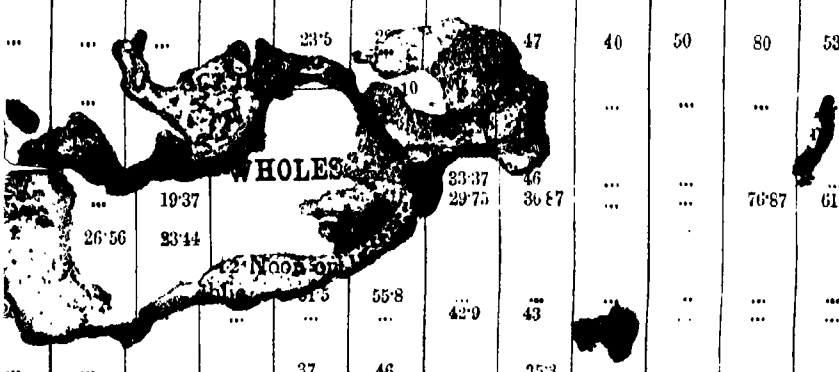
WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*continued*

Districts	Rice, unhusked		Rice, husked		Wheat		Flour (wheat)		Barley		Jawar		Bajra	
	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer†	...	30·78	...	...	...	37·24	...	...	...	22·86	...	27·92	...	27·92
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	...	25	50	47·5	31·25	35·62	35·62	44·37	...	20·94	...	22·13	...	25
Central—														
Lahore	21·61	48·49	47·03	61·56	28·59	38·54	38·07	43·28	17·4	22·86	17·4	21·61	28·65	30·78
South-eastern—														
Delhi	28·59	22·24	44·13	42·08	34·79	38·07	35·02	44·13	22·92	24·22	22·92	24·22	26·67	28·54
Submontane—														
Amritsar	26·67	29·63	55	53·33	...	35·47	31·98	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi	22·19	28·54	57·19	66·67	30·78	35·52	35·52	40·99	17·76	23·54	21·04	25·78	25	28·54
Western—														
Lyallpur	...	...	50	62·5	28·75	35	34·37	40·62	25	23·12	25	25	...	27·5
Multan	13·12	26·87	...	...	33·75	41·87	40·31	...	20·94	21·72	...	24·37	...	27·5
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar	21·51	13·12	...	58·7	28·96	37·55	37·19	42·34	13·96	19·84	16·2	30·78	25	28·54
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	77·5	68·12	30·47	36·72	...	42·66	20·94	26·04	...	26·67	...	27·4
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karáchi	...	...	39·27	42·03	40·47	43·12	...	...	20·94	26·25	24·37	...	23·59	25·94
Shikárpur	...	...	46·25	48·75	34·37	36·56	...	...	21·56	24·06	26·25	27·5	...	25·62
Quetta	...	...	...	...	39·37 to 41·25	44·06 to 45·78	61·56	72·5	26·25	34·06	27·5	31·12	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnátak—														
Dharwar	...	...	...	...	45·31	41·61	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·19	21·09	22·45	20·1
Poona	...	...	43·12	47·1	44·01	...	...	...	...	...	27·76	...	27·76	29·17
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar	...	...	49·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21·2	...	21·67	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	...
Gujarat—														
Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29·53	...	29·53
Ahmadabad	...	...	42·5	46·25	32·5	40	...	...	21·25	23·75	21·25	26·25	30	27·5
Central Provinces*—														
Western—														
Nagpur	...	...	37·5	37·5	33·37	40·25	44·37	57·12	...	...	26·12	29·37	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	...	...	34·75	40	33·37	40	42·12	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur	...	...	34	34	32	41	42	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	...	...	41·62	[illegible]·2	35·75	40·62	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Amráoti	...	...	36·75	[illegible]·2	38·12	42·5	48	52	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central—														
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·3	23·5	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cuddapah	32·7	34·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26·1	34·8	23·8	33·3
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	31·8	30·4	53·4	54·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	26·4	35·1	48·4	50·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27·5	31·9	30·4	37·6
Mysore—														
Mysore	20	30·56	54	53	53	61·53	53·96	71·98	...	...	32	28·41	...	...
Bangalore	20	32	52	56	52	64	67·76	67·76	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice. † Not reported yet.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Ragi		Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	
														Rajputana—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	29·63	...	26·41	...	...	...	61·56	...	72·66	...	...	Ajmer
														Panjab—
														Southern—
...	...	...	25	20·62	23·54	...	...	...	...	72·66	...	...	50	Ferozpur
														Central—
...	...	21·04	28·59	19·11	25·57	33·33	44·43	30·16	47·03	72·71	53·33	43·28	47·03	Lahore
														South-eastern—
...	...	29·63	25	22·92	28·59	29·63	53·59	...	55·16	...	72·71	45·68	48·49	Delhi
														Submontane—
...	...	...	...	20	24·63	...	...	..	...	...	...	47·03	55	Amritsar
														Northern—
...	...	20	22·19	21·87	28·07	57·13	50	...	...	72·71	48·49	42·08	42·08	Rawalpindi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	20·94	23·75	...	..	...	...	...	...	..		Lyallpur
...	...	18·75	27·5	22·19	29·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	50·31	48·12	Multan
														N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	19·79	25·68	23·59	29·32	33·33	35·16	...	...	...	49·17	...		Peshawar
...	...	...	30·21	19·37	28·59	..	61·61	...	...	...	42·13	30	38·33	Dera Ismael Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	...	30	31·25	..	44·06	...	...	...	...	...	36·15	Karachi
...	...	...	...	24·37	30·62	39·03	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	Shikarpur
...	...	30·62	50	...	...	47·5	62·5	45	60	...	...	...	...	Quetta
														Bombay
														Deccan and Karnátak—
...	...	...	...	30·42	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	Dharwar
...	...	...	...	26·25	33·49	...	...	...	...	83·25	...	...	...	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	28·85	30·94	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	Poona
														Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	30·05	33·65	...	...	55	60	...	.	...	...	Ahmednagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dhulia
														Gujarat—
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Surat
...	...	...	...	22·5	25	36·25	37·5	...	...	...	.	...	...	Ahmadabad
														Central Provinces—
														Western—
...	...	...	...	25·25	32·62	34·75	42·87	...	...	93	62	...	...	Nagpur
														Central—
...	...	...	[illegible]	23·5	[illegible]	[illegible]	47	40	50	80	53·37	...	50	Jubbulpore
														Eastern—
	...		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	[illegible]	...	...	Raipur
														Berar—
[illegible]	...	19·37	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	33·37	46	...	...		...	...	...	Akola
[illegible]	26·56	23·44	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	29·75	36·87	...	...	76·87	61·5	...	...	Amraoti
														Madras—
														South, central—
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	31·5	55·8	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
			...	...	...	42·9	43		..	...	...	...	...	Salem
														Central—
...	...	...	...	37	46	...	35·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bellary
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	Karnul
														East Coast, central—
[illegible]	20·8	...	...	...	...	30·6	37·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nellore
														East Coast, south—
	...	...	...	35·5	43·4	...	.	48	58·4	...	...	...	...	Madras
	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
[illegible]	28·3	...	...	...	..	...	...	65·1	61·8	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	..	31·8	48·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
														Mysore—
[illegible]	32·25	...	...	33	41·87	53	61·73	68·12	68·12	...	...	...	...	Mysore
[illegible]	36	...	...	33	50	60	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore



WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*concluded*

Districts	Sesamum (Til or Jinjili)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (Gur)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	...	66·67	...	355·57	..	58·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·33
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	...	...	457·19	400	44·37	61·56	16·67	16·67	100	88·75	127·97	94·06	...	8·12
Central—														
Lahore	69·8	61·56	439·57	426·72	48·19	59·27	14·79	14·79	66·67	114·27	123·07	123·07	11·25	...
South-eastern—														
Delhi	76·2	64·01	412·92	441·35	51·67	57·13	17·4	17·4	80	80	133·33	88·91	...	...
Sulaimanian—														
Amritsar	65	62·5	465	435	50	66·67	15	14·06	75	...	122·5	91·25	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi	...	80	426·67	426·67	44·53	50	15·31	15·36	100	...	133·33	100	13·33	10
Western—														
Lyallpur	...	...	405	395	40	55	15	15	80	80	125	90	...	...
Multan	67·5*	...	410	415	45·12	66·87	15·62	15·94	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar	..	58·7	42·67	400	56·15	64·78	17·81	15·88	...	...	...	106·67	3·85	3·85
Dera Ismail Khan	67·97	66·67	...	464·63	46·87	50	13·96	11·22	...	...	140	106·72	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Kurachi	73·12	63·12	412·5	390	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	410	400	...	60	...	.	63·75	65	...	...	...	...
Quetta			450 to 460	390 to 410	..	.	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar	53·6	.	...		...	...	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...
Sholapur	.	.	...		85·68	83·9	..	...		...	...	...	...	...
Poona	.		491·25	484·22	...	...	..	...	161·41	131·56	...	..	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
Ahmednagar	85·33	...	400	.	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	..	.	...	.	..	..	...	.	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat	...	...	412·55	...	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad	.	...	380	390	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Berar—														
Nagpur	82	75·25	570	466·62	...	..	21·62	21·62	160	91·62	120	120	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	61·5	59·25	380	550	...	...	22·87	22·5	114·25	100	106·62	80	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur	...	...	370	370	...	...	20	20·5	160	220	100	70	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	...	...	400	414·25	...	...	18	17·75	95·25	85·75	92·5	88·12	...	...
Amraoti	77·25	57·62	430	380	..	...	18	[illegible]	[illegible]	145	...	..	8·5	8
Madras—														
South-central—														
Coimbatore	8[illegible]·8	72·4	487·0	487·9	64	60·8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salem	..	...	445	410·9	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central—														
Bellary	77·3	77·2	603·1	476·1	79·4	59·6	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cuddapah	...	...	460·5	394·8	.	...	11·6	11·6	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kurnool	..		..		..	.			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
East Coast, central—														
Nellore	...	...	450	400	...	..	15·7	15·7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
East Coast, south—														
Madras	77·3	54·4	592·5	460·8	74·9	62·6	12·8	12·8	75·7	8[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tanjore	...	...	466·7	400	...	[illegible]	13·1	13·1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Trichinopoly	...	...	608·1	500·2	...	[illegible]	17·5	17·6	133·6	124·3	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern—														
Madura	90	75	472·9	416·2	.	...	...	...	103·8	106·8	...	..	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	60	61·12	497·13	480	*102·86	102·81	...	...	197·14	205·68*	120	102·86	2·92	5·3
Bangalore	63	62	582·86	445·68	85·68	81·41	.	...	240*	205·68	171·41	137·13	5·88	[illegible]

*Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 105 per 10 maunds

† Not reported yet

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	1910	1909	
														Rajputana—
														Eastern—
...	3·59	...	3·59	...	...	...	36·35	...	125	...	85	...	2·19	Ajmer
														Panjab—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	6·67	5·62	...	33·14	85	85	90	90	2·31	2·37	Ferozpur
														Central—
...	...	...	...	7·29	8·91	...	27·66	140	180	140	200	2·53	2·42	Lahore
														South-eastern—
...	...	13·33	...	8·02	10	19·06	26·67	80	80	150	110	2·12	1·47	[illegible]
														Submontane—
...	...	...	...	8·02	10	15·36	22·86	120	100	...	...	2·5	2·41	Amritsar
														Northern—
...	...	10	...	6·67	8·33	16·67	28·34	90	90	80	70	2·31	2·31	Rawalpindi
														Western—
...	...	...	3·75	5	5	20·62	25·62	100	100	110	140	2·62	2·44	Lyallpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	...	2·50	2·45	Multan
														N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	2·55	2·34	5·21	6·77	14·17	21·25	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	2·75	2·69	Peshawar
...	...	...	...	...	7·97	...	30·21	...	120	...	120	2·87	2·72	Dera Ismael Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	...	...	...		22·5	130	120	110	150	2·00	1·97	Karachi
...	...	...	...	...	3·75	18·44	...	...	...	...	...		2·31	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	9·37	6·25	26·25	36·87	100 to 200	120 to 220	...	...	2·06	3·25	Quetta
														Bombay—
														Deccan and Karnatak—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·31	2·06	Dharwar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·03	2	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·24	2·18	Poona
														Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	25·59	35·68	...	...	...	...	2·03	1·98	Ahmednagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dhulia
														Gujarat—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...	...	2·33	2·25	Surat
...	...	...	...	...	...	20	22·5	...	...	...	...	2·34	2·28	Ahmedabad
														Central Provinces—
														Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	60	90	90	1·87	1·75	Nagpur
														Central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	27·5	31·7	60	50	70	60	1·75	1·62	Jubbulpore
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	2	1·75	Raipur
														Berar—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72	60	63	59	1·87	2·12	Akola
...	...	9	...	...	...	11	40	55	55	75	80	2·12	1·87	Amráoti
														Madras—
														South, central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	09·5*		...	50	50	2·25	2·25	Coimbatore
5·4	7·8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	80†	80†	...	...	2·08	2·16	Salem
														Central—
		6[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8[illegible]†	8[illegible]†	100	1[illegible]	2·25	2·06	Bellary
								...	...	...		2	1·96	Cuddapah
								...	...	...	...	2·5	2·15	Karnul
														East Coast, central—
[illegible]	...	19·37	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·69	...	Nellore
														East Coast, south—
[illegible]	26·56	23·44	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	25·4	32·3	98·75†	70†	...	...	1·79	1·76	Madras
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	14·3	...	130†	130†	...	...	2·22	1·92	Tanjore
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	15·4	...	38·3	44	[illegible]	...	...	...	2·39	2·08	Trichinopoly
														Southern—
5·4	5·4	...	...	12·5	12·5	17	16·9	...	...	40	40	2	1·5	Madura
														Mysore—
3·92	3·36	2·92	3·75	...	...	36·72		80	80	100	100	2·56	2·5	Mysore
5·88	7·34	...	...	...	...	33·8	38·12	160	150	120 to 150	120 to 150	2	2·03	Bangalore

* Superior quality. † Sheep or goats.

C. W. E. COTTON,
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Calcutta, October , 1910.

C

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1910 [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					First sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 3	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	11 7	11 7	12 11	12 11	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...		6 13	8 8	7 9	9 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (delta)—												
Pegu	7 15	8 1	...	...	7 14	7 13	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	...	...	...		10 2	10 9	9 13	10 5	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	...	...	9 1	10 7	10	12 2	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	10 1	10 7	10 6	10 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Thayawadi	...	...	...	...	10 1	10 1	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Herzada	...	...		...	8 5	8 5	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	11 10	11 3	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	10 14	10 14	11 12	11 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	12 8	12 8	11 4	11 4	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	9 9	10 5	...	...	9 11	10 13	11 2	11 10	...	19 —	...	...
Bhamo	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 5	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...
Pakókku	...	...	...	...	10 7	10 7	11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	...	13 —	13 9	14 —	14 2	21 —	21 —	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	...	8 11	8 11	9 15	9 15	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	4 —	4 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	6	6 —	12 6	12 6	...	...	9 —	9 12	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	6 2	6 2	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Dacca	11 —	11 —	22 —	23 —	...	...	10 —	9 12	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	10 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 12	10 8	8 14	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	11 4	9 12	22 8	21 —	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 2	...	...	...	...
Malda	11 8	11 8	24 —	24 —	8 —	7 —	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...
Bogra	11 4	10 14	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jalpaiguri	8 8	8 8	...	...	7 —	7 8	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	10 13	10 13	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	9 8	[illegible]	...	...	...	...
Cachar	6 10	6 10	...	...	6 7	7 7	8 9	9 [illegible]	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 [illegible]	3 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills	...	...	...	...	3 [illegible]	[illegible] 8	8 12	8 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	10 —	10 —	...	...	24 [illegible]	22 —	26 —	24 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	11	10 8	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	10	13 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrúp	8 8	8 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	5 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sibságar	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 12	6 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dal		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Mergui
...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tavoy
												Moulmein and Amherst
...	...	...	...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	
												Pegu (delta)—
...	...	...	...	10 7	10 5	...	...	6 15	6 14	18 8	18 9	Pegu
...	...	...	...	12 5	12 9	...	...	8 12	8 12	14 —	14 —	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 12	12 13	12 13	7 12	7 7	17 8	17 8	Maubin
...	...	...	...	10 11	11 3	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	...	...	8 10	8 10	19 12	19 12	Tharawadi
...	...	...	...	8 10	8 10	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 13	17 13	Henzada
...	...	...	...	14 —	15 12	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 —	14 9	Prome
...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	9 13	9 13	22 9	22 9	7 14	7 14	14 8	14 8	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	14 4	14 4	25 10	25 10	7 1	7 1	16 —	16 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 12	4 12	11 6	11 6	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 5	23 13	23 15	9 10	9 11	16 —	16 —	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 14	8 14	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	15 —	15 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	Akyab
												Eastern Bengal and Assam—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	14 —	13 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	25 —	25 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Backerganj
...	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Tippera
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Dacca
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	17 —	Faridpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 8	17 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	20 4	21 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	19 14	19 14	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Malda
...	...	...	...	15 —	[illegible]	...	...	15 —	15 —	19 8	19 8	Bogra
												Northern—
...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Jalpaiguri
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	10 13	10 13	19 —	19 —	Dinajpur
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	10 —	10 —	[illegible] —	15 —	Rangpur
												Surma—
...	19·37	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	14 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	20 —	21 —	Sylhet
					11 6	...	...	9 6	9 6	20 —	20 —	Cachar
26·56	23·44											
												Hill tracts—
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7 —	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Khasi and Jaintia Hills
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6 —	6 —			5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Garo Hills
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	26 —		4 —	5	7 —	9 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...		5 8	5 8	11 —	11 —	Naga Hills
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Goalpara
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Kamrup
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Sibsagar
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Lakhimpur

WHOLES[illegible]

12 Noon

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1910—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—												
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	10 —	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	11 5	11 11	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	12 —	11 12	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	13 1	13 —	12 2	12 —
Hooghly	..	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	8 4	...	..	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	11 —	11 —	17 12	16 —	...	...	10 10	10 —	...	...	...	..
Jessore	8 12	9 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bardwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 8	10 4	...	...	...	..
Birbhum	11 —	10 8	..	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	12 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	..	...	12 —	11 —	..	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	10 —	9 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	9 8	9 3	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 11	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	..	9 14	9 4	...	...	...	...
Balasore	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	13 8	12 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	11 —	10 12	...	...	...	...	14 8	13 8	..	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Máubhum	10 —	11 —	10 8	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	11 —	...
Ránchi	10 —	10 —	15	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	..	...	..
Palámau	11 13	12 6	17 7	16 5	...	...	10 2	10 2	...	...	.	..
Hazáribágh	9 8	10 —	14 —	13 —	...	...	10 12	10 —	...	...	...	..
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	11 13 to 2 1	11 8 to 12 5	18 14	17 5	...	...	13 6	11 13	...	...	...	.
Gaya	11 1	10 11	18 15	18 15	...	...	11 8	10 15	..	14 5	...	...
Patna	13 —	13 —	20 —	21 —	...	...	11 4	11 4	15 12	15 12	...	
Shahabad	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	..	...	...	
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	11 6	...	...	...	
Bhágalpur	11 8	11 8	17 12	17 1	...	...	11 7	10 —	...	...	...	..
Darbhanga	12 2	12 2	17 9	16 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	
Muzaffarpur	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	..
Sáran	11 4 to 11 12	12 —	20 — to 21 —	19 —	...	...	10 8	10 4	...	...	...	..
Champáran	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	..	...	..
United Provinces—												
(*a*) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	10 8	10 8	16 8	15 —	4 —	4 —	[illegible]	9 [illegible]				
Benares	11 6	11 6	19 4	17 5	6 —	6 —	[illegible]	[illegible]				11
Ghazipur	11 11	11 3	15 10	18 5	5 7	5 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Jaunpur	12 4	12 1	21 2	20 1	4 8	4 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Allahabad	10 8	10 8	20 —	18 —	5 12	5 12	9 —	[illegible]				
Central—												
Bánda	10 12	10 10	13 12	13 12	3 8	3 8	8 12	[illegible]				
Fatehpur	11 8	11 8	16 —	15 8	7 —	7 —	9 —	[illegible]				
Hamirpur	10 8	10 4	14 8	14 4	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —				
Jalaun	11 5	11 —	15 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —			
Cawnpore*	...	11 4	..	18 8	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	8 8	...	18 —	...	[illegible]
Jhansi	12 —	11 4	18 —	18 —	6 [illegible]	6 —	8 8	8 8	23 —	18 12	...	[illegible]
Etawah	11 12	11 12	20 8	17 8	3 [illegible]	3 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Farukhabad	12 1	11 7	19 8	17 8	4 3	4 3	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Mainpuri	12 8	12 8	18 —	17 8	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	..
Etah	13 —	12 8	20 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Meerut	12 4	12 —	19 9	18 —	3 4	3 4	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Agra	11 12	11 8	17 8	17 8	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	14 —	14 —
Mattra	12 —	11 —	19 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	9 8	9 8	18 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Aligarh	13 —	12 12	20 8	18 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	14 8	14 8	12 —	12 —
Bulandshahr	13 4	12 12	20 —	20 —	3 —	3 —	9 —	9 —	14 8	13 8	17 4	12 —
Sub-montane east—												
Ballia	11 4	10 10	18 12	17 8	6 4	5 8	9 12	9 6	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	13 8	13	22 —	21 —	7 —	7 8	9 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —
Gorakhpur	13 —	12 9	21 10	19 6	8 9	8 6	11 4	10 13	18 —	17 2	18 7	15 4
Basti	13 8	13 4	23 —	21 —	6 4	6 4	10 4	10 4	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	11 8	12 —	...	...	9 4	9 4	21 —	21 —	Midnapur
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	21 —	21 —	Howrah
...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	14 10	...	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9	8 —	21 —	21	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	20 —	18 10	...	...	9 2	8 14	16 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	22 8	22 —	Jessore
												Central—
...	...	...	...	15 —	14 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	20 —	21 8	Bankura
...	...	...	...	12 8	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	21 —	21 —	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	...	...	...	19 —	20 —	...	...	11 8	12 —	21 —	21 —	Murshidabad
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	40 —	30 —	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	Santhal Parganas
												Hills—
9 8	9 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	Darjeeling
												Orissa—
...	...	...	...	12 2	11 13	...	...	9 8	9 3	25 8	25 8	Puri
...	...	...	...	12 7	12 7	...	...	16 14	16 14	22 —	22	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	12 — and 13 —	11 — and 13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	...	...	...	15 —	14 8	...	...	9 — to 10 —	9 — to 10 —	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Singhbhum
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 —	24 —	16 —	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Mánbhum
26 —	23 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	18 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Ránchi
...	...	...	...	16 14	16 5	...	...	11 4	11 4	19 2	19 2	Palámau
26 —	22 8	...	...	15 —	14 8	25 —	18 —	10 —	9 8	18 —	18 —	Hazáribágh
												Bihar, south—
...	...	...	...	18 14	17 14	21 —	19 8	11 9	11 —	21 —	21 —	Monghyr
20 8	...	...	12 5	16 4	16 2	20 8	17 11	11 14	11 4	21 2	21 2	Gaya
16 —	...	18 —	18 —	17 8	18 —	18 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	19 8	19 8	Patna
...	...	...	...	20 —	19 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	21 —	21 —	Shahabad
												Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	10 10	18 —	18 —	Purnea
...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	20 —	16 6	11 8	11 6	16 —	16 —	Bhágalpur
19 13	17 9	...	...	18 11	17 9	18 11	16 8	11 —	11 —	19 12	18 11	Darbhanga
18 —	18 —	...	...	17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Muzaffarpur
11 — to 12 —	...	12 —	13 —	17 8 to 18 —	17 8	16 — to 18 —	15 8	13 8	13 —	21 8	21 8	Sáran
24 —	24 —	...	...	18 [illegible]	[illegible] 25 —		20 —	13 —	13 —	18 —	18 —	Champáran
												United Provinces—
												(*a*) Agra—
												Eastern—
							...	12 —	12 —	[illegible]	16 —	Mirzapur
							...	12 3	11 15	[illegible] 14	16 14	Benares
					10	...	...	14 2	14 —	17 6	17 5	Ghazipur
...	19·37				6 6	...	...	15 —	14 11	17 3	17 —	Jaunpur
					17 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	20 —	19 —	Allahabad
26·56	23·44			18 8	18 8	...	...	11 12	11 12	18 2	18 4	*Central*— Bánda
				16 8	16 8	...	...	13	13 8	19 —	19 —	Fatehpur
				19 4	18 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	17 4	17 4	Hamirpur
		...	...	19 8	19 —	...	[illegible]	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Jalaun
...	...	...	17 8	...	16 8	...	19 —	...	14 —	...	22 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	19 —	17 12	26 —	20 —	10 12	10 8	19 12	19 12	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	17 8	15 12	23 8	...	14 8	14 8	19 8	19 8	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	15 —	14 10	24 8	...	11 1	10 7	20 2	20 2	Farukhabad
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	19 —	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 —	24 —	20 —	13 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	17 4	17 4	...	...	13 6	13 —	22 —	22 8	Meerut
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	...	...	14 —	13 8	22 8	21 8	Agra
...	...	...	...	17 —	15 —	...	...	19 —	12 —	21 —	21 —	Muttra
...	...	11 —	11 —	17 8	16 8	19 —	19 —	14 —	14 —	22 8	22 —	Aligarh
...	...	...	...	17 4	17 4	13 12	15 —	15 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...	...	18 12	17 8	...	16 4	14 8	14 —	17 8	17 8	Ballia
25 —	21 —	18 —	16 —	17 —	16 —	24 —	18 —	13 8	13 8	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
14 13	14 13	14 6	14 6	18 7	18 —	18 15	13 15	13 10	13 10	19 4	18 7	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 —	19 —	...	13 4	13 8	19 —	19 —	Basti

WHOLES[illegible] 12 Nook Sq. Office

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1910—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—*continued*												
(a) Agra—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur	12 13	12 4	23 10	20 8	6 8	7 —	11 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	18 —	15 —
Budaun	12 8	12 7	18 8	18 4	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	13 —	17 —	15 —
Pilibit	13 11	12 6	23 5	19 8	4 9	4 9	10 6	9 12	...	...	...	...
Bareli	12 4	12 —	20 —	19 4	3 12	4 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Moradabad	13 2	12 —	20 4	20 4	3 10	3 10	8 —	8 —	14 4	14 4	12 8	12 8
Bijnor	12 12	12 10	24 4	22 —	3 8	3 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	13 3	12 6	22 8	20 11	6 10	6 10	7 2	7 11	...	...	...	...
Saháranpur	12 4	11 13	21 4	20 —	3 3	3 3	6 6	6 6	14 14	14 14	12 12	12 12
Dehra-Dun	12 —	11 8	19 —	18 —	3 —	3 8	8 8	8 8	12 —	10 —	13 —	12 8
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 8	10 —	14 —	14 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	11 —	10 —	14 —
Almora	10 8	10 8	16 8	16 8	3 12	3 12	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Garhwál	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
(b) Oudh—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	5 —	5 —	8 8	8 12	...	...	...	...
Sultanpur	13 8	12 8	24 —	22 8	5 —	5 —	11 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareli	13 —	12 8	17 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	10 —
Unao	12 —	12 —	19 12	19 —	5 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Lucknow	12 8	11 12	21 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	9 4	9 —	...	...	...	16 —
Hardoi	13 4	12 4	23 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	19 —	18 —	18 —	17 4
Northern—												
Fyzabad	12 —	12 —	19 8	19 8	...	...	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	15 8
Barabanki	12 12	12 4	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	11 —	9 —	15 —	17 —	16 —	15 —
Gonda	12 12	12 10	20 4	20 4	7 4	7 4	8 6	8 8	15 4	15 4	13 4	13 —
Bahraich	12 8	12 8	22 8	22 —	5 8	5 8	9 8	9 8	19 —	19 —	18 —	17 8
Sitapur	13 —	12 —	25 —	21 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	19 —	17 8	19 —	17 8
Kheri	12 12	12 8	22 —	22 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	21 —	21 —	20 —	18 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partábgarh	13 —	12 8	25 —	21 —	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	23 8	21 —	...	...
Bánswara	15 12	15 4	18 —	18 —	5 —	5 —	9 —	8 9	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	14 12	14 1	29 11	25 12	7 —	7 —	7 13	7 13	32 13	31 4	12 8	12 8
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	18 —	16 8	31 —	28 —	10 —	...	11 —	...	...	...	...	...
Ajmer*	...	12 4	...	18 8	...	5 13	...	7 8	...	17 —	...	14 8
Kishangarh	12 —	11 8	20 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	21 —	20 —	15 —	15 —
Bundi	15 1	12 12	23 5	18 11	6 9	6 9	7 11	7 14	21 —	16 6	13 [illegible]	13 2
Kotah	14 8	13 4	23 —	21 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	21 4	18 8	13 8	13 8
Jhalawar	13 5	12 12	22 —	22 —	6 11	6 11	10 —	10 —	22 9	20 6	8 3½	8 —
Tonk	12 5	11 7	16 13	15 8	4 10	4 10	5 12	5 12	17 1	16 1	14 12	14 12
Jaipur	12 4	12 12	18 13	17 8	5 4	5 5	6 —	6 2	18 5	18 1	15 10	15 6
Karauli	13 7	12 8	19 6	17 8	6 4	6 4	8 7	7 8	21 4	16 4	18 10	16 —
Dholpur	12 —	11 8	19 4	16 11	5 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	19 4	16 11½	18 3½	16 2
Bharatpur	12 6	11 8	17 6	15 12	5 —	5 —	5 14	5 14	14 6	13 10	15 2	12 10
Alwar	12 15	12 8	18 10	16 7	5 12	5 [illegible]	[illegible]	7 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] 2	15 [illegible]	14 8
Deoli	13 5	12 1	23 —	23 —	5 —	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15 [illegible]	16 —
Nasirabad	13 —	2 —	...	...	6 8	[illegible]	9 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	13 —
Shahpura	12 4	1 6	21 13	21 —	6 6	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21 —	[illegible]
Western—												
Bikaner	10 —	[illegible]	19 —	19 —	5 —	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] 5	[illegible]
Jaisalmer	9 7	9 5	...	...	4 12	[illegible] 10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jodhpur	12 13 and 13 8	12 6 and 13 3	20 11	19 4	5 3	5 3	6 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bálmer	11 4	12	...	...	4 8	6 —	10 5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erinpura	11 11	11 11	20 —	20 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sirohi	12 8 and 13 8	12 — and 13 —	23 —	23 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	18 —	18 —	[illegible]	[illegible]
Anádra	12 8	12 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	13 —
Abu	11 12	11 3	17·12	16 9	4 12	4 12	7 6	7 6	...	...	12 4	12 4
Central India—												
Indore	11 8	10 8	16 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	23 —	20 —	14 —	13 —
Nimach	11 8	11 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	11 8	12 —
Gwalior*	...	10 8	...	...	...	5 8	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	11 8	10 12	18 —	17 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	17 12	14 —	16 8	14 —
Ferozpur	12 12	13 —	...	19 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	12 8	...	15 —
Central—												
Lahore	13 12	11 12	22 12	21 —	...	...	8 4	7 12	...	14 12	14 —	13 4
Gujranwala	12 12	13 4	23 —	22 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	13 8	13 —	21 —	20 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	...	16 —	...
Jhelam	14 8	13 —	20 —	19 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	15 —	16 —	15 —

* Not reported yet.

state the number of seers (o' 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												United Provinces— *continued*
												(a) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...	24 —	24 —	18 6	18 —	25 —	16 —	16 10	16 —	19 —	18 —	Shahjahánpur
...	...	15 —	12 —	17 8	16 12	24 —	21 —	16 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	...	...	...	23 5	19 8	...	...	14 15	14 15	20 15	20 12	Pilibit
...	...	...	...	16 12	16 12	...	...	15 8	15 8	20 4	20 4	Bareli
...	...	14 12	8 12	16 6	16 2	15 4	15 4	15 —	15 2	20 —	20 —	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	17 6	16 4	...	...	13 —	13 —	19 —	19 —	Bijnor
...	...	...	...	16 8	15 10	...	...	8 13	8 13	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
17 —	17 —	21 4	21 4	17 —	16 4	17 —	17 —	9 9	9 9	21 4	21 4	Saháranpur
15 —	15 —	...	...	15 —	14 8	14 —	14 —	13 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	Dehra-Dun
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	12 —	11 8	11 —	11 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tál
13 —	12 —	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	9 4	9 —	12 —	12 —	Almora
16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Garhwál
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
25 —	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	...	...	14 4	14 4	20 —	20 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	19 8	19 —	...	...	16 —	16 8	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
28 —	16 —	21 —	20 —	16 —	15 —	13 —	12 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareli
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 —	..	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	22 —	24 —	17 —	16 8	30 —	..	13 8	13 —	19 —	18 —	Lucknow
30 —	20 —	30 —	20 —	18 12	18 8	30 —	20 —	13 —	13 —	18 —	18 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	...	17 —	15 8	17 8	17 —	23 —	17 —	13 8	13 8	18 8	18 8	Fyzabad
...	...	16 —	14 —	18 —	16 —	24 —	18 —	17 —	16 —	20 —	18 —	Barabanki
13 —	12 —	20 —	9 12	17 4	16 12	15 4	15 4	13 8	13 12	17 —	17 4	Gonda
...	...	13 —	13 —	19 —	18 8	16 8	16 8	14 8	14 8	18 8	18 8	Bahraich
18 —	16 —	26 —	15 —	18 8	17 8	26 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	26 —	20 —	Sitapur
25 —	24 —	13 —	13 —	18 —	18 —	20 —	20 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	21 —	20 —	24 —	21 4	8 —	8 —	17 8	17 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	30 —	28 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	13 8	Bánswara
...	...	10 2	10 2	19 8	17 15	35 15	32 13	9 6	9 —	18 13	18 2	Mewar (Udaipur)
22 —	...	...	...	26 —	25 8	25 8	26 8	...	...	16 —	17 —	Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	...	6 —	...	17 8	...	18 —	...	...	...	24 —	Ajmer
...	...	...	...	21 —	20 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Kishangarh
...	...	...	...	19 11	15 12	21 —	18 6	...	...	17 1	17 1	Bundi
...	...	...	...	17 4	16 12	26 8	22 —	8 8	8 —	20 —	20 —	Kotah
...	...	...	...	19 5	18 1	33 —	30 4	7 4	7 4	17 —	17 —	Jhalawar
...	...	...	...	19 3	17 5	17 1	17 1	...	...	19 10	19 11	Tonk
...	...	8 14	9 —	18 1 and 19 5	17 13 and 18 1	19 5	19 1	20 14	20 3	25 1	25 8	Jaipur
...	...	...	...	17 8	16 4	...	...	23 7	18 12	20 10	20 —	Karauli
...	...	7 8	7 —	17 3[illegible]	16 —	...	...	14 15	13 3	21 8	20 4	Dholpur
...	...	7 12	7 12	16 6	15 1	14 10	14 10	10 4	9 12	22 —	21 8	Bharatpur
...	...	[illegible]	14 —	[illegible]	[illegible]	18 13	14 12	29 7	23 9	24 12	24 12	Alwar
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	19 14	20 —	8 —	8 —	21 6	21 6	Deoli
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 —	24 —	Nasirabad
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	19 —	17 5	...	...	21 —	20 12	Shahpura
												Western—
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	7 8	8 —	22 —	22 —	Bikaner
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jaisalmer
...	19·37	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	19 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 8	16 8	Jodhpur
26·56	23·44	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] 8	15 8	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bálmer
		[illegible]	[illegible]	19 —	19 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Erinpura
		[illegible]	18 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Sirohi
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 —	16 9	[illegible] —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Anádra
...	...	...	...	16 9	16 —	16 9	14 9	8 12	8 12	20 —	20 —	Abu
												Central India—
...	...	...	...	16 —	14 8	22 —	22 —	11 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	..	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	..	10 —	...	15 8	...	...	...	13 —	.	20 —	Gwalior
												Panjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	20 —	18 8	...	..	...	...	21 —	21 —	Hissar
...	...	...	..	19 4	18 8	...	15 —	...	...	22 —	23	Ferozpur
												Central—
...	...	14 4	14 12	20 12	18 12	18 12	17 4	11 12	11 12	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	...	...	...	19 6	19 —	...	...	...	...	24 8	24 8	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	18 —	17 —	...	...	26 —	25 —	Gujrat
...	...	...	.	19 8	18 -	21 —	20 —	8 —	8 -	26 —	26 —	Jhelam

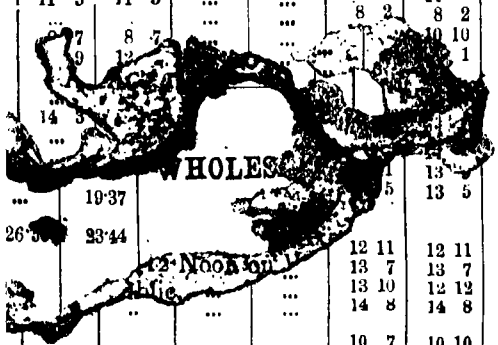
RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1910—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	11 7	11 4	18 12	16 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	14 —	13 —	15 —	14 —
Delhi	11 8	11 8	17	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Rohtak	12 8	11 8	20 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	17 —	16 —
Karnál	12 —	11 8	22 —	19 —	...	...	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	13 6	12 8	19 —	17 8	...	...	8 4	8 4	20 —	19 8	16 —	15 8
Ludhiána	14 —	12 —	23 —	22 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 —	12 8	17 —	15 8
Jalandhar	12 8	12 —	21 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	13 —	10 —	16 —	16 —
Hoshiárpur	14 —	14 —	22 —	22 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	18 —	15 —	15 —
Gurdáspur	13 8	13 4	20 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 8	13 4	20 —	19 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	15 —	14 —
Siálkot	13 4	13 —	19 8	19 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Simla	10 8	10 4	16 —	16 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	11 —	11 8	10 —	10 —
Kángra	14 —	14 —	28 —	26 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	13 —	12 8	22 8	22 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	19 —	...	16 —	16 —
Attock	13 8	13 4	23 —	23 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	19 —	16 —	17 —	17 —
Western—												
Sháhpur	13 8	13 8	22 —	22 —	...	...	7 —	6 —	12 8	12 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	12 8	12 8	17 12	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	17 —	18 —
Lyallpur	12 12	12 8	21 —	20 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Multan	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 8	...	...	9 8	9 4	20 8	19 —	17 —	17 8
Montgomery	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffargarh	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	14 8	14 8	14 —	14 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	12 —	12 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	14 8	14 8	15 8	15 8
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	12 8	12 8	20 10	20 —	3 6	3 6	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	12 —
Peshawar	13 —	13 —	28 —	27 —	5 3	5 3	7 13	7 13	24 —	24 —	15 —	16 —
Kohát	13 8	13 7	24 8	23 2	4 10	4 10	9 4	9 4	25 8	15 5	20 6	19 2
Bannu	17 5	17 8	30 10	31 14	3 7	3 7	7 8	7 3	29 1	27 13	18 2	18 12
Dera Ismael Khan	13 2	13 6	18 14	19 —	3 8	3 10	6 4	6 4	20 10	21 4	18 6	18 2
Tochi	18 —	18 —	28 —	28 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram*	...	17 —	...	25 —	...	9 —	...	9 8	...	...	...	...
Malakand	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Wano	10 7	10 6	12 2	12 2	3 2	3 2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	13 —	13 —	11 8	11 8
Hyderabad	10 —	10 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)	11 —	11 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	13 —	12 —	...	...	14 —	14 —
Shikárpur	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 —
Upper Sind Frontier	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	16 —	[illegible] —
Quetta	9 11 to 10 3	9 9 to 10 —	13 15	13 5	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	13 5	13 5	12 5	12 5
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 13	7 13	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 15	8 15	11 9	11 9	10 12	10 12
Ratnagiri	6 1	6 1	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 13	8 3	9 2	9 2	9 4	9 4
Alibág	6 7	6 7	...	...	6 15	6 15	7 10	7 10	...	...	10 7	10 7
Bombay	7 2	6 13	...	...	6 6	6 6	9 2	9 2	11 10	11 10	10 10	10 10
Thanna	7 —	7	...	...	7 3	7 3	8 2	8 2	...	...	10 12	10 12
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	8 8	8 8	...	...	8 5	7 13	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12 14	[illegible] 15
Belgaum	8 14	8 11	...	...	8 1	8 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8 8
Satara	8 8	8 [illegible]	...	...	7 6	7 [illegible]	9 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12 2
Sholapur	8 15	8 [illegible]	...	...	6 7	6 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	16
Bijapur	9 5	9 [illegible]	...	...	8 7	7 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	19
Poona	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 10	7 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	7 6	7 6	8 2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Násik	9 14	9 14	...	...	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dhulia	8 12	8 12	...	...	6 6	6 6	7 8	7 8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jalgaon	9 8	9 1	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 6	7 6	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gujarát—												
Surat	8 5	8 5	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 6	7 6	14 —	13 14	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
Broach	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 [illegible]	6 8	10 —	10 —	13 8	13 8	11 8	[illegible]
Kaira	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 [illegible]	7 —	8 8	8 8	14 —	12 8	11 —	11 —
Baroda	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	13 —	13 —	10 8	10 8
Ahmadabad	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	15 —	12 8	12 —
Godhra	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	11 8	11 8
Disa	11 8	11 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	17 —	16 —	12 8	12 8
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	11 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	11 —	11 —
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 14	10 14	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 4	8 4	22 —	18 13	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 —	11 6	...	...	4 12	4 12	8 7	8 5	19 7	19 5	...	...
Betul	14 4	14 4	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 15	19 10	19 10	...	...
Chhindwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 2	6 2	10 8	10 8	25 6	25 6	...	...
Nagpur	11 7	11 7	...	...	5 3	5 3	10 6	10 6	14 12	14 15	...	...
Wardha	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 11	5 2	10 3	10 3	16 10	15 8	...	...

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or bunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	
												Panjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	...	17 4	15 12	14 —	13 —	11 8	11 8	20 —	20 —	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	Delhi
...	...	...	...	21 —	19 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	21 —	21 —	Rohtak
...	...	...	...	19 —	18 —	...	...	8 —	12 —	21 —	20 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
21 —	21 —	16 —	16 —	20 8	18 4	22 —	21 8	12 —	12 —	27 —	27 —	Ambala
...	...	11 —	10 —	21 —	18 12	19 —	18 —	8 8	8 —	27 —	25 8	Ludhiána
...	...	12 —	12 —	18 —	17 —	20 —	18 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Jalandhar
...	...	...	...	18 —	17 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Hoshiárpur
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Gurdáspur
...	...	13 —	12 —	19 8	18 8	19 —	19 —	9 8	9 8	26 —	27 —	Amritsar
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	...	...	...	...	25 —	23 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 —	12 8	13 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 —	Simla
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	21 —	Kángra
												Northern—
...	...	13 —	13 —	18 4	17 12	20 —	19 —	7 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Ráwalpindi
...	...	...	...	19 8	19 —	19 —	19 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Attock
												Western—
...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	16 —	16 —	10 —	10 —	23 —	23 —	Sháhpur
15 —	15 —	18 —	18 —	17 —	17 —	20 —	19 —	...	...	22 —	22 —	Jhang
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 —	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Lyallpur
...	...	...	13 8	17 12	17 12	20 8	19 8	...	...	25 —	24 —	Multan
...	...	...	...	20 4	20 4	...	...	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Montgomery
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 12	16 12	18 —	18 —	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —	Muzaffargarh
...	...	...	...	15 12	15 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	23 —	23 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Hazára
...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	11 —	13 —	22 —	23 —	Peshawar
...	...	...	...	16 14	16 14	17 14	17 14	...	...	24 3	24 3	Kohát
...	...	...	...	22 7	23 9	23 12	24 1	...	...	30 10	31 4	Bannu
...	...	...	...	20 —	20 10	15 —	15 —	7 8	7 8	28 —	27 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Tochi
...	...	...	...	...	11 —	...	22 —	...	6 —	...	16 —	Kurram
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	Malakand
...	...	...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	...	...	Wana
												Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	26 —	26 —	Karáchi
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	24 —	24 —	Hyderabad
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 —	26 —	Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Upper Sind Frontier
...	...	...	...	13 3	12 15	12 1½	11 7	7 4	7 4	16 —	16 —	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
12 8	12 8	...	...	8 9	8 9	...	...	8 1	8 1	19 11	19 11	Karwar
11 3	11 3	...	...	10 7	11 —	...	...	6 12	6 12	16 14	16 14	Ratnagiri
...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	...	...	7 6	7 6	18 11	18 11	Alibág
[illegible]	8 7	...	...	[illegible]	10 10	...	...	8 15	8 5	16 13	16 13	Bombay
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible] 1	...	...	8 10	8 10	23 2	23 2	Thanna
												Deccan and Karnátak—
...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	7 9	7 9	20 10	20 10	Dharwar
14 3	[illegible]	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	8 8	8 [illegible]	19 13	19 13	Belgaum
...	[illegible]	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	10 14	10 [illegible]	20 3	20 3	Satara
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	10 6	10 [illegible]	18 —	18 —	Sholapur
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	[illegible]	13 [illegible]	...	...	9 10	9 [illegible]	21 5	21 5	Bijapur
...	19·37	...	...	[illegible]	13 5	...	...	8 10	8 10	16 14	16 14	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
26·5[illegible]	23·44	...	...	12 11	12 11	...	...	11 3	10 8	17 3	17 3	Ahmednagar
		...	...	13 7	13 7	...	...	10 5	10 5	23 10	23 10	Násik
		...	...	13 10	12 12	...	...	9 10	9 10	20 2	20 2	Dhulia
		...	...	14 8	14 8	...	...	9 2	9 2	15 11	15 11	Jalgaon
												Gujarát—
...	...	...	...	10 7	10 10	...	...	9 4	9 4	25 14	25 7	Surat
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 9	24 9	Broach
18 —	18 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Kaira
13 —	13 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	21 —	21 —	Baroda
...	...	...	...	15 —	14 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Ahmadabad
17 —	17 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	25 —	25 —	Godhra
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	90 —	90 —	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	...	14 10	13 14	...	...	10 14	10 14	16 —	16 —	Nimar
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	Hoshangabad
...	...	...	...	18 10	18 10	...	...	8 6	8 6	12 10	12 10	Betul
...	...	...	...	24 10	19 —	...	...	9 12	9 12	16 —	16 —	Chhindwara
...	...	...	...	15 7	15 7	...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	Nagpur
...	...	...	...	12 11	12 11	...	...	12 7	11 14	17 —	17 —	Wardha



RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1910—*concluded* (*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces— *continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	11 —	11 —	...	...	5 1	5 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor	11 10	11 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	20 3	17 7	...	...
Damoh	13 2	12 7	...	...	7 2	7 2	7 12	7 12	20 12	19 8	...	...
Jubbulpore	11 8	11 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	13 5	13 5	...	...	7 2	7 2	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	11 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Pálághát	10 3	10 3	...	...	5 7	5 7	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Bhandára	11 12	11 12	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	17 13	17 13	...	...
Chánda	10 —	10	...	...	8 14	8 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	16 —	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilásipur	12 13	11 10	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Raipur	12 —	11 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	11 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Drug	14 6	12 12	...	...	11 2	10 9	11 14	11 5	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	10 10	10 10	...	...	6 1	5 14	8 10	7 14	23 1	20 10	...	...
Akola	9 1	9 10	...	...	6 1	6 11	8 2	8 13	17 —	16 —	...	...
Amráoti	10 5	10 5	...	...	7 10	7 10	10 11	10 11	17 —	16 —	...	...
Yeotmal	11 5	10 6	...	...	4 5	4 5	9 14	9 14	21 5	18 3	...	...
Nizam's Territories												
Secunderabad*	6 13	6 13	11 11	11 11	3 3	3 3	8 2	8 2	12 12	12 12	...	...
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	9 2	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	12 15	12 15	13 11	13 11
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	14 2	13 6	10 15	10 15
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	16 5	13 4	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	14 1	14 1	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 7	14 15	12 15	14 14	12 11
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	8 11	15 11	14 8	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	14 14	14 14
Godávari	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 3	15 5	15 5	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 13	9 11	13 —	13 —	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 7	9 6	12 9	12 9	12 —	12 —
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	13 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 15	7 5	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 [illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	13
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mysore—												
Mysore	7 —	7 —	6 12	6 12	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bangalore	7 8	7 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kolar	...	...	7 —	7 —	5 14	5 8	8 8	8 —	12 —	12 —	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tumkur	7 —	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 [illegible]	6 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 4	7 4	7 8	7 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Shimoga	7 —	7 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Aden	7 —	7 —	...	...	7 —	6 12	8 —	8 —	12 7	12 —	10 11	10 11

* Including Bolaram

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dal		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces— *continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	18 5	16 —	...	...	11 2	11 2	18 5	18 5	Saugor
...	...	...	...	20 13	18 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	17 —	16 8	Jabbulpore
...	...	...	...	19 4	19 4	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 -	—	Seoni
...	...	...	...	14 4	14 4	...	...	8 14	8 14	16 13	6 13	Balaghát
...	...	...	...	14 4	14 4	...	...	10 -	10 —	17 4	17 4	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	11 6	11 6	16 —	16 —	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 13	12 13	14 3	14 3	Bilaspur
...	...	...	...	18 —	16 8	...	...	12 —	11 12	16 —	16 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	15 4	15 4	Drug
												Berar—
...	...	...	...	16 5	13 13	...	...	10 —	10 13	18 2	18 13	Baldána
...	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	...	...	9 2	9 13	17 1	17 1	Akola
...	...	...	...	14 2	14 2	...	...	12 10	12 10	18 4	18 4	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	14 3	12 13	...	...	12 13	12 13	17 5	17 5	Yootmal
												Nizam's Territories—
...	...	...	...	11 —	9 14	...	...	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 6	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	S. Canara
												South, central—
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 6	16 6	Nilgiris
15 9	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	Salem
												Central—
14 1	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 12	18 12	Bellary
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 10	19 7	Anantapur
16 4	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 4	22 4	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 8	18 8	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
15 11	15 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 5	25 —	Ganjam
14 10	14 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Vizagapatam
16 8	17 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
14 11	14 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Guntur
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
12 2	12 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 14	27 7	Madras
10 5	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 13	26 13	Chingleput
13 [illegible]	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	N. Arcot
12 10	12 [illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 10	23 6	S. Arcot
11 13	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	23 7	Tanjore
[illegible] 3	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 7	21 10	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
...	19·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28 13	28 13	Tinnevelly
										22 11	22 11	Madura
26·56	23·44											**Mysore**—
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	17 —	17 —	Mysore
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	10 4	9 12	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 8	16 8	Bangalore
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	18 —	18 —	Kolar
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Tumkur
18 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Hassan
18 —	17 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	Kadur
17 —	16 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Shimoga
18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Chitaldrug
												Coorg—
16 —	16 —	...	...	14 8	14 4	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 —	17 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	11 13	11 12	...	...	11 3	11 3	32 —	32 —	Aden

WHOLES[illegible]
12 Noon on [illegible]
[illegible]

C. W. E. COTTON,
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, October 7, 1910

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees

	In the six months, April to September, of									
	1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
General Import Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	1,38	1,59	1,39	1,91	1,72	1,72	2,41	2,33	2,32	2,31
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,00	1,04	1,25	1,37	1,35	1,44	1,38	2,49	2,43	3,87
Spirits and liqueurs	31,04	32,55	35,89	36,35	38,59	34 34	44,24	45,77	45,03	51,43
Wines	1,54	1,74	1,68	1,55	1,75	1,60	1,75	1,73	1,62	2,48
Opium and its alkaloids*	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3
Petroleum	26,11	26,50	21,79	23,35	19,33	17,01	22,24	26,84	22,87	26,72
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	15,60	21,86	17,84	22,26	15,36	21,93	26,95	35,74	31,88	96,94
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	15,35	14,62	1,94	6	1	...	...	...	...	1
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	—	3,12	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco (a)	82	86	95	1,15	1,48	1,4[illegible]	1,79	1,69	2,23	13,83
General Import Duties										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	5,85	5,75	5,97	6,72	8,10	8,16	10,16	11,58	10,32	11,02
Sugar (ordinary duties)	12,77	11,85	12,31	13,44	11,94	23,85	19,39	19,96	26,80	25,67
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	4,72	4,93	5,57	5,06	5,26	5,52	7,11	6,34	6,76	7,93
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	24,79	26,90	24,01	26,60	31,44	32,99	34,07	26,64	29,22	28,60
" white	14,99	8,53	9,65	13,91	14,18	12,03	18,84	15,50	10,78	15,33
" coloured	11,37	10 47	13,42	15,40	15,69	15,53	18,02	19,35	12,70	19,43
Other goods	1,35	97	1,58	2,60	2,78	2,70	2,99	3,12	2,71	3,73
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	10,90	15,09	14,40	18,24	14,93	15,13	19,14	25,29	20,73	24,44
Oils (excluding petroleum)	85	84	47	46	56	1,10	1,30	78	60	74
Manufactured articles	29,17	27,83	32,55	38,42	39,45	37,95	45,58	49,10	43,1[illegible]	53,58
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	4,58	4,13	4,24	5,00	5,72	5,17	6,55	8,57	7,19	7,28
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,14,20	2,20,89	2,07,04	2,33,91	2,29,66	2,39,60	2,83,93	3,02,84	2,79,37	3,96,37
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	7,60	8,03	9,25	9,06	11,42	10,96	13,64	13,68	15,06	15,94
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	39,12	53,84	53,01	58,98	53,11	48,34	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]57	2,38
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	3,66	4,15	4,55	5,01	4,12	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4,88
GRAND TOTAL	2,64,88	2,86,91	2,73,85	3,06,[illegible]	2,98,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4,69[illegible]
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal — Imports	80,72	84,14	73,78	83,90	84,86	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bengal — Exports	6,29	6,82	6,60	8,17	10,79	5,55	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eastern Bengal and Assam — Imports	—	—	—	—	—	25	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eastern Bengal and Assam — Exports	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	2	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bombay — Imports	77,66	84,23	7[illegible]	89,41	84,59	88,54	1,04,24	1,14,00	1,04,80	[illegible]
Bombay — Exports	1,08	1,85	1,62	1,21	82	79	77	99	1,42	92
Sind — Imports	21,40	20,23	16,63	18,26	16,67	23,20	22,61	31,44	25,93	33,95
Sind — Exports	1,01	62	42	75	59	1,65	1,93	76	1,12	80
Madras — Imports	18,35	17,69	19,97	19,85	19,38	18,74	22,28	27,81	24,30	27,42
Madras — Exports	2,81	3,44	4,86	3,91	2,50	3,80	5,73	5,47	3,33	2,96
Burma — Imports	16,07	14,60	19,35	22,49	21,16	22,72	26,29	33,61	26,95	31,[illegible]7
Burma — Exports	27,93	41,11	40,11	44,94	38,41	36,55	33,20	23,64	28,71	39,30

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "*General Import Duties*"

C. W. E. COTTON
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. S. MESTON
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, October 5, 1910

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 42.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1910.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	PAGES.
PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	1035—1069
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	1485—1509
PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	91
SUPPLEMENT No. 42—	
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 13th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1661—1663
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 8th October 1910	1664—1667
Resolution regarding Form of Agreement for engagement of lascars in India	1668
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during week ending the 8th October 1910	1669—1674
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1675—1677

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th October, 1910.

No. 2660-*M.*—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will leave Simla by landau at 12 Noon on Wednesday, the 2nd November 1910. His Excellency's departure will be public.

At 11-30 A.M., a Guard-of-Honour of the Simla Volunteer Rifles will be drawn up at Viceregal Lodge, and a Guard-of-Honour of the Detachment of the 6th Gurkha Rifles on the Guard House Maidan.

All the principal Civil and Military Officers, and other ladies and gentlemen in Simla, on the Government House List, desirous of attending are invited to be at Viceregal Lodge by 11-40 A.M.

Levée Dress will be worn by Civilians, and Review Order by Military Officers. Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform will appear in Morning Dress.

A Viceregal salute will be fired as His Excellency leaves Viceregal Lodge.

His Excellency will visit Patiala, Rampur, Agra, Allahabad, and Benares and arrive at Calcutta on the 12th November 1910. The arrival at Calcutta will be private.

All covers intended to reach His Excellency the Viceroy and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp." without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency on tour will be as follows:—

Her Excellency the Countess of Minto
Lady Eileen Eliot.
Mr. S. H. Butler C.S.I., C.I.E., Foreign Secretary.
Lieut.-Colonel A. F. Pinhey, C.I.E., Private Secretary.
Lieut.-Colonel V. R. Brooke, C.I.E., D.S.O., Military Secretary.
Surgeon Lieut.-Colonel Sir Warren Crooke-Lawless, Kt., C.I.E., M.D., Surgeon.
Captain Lord F. Scott, A.-D.-C.
Captain R. G. Jelf, A.-D.-C.
Captain W. W. Muir, A.-D.-C.

All communications of a mere routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the head-quarters of the several departments.

By Command,
VICTOR BROOKE, *Lt.-Colonel,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th October, 1910.

No. 50.—The following Statutes are published for general information :

[10 EDW. VII AND 1 GEO. V, C. 26.]

(THE REGENCY ACT, 1910.)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE GOVERNMENT IN CASE THE CROWN SHOULD DESCEND TO ANY ISSUE OF HIS MAJESTY WHILE SUCH ISSUE SHALL BE UNDER THE AGE OF EIGHTEEN YEARS, AND FOR THE CARE AND GUARDIANSHIP OF SUCH ISSUE.

[3rd August 1910.]

WHEREAS Your Majesty, by Your Majesty's Royal message to both Houses of Parliament, has been pleased to recommend that provision should be made for a Regency in certain events :

Now therefore we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

Her Majesty Queen Mary to be Regent.

1.—(1) If on the demise of His present Majesty (whom God long preserve) any child of His Majesty succeeds to the Crown whilst under the age of eighteen years, Her Majesty Queen Mary shall be the guardian, and have the care and tuition of such child until the child attain the age of eighteen years, and until that time shall have the disposition, ordering, and management of all matters and things relating thereto.

(2) Her Majesty Queen Mary shall, until such child attain the age of [illegible] years and no longer, have full power and authority in the name of such child and [illegible] stead of such child, and under the style and title of "the Regent" to exercise and administer according to the laws and constitution thereof, the Royal power and government of this realm, and all the dominions, countries, and territories belonging to the Crown thereof, and use, exercise, and perform all prerogatives, authorities, and acts of government and administration of government that belong to the Sovereign of this realm to use, execute, and perform according to the laws thereof, but in such manner and subject to such conditions, restrictions, limitations, and regulations as are contained in this Act.

(3) All acts of Royal power, prerogative, government, and administration of government of any kind which shall be done or executed during the Regency established by this Act otherwise than by and with the consent and authority of the Regent, in the manner and according to the directions prescribed by this Act, shall be absolutely null and void to all intents and purposes.

Oaths to be taken by Regent.

2. The Regent, before she shall act or enter upon her office of Regent, shall take the oaths set out in the Schedule to this Act before the Privy Council, and the Privy Council are empowered and required to administer those oaths and to enter them in the Council books.

3.—(1) During the Regency, the Sovereign, for whom the Regent is appointed, shall not intermarry, before attaining the age of eighteen years, with any person, unless the consent in writing of the Regent and the assent of both Houses of Parliament is previously obtained, and any marriage entered into in contravention of this section shall be null and void to all intents and purposes.

Marriage of Sovereign under the age of eighteen forbidden during Regency without consent of Regent and Parliament.

(2) Any person who shall knowingly act, aid, abet, or be concerned in obtaining, procuring, or bringing about any marriage in contravention of this section and the person who shall be married to the Sovereign knowing that the marriage is a marriage in contravention of this section shall be guilty of a felony under the Treason Felony Act, 1848. 10 & 11 Vict., c. 12.

4. The Regent shall not give or have power to give the Royal Assent to any Bill for repealing, changing, or in any respect varying, the order or course of succession to the Crown of this realm, as established by the Act of Settlement, or to any Bill for repealing or altering an Act of the fifth year of the reign of Queen Anne, made in Scotland, intituled "An Act for securing the Protestant religion and Presbyterian government." 12 Will. 3. c. 2. 13 & 14 Chas. 2. c. 4.

Regent not entitled to give the Royal Assent to any Act altering the succession to the Crown &c.

5. If Her Majesty Queen Mary shall, after becoming Regent, be reconciled to or hold communion with the See or Church of Rome, or shall profess the Roman Catholic religion, or shall marry a person professing the Roman Catholic religion, or shall cease to reside in or absent herself otherwise than temporarily from the United Kingdom, Her Majesty shall no longer be guardian and Regent; and all the powers and authorities which she may have derived under or by virtue of this Act shall thenceforth cease and determine.

Powers of the Act to determine if Regent becomes Roman Catholic or marries Roman Catholic, or resides abroad.

6. This Act may be cited as the Regency Act, 1910.

Short title.

SCHEDULE.

1. I do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to [*here insert the name of the Sovereign*] his heirs and successors according to law. So help me God.

2. I do swear that I will truly and faithfully execute the office of Regent according to the Regency Act, 1910, and that I will administer the government of this realm and of all the dominions thereunto belonging according to the laws, customs, and statutes thereof, and will in all things to the utmost of my power and ability consult and maintain the safety, honour, and dignity of [*here insert the name of the Sovereign*] and the welfare of His people. So help me God.

3. I do faithfully promise and swear that I will inviolably maintain and preserve the Settlement of the true Protestant religion with the government, discipline, rights, and privileges of the Church of Scotland as established by law. So help me God.

[10 EDW. VII AND 1 GEO. V, C. 29.]

(THE ACCESSION DECLARATION ACT, 1910.)

AN ACT TO ALTER THE FORM OF THE DECLARATION REQUIRED TO BE MADE BY THE SOVEREIGN ON ACCESSION.

[3rd August 1910.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. The declaration to be made, subscribed, and audibly repeated by the Sovereign under section 1 of the Bill of Rights and section 2 of the Act of Settlement shall be that set out in the Schedule to this Act instead of that referred to in the said sections. 1 Will. & Mary, Sess. 2, c. 2 12 & 13 Will. 3. c. 2.

Alteration of form of accession declaration.

2. This Act may be cited as the Accession Declaration Act, 1910.

Short title.

SCHEDULE.

I [*here insert the name of the Sovereign*] do solemnly and sincerely in the presence of God profess, testify, and declare that I am a faithful Protestant, and that I will, according to the true intent of the enactments which secure the Protestant succession to the Throne of my Realm, uphold and maintain the said enactments to the best of my powers according to law.

[17 & 18 VICT., C. 80., S. 58.]

(ABRIDGMENT OF STATUTES.)

* * * * * * * *

58. Every extract of any entry in the register books to be kept under the provisions of this Act, duly authenticated and signed by the Registrar General, if such extract shall be from the registers kept at the General Registry Office, and by the registrar if from any parochial or district register, shall be admissible as evidence in all parts of Her Majesty's dominions, without any other or further proof of such entry.

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[10 EDW. VII AND 1 GEO. V, C. 32.]

[THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES (SCOTLAND) AMENDMENT ACT, 1910.]

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW RESPECTING THE AUTHENTICATION OF EXTRACTS UNDER THE ACTS RELATING TO THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES IN SCOTLAND.

[3rd August 1910.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

Substitution of seal for signature of Registrar General for Scotland.

1. So much of section fifty-eight of the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages (Scotland) Act, 1854, as requires extracts of entries which shall be admissible as evidence to be signed by the Registrar General if such extracts shall be from the registers kept at the General Registry Office, shall cease to have effect, and in lieu thereof it is hereby provided that the Registrar General shall cause to be made a seal of the said General Registry Office, and the Registrar General shall cause to be sealed or stamped therewith all extracts of entries given in the said office ; and all extracts of entries purporting to be sealed or stamped with the seal of the said General Registry Office shall be deemed to be duly authenticated by the Registrar General, and the provisions of the said section shall apply thereto as fully as if such authenticated extracts were signed by the Registrar General.

Short title, construction, and commencement.

2.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages (Scotland) Amendment Act, 1910, and may be cited with the Births, Deaths and Marriages (Scotland) Acts, 1854 to 1860, and this Act and the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages (Scotland) Act, 1854, shall be construed as one Act.

(2) This Act shall come into operation on the expiration of three months from the passing thereof.

R. SHEEPSHANKS,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 12th October, 1910.

No. 1145.—Major J. A. Black, M.B., I.M.S., is confirmed in the appointment of Chemical Examiner, Bengal, and Professor of Chemistry in the Medical College, Calcutta, with effect from the 29th October 1904.

2. The Home Department Notification, no. 396, dated the 28th April 1909, is hereby cancelled.

The 14th October, 1910.

No. 1148.—The services of Captain A. S. M. Peebles, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

MUNICIPALITIES.

The 14th October, 1910.

No. 141.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Berar Municipal Law, 1886, namely:

1. In section 63, sub-section (3), after the word "arrear" where that word first occurs the following shall be inserted, namely:

"together with any sum leviable on account of court-fees or the prescribed process-fees, and with interest at the rate of twelve-and-a-half per centum per annum."

2. After the same sub-section the following proviso shall be added, namely:

"Provided that no interest shall be so recovered in any case in which the Deputy Commissioner, for reasons to be recorded in writing, considers it inexpedient that interest should be charged."

3. In the existing proviso to the same section after the word "Provided" the word "also" shall be inserted.

4. After clause (*q*) of section 145, sub-section (1), the following shall be inserted, namely:

"(*r*) as to the fees to be levied on processes issued by a Deputy Commissioner or Magistrate respectively under sections 63 and 153 of the Law" and clause "(*r*)" shall be re-lettered "(*s*)."

5. For section 153 the following shall be substituted, namely:

"153. (1) Any arrears of any tax or any other money claimable by a Committee under this Law, with any sum leviable on account of court-fees or the prescribed process-fees, and with interest at the rate of twelve-and-a-half per centum per annum may be recovered on the application of the Committee or some person authorised generally or specially by the Committee in this behalf to a Magistrate having jurisdiction within the limits of the municipality, by the distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the person from whom the money is claimable within the limits of the jurisdiction of such Magistrate:

"Provided that no interest shall be so recovered in any case in which the Magistrate, for reasons to be recorded in writing, considers it inexpedient that interest should be charged.

"(2) Where there is no sufficient moveable property belonging to the person from whom any money is claimable on account of any arrears of any tax within the jurisdiction of any magistrate having jurisdiction within the limits of the municipality, any such magistrate may, on the application of the Committee or of some person authorised generally or specially by the Committee in this behalf, grant a certificate of the amount due on account of arrears, with court-fees, process-fees, and interest, if any, by the person from whom the money is claimable, and shall forward the certificate so granted to the magistrate within whose jurisdition any such property belonging to such person is or is believed to be; and the Magistrate receiving such certificate shall proceed to recover, by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the defaulter within the limits of his jurisdiction, the amount certified, with any further sum leviable on account of court-fees or process-fees, and shall remit the amount recovered under such certificate to the Magistrate by whom the certificate was granted."

SANITARY.

The 14th October, 1910.

No. 1902.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 58 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895 (XIV of 1895), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules in supersession of the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department no. 262, dated the 5th October 1896, as amended by subsequent notifications:—

1. In these rules "the Inspector" means the officer appointed by the local Government under section 8, or the person authorized by such officer as aforesaid under section 9 of the Pilgrim Ships Act (XIV of 1895), hereinafter referred to as "the Act," and "section" means a section of the said Act.

2. The Inspector shall, on receiving the notice required by section 8, himself proceed or give written authority to some competent person on his behalf, to inspect the ship, her provisions, medical stores, equipments, ventilation, fittings, etc., and shall satisfy himself by such inspection that they meet all prescribed requirements.

3. The certificates A and B required under sections 11 and 12 shall be given in Forms nos. I and II appended to these rules and that required under section 24 in Form III.

4. No certificate under section 12 shall be granted between May 20th and September 20th in any year in respect of a ship of a tonnage of less than 500 registered tons, or which is not capable of steaming at least eight knots an hour in ordinary monsoon weather; nor shall such a certificate be given unless all the arrangements required by these rules have been made to the entire satisfaction of the Inspector.

5. The Inspector shall see that in all cases where the number of pilgrims exceeds 100, the medical officer of the ship is present at the official inspection and that such medical officer has had an opportunity of satisfying himself as to the completeness of the arrangements made for the accommodation and care of the pilgrims under these rules; and shall require such medical officer to furnish a certificate to that effect in Form IX and to sign the second of the certificates prescribed by rule 58.

Boats, anchors and cables.

6. (1) Every pilgrim ship shall be provided with boats (to be placed under davits) at least two of which shall be lifeboats, according to the following scale:—

1	2	3
Gross tonnage of ship	Minimum number of boats to be placed under davits.	Total minimum cubic contents of boats to be placed under davits L × B. × D × ·6.
500 and under 600	3	600
600 " " 700	3	700
700 " " 800	4	800
800 " " 900	4	900
900 " " 1,000	4	1,000
1,000 " " 1,250	4	1,200
1,250 " " 1,500	6	1,500
1,500 " " 1,750	6	1,700
1,750 " " 2,000	6	1,800
2,000 " " 2,250	6	1,900
2,250 " " 2,500	6	2,000
2,500 " " 2,750	6	2,050
2,750 " " 3,000	6	2,100
3,000 " " 3,250	8	2,400
3,250 " " 3,500	8	2,500
3,500 " " 3,750	8	2,600
3,750 " " 4,000	8	2,700
4,000 " " 4,250	8	2,800
4,250 " " 4,500	8	2,900
4,500 " " 4,750	8	2,900
4,750 " " 5,000	10	3,300
5,000 " " 5,250	10	3,400
5,250 " " 5,500	10	3,500
5,500 " " 5,750	10	3,600
5,750 " " 6,000	10	3,700

Proviso.—Provided that, where in ships already fitted the minimum cubic contents of boats placed under davits are provided, as required by column 3 of the said scale, this rule shall be deemed to have been sufficiently complied with, although the actual number of boats so carried falls below the minimum prescribed in column 2 of the said scale.

(2) Every boat shall be supplied with two fresh-water breakers, two small tin-lined lockers fitted under the side seats in the stern and each capable of holding about 50 lbs of biscuit, and a tightly spread canvas cover.

(3) Every boat shall be provided, to the satisfaction of the Inspector, with masts, sails, painters, oars, rowlocks or tholes, rudder and tiller, boat hooks, plugs and breakers, all properly secured.

(4) A hatchet or tomahawk shall be kept in each end of every life-boat, in good order and secured by a lanyard; a life-jacket or belt for each oarsman, and one for the cockswain, shall also be provided: and a life-line in loops shall run round the outside of the boat and be securely made fast.

7. Every pilgrim ship shall carry an accident boat swung outboard in the most convenient part of the ship and properly secured with belly bands, which shall be made fast with a strop and toggle on the davit or other convenient place. A mallet shall be secured beside the toggle ready for immediate use. The boat's falls shall be coiled down in the most convenient place (*not* in the boat) clear of the pilgrims. The following gear only shall be in the accident boat:—

(1) One oar for each man of the crew and two spare ones.
(2) A life-belt for each man in the boat to be kept on each man's thwart.
(3) Two boat hooks.
(4) One rowlock for each thwart and two spare ones.
(5) One life-buoy.
(6) One painter of reasonable length.

(7) Two plugs.
(8) One tiller, or one yoke and yoke lines.
(9) One white globe lamp.
(10) One good flare.
(11) One rope for each man in the boat securely made fast to the guy between the davit heads and of sufficient length to reach the water when the ship is light. Each rope to be made fast exactly above each thwart so that the man can hold on to it as the boat is lowered.

8. Boat drill shall be practised at least once a week.

9. Every pilgrim ship shall be provided with three bower anchors of such weight, and with cables of such length, size and material as are, in the judgment of the Inspector, sufficient.

Instruments for purposes of navigation.

10. Every pilgrim ship shall be provided with—

(*a*) not less than three good ship's compasses and two boat's compasses and with a record of the deviation of her compasses on every point, entered in the log-book;

(*b*) Admiralty or Indian Government charts and sailing directions suitable for the voyage she is about to undertake;

(*c*) not less than two chronometers and not less than two sextants or quadrants and barometers, one of the latter being a mercurial barometer;

(*d*) a deep-sea leadline and lead.

Apparatus for extinguishing fires and precautions against fire.

11. (1) Every pilgrim ship shall be provided with—

(*a*) hose capable of being connected with the engines of the ship, and adapted for extinguishing fire in any part thereof; and

(*b*) fire-buckets in the proportion of three for every 100 tons of tonnage up to 600, and two for every 100 tons above 600: Provided that not more than 50 fire-buckets need under any circumstances be carried.

(2) If fire-annihilators or fire-engines are carried, they shall be placed by the master in charge of one of the principal officers of the ship and the ship's carpenter, who shall be held responsible that they, with the buckets and other fire apparatus, are kept in a state fit for immediate use.*

12. As soon as possible after leaving port, the officers and crew shall be divided into parties and assigned to stations in case of fire; and fire-drill shall be practised at convenient times and at least once a week.

13. Immediately before leaving port, the passengers shall be called on to deliver up whatever lucifer matches, gunpowder or other inflammable articles they may have with them.

14. No naked lights shall on any account be used in the hold or store-rooms or in the between-decks, except under trustworthy superintendence. No person shall be allowed to read in bed with a naked light. Smoking between decks is strictly prohibited.

15. Cases containing spirits shall never be opened in the hold, but may be hoisted on deck for the purpose.

Appliances for saving life and making signals of distress.

16. Every pilgrim ship shall be provided, to the satisfaction of the Inspector, with a supply of life-buoys, with lines attached, of which not less than six shall be kept readily available on deck, and with inextinguishable lights fitted for attachment to the life-buoys. Every pilgrim ship shall also be supplied with an approved life-belt or other similar approved article of equal buoyancy suitable for being worn on the person, for each person on board, and such life-belts or other articles as aforesaid shall be so placed, to the satisfaction of the Inspector, as to be readily accessible.

EXPLANATION.—An "approved life-belt" means a belt which does not require to be inflated before use and which is capable of floating in water for 24 hours with at least 15 lbs. of iron suspended from it.†

17. Life-buoys shall be secured by toggle and becket or any similar method allowing of ready release, but shall not be lashed or seized to the vessel.

18. Every pilgrim ship shall carry such quantity of rockets and blue lights or other signals as the Inspector may deem adequate.

Fittings and other appliances to be provided in the upper and between-decks.

19. The Inspector shall see that sufficient ventilators are provided for the between-decks to give each pilgrim (*a*) in the first or upper between-deck 5 square inches, and (*b*) in the second or lower between-deck 10 square inches of ventilation area exclusive of

* Fire engines should be worked once a week to keep them in proper order.

† Life-belts should be cut 2 inches under the armpits, and so fitted as to remain securely in place when put on.

hatches and side scuttles, and so placed as to afford an equable diffusion of air through all parts. The ventilators of the second between-deck must act separately from those of the first between-deck and, if pilgrims are carried on a second or lower between-deck, such lower between-deck shall be ventilated by artificial ventilation, such as Blackman's ventilator or a thermantidote approved of by the Inspector. The Inspector shall also see (*i*) that all air-holes affording a means of communication between the hold and the between-decks are closed so as to shut off, as completely as possible, the escape of foul air from the bilge, or steam from the cargo, into the between-decks; (*ii*) that the foul air from the hold and the between-decks respectively, is carried in separate shafts above the uppermost deck; and (*iii*) that all ventilating shafts and tubes for the hold are so arranged as to act quite independently of those for the between-decks.

20. In the absence of hollow iron masts or other means of ventilating the hold, there shall be fitted at least four cowl-headed tubes (of a size to be approved by the Inspector) leading from the lower hold to the open air on the upper deck.

21. Every cowl-headed tube shall be provided with a strong plug for use, if necessary, in bad weather.

22. Such provision shall be made for affording light to the between-decks by means of side ports as the circumstances of the case may, in the judgment of the Inspector, require. The pilgrims shall, moreover, have the free and unimpeded use of the whole of every hatchway situated over the space appropriated to their use, and over each hatchway there shall be erected such a body hatch or other substantial covering as shall, in the opinion of such Inspector, afford the greatest amount of light and air and of protection from sun and wet as the case will admit of.

23. The upper deck of every pilgrim ship shall be either of wood, or of iron or steel sheathed with wood and caulked.

24. Each hatchway shall be provided with a large tarpaulin tent which can in bad weather be spread well over it and securely fastened so as to keep out rain and let in fresh air, and in fine weather be rolled up and put out of the way; and shall, except where arrangements exist for lowering the derrick boom in a way which will serve the purpose, also be fitted with a strong iron or wooden A-shaped frame for the support of such tent.

25. Every pilgrim ship shall have poop, quarter deck, waist and forecastle awnings complete and in good order, and six windsails distributed as the Inspector may direct. The awning and windsails shall be kept up so long as the weather does not render this impossible.

26. Strong ladders 2½ feet wide with hand rails of a convenient height shall be provided for every hatchway used as such and not merely as a ventilator; and, as additional means for women and children to hold on by, knotted handropes shall be fastened, conveniently near the ladders.

27. Hooks for hanging the required number of lanterns shall be fixed at convenient distances apart.

28. The space to be occupied by pilgrims must be kept clear from obstruction of any kind whatever, thoroughly clean and dry; and nothing, except life-belts with the consent of the Inspector given under rule 16, shall be slung up or stowed away between the beams. Every day while the pilgrims are on deck the between-decks shall be carefully cleaned and scrubbed with dry sand mixed with suitable disinfectants.*

29. Bamboos, ropes or strong rails shall be securely fastened fore and aft to the midship stanchions on the between-deck.

30. No timber or cargo of any kind, and only the necessary fittings properly secured and live-stock for consumption on the voyage, shall be allowed on the upper deck, which shall, save as aforesaid, be exclusively reserved for the pilgrims.†

31. A set of water-vessels, such as buckets and tin mugs required by topases or others for use in the latrines, shall be exclusively set apart for such purpose; and they shall be marked or printed so as to be clearly distinguishable from those used for cooking or drinking purposes.

Food, fuel and water-supply.

32. Every pilgrim ship shall be supplied in accordance with the following scale with food, fuel and water, of good quality, conveniently stored and in quantity sufficient to supply the pilgrims on board during the intended voyage (including such detention in quarantine as may be probable):

* Calvert's powder in the proportion of 10 per cent should be used.

† Pilgrims should be encouraged to use the upper deck as much as possible.

For each pilgrim daily—

Rice	1	lb	Tamarind	1	oz.
Flour or ship's biscuit ...	4	oz.	Condiments, chillies, garlic, coriander seed or turmeric ...	½	"
Pulse, dall	4	"	Salt	½	
Ghee or oil	1	"	Firewood, dry	2	lbs.
Onions	2	"	Drinking-water from iron tanks	1	gal.
Pumpkins, yams, or other vegetables	2	"			

Provided that, in the case of drinking-water, the allowance hereby prescribed shall be provided for each pilgrim irrespective of his age.

A signboard written in bold letters in the Persian, Urdu and Guzarati characters shall be displayed at the place, to be approved by the Inspector, at which stores are dispensed, announcing that food can be procured there. At the same place shall be posted a table of the rations of food and water in Persian, Urdu and Guzarati, and a price list in the same languages of the articles of food offered for sale.

33. Excepting fuel and water, which shall always be found by the ship, the articles in the foregoing scale need not be provided for those pilgrims who have satisfied the officer appointed in this behalf under section 18, that they have on board food sufficient for their own use.

34. Every pilgrim ship shall, in addition to the requirements of the two last foregoing rules, have on board, either as cargo or stores, food sufficient, in the opinion of the Inspector, to provide for the pilgrims in the event of an accident to the ship's machinery.

35. (1) Every pilgrim ship shall be provided with caboose accommodation sufficient to cook for the total number of pilgrims on board, and such accommodation shall in no case consist of less than two cabooses or cooking ranges placed on deck, properly housed and covered, to which the pilgrims shall have free access between the hours of 6 A.M. and 9 P.M.

(2) All cooking ranges shall be made of substantial plate-iron lined inside with bricks and raised at least four inches from the deck, with an outlet or chimney at top for the escape of smoke. Each range shall contain five or six cooking places, and the master shall see that fires adequate for cooking are kept lighted at them from 6 A.M. to 9 P.M. An additional range shall be provided for every 200 pilgrims carried in excess of 100. Cooking on board in pilgrims' private stoves is prohibited.

(3) The Inspector may require the master to provide such number as such Inspector may think necessary of Muhammadan cooks, not exceeding three per hundred pilgrims (exclusive of pilgrims who have on board their own supplies and desire to cook for themselves).

36. The crew of the ship shall not be allowed to use the cooking ranges or latrines set apart for pilgrims while pilgrims are on board, but shall be provided with a separate cooking range and latrine.

37. Each ship shall be fitted with a condenser or distilling apparatus of sufficient capacity to produce at least one gallon of drinking-water a day for every person on board of whatever age, including the crew.

38. No certificate under section 13 shall be granted unless the condenser cannot only supply the minimum quantity of water prescribed under rule 37 for each person on board, but also yield every 24 hours 500 gallons of pure, cold water fit to drink.

39. The tanks for storing drinking-water on board shall not be placed near the latrines. They shall be protected from all filth, and shall be so closed that the distribution of the water can be effected only by means of pumps or from taps with lock and key fitted to the tanks.

40. The water of any tank pronounced bad by the medical officer of the ship shall be immediately rejected and pumped out and the tank cleaned out before being re-filled.

41. If there is any doubt as to the quality of the drinking-water stored, or as to the possibility of its pollution, either at its source or in the course of the voyage, it shall be well boiled; and it shall be thrown into the sea as soon as it is possible to obtain a purer supply.

42. Every condenser or distilling apparatus shall have a separate engine for working the circulating cold-water pump, and under no circumstances shall this engine be used for any other purpose than that of feeding the boiler of the condenser.

43. The arrangements for discharging the circulating water from the condenser shall be such that it can be delivered into buckets or connected with a hose for the purpose of washing decks, or extinguishing fire, as well as discharging over the ship's side. A suitable hose and connection shall also be provided.

44. Either upright or horizontal boilers may be used for condensers. Each boiler shall be furnished with a steam-gauge indexed to double the working pressure, a glass water-gauge and two separate gauge cocks, one safety-valve and two mud-hole doors for the purposes of cleaning.

45. The boilers and all machinery connected with condensers shall be properly covered in, and every wooden bulkhead in the vicinity of the boilers of condensers shall be covered with sheet lead weighing 4½ lbs. per square foot and securely fastened to such bulkhead.

46. All the piping in connection with the condenser, especially the main suction and the condensed water discharge-pipe, shall be laid in position safe from accident or otherwise securely encased.

47. The Inspector shall satisfy himself by actual experiment that the condenser is capable of performing the work required of it.

48. The Chief Engineer or some other competent person, to be approved by the Inspector, shall be appointed to have charge of the distilling apparatus and machinery connected therewith during the voyage.

49. No ship shall put to sea before the decks have been cleared of any loose straw, hay or other inflammable material, and all the cargo has been properly stowed away.

Cargo.

50. No petroleum as defined in the Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), or explosive as described in the Indian Explosives Act (IV of 1884), nor any inflammable oils, spirits, jute or coal (except such coal as is required for the voyage and the return voyage to India), nor any commodity likely, by reason of its quantity, quality or mode of stowage, to be prejudicial to the safety of the pilgrims, shall be taken as cargo or part of the cargo.

Allotment of upper deck space.

51. No cabin shall be provided for any pilgrim on the upper deck unless space remains unallotted on that deck after providing the accommodation required for the permanent and temporary hospitals, latrines, and six superficial feet for every pilgrim carried in the between-decks. Such space as remains unallotted after making provision for these requirements may be reserved for the accommodation of pilgrims in cabins containing not less than 12 superficial and 72 cubic feet of space. No pilgrim shall be furnished with reserved accommodation on the upper deck except in a cabin.

52. The deck space may be distributed between the first and second class pilgrims as the master or owner may desire: Provided that each pilgrim of the lowest class has six feet of deck space provided for him, and provided that no part of a pilgrim ship shall carry more pilgrims than the number which that part of the ship is capable of accommodating in accordance with Notification no. 2145, dated the 17th September 1897.

Amount and distribution of baggage.

53. Pilgrims' heavy baggage shall be deposited in the hold before the ship leaves her moorings. Pilgrims shall be allowed to keep with them only such articles as are absolutely necessary: Provided that the articles so kept do not exceed one maund (82 lbs.) in weight for each adult pilgrim or in the case of pilgrims who, in accordance with the provisions of section 18, are allowed to provide their own food for the entire voyage, one maund and a half.

Hospital accommodation, medical stores, and arrangements for maintaining health, cleanliness and decency.

54. (*1*) The hospital accommodation required under section 21 shall be provided where convenient. A permanent hospital shall be provided for 5 per cent of the pilgrims on board and containing not less than six bunks, and having a deck area of at least 32 superficial feet and dimensions of not less than 192 cubic feet per head. On every pilgrim ship on which there are 50 or more female pilgrims, there shall be a separate permanent hospital, containing not less than two bunks with a deck area of at least 72 superficial feet and dimensions of not less than 432 cubic feet, which shall be reserved for the use of women and of children under 12 years of age. The hospitals shall be lighted and ventilated to the satisfaction of the Inspector and shall be provided with raised floors or platforms at least 4 inches off the deck when situated on an iron deck. If on deck they shall be made

as secure as any other deck-house, and the roof shall be well caulked and covered with painted canvas.* No case of small-pox, cholera, yellow fever or plague shall on any account be treated in a permanent hospital. Permanent hospitals shall be used solely for the accommodation of sick pilgrims, and in so far as they are not required for the accommodation of such pilgrims, shall remain unoccupied.

(2) Materials shall be carried for the construction on the upper deck of a separate temporary hospital for the treatment of such cases of sickness as it may be considered desirable specially to segregate (such as small-pox, cholera, yellow fever or plague) and for any general outbreak of sickness in the event of the permanent hospital accommodation becoming insufficient. The part of the upper deck upon which such hospital shall, if required, be erected, shall be pointed out and measured off by the Inspector. The framework of the hospital shall be either of iron (in pieces that can be easily fitted together) or of wooden spars or bamboos. The roof shall be tented, and both that and the side walls shall be made of stout canvas and be perfectly water-tight, due provision being at the same time made for ventilation. The superficial area of the floor† shall be not less than 144 square feet, and the floor shall be raised at least 4 inches from the deck. In cases of sickness of the kind referred to in this rule, only the medical officer and the person or persons charged with the duty of looking after the patients shall have access to them, and, except the medical officer and medical attendants referred to in rule 70, none of those who have had access to such patients shall be permitted to come into contact with the other persons on board.

55. A suitable dispensary to be approved by the Inspector shall be provided.

Medical stores, etc.

56. The following articles shall be provided according to the following scale and supplied gratuitously to the pilgrims on board at the discretion and by the direction of the medical officer, namely:—

For any number of pilgrims not exceeding 100 (proportionate quantities to be provided for pilgrims in excess of that number)—

Sago	5 lbs.
Arrowroot in tin cases	10 „
Preserved milk‡ (1-lb. tins)	1 dozen.
Liebig's extract of meat in 2-oz. tins or jars	1 lb.
Sugar	5 lbs.
Rum	1 quart bottle.

57. The following medicines and medical appliances shall be provided on the scale indicated below:—

(Weight and measures of the British Pharmacopœia.)

Names of medicines, etc.	Scale for 100 passengers.	Notes.
Acidum, boricum	2 oz.	*Miscellaneous articles for one hundred pilgrims.*
„ carbolicum (cryst.)	1 „	
„ nitro-hydrochloricum dilutum ...	1 „	Fresh vaccine lymph, 6 tubes.
„ sulphuricum dilutum ...	1 „	Adhesive plaster (in tin case) one yard.
„ tartaricum	2 „	Calico, two yards.
Æther sulphurus	½ „	Flannel, ditto.
Alumen (in powder)	2 „	Lint, four ounces.
Ammonii carbonas	2 „	Bandages (roller), half a dozen.
Argenti nitras	¼ „	Paper for powders, etc., one quire.
Borax	½ „	Corks for bottles, 1 dozen.

* The fittings used in constructing permanent hospitals should be of iron in preference to wood.
† For flooring sheet iron is the best material.
‡ The contents of a pound tin of preserved milk mixed with half a gallon of water make good milk.

Names of medicines, etc.	Scale for 100 passengers.
Calomel	¼ oz.
Chlorodyne	2 "
Chloroformum	1 "
Cocaïnæ solution, 10 per cent	¼ "
Copaiba	1 "
Creasotum	¼ "
Glycerinum	1 "
Hydrargyrum cum creta	½ "
Iodoformum	1 "
Ipecacuanha valoid, fluid extract ...	½ "
Linimentum camphoræ compositum ...	2 "
Lini farina	2 lbs in tin cases.
Liquor ammoniæ	1 oz.
Liquor ammonii acetatis	6 "
Liquor epispasticus fortior	¼ "
Liquor morphinæ hydrochloatis ...	½ "
Chrysarobinum	¼ "
Magnesii carbonas	¼ "
Magnesii sulphas in tins	3 lbs.
Oleum caryophilli	¼ oz.
" menthæ piperitæ	¼ "
" ricini	2 pints.
Phenacetin	½ oz.
Pilula asafœtidæ composita	1 doz.
" colocynthidis et hyoscyami ...	2 "
" plumbi cum opio B. P.	4 "
" scillæ composita	4 "
Potassii bromidum	1 oz.
" chloras	1 "
" nitras	2 "
" permanganas	2 "
Pulvis ipecacuanhæ, 5-gr. powders ...	1 doz.
Pulvis ipecacuanhæ compositus in 5-gr. powders.	4 "
Pulvis jalapæ compositus	1 oz.
Quininæ sulphas in 5-gr. pills	4 doz.
" sulphas in bulk	2 oz.

Notes.
Cotton-wool (country), 1 lb.
Bed-pan (metal), one.
NOTE.—The preparations of ammonia, ether, chloroform, iodine, and all acids should be in well stoppered bottles.
Chloroform should be in blue glass or covered from light by dark paper.
All the drugs, etc., must be properly labelled with the quantities marked on each label.
"Poisons" should be especially distinguished by labels with the word "Poison" on them.
Disinfectants for each ship.
Sulphur, 32 lbs.
Corrosive sublimate, 5 lbs.
Pure phenic acid, 20 gallons.
Fresh slaked lime, 20 lbs.
Sulphate of iron, 10 lbs.
Calvert's carbolic 15 per cent powder, 50 lbs. To be put up in ten hermatically sealed tins each containing 5 lbs.
Methylated alcohol, 15 gallons.
Hydrochloric acid, 1 gallon.
Impermeable bags of India rubber or tarred canvas, six.
Instruments for each ship.
Boxes, chip, for ointment, 18 (1 oz. each).
Dispensing bottles (3 oz.) 12 each.
Glass measures, 2 oz., 2
" " 2 drachms, 2
Pestle and mortar (brass), 1
" " wedgwood, 1
Scales and weights (grains), 1
Spare weights (grains) 1 set
Splints (common) 1 set
Silver catheter (no. 8 size) 1
India rubber catheters, nos. 2, 4, 6 and 10 ... 4 sets

Names of medicines, etc.	Scale for 100 passengers.
Salol	¼ oz.
Sinapis (in powder)	4 "
Sodii bicarbonas	1 "
Spiritus ætheris nitrosi	2 "
" rectificatus	8 "
Tinctura aconiti	⅛ "
" capsici	⅛ "
" digitalis	⅛ "
" ferri perchloridi	1 "
" iodi	½ "
" nucis vomicæ	1 "
" opii	1 "
" senegæ	1 "
" zingiberis	1 "
Tragacantha powder	1 "
Unguentum hydrargyri	½ "
" simplex	2 "
" sulphuris	2 "
" zinci	1 "
Vaseline	2 "
Vinegar	1 pint
Vinum antimoniale...	½ oz.
" ipecacuanhæ	1 "

Notes.	
Spatula	1
Scissors (shop)	1
Penknife	1
Syringe, ear, pewter	1
" Enema, patent ...	1
" Urethral (male) ...	1
" female	1
Infusion pot	1

Pocket dressing case to contain 1 probe, 1 director, 1 female catheter, 1 clinical thermometer (in case), 1 pair of scissors, 1 dressing forceps, plated, 6 suture needles, 1 artery forceps, 1 Symes' abscess knife, 1 straight and 1 curved bistoury in 1 handle, 1 lancet (bleeding), silk thread for sutures (20 grains).

Table showing the quantities of medicines, etc., to be supplied according to the above scale for more than 100 pilgrims.

Number of pilgrims.		Quantity.
Above 100 to 250	½ more than	the quantity prescribed according to scale per 100 pilgrims, and so on.
" 250 to 350	Twice...	
" 350 to 450	Thrice	
" 450 to 550	Four times	
" 550 to 650	Five times	

58. The following certificates showing that medicines, etc., have been duly supplied and received according to the above scale shall be produced before the Inspector at the time of the inspection :—

(1) Certified that we have supplied medicines, etc., for——pilgrims proceeding to——in the S.S.——according to the above scale, [or we have supplied medicines, etc., in making up deficiencies in existing stock up to the above scale.]

Dated *Chemists.*

(3) Certified that I have carefully compared the above list with the medicines, etc., examined by me on board the pilgrim ship——and am satisfied that they are all correct.

Medical Officer.

Dated *Ship* *Health Officer.*

59. (1) Every pilgrim ship shall carry a disinfecting stove approved by the Health Officer of the port in British India at which the voyage is to commence.

(2) Articles of bedding, carpets and clothes used by patients who have been affected with cholera, as well as by persons who have had access to such patients, shall be immediately disinfected. Such of these articles as have little or no value shall be thrown into the sea, or, if the ship is in a port or canal, be destroyed by fire. All such articles as are not destroyed shall be carried to the disinfecting stove in impermeable bags sprinkled with a solution of corrosive sublimate.

(3) The excreta of the sick shall be collected in vessels containing a disinfecting solution and the latrines in which these vessels are emptied shall be thoroughly disinfected after each operation.

(4) Articles which have come into contact with persons suffering from cholera shall be thoroughly disinfected in the following manner:—

(a) Articles so contaminated or suspected of being so contaminated shall, unless they are liable to be destroyed by exposure to heat, be disinfected in the disinfecting stove under pressure, the stove being maintained at a temperature (to be tested during each operation) of 220° Fahr. and the articles exposed to this temperature for 15 minutes.

(b) Articles liable to be destroyed by exposure to the heat of a disinfecting stove, such as metals, leather, tables, lockers, etc., shall be disinfected by being washed with disinfecting solution *

(5) Ships on which cases of cholera have occurred shall be disinfected in the following manner:—

(a) The cabins† and all parts of the ship occupied by cholera patients or those suspected to be suffering from cholera shall be emptied, and all articles removed disinfected as above.

(b) The interior sides, bulkheads, floors and decks of the ship shall be washed with the corrosive sublimate solution with the addition of 10 per cent of alcohol (*i.e.*, one gallon of methylated alcohol to every 10 gallons of the corrosive sublimate solution),‡ and, two hours after washing, scrubbed, and then thoroughly washed down with plenty of water.

(c) The hold of the ship shall be strewn from time to time with a sufficient quantity of iron sulphate to neutralize the sulphuretted hydrogen, and the water in the hold shall then, unless the ship is in dock, be pumped out and the hold washed with sea-water and sprinkled with the corrosive sublimate solution.

60. Pilgrims shall air their clothing, blankets, etc., as often as required to do so by the medical officer.

61. The following articles and appliances shall be supplied on the scale shown below:—

Iron boilers with covers—	
For rice (large)	According to the number of pilgrims to be fed by the ship.
„ dall or curry (small) ...	

* One of the following disinfecting solutions should be used—

(a) Corrosive sublimate in the following proportion:—

Corrosive sublimate, ½ oz.

Hydrochloric acid, 1 oz.

Water, 3 gallons.

Fuchsin or losin, 5 grains.

(b) Pure phenic acid, five parts in 100 parts of water.

(c) Fresh slaked lime.

The different disinfecting solutions are useful for the following purposes:—

(a) Linen, clothes and articles soiled by the evacuations of cholera patients should be put into the corrosive sublimate solution.

(b) Persons in attendance on the sick should use the corrosive sublimate solution, when washing themselves in the proportion of one part of the solution to 2,000 parts of water.

(c) Phenic acid should be used to disinfect articles which cannot be exposed to a temperature of 220° Fahr. or to contact with sublimate solutions, such as metals, instruments, etc.

(d) Slaked lime is specially useful to disinfect the evacuations of cholera patients; in the absence of slaked lime phenic acid will answer the same purpose. When slaked lime is used for disinfecting liquids, it should be used in the proportion of three lbs. of lime to ten gallons of the liquid to be disinfected.

† For the purpose of fumigating cabins and confined space, one ounce of sulphur should be burnt for every 30 cubic feet of the space to be fumigated, the cabin or other space being completely closed during the operation and kept so for twelve hours.

‡ The washing should commence from the top, horizontally and downwards, so that the whole surface become covered with a coating of the solution in fine drops.

Iron ladles—

For rice (large)	According to the number of pilgrims to be fed by the ship.
„ dall, etc. (small) ...	

Iron spoons, tinned	4	To each pilgrim ship.
Curry-stones, with mullers	4	
Sieves for cleaning rice, etc.	6	
Gallon measure	1	
Half gallon measure	1	
Quarter-gallon measure	1	
Scales and weights or A spring balance	1	
Block-tin saucepans, for hospital use exclusively, from 1 pint to 1 gallon ...	3	
Hatchets for cutting wood	2	
Knives	2	

Safety lanterns with lock and key to each.	Besides 3 for hatchways, 2 „ latrines, 1 „ hospital, and 1 „ Surgeon, which are to burn all night. there shall be one additional lantern for every 100 pilgrims on board and each such lantern shall burn for three hours every night.
Oil with wicks, or candles to fit lantern	Sufficient for seven lanterns to burn at least ten hours, and for the rest to burn at least three hours of every night of the voyage.
Soap	1 lb per pilgrim.
Buckets (galvanized iron)	2 for every 100 pilgrims.

Tubs (large) for bathing or washing ...	4	To each pilgrim ship.
* Tubs (smaller) for latrine use ...	4	
* Tin pots for latrine	12	
Tin pots for pilgrims suffering from sea-sickness	12	
Canvas bathing screens for the use of women	2	
A dirt-shoot, moveable	1	
Deck scrapers	12	
Sand	1 ton	
Holystones or hard bricks	50	
Swabs or squeegees	18	
Brooms (country)	50	

* All these should be specially marked for privy use.

62. (1) Every pilgrim ship shall be fitted with not less than two latrines, apart from those for the use of the crew, sufficiently screened from public view and readily accessible. If there be any females among the pilgrims, one latrine shall be screened off and set apart for the exclusive use of females. There shall be an additional latrine for every 100 pilgrims, or fraction of that number in excess of 100, and if there be more than 100 female pilgrims on board, the number of latrines reserved for their use shall be increased in the proportion they bear to the total number of pilgrims. The latrines shall be provided with seats at the rate of not less than three for the first 100 pilgrims and at the rate of three for every additional 100 pilgrims. No latrine shall be allowed either between-decks or in the hold.

(2) The latrines shall be in a convenient and accessible place on the upper deck, and close up to the bulwarks or rails. They shall be made of iron and securely bolted down to the deck beams below the deck. They shall not project over the ship's side. They shall be so placed, that the soil shoot of the latrine floor may lead directly out of a port or other opening and well clear of the ship's side. Every latrine shall be divided into separate and

private compartments. Each compartment shall not be less than 3 feet and 2 feet in size and shall have a separate entrance with door and be fitted with a seat or pair of foot-boards having a free opening or hole in the centre. Each such opening shall communicate directly with the floor beneath common to all openings. The floor shall be continued into the shoots and have a good fall from each end towards the shoot in the centre. The floor of the latrine shall be at least 1 foot above the deck to enable the deck beneath to be freely flushed. Every compartment shall be well ventilated by means of such openings as will not interfere with privacy.

(3) All latrines shall be kept in good order and disinfected three times a day. They shall be continuously flushed by pipes laid on to them. These pipes shall be of not less than 2 inches internal diameter and fitted at each end of each set of latrines so that the latrines may be flushed from the ends towards the centre. The deck immediately about the latrines shall be enclosed with a ridge of wood 2 inches high to prevent the flushing water finding its way to other parts of the deck and the deck from this 2 inch ridge to the scuppers shall be covered with tin, lead or other metal.

(4) Not less than two sweepers shall be employed on every pilgrim ship, and one additional sweeper shall be employed for every 100 pilgrims in excess of 100 up to a maximum of five sweepers when the total number of pilgrims does not exceed 1,000. For every 100 or fraction of 100 pilgrims in excess of 1,000 one additional sweeper shall be employed up to a maximum of eight sweepers.

(5) Every pilgrim vessel shall be provided with at least two urinals.

63. Every ship shall be provided with not less than one place for washing on each side of the deck, sufficiently screened from public view, whereof a full proportion, as prescribed in the case of latrine accommodation, shall be set apart exclusively for females, with a water pipe and tap in each for supplying sea-water for ablution.

Medical Inspection.

64. The medical inspection of female pilgrims shall be carried out either by lady doctors or, under the supervision of the medical officer appointed by the local Government under section 32, by women appointed by the local Government in this behalf.

65. No articles found by the medical officer referred to in the last foregoing rule to have been contaminated by persons suffering from cholera or choleraic indisposition or from a disease which in his opinion is dangerously infectious or contagious, or suspected by him to have been so contaminated, shall be taken on board a pilgrim ship until they have been disinfected under his order in the manner prescribed by rule 59.

66. No pilgrim otherwise entitled shall be prevented from embarking save for any of the causes specified in section 32, sub section (2).

Issue of tickets and refunds of passage-money.

67. (1) The ticket which every pilgrim is, under section 35, entitled to receive :

(a) shall be sold from a book with counterfoils,

(b) shall be denoted by a serial number which shall also be stamped on the counterfoil, and

(c) shall be of canvas, paper or parchment, and not less than 4½ inches long by 3 inches wide.

(2) On the ticket and its counterfoil shall be inscribed :—

(a) the name of the holder, or, if the holder be a female, the name of the pilgrim whom such female is accompanying,

(b) the cost in words in Urdu, or in some other vernacular language approved by the local Government, and

(c) the words *food is procurable on board the ships.*

The cost of a ticket shall not include any taxes other than the fixed dues leviable at Camaran and Jeddah.

68. (1) Every intending pilgrim who, having purchased a ticket, has not been permitted to embark under the provisions of section 32, sub-section (2), or who, having been received on board a pilgrim ship, has been removed from it in accordance with the provisions of section 33, sub-section (2), or who is from other unavoidable cause, such as the detention of any member of his family under either of the provisions aforesaid, prevented from proceeding to the Hedjaz shall be entitled to receive back from the owner or agent of the ship the amount paid by him as passage-money.

When a pilgrim dies on board ship before landing at the Camaran Lazaretto, the Master shall make over to his legal heirs if any on board or, if no such legal heirs are on board, shall add to his effects listed in accordance with rule 78 of these rules a sum equivalent to the fixed quarantine and sanitary dues leviable at Camaran and Jeddah in all cases in which such dues have been paid by the pilgrim in addition to the passage-money or have been included in the passage-money under rule 67.

(2) It shall be the duty, in the case of pilgrims at Bombay, of the Protector of Pilgrims appointed under the Protection of Pilgrims Act, 1887, and in the case of pilgrims at any other port, of such officer as the local Government may appoint in this behalf, to see that refunds of passage-money are promptly made to intending pilgrims entitled to them under this rule. Bombay Act II of 1887.

(3) The officer making an inspection under section 32 or section 33 shall, in case of such refund becoming due, impress on the pilgrim's ticket the words "Not permitted to proceed on voyage"; and such pilgrim shall thereupon be entitled, on presentation of the ticket so cancelled at the office of the owner or agent, to a refund of the passage-money paid by him.

(4) If the owner or agent neglects or refuses, on presentation, as provided by clause (3), of the cancelled ticket, to refund to the pilgrim the passage-money paid by him, such owner or agent shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, and with a further fine which may extend to twenty rupees for each day after the day on which the ticket was presented, during which the refund remains unpaid.

The Master, Owner, etc.

69. Besides complying with the foregoing rules so far as they concern him, the master shall give the notice required under section 8 in Form No. IV appended to these rules, and shall produce, before the Inspector at the time of his inspection, a certificate in the following form:—

"Certified that it is proposed to issue tickets to pilgrims and to provide accommodation as follows:

"On the voyage of the pilgrim ship proceeding to—

CLASS OF PILGRIMS.	Maximum number of tickets to be issued.	Special accommodation and privileges (if any) to be reserved for each class.
Class I		
„ II		
Pilgrims of the lowest class		

Dated_____

(Signed) _____

Master.

70. In the event of a ship being engaged to carry more than 100 pilgrims, the owner, agent or master shall appoint to it a medical officer licensed under rule 80. A second medical officer licensed under rule 80 shall be similarly appointed if the number of pilgrims exceeds one thousand. The owner, agent or master shall also in the case of a ship engaged to carry more than 100 pilgrims appoint at least one male and, if there are any female pilgrims to be embarked, also one female attendant to assist the medical officer. In addition to the above attendants a compounder shall be engaged by the owner, agent or master, if the ship is to carry more than 400 pilgrims. Such compounder and attendants must be approved of by the Health Officer at the port of departure and arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Inspector for providing them with adequate accommodation on board ship.

71. The master shall afford the medical officer every facility for examining the provisions, water and medical stores, and for making himself generally familiar with the arrangements made for the accommodation of the pilgrims about to be carried.

72. The master shall cause the statements required by sections 22 and 25 to be prepared in Form No. V appended to these rules.

73. The bond required by section 31 when a ship clears from any port in British India other than Aden for any port in the Red Sea shall be executed in Form No. VI appended to these rules.

74. Before sailing the master shall obtain from the Port Health Officer a bill of health as prescribed in Form no. VII appended to these rules.

75 The master shall post up in the between-decks and in such other places accessible to the pilgrims as may be convenient copies of the Act and of these rules and of articles 92 and 151 to 161 of the Paris Sanitary Convention of 1903, and all notices which he may be required so to post by the Commissioner of Police or other authorized officer at the port of first departure. All such copies shall be in English, French or German, and in Persian, Urdu and Guzarati. The master shall afford every facility to the Port Officer, or other duly authorized officer or person, for making the official inspection of the ship, her equipment, ventilation, fittings, provisions and medical stores, and shall himself be present at such inspection.

76. The master shall be jointly responsible with the medical officer for the care of the pilgrims on the voyage. He shall see that the special accommodation and privileges, if any, to which the pilgrims are entitled, are reserved to them without hindrance or diminution throughout the voyage: that the space in the upper and between-decks is not encroached upon; that all rules and regulations for securing cleanliness and order are carried out, and, as far as possible, that all reasonable requisitions of the medical officer are complied with.

77. The master shall appoint one of the officers of the ship to the charge of the provisions and stores, to see to the punctual issue according to scale of the day's rations and water, and to assist the medical officer generally.

78. (1) When any pilgrim who is unaccompanied by any of his legal heirs dies on the voyage, the master shall call a panch composed, wherever possible, of four literate pilgrims and the medical officer on board the ship and shall make an inventory of the effects of the deceased, adding such particulars as to the name and residence of the deceased and the names and addresses of the legal heirs and nearest relations in India as he may be able to gather.

(2) The inventory and particulars prescribed by sub-rule (1) shall be signed by the master and attested by the members of the said panch and the master shall then take charge of the effects of the deceased.

(3) If the ship returns direct from the Hedjaz to any British Indian port, the master shall immediately on the ship arriving in such port, make over the effects of the deceased with the said inventory and particulars to the Commissioner of Police in Bombay, Madras or Calcutta, and elsewhere to the Magistrate of the District, or, in his absence, the Magistrate in charge.

(4) If the death occurs on the voyage to the Hedjaz, and the ship does not return direct to British India, the master shall make over the effects, with the said inventory and particulars as above, to the British Consul at Jeddah.

79. The master shall cause the supplementary statement, required by section 24 when additional pilgrims are taken on board at an intermediate port, to be prepared in Form no. V appended to these rules, the heading being altered to "Supplementary Statement required by section 24 of the Pilgrims Act, 1895."

The Medical Officer.

80. (1) Besides complying with the foregoing rules so far as they concern him, the medical officer of every pilgrim ship required by the Act to carry a medical officer shall be licensed by the local Government and appointed by or on behalf of the owner of the pilgrim ship. Every person desiring to obtain a license to act as such medical officer shall apply for a license to the Civil Administrative Medical Officer of the province in which the port of first departure lies. At Jeddah such license may be granted, for the return voyage only, by the British Consul at that port.

(2) The license shall be renewable yearly, and shall be in Form no. VIII appended to these rules.

(3) No person shall be eligible for appointment as medical officer who is unable to write either English or French or German or Italian or who does not possess either a medical qualification registered in a Medical Register in the United Kingdom or a degree or license of one of the following Universities, *viz*, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Punjab and Allahabad, or the qualification of a Military Assistant Surgeon.

81. The medical officer shall, if not already attached to the ship, immediately on his being appointed to it, proceed on board, report himself to the master, examine and check the medicines and medical stores, and inform himself generally as to the arrangements made for the accommodation of the pilgrims.

82. The medical officer shall also report himself personally to the Inspector with a view to receiving any instructions which that officer may have to give him in connection with his duties and the official inspection of the ship.

83. The medical officer shall be present at the final inspection and, after it has been held and the ship and her arrangements approved, he shall, if satisfied regarding arrangements for the care and comfort of the pilgrims made in accordance with the rules, furnish a certificate to that effect in Form no. IX appended to these rules.

84. The medical officer shall provide himself with all the necessary instructions and forms required for the voyage.

85. The medical officer shall attend any medical officer appointed to inspect the pilgrims before embarkation under section 32, or after embarkation under section 33, and shall, with a view to special care or precautions on the voyage, watch those who may appear to be in an infirm or sickly state, and make a note regarding them in his diary.

86. The medical officer shall not leave the ship after the medical inspection has been completed. He shall see that the place set apart for the accommodation of the pilgrims is not encroached upon; that all the pilgrims have access to the upper deck; that good drinking water is readily accessible and duly supplied; that the latrines are attended to by the ship's topases; that a supply of water is at hand for use in the latrines; that suitable hours have been fixed, in communication with the officer in charge of the stores, for the regular issue of daily rations to such of the pilgrims as have to be fed by the ship; and generally that every proper care is taken to secure cleanliness and good sanitary arrangements on board.

87. The medical officer shall satisfy himself that any additional passenger waiting to be taken on board at an intermediate port is not suffering from, or shows no signs or symptoms of, choleraic indisposition or any disease which is, in his opinion, dangerously infectious or contagious.

88. The medical officer shall be jointly responsible with the master for the care of the pilgrims on the voyage, and shall co-operate with the master and officers of the ship for the welfare of the pilgrims.

89. During the voyage from any port in British India (except Aden) the medical officer shall for the first five days daily inspect the pilgrims and observe them individually to assure himself that none of them is affected with cholera, small-pox, yellow fever or plague.

90. The medical officer shall, if he has any doubt as to the quality of the drinking water, draw the attention of the master, in writing, to the provisions of rule 41.

91. The medical officer shall, should any case of infectious or contagious disease occur, satisfy himself that disinfection is performed in the manner prescribed by rule 59 and shall record in his diary the fact that he has done so.

92. (*1*) The medical officer shall keep up regularly, from day to day throughout the voyage, the following records in connection with his duties, *viz.*:—

(*a*) a medical diary of the principal events of the voyage, briefly and accurately recording all facts in connection with the medical history of the pilgrims, including a record of any advice he may give to the master, and of compliance with or neglect of, such advice;

(*b*) an Admission and Discharge Book of every case brought under treatment in Form no. X appended to these rules; and

(*c*) a Register of Deaths in Form no. XI appended to these rules.

(*2*) These records shall be written in either English, French, German or Italian.

93. On arrival at the port of debarkation in the Red Sea, the medical officer shall submit his diary and returns to the Consular authority there for transmission to the Government of India, and shall forward simultaneously a copy of them to the Inspector at the port in British India from which the voyage commenced, and on arrival at any British Indian port to the Chief Customs-officer or to any officer authorized under section 25 to receive the statements referred to in that section.

No. I.

Certificate (A) under section 11 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895.

I, , duly appointed and authorized to grant certificates under section 11 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, do hereby certify that the ship , register tonnage tons, being a pilgrim ship within the meaning of the said Act, and now riding at anchor at , and ready to proceed on a voyage to is sea-worthy, properly equipped, fitted and ventilated, and that she is capable of carrying pilgrims.

No. II.

Certificate (B) under section 12 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895.

I, , duly appointed and authorized to grant certificates under section 12 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, do hereby certify that the ship of , being a pilgrim ship within the meaning of the said Act, and having on board pilgrims, lists of whose number and sex have been furnished by , the master of the said ship, and ready to proceed on a voyage to , the intermediate ports at which she is intended to touch being , has the proper complement of officers and seamen; that she is principally propelled by steam; that (in cases when tonnage or steam-power have been prescribed) she is of the prescribed tonnage and steam-power; that she has sufficient and suitable cooking, hospital, washing and latrine accommodation on board: that the provisions, fuel and pure water and other stores prescribed for such ships by the rules under the said Act, are of good quality and properly stowed or packed, and are sufficient according to the scale for the time being fixed by the said rules; and that the said provisions, fuel and water are sufficient for days, the probable duration of the said voyage, and also sufficient to provide the pilgrims, with food in the event of an accident to her machinery; that is to say, water and fuel sufficient for the whole number of pilgrims and provisions sufficient for pilgrims, the remaining, *viz.*, pilgrims finding their own provisions.

I also certify [in the case of a ship to carry more than 100 pilgrims] that she has on board the medical officer [or officers as the case may be] required by section 27 of the Act and the attendants prescribed by rule 70 of the rules thereunder.

I also certify that the master of the said ship holds Certificate A as required by section 11 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, and that there is no cargo on board contrary to the provisions of rule 50 of the rules thereunder.

I do further certify that the full space required by the said Act has been appropriated to pilgrims on board.

No. III.

Supplementary Certificate B under section 24 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895.

I, , duly appointed and authorized to grant certificates under section 12 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, do hereby certify that the number of additional pilgrims taken on board the pilgrim ship from the port of is ; that the provisions, fuel and pure water (over and above what is necessary for the crew), and the other stores prescribed for such ships by the rules under the said Act, are of good quality and properly stowed or packed, and are sufficient according to the scale for the time being fixed by the said rules, and that the said provisions, fuel and water are sufficient for days, the declared duration of the said voyage, and also sufficient to provide the pilgrims with food in the event of an accident to her machinery; that is to say, water and fuel sufficient for the whole number of pilgrims on board, and provisions sufficient for the pilgrims remaining, *viz.*, pilgrims, finding their own provisions.

Dated at this day of 19 .

FORMS.

No. IV.

Notice to be given by master, owner or agent under section 8 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895.

I,* , hereby give notice that the steamship , register tonnage tons, being a pilgrim ship within the meaning of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, and being capable of carrying pilgrims, will leave the port of on a voyage to on the day of 19 .

* Here insert name of master, owner or agent.

No. V.

Statement to be furnished by the master of every pilgrim ship under section 22 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, of the crew and pilgrims proceeding in the bound to , or under section 25 of the crew and pilgrims on board the on arrival at .

Crew.	Number.
Master	
Officers	
Engineers	
Deck crew	
Engine-room crew	
Servants	
TOTAL ...	

Pilgrims.

	Names of Male Pilgrims.			Number of Female Pilgrims.			Number of infants (if any) under one year of age accompanying pilgrims entered in preceding columns.		
	1st class.	2nd class.	Lowest class.	1st class.	2nd class	Lowest class.	1st class.	2nd class.	Lowest class.
TOTAL ...									

The of 19 . Master, Officer appointed under section 8, Act of 1895.

No. VI.

Bond executed pursuant to the provisions of section 31 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895.

Know all men by these presents that we of and of are held and firmly bounden to the Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of five thousand rupees of lawful money of British India to be paid to the said Secretary of State in Council, his certain attorney, successors or assigns, for which payment well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives jointly, and every one of us bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators and representatives jointly, and each of us binds himself, his heirs, executors, administrators and representatives severally firmly by these presents, sealed with our respective seals, dated this day of in the Christian year one thousand nine hundred and

And each of us, the said doth hereby or himself, his heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives covenant with the said Secretary of State in Council, his successors and assigns, that if any suit shall be brought, touching the subject matter of this obligation or the condition hereunder written in any Court subject to the superintendence of the High Court of Judicature at the same shall and may, at the instance of the said Secretary of State in Council, be removed into, tried and determined by the said High Court in its Extraordinary Original Jurisdiction.

Whereas the above bounden* † the ‡ of a pilgrim ship called the now about to sail from the port of in British India to a port in the Red Sea, touching at Aden§ and before applying for a port-clearance to the officer at the port of whose duty it is to grant a port-clearance for such ship, the above bounden*

and*

sureties†

who are both resident in British India, have at the request of the Secretary of State for India in Council agreed to execute the above written joint and several bond or obligation as required by section 31 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895. Now the condition of the above written bond or obligation is such that if the said pilgrim ship on her outward voyage to the said port of in the Red Sea touches at Aden and does not leave the said port of Aden on the said outward voyage without having obtained from the proper authority at Aden aforesaid a certificate as required by section 29 of the Act, and if the master (* and medical officer) complies (or comply) with on the outward voyage, and also on the homeward voyage, if the ship continues to be a pilgrim ship, the provisions of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, and of such rules, relating to pilgrim ships sailing between ports in British India and ports in the Red Sea, as the Governor General in Council may, from time to time, make under the said Act, then the above-written bond or obligation shall be void.

* Here insert the name or names of the principal or principals only.
(is) or (are).
(Owner) or (owners).
(agent) or (agents) or (master).
§ Insert names of any other ports to be visited.
† His or their Names of sureties.
* To be inserted where is a medical officer.

No. VII.

Form of Bill of Health.

This is to certify that the pilgrim ship sailing under the flag and under the command of Captain (medical officer) of tons, bound for with crew of persons† and pilgrims and laden with a cargo of is at the time of leaving this port in a satisfactory sanitary condition, and that no case of cholera or infectious disease dangerous to life exists among the officers, passengers, pilgrims or crew, who have been examined by day on shore before embarkation and found free from plague.

It is further certified that the town and port of are at present free from‡ epidemic cholera, plague, yellow fever and all other dangerous epidemic disease.

The clothing and bedding of the native crew and of the pilgrims have been disinfected on shore.

† Including officers and able bodied men.
‡ As the case may be.

The vessel has been completely cleansed and freed from rats by means of the Clayton apparatus before embarkation of the pilgrims.

Pilgrims	Men	...	...	...	...
	Women	...	...	...	...
	Boys	...	...	...	...
	Girls	...	...	...	...
	Infants	...	...	...	...
Total no.					

This ship is measured for pilgrims exclusive of infants under one year

No. VIII.

Form of License to be granted to Medical Officers proceeding in charge of Pilgrims.

The bearer of this , holding a certificate to practice medicine and surgery, from is licensed to have medical charge of pilgrims proceeding, under the provisions of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, to . This license holds good for one year from this date.

Dated—

[*Here enter seal of office.*]

Signature of recipient. Surgeon-General, or Secretary to Surgeon-General, in his absence; Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, or Officer in charge of office; or Port Health Officer or Port Surgeon.

NOTE.—In granting this license, preference should be given to medical graduates or licentiates of a University or other recognised licensing body, provided they are men of good character and of some experience. It is desirable that medical officers should be Muhammadans.

No. IX.

Form of Medical Officer's Certificate.

Certified that I have by careful inspection satisfied myself in regard to the arrangements that have been made in accordance with the requirements of the rules relating to pilgrim ships proceeding to the Hedjaz for the care and comfort of the pilgrims about to be carried in the pilgrim ship proceeding to ; and that I was present with the Inspecting Officer at his final inspection of the arrangements, held on the of 19 .

Dated

Medical Officer
In charge of pilgrims'
Ship.

No. X.

Medical Admission and Discharge Book.

Serial number of cases.	Name.	Age.	Sex.	Disease or cause of Admission.	Dates of			Number of hours or days under treatment.	Remarks.
					Admission.	Discharge or recovery.	Death.		

No. XI.

Register of Deaths.

Serial number.	Name.	Age.	Time of occurrence.		Cause.	Remarks.
			Date.	Hour.		

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

The 12th October, 1910.

No. 1866.—The following telegram is published for general information :—

Telegram, dated Pera, the 7th October 1910.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Medical inspection imposed on arrivals from Adalia, where two cases of plague have occurred.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 11th October, 1910.

No. 1099—139-2.—The services of the following officers of the Survey of India, who have been deputed for the Chatham Course are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the date of their return to India :

Major W. M. Coldstream, R.E., Deputy Superintendent ;

Captain C. M. Browne, R.E., Assistant Superintendent.

The 12th October, 1910.

No. 1104—135-6.—The Hon'ble Colonel F. B. Longe, C.B., R.E., A.D.C., Surveyor General of India, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 8 days combined with furlough on medical certificate up to the 30th October 1911 under Articles 233, 260 and 311 (*a*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 22nd October 1910 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the privilege leave.

Colonel S. G. Burrard, R.E., F.R.S., Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys is appointed to officiate as Surveyor General of India with effect from the date on which Colonel Longe proceeds on leave.

Mr. J. Eccles, M.A., Mathematical Expert, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys, *vice* Colonel Burrard.

CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

The 14th October, 1910.

No. 2301—133-2.—Mr. V. de V. H. Woodley, M.R.C.V.S., who was appointed to the Indian Civil Veterinary Department by Notification No. 180, dated the 26th January 1906, is confirmed in that Department, with effect from the 17th October 1910.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 12th October, 1910.

No. 88.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 88, dated the 2nd August 1909, Mr. F. Clayton, who was appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer in the Central Provinces with effect from the 26th July 1909, reverted to his substantive rank of Executive Engineer with effect from the 4th October 1909.

No. 89.—Mr. A. J. Wadley, Executive Engineer, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Superintending Engineer with effect from the 2nd October 1910, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. R. E. Purves.

L. M. JACOB,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 10th October, 1910.

No. 1984-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant Political Agent, Kalat, being a European British subject, to be a Justice of the Peace within the territories of His Highness the Khan of Kalat and the territories administered by the Honourable the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan, as such Agent.

The 11th October, 1910.

No. 3161-*Est.-B.*—The services of Brevet Major A. L. Bickford, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), are placed at the disposal of the Honourable the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, North West Frontier Province, for employment as Commandant, Khyber Rifles, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

The 12th October, 1910.

No. 2006-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), of the Poisons Act, 1904 (I of 1904), as applied to the Cantonment of Baroda by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 5088-I.A., dated the 6th December 1905, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to the poisons specified below all the provisions of the said Act relating exclusively to white arsenic:—

I.—Sulphides of arsenic.

(*a*) Red sulphide (Realgar).

(*b*) Yellow sulphide (Orpiment).

II.—Impure sulphides of arsenic.

(*c*) Black arsenic.

(*d*) Impure orpiments.

(1) White sulphuret.

(2) Pink sulphide.

(3) Brown sulphide.

III.—Green arsenic.

(*e*) Arsenite of copper (Scheele's green).

(*f*) Aceto-arsenite of copper (Schweinfurth's green).

IV.—Aconite.

V.—Perchloride of mercury (Corrosive sublimate).

The 13th October, 1910.

No. 2110-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 1956-G., dated the 21st September 1910, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Kumar Shyama Kumar Tagore as Consul for Costa Rica at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 2117-*G.*—Mr. C. W. Kirkpatrick, Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, is granted six weeks' privilege leave, with effect from the 10th October.

Mr. T. G. Baldwin, Secretariat Assistant, is appointed to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, *vice* Mr. Kirkpatrick.

No. 3186-*Est.-A.*—Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 1st class, is granted privilege leave for one month and 11 days, combined with special leave for four months and 19 days, under Articles 233 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st October 1910.

No. 3187-*Est.-A.*—Mr. H. V. Cobb, C.I.E., a Resident of the 3rd class, on return from furlough, resumed charge of his duties as Resident at Baroda, with effect from the 1st October 1910.

No. 3191-*Est.-A.*—Captain G. S. Bull, Officiating Commandant, Northern Waziristan Militia, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Political Agent, Tochi, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 3rd September 1910, and until further orders.

No. 3192-*Est.-A.*—Major D. B. Blakeway, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for 3 months, combined with furlough for 9 months and 21 days, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 27th September 1910.

No. 3193-*Est.-A.*—Mr. A. H. Grant, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 2nd class, is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Peshawar, with effect from the 27th September 1910.

No. 3202-*Est.-A.*—*Corrigendum*,—Above the notification on page 1025 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 8th October, 1910, publishing revised rules regulating the admission of junior members of the Indian Civil Service to the Political Department of the Government of India, insert the following number and date:

"No. 3104-Est.-A.—The 6th October 1910".

No. 3203-*Est.-A.*—The services of Major W. G. Grey, a Political Agent of the 4th class, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the 3rd October, 1910.

No. 3208 *Est.-A.*—Mr. P. B. Warburton, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, is posted on return from furlough, as First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, with effect from the 3rd October, 1910.

The 14th October, 1910.

No. 2020-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, clause (*a*), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), as applied to the Cantonments of Bhuj and Deesa, and in supersession of all previous notifications issued from time to time with reference to the said Cantonments under the said clause of the said section, the Governor General in Council is pleased to reduce the duties chargeable under the said Act in respect of the instruments hereinafter described under Nos. 13, 19 and 20 to the extent mentioned in each case, and to remit the duties so chargeable in respect of instruments of the other classes hereinafter described.

A.—LAND REVENUE.

General.

1. Lease or counterpart thereof executed at the time of settlement made directly by the Government with the existing occupant of land, whether a zamindar or a tenant, and whether self-cultivating or not:

Provided that no fine or premium is paid in consideration of the lease.

B.—FOREST DEPARTMENT.

2. Agreement and security bond required to be executed, under the rules to regulate the training and appointments in the Subordinate Forest Service, by a student and his surety previous to his entry into the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun, or the Burma Forest School, Tharrawaddy.

C.—POST OFFICE AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

3. Letter which a person depositing money in a Post Office Savings Bank, as security to the Government or a local authority for the due execution of an office or for the fulfilment of a contract or for any other purpose, is required to address to the Postmaster in charge of the Post Office Savings Bank agreeing to special conditions with respect to the application and withdrawal of the money deposited and the payment of interest accruing due thereon.

4. Receipt given by, or on behalf of, a depositor in a Post Office Savings Bank for a sum of money withdrawn from any such Bank.

5. Receipt endorsed by the payee on a Postal Money Order.

6. Receipt given by the addressee for a deposit exceeding twenty rupees made for the payment of a reply to a telegraphic message.

D.—GOVERNMENT OFFICERS AND CONTRACTORS.

7. Agreement paper passed by a contractor of the Supply and Transport Corps where his security deposit is transferred to a Post Office Savings Bank.

8. Instrument in the nature of a memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, a Supply and Transport Officer by a contractor.

9. Agreement or declaration by which a tender made to a Supply and Transport Officer is accepted as a contract where the deposit of the contractor as security for his contract is made in Government of India Promissory Notes or in cash.

10. Instrument in the nature of a memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, the Ordnance Department, the Army Clothing Department, the Forest Department, or the Public Works or State Railway Department by a contractor for the due performance of his contracts.

11. Mortgage deed executed by an officer of Government in Civil or Military employ for securing the repayment of an advance received by him from the Government for the purpose of constructing or purchasing a dwelling house for his own use.

12. Instrument of reconveyance of mortgaged property executed by Government in favour of an officer in Civil or Military employ on the repayment of an advance received by him from the Government for the purpose of constructing or purchasing a dwelling house for his own use.

13. Agreement which has been or may be entered into in compliance with the rules prescribed by the Resolution of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Military Finance), No. 2195-Accounts, dated the 25th October, 1907, regulating the deposits of regimental funds with private banks or firms or such other rules for that purpose as may hereafter be in force. Duty reduced to the amount payable in respect of a bond for like amount or value or to Rs. 5, whichever shall be less.

E.—OTHER DOCUMENTS.

14. Receipt given for payment of interest on Government of India Promissory Notes.

15. Letter of authority or power of attorney executed for the sole purpose of authorising one or more of the joint-holders of a Government security to give on behalf of the other or others of them, or any one or more of them, a discharge for interest payable on such security or on any renewed security issued in lieu thereof.

16. Sanad of Jagir or other instrument conveying land granted to an individual by the Government otherwise than for a pecuniary consideration.

17. Instrument of exchange executed by a private person where land is given by him for public purposes in exchange for other land granted to him by the Government.

18. Transfer by endorsement of a mortgage of rates and taxes authorised by any act for the time being in force in the Cantonments of Bhuj and Deesa.

19. Trust deed entered into in compliance with the rules for the time being in force in the Cantonments of Bhuj and Deesa regulating grants-in-aid made by the Government for building purposes to schools in those Cantonments. Duty reduced to the amount payable in respect of a bond for like amount or value, or to Rs. 15, whichever shall be less.

20. Instrument evidencing an agreement relating to the hypothecation of moveable property where such hypothecation has been made by way of security for the repayment of money advanced or to be advanced by way of loan, or of an existing or future debt. Duty reduced to the amount chargeable on a bill of exchange under Article No. 13 (*b*) of Schedule I of the Stamp Act, 1899, for the amount secured, if such loan or debt is repayable on demand or more than three months from the date of the instrument, and to half that amount if such loan or debt is repayable not more than three months from the date of the instrument.

21. Instrument executed in British India or the areas mentioned in the schedule hereto attached in respect of which the stamp duty with which it is chargeable under the stamp law for the time being in force in British India or in the said areas has been paid in accordance with the said law.

SCHEDULE.

Areas.

1. Agency territories in Baluchistan.

2. Abu and Anadra including the road leading from the Abu Sanitarium to Abu Road Railway Station and to the Bazar at Kharari.

3. The Cantonments of Mhow, Neemuch, Nowgong (including the Civil Lines), Agar, Guna, Sehore and Sirdarpur in the Central India Agency, and of Baroda.

4. The Indore Residency Bazars.

5. Railway lands within the limits of the Central India and Rajputana Agencies over which the Governor General in Council exercises jurisdiction.

6. The areas in the Hyderabad State in which the Governor General in Council exercises jurisdiction through the Resident at Hyderabad.

7 Berar.

8. The Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

S. H. BUTLER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 7th October, 1910.

No. 5311-*F. E.*—Mr. U. L. Majumdar reverted to Class III of the general list of the Indian Finance Department, with effect from the 26th July 1910.

The 8th October, 1910.

No. 5327-*F. E.*—Mr. M. E. Watts, a Superintendent in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat, is granted privilege leave for three months and, in continuation, leave on medical certificate out of India for six months, with effect from the 12th October 1910.

The 10th October, 1910.

No. 5347-*F. E.*—Mr. A. H. Anthony has been appointed to officiate as a Deputy Auditor General, with effect from the 15th September 1910.

The 12th October, 1910.

No. 5384-*F. E.*—Mr. E. J. Harrison, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, has been appointed to officiate as a Chief Superintendent in that office, with effect from the 23rd September 1910 and until further orders.

J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 14th October, 1910.

No. 1675-*Accts.*—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Captain H. R. von D. Hardinge, I.A., Assistant Military Accountant, 1st Class, Military Accounts Department, (m.c.) for 6 months.

J. B. BRUNYATE,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 15th October, 1910.

No. 7203—3.—*Corrigendum.*—In the Notifications of the Government of India in this Department Nos. 2752—3 and 3796—3, dated the 13th April and 25th May 1910, respectively, *for* the date 28th March 1910 in the former and the date 4th May 1910 against the names of Messrs. Wolferstan and Boyd in the latter, *read* 29th March and 5th May 1910, respectively.

No. 7305—3.—Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, I.C.S., is appointed a Collector, Class III, in the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 3rd October 1910, and is posted to Bombay.

No. 7309—3.—The following officiating promotion and reversions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 3rd October 1910:

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion or reversion.
Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, I.C.S. ...	Collector, Class III	Collector, Class II, officiating ...	Officiating promotion.
Mr. G. A. Thomas, I.C.S. ...	Collector, Class III, sub. *pro tem.*	Collector, Class III, officiating ...	Reversion.
Mr. P. Eccles, I.C.S. ...	Assistant Collector, Class I, sub. *pro tem.*	Assistant Collector, Class I, officiating.	Reversion.
Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S. ...	Assistant Collector, Class II, sub. *pro tem.*	Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating	Reversion.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 15th October, 1910.

No. 7270—151.—Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche, F.G.S., F.A.S.B., Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, Officiating Director, Geological Survey of India, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 31st October 1910.

No. 7271—151.—Mr. H. H. Hayden, F.G.S., Superintendent, is appointed with effect from the 31st October 1910 to officiate as Director, Geological Survey of India, during the absence on leave of Sir T. H. Holland, K.C.I.E., F.R.S.

GENERAL.

The 15th October, 1910.

No. 7302—106.—Mr. E. P. Jones, Secretariat Superintendent, 1st grade, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 3rd October 1910.

Mr. H. R. Charles, Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 1st grade, *vice* Mr. E. P. Jones, or until further orders.

Mr. A. E. S. Billings, Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, is appointed to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade, *vice* Mr. H. R. Charles, or until further orders.

Mr. Fateh Din, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, *vice* Mr. A. E. S. Billings, or until further orders.

LIGHTING OF COASTS.

The 15th October, 1910.

No. 7254—9.—In accordance with the provisions of section 16 of the Burma Coast-lights Act, 1879 (IX of 1879), the Governor General in Council has directed the publication of the following *pro forma* account showing the receipts and charges in connection with the Burma Coast-lights for the year which ended on the 31st March 1910.

Annual *pro forma* account of the Burma Coast-light dues for the year 1909-10.

Capital expenditure up to		Interest at 4% on capital expenditure.	Annual sinking fund payment necessary to liquidate the capital expenditure incurred to date in 60 years assuming interest at 3½%.	Excess of the annual receipt over the annual establishment and maintenance charges.	Profit or loss.
Year.	Amount.				
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
1909-10 ...	4,516,970	180,679	23,911	243,080	+ 38,490

NOTE.—General charges on account of the supervision of the lights by the Principal Port Officer, Burma, and by other administrative officers of Government, also the cost of pensions to the establishment are not included in the charges incorporated in this statement.

W. MAXWELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th October 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No 838.—The services of the officers named below are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as Cantonment Magistrates:—

Major V. deV. Hunt, Indian Army.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. B. Campbell, Indian Army.

No. 839.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Field, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

COMMANDS.

No. 840.—Lieutenant-General Sir J. Willcocks, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., British Service, to be an Army Commander, *vice* Lieutenant-General Sir J. H. Wodehouse, K.C.B., C.M.G., R.A., vacated. Dated 6th October 1910.

ORGANISATION.

ARMY RESERVES.

No 841.—Second Lieutenant Henry George Norman White, Infantry Branch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval.

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 842.—Consequent on the retirement of Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. S. Taylor, Indian Army, the following promotions in the Cantonment Magistrates' Department are made:—

Major W. C Anderson, provisional Cantonment Magistrate, to be substantive Cantonment Magistrate,

Captain E. G. S. Trotter, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be provisional Cantonment Magistrate, and

Major G. L. Cattell, officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be substantive Assistant Cantonment Magistrate;

with effect from the 30th August 1910.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 843.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

26th September 1910.

Thomas Burrell Skinner, 61st Prince of Wales's Own Pioneers.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 844.—The following promotions are made:—

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Jemadar Suraj Singh to be Rossaidar and to remain seconded while employed at the Cavalry School at Saugor; with effect from the 1st April 1910.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Dafadar Bhagat Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhagwan Singh, discharged; with effect from the 27th September 1910.

1st Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Jagia Thapa to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Narbahadur Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Budhiman Lama, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 15th September 1910.

No. 845.—The following promotions are made, consequent on the Regiment being on Colonial service:—

98th Infantry.

Havildar Abdur Rahman Khan to be supernumerary Jemadar; with effect from the 18th August 1908.

Havildar Har Baksh Singh to be supernumerary Jemadar; with effect from the 1st July 1909.

Subadar Sewaram to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ramjiawan to be Subadar, supernumerary Jemadar Abdur Rahman Khan to be absorbed in that rank to complete establishment and Havildar Jiya Ram to be supernumerary Jemadar, *vice* Bishun Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1910.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

53rd Silladar Camel Corps.

No. 846.—Kote-Dafadar Dhera Mall, appointed Ressaidar on probation, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 7th July 1909.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 847.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Rawdon Edward Dennys Reilly, Unemployed Supernumerary List,—6th September 1910.

Lieutenant-Colonel Kellow Chesney, 18th Prince of Wales's Own Tiwana Lancers,—1st February 1911.

No. 848.—Brevet-Colonel Henry Francis Kelly Waldron is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 1st November 1910.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 849.—Major William Thomas Wright, Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* C. H. Atkins, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 18th August 1910.

Captain (Honorary Major) William Mitchell, V.D., to be Major, *vice* W. T. Wright, promoted. Dated 18th August 1910.

Lieutenant Allan George Harrison, V.D., to be Captain, *vice* W. Mitchell, V.D., promoted. Dated 18th August 1910.

Second Lieutenant Joseph Harold Phelps to be Lieutenant, *vice* A. G. Harrison, V.D., promoted. Dated 18th August 1910.

2nd Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 850.—Surgeon-Major William Crofts resigns his commission. Dated 24th August 1910.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th October 1910.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 29th September and 12th October 1910:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Royal Army Medical Corps ...	Major Robert Selby, M.B.	10th October 1910.	Naini Tal ...	...	Was Specialist in Dermatology, 7th (Meerut) Division.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th October 1910.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 88.—Assistant Engineer T. Curr, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 19th October 1910.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 12th October, 1910.

No. 257.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 238, dated the 22nd September 1910, Mr. M. G. Norman, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 15th September 1910, and until further orders.

No. 258.—Mr. Cuthbert Arthur Williams, appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India under covenant as an Assistant Signal Engineer, State Railways, is posted to the North Western Railway.

No. 259.—Mr. V. T. Janson, Executive Engineer, is on return from leave re-appointed Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, and Superintendent of Local Manufactures for State Railways, Bombay.

No. 260.—With reference to Notification No. 259, dated the 12th October 1910, Captain G. J. W. Smyth, R.E., Officiating Junior Government Inspector, Circle No. 5, and Superintendent of Local Manufactures, Bombay, is, on relief by Mr. Janson, transferred to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

No. 261.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction of a branch line of railway, on the 5 feet 6 inches gauge, from Dhakia station on the Moradabad-Chandausi section of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to Sambhal, a distance of 14·64 miles, as an integral part of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

2. The line will be known as the Dhakia-Sambhal branch of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

The 14th October, 1910.

No. 262.—It is hereby notified for general information that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction of a railway on the metre gauge from Rangiya, a station on the Gauhati Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway, to Tangla, a place in the Mangaldai sub-division of the Darrang district in the province of Eastern Bengal and Assam. It will be 24·3 miles in length and will form an integral part of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

2. The project will be known as the Rangiya-Tangla extension.

No. 263.—Mr. H. S. Harington, Chief Engineer with the Railway Board, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under Article 458, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th October 1910.

No. 264.—With reference to Notification No. 263, dated 14th October 1910, Mr. T. R. Tebbs, Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, Calcutta, is appointed Chief Engineer with the Railway Board from the date on which he is relieved of his present duties.

No. 265.—With reference to Notification No. 264, dated 14th October 1910, Mr. C. T. R. Scovell, Superintending Engineer, is, on return from leave, appointed Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, Calcutta.

No. 266.—*Corrigendum.*—In Railway Board Notification No. 359, dated the 30th November 1909, publishing the officiating promotion of Mr. C. L. Taylor as a Deputy Traffic Superintendent on the Eastern Bengal State Railway, *for* "11th November 1909" *read* "12th November 1909."

No. 267.—Mr. E. H. Keelan, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is promoted to class III, grade 2, of that establishment, with effect from the 22nd September 1910.

No. 268.—Mr. M. G. Norman, Officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, is permanently promoted from class III, grade 3, to class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 17th September 1910.

F. A. HADOW,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 42. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1910.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 13th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The Bombay monsoon current was inactive and gave only a few falls of rain, chiefly in the extreme south of the Peninsula, while the Bay current was confined almost entirely to Burma and Eastern Bengal and Assam; there was fairly general rain in Burma throughout the week and in Eastern Bengal and Assam on the 8th and 9th.

2. A feeble disturbance of the winter type affected the extreme north on the 11th. It gave hardly any rain at the reporting stations; but, from the very rapid fall of temperature which followed it in both Kashmir and Baluchistan, it would appear probable that it occasioned more important precipitation in the form of snow in the higher ranges to the north and west.

3. The rainfall of the week was 20 per cent or more in excess in Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam, Bengal proper, Orissa, the Central Provinces, Hyderabad North and Mysore: and there was a deficiency of half an inch or more in Bihar, the United Provinces East, Berar, the Konkan, Malabar and the Madras Deccan.

4. *Burma.*—Rainfall was fairly general, and skies were moderately to heavily clouded.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rain fell locally in Eastern Bengal and Assam and a few falls occurred in Bengal, especially in the coast districts. Cloud was moderate to heavy except on the 10th and 11th, when skies were only lightly clouded.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Weather was dry except for a few falls of rain in the Central Provinces. Skies were practically cloudless in the United Provinces, but there was moderate to heavy cloud on most days in the Central Provinces; and on the 11th and 12th the night temperatures reported were higher than usual in this area.

Northwest India.—A light fall of rain occurred at Sonemarg, and snow probably fell on the higher ranges. On the 11th cloud appeared in the extreme north and increased in the south of the division, but on all the remaining days skies were practically clear. Maximum temperature was higher than usual in Kashmir and Baluchistan until precipitation in the extreme north caused it to fall below the normal: it was in local defect in Gujarat and east Rajputana.

The Peninsula.—There were a few falls of rain, chiefly in the extreme south. Skies were lightly to moderately clouded.

5. The following are the chief amounts of rainfall as reported at 8 hrs. each day:—

October	7th.	Mergui 2·44″, Lashio 2·11″, Darjiling 1·92″, Bogra 3·49″ and Sconi 2·44″.
„	8th.	Mandalay 1·38″, Lashio 2·30″, Silchar 2·15″ and Cocanada 1·78″.
„	9th.	Myitkyina 2·82″, Jalpaiguri 2·70″ and Jessore 4·13″.
„	10th.	Cherrapunji 3·64″, Cuttack 2·51″, Salem 1·82″ and Kodaikanal 2·07″.
„	11th.	Lashio 3·48″, Salem 2·60″ and Nellore 2·55″.
„	12th.	Bhamo 3·48″, Mysore 1·87″ and Gopalpur 1·70″.
„	13th.	Balasore 2·87″, Mysore 3·02″, Madura 2·13″, Trichinopoly 3·35″ and Salem 1·75″.

6. The rainfall for the whole period from the 29th April to the 13th October is within 20 per cent of the normal every where, except in Kashmir and Baluchistan, where it is more than 20 per cent in defect, and in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Mysore and the Madras Deccan, where it is more than 20 per cent in excess.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 13th October 1910.			Rainfall data from 29th April 1910 to 13th October 1910.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	3·0	3·1	—0·1	76·7	91·3	14·6	— 16	— 16
Lower Burma	2·9	2·1	+0·8	130·6	133·2	— 2·6	— [illegible]	— 3
Upper Burma	3·8	1·1	+2·7	43·6	37·4	+ 6·2	+ 17	10
Assam	2·2	1·2	+1·0	79·4	76·7	+ 2·7	+ 4	+ 2
Eastern Bengal	2·1	1·2	+0·9	85·6	74·9	+ 10·7	+ 14	+ 13
Bengal	1·9	1·3	+0·6	53·7	53·6	+ 0·1	0	— 1
Orissa	2·1	1·5	+0·6	49·4	56·2	— 6·8	— 12	— 13
Chota Nagpur	0·8	0·7	+0·1	48·3	48·1	+ 0·2	0	0
Bihar	0·4	0·9	—0·5	53·9	49·0	+ 4·9	+ 10	+ 11
United Provinces, East	0	0·5	—0·5	37·8	39·8	— 2·0	— 5	— 4
United Provinces, West	0	0·1	— 0·1	47·5	40·7	+ 6·8	+ 17	+ 17
Punjab, East and North	0	0·1	—0·1	23·8	21·8	+ 2·0	+ 9	+ 9
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	7·7	7·9	— 0·2	— 3	— 3
Kashmir	0	0·1	—0·1	3·3	5·3	— 2·0	— 38	— 37
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	10·1	5·5	+ 4·6	+ 84	+ 84
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·4	1·3	— 0·9	— 69	— 69
Sind	0	0	0	8·3	5·1	+ 3·2	+ 63	+ 63.
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	11·5	11·3	+ 0·2	+ 2	+ 2
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	19·9	22·0	— 2·1	— 10	— 10
Gujarat	0	0·1	—0·1	26·0	26·0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0·2	—0·2	32·9	30·5	+ 2·4	+ 8	+ 9
Central India, East	0	0·3	—0·3	37·4	42·1	— 4·7	— 11	— 11
Berar	0	0·5	—0·5	36·3	30·7	+ 5·6	+ 18	+ 20
Central Provinces, West	0·4	0·3	+0·1	45·6	45·9	— 0·3	— 1	— 1
Central Provinces, East	0·6	0·5	+0·1	55·8	48·9	+ 6·9	+ 14	+ 14
Konkan	0·1	1·0	—0·9	87·0	95·1	— 8·1	— 9	— 8
Bombay Deccan	0·3	0·7	—0·4	29·9	25·7	+ 4·2	+ 16	+ 18
Hyderabad, North	0·4	0·3	+0·1	36·2	30·9	+ 5·3	+ 17	+ 17
Hyderabad, South	0·5	0·5	0	26·7	27·4	— 0·7	— 3	— 2
Mysore	3·1	1·8	+1·3	30·6	23·0	+ 7·6	+ 33	+ 30
Malabar	1·1	2·4	—1·3	78·1	85·9	— 7·8	— 9	— 8
Madras, South-east	1·7	1·6	+0·1	18·0	15·5	+ 2·5	+ 16	+ 16
Madras Deccan	0·5	1·1	—0·6	26·6	20·7	+ 5·9	+ 29	+ 34
Madras Coast, North	2·0	1·9	+0·1	30·5	25·6	+ 4·9	+ 19	+ 20

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 13th October 1910.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 8th October 1910.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was practically general and mostly moderate. Transplanting of winter rice continues in parts of Upper Burma but has been delayed in Lower Chindwin for want of rain. Replanting in flooded areas of the Delta districts is progressing. Reaping of early sessamum has been nearly completed and sowing of late sessamum and cultivation of miscellaneous crops are in progress. The condition of standing crops is on the whole good and prospects are favourable. The price of unhusked rice has risen considerably in Tharrawaddy and slightly in three other districts. It has fallen slightly in one district. Prices are generally normal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The rainfall has been heavy in parts of Rajshahi; the Surma Valley and the Assam Valley divisions and light to moderate elsewhere. Harvesting of summer rice and jute and transplanting of winter rice have been practically completed. Ploughing for spring crops, plucking of tea and sowing of pulses are in progress. Prospects of standing crops are good. The average price of common rice is practically unchanged. Cattle disease prevails in Malda, Goalpara, Kamrup, Nowgong and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—The rainfall during the week was fairly general over the Province. The fall was heavy in Birbhum, Nadia, Jessore, Patna, Shahabad, Muzaffarpur, Darjeeling, Cooch Behar and in parts of Gaya, Murshidabad, Saran, Champaran, Darbhanga and the Sonthal Parganas ; moderate in Midnapore, Cuttack, Sambalpur and Hazaribagh and light elsewhere. More rain is wanted in Burdwan, Bankura, Midnapore and the 24-Parganas. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues. Preparation of lands for spring crops has commenced. Winter paddy and sugarcane are doing well. Some damage to paddy by insects is reported from Sambalpur. The price of common rice has risen in Burdwan, Khulna, Hazaribagh and Singhbhum and has fallen in Bankura, Nadia, Patna, Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Ranchi. Cattle disease is reported from ten districts. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Heavy rain fell at the beginning of the week over a large part of the Provinces causing some damage to cotton and the larger millets. Rivers rose suddenly to full flood, but except in two or three districts inundations are reported to have caused little damage beyond retarding sowings for spring crops in the flooded areas. The general condition of standing crops continues good and prospects are favourable. Cotton-picking and harvesting of rice, maize and millets continue. Preparations for spring crops which were checked by rain are again in full swing. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from twenty-six districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. Fodder and supplies are ample. Prices are generally stationary.

Punjab.—Good to light rain has fallen in Rohtak and parts of Hissar and Delhi. Autumn crops are being harvested in certain districts. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops continue. The condition of standing crops is average in Lahore, Sialkot, Multan and parts of Hissar and Ferozepore, average to below average in Lyallpur, average to poor in Mianwali and good elsewhere. Crops are withering for want of rain in Sialkot and Mianwali. Cotton in Rohtak and great millet and bulrush millet in Delhi

have been damaged by heavy rainfall. Slight damage by rats is reported from Ferozepore. Prices are generally unsettled. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Mianwali.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. It is badly wanted in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The condition of standing crops is generally good in Peshawar and average elsewhere. Picking of cotton and reaping of rice are in progress in the Peshawar district. Sowings of spring crops continue. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal has been stopped. The condition of cattle is generally good but disease is prevalent in one village of the Charsadda tahsil of the Peshawar district, in the Tank tahsil and in Dera tahsil of the Dera Ismail Khan district. The public health is generally good. Seasonal fever is prevalent in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Prices of food grains are generally stationary. Prices :—wheat 13½ to 18 $\frac{7}{16}$; gram 17 $\frac{5}{16}$ to 26 ; maize 15 to 29 $\frac{11}{16}$ and *bajra* 18 to 25 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 12 to 24 and maize from 18 to 32 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in some parts of the Province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Rajputana.—The rainfall reported, in cents, was :—Bikaner 22; Dungarpur 58; Banswara 142; Partabgarh 160; Tonk 46; Bundi 61; Jhalawar 110; Jaipur 20; Alwar 109; Karauli 82; Dholpur 424 and Ajmer 83. No rain or practically none fell elsewhere. Agricultural operations for both autumn and spring crops are in progress. Crops are generally good but the outturn is much below the average in Bharatpur. Slight damage by winds is reported in Marwar, by grass-hoppers in Mewar and by heavy rains in Karauli and Bharatpur. Cattle disease prevails in Mewar, Banswara, Karauli and Merwara. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are rising in Mewar, Shahpura and Ajmer and are steady or falling elsewhere.

Central India.—The rainfall was heavy in the Indore, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies and has caused some damage to cotton, rice and other crops. The weather is clear and bright. Crops are now maturing rapidly and promise an abundant yield. Harvesting of autumn crops and preparation of ground for spring crops are in progress. Fodder is plentiful. Cattle are generally in good condition but some disease exists in parts of Bhopal, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are falling in Bhopal and Baghelkhand and are steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The rainfall has been slight. A break has now occurred and is doing good to crops. Harvesting of early rice and minor crops and preparation of land for sowing of spring crops have been resumed. Sowing of gram in Mandla, of linseed in Chanda and Raipur and of pulses in Betul has commenced. Prospects are good. The estimated outturn of *til* for the Central Provinces and Berar is 111 and 87 per cent of the normal respectively. Fodder and water are sufficient everywhere. Cattle are doing well. Prices are falling slightly.

Feudatory States.—The rainfall in the States during the week did not exceed 2 inches. Cutting of rice in places and ploughing of land for sowing of spring crops are in progress. The condition of standing crops is generally good. Fodder and water are

adequate. Prices :—wheat and gram in Kanker fell by 2 and 3 seers per rupee respectively. Rice sells cheaper by 2 seers in Sakti.

Bombay.—The rainfall during the week was heavy in parts of Ratnagiri; good in Thana, Colaba, East Khandesh, Kathiawar and Savantvadi; moderate in the Panch Mahals, Kanara, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, Satara Dharwar, Mahi Kantha, Rewa Kantha and Kolhapur and slight in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Surat, West Khandesh, Sholapur, Bijapur, Belgaum and Baroda. The rainfall was general and sufficient. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in Palanpur and from excessive moisture in Ratnagiri, Nasik and Sholapur. They have been damaged slightly by rats in Karachi, by insects in Sukkur, by grass-hoppers in Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, Belgaum and Dharwar and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops is progressing in parts of Sind, Gujarat, the Konkan, the Deccan, Cutch, Baroda, Rewa Kantha and Savantvadi. Lands are being prepared for cultivation of spring crops in parts of Sind, Gujarat, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona and Rewa Kantha. Sowing of spring crops continues in Broach, Ahmednagar, Poona, Satara, Sholapur, Belgaum, Bijapur and Baroda. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock is deficient in Ahmednagar, Satara and Sholapur and is generally in good condition. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally adequate. Prices have risen in Poona, have fallen in Karachi, Larkana, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Colaba, Kanara, East Khandesh, Satara, Sholapur, Belgaum and Dharwar and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 19 to 40 per cent; in the Konkan 13 to 29 per cent and in the Karnatak 2 to 21 per cent less than the normal. In Gujarat prices ranged from 18 per cent more than the normal to 23 per cent less and in the Deccan from 30 per cent more to 23 per cent less.

Hyderabad.—The average rainfall in the Dominions was 1 inch 9 cents. The rain was almost general. It was heavy in the Aurangabad and Nander districts and fair to light in other parts. The heaviest fall occurred in Jintur in the Parbhani district. Autumn crops are fair to good except in parts of Aurangabad, Parbhani, Nander and Usmanabad where they have suffered from excessive rain. Cotton plants are being rooted up in parts and land is being prepared for spring crops. Some damage has been caused by insects to crops in parts of the Raichur district but prospects are satisfactory. The early rice crop is being weeded. Lands are under preparation for spring crops and sowings are in progress but have been suspended in parts where the rain was excessive and continuous. Cattle disease prevails in some talukas. Prices :—wheat 6¾; coarse rice 6½ and *juar* 14½ seers per rupee, showing a fall of ¼ seer in the price of *juar*. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 12 seers and yellow *juar* at 13½ seers per rupee. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in Karimnagar and the lowest 24 seers in Bidar.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good in Tumkur and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition but more rain is needed in parts of Bangalore, Kolar, Mysore, Hassan and Kadur. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 18 cents. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was good in the Circars except Ganjam and light to fair elsewhere. The rainfall in thirteen districts was above the average of the last 35 years. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in the Circars, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in Chingleput and

in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are generally fair but some in parts of Bellary have been damaged by grass-hoppers, some in parts of Kurnool have been damaged by excessive rain and some in parts of Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Madura and Tinnevelly are in urgent need of rain. Harvests continue in parts with outturn generally fair to normal. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Coimbatore and Tinnevelly. Fodder is scanty in Ganjam, Godavari, Nellore and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in eleven districts, has fallen in six and has risen in seven. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows :—*Ragi* is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in ten and has risen in four. *Cholam* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in five and has risen in two. *Cumbu* is stationary in three districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in four. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is generally satisfactory and employment is readily available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 7148-45.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

(MERCHANT SHIPPING.)

Simla, the 12th October 1910.

RESOLUTION.

It was recently suggested to the Government of India that, in the form of agreement for the engagement of lascars in India, provision should be made rendering it obligatory on the masters of foreign vessels engaging lascar crews to obtain the sanction of the resident British Consular Officer to all alterations in the agreement occurring at foreign ports. The suggestion was referred to the maritime Local Governments and has been unanimously approved by them. The Governor General in Council is accordingly pleased to direct, under section 27 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1883 (V of 1883), that the following additional stipulation shall be inserted after the last additional stipulation at the foot of the first page of the form of lascar agreement :—

" Additional stipulation which must be entered into and signed by the owner of a foreign vessel or by the master on his behalf :—

I hereby further agree, in the event of any alteration being effected in this agreement before or after arrival at any foreign port by reason of the engagement, discharge, transfer, leaving behind, desertion or death of any lascar or other native seaman employed under this agreement or through any other cause, to report such alteration for the sanction of the resident British Consular Officer at such port and to submit this agreement to the said Consular Officer for the purpose of having a memorandum of such alteration endorsed thereon and certified by him and to pay to the said Consular Officer the fees prescribed in this behalf by the Consular Fees (Amendment) Order in Council, 1910, or any other Order for the time being in force.

Owner or Master."

Ordered that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India.*

W. MAXWELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 13th October 1910.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 8th October 1910, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	18	
		Ahmedabad Town	3	
		Ahmedabad District	25	
		Panch Mahals District	2 (a)	2 (a)
		Kaira District	56	31
		Bulsar Port	...	1
		Surat District	8	5
		Mahi Kantha Agency	15	8
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra "	...	...
		Passein "	1	1
		Umbergaon Port	2	2
		Agashi Port	...	...
		Thana District	2	2
	Central	East Khandesh District	87	1
		Satara District	186	131
		Poona City	...	...
		Nasik District	41	25
		Sholapur Town	...	..
		Sholapur District	2	1
	Southern	Kolaba District	40	34
		Dabhol Port	.	...
		Bankot "	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	15	10
		Belgaum "	110	56
		Hubli Town	92	69
		Dharwar District	74	48
		Kanara District	...	...
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	6	6
		Karachi District	1 (a)	1 (a)
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port	...	...
		Cutch State	2	2
		Verawal Port	...	...
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	60	43
		Jamnagar Town and Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	223	140
		Kolhapur Town	90	76
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	79	58
		Billimora Port	...	..
		Baroda State	129	90
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Borlai Port	...	...
		Mandla Port	..	...
		Janjira State	...	...
		Satara Agency	6	10
		TOTAL	1,375	948

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	34 (a)	26 (b)
		Madura District	20 (a)	18 (a)
		Mangalore Port	3	2
		Salem District	69 (c)	67 (c)
		Salem Town	...	...
		North Arcot District	2 (d)	1 (d)
		Ramnad District	1 (d)	1 (d)
		Nilgiris District	...	...
		Trichinopoly District	...	...
		Bellary District	2 (d)	2 (d)
		South Arcot District	...	...
		Malabar District	...	...
		Madras City	1 (d)	1 (d)
		Cochin State	...	...
		TOTAL	132	118
BENGAL	...	Calcutta	5	7
	Burdwan	Howrah Town	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	6	1
		Patna District	27	24
		Shahabad District	26	13
	Tirhut	Saran District	14	19
		Champaran District	...	...
		Darbhanga "	...	...
		Muzaffarpur "	...	...
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	25	15
		TOTAL	103	79
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Meerut City	...	...
		Meerut District	58	33
		Muzaffarnagar City	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	11	8

(a) Two imported. (b) Four imported. (c) Six imported. (d) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Agra	Etawah City	...	...
		Etawah District	2	2
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	11	8
		Mainpuri District	...	...
		Etah ,,	7	8
		Agra ,,	13 (a)	8 (a)
	Rohilkhand	Budaun District	...	[illegible]
		Pilibhit ,,	6	[illegible]
		Bijnor ,,	2	[illegible]
		Bareilly ,,	..	...
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	1	...
		Jalaun ,,	...	..
		Cawnpore City	1	1
		Cawnpore District	...	...
		Fatehpur ,,	1	1
	Benares	Ballia District	10	10
		Mirzapur District	21	21
		Jaunpur City	...	...
		Jaunpur District	3	3
		Ghazipur ,,	15	38
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City	...	...
		Azamgarh District	11	8
		Basti District	5	3
		Gorakhpur District	24	18
	Lucknow	Unao District	...	...
		Rae Bareli District	...	...
		Hardoi District	11	11
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	5	4
		Fyzabad District	2	2
		Gonda District	1	1
		Sultanpur District	...	...
		Bara Banki Town	...	...
		Bara Banki District	14	7
		Bahraich ,,	...	...
		TOTAL	265	203
Punjab	Delhi	Gurgaon District	45	45
		Hissar ,,	..	...
		Delhi ,,	7	4
		Rohtak ,,	22	19
		Karnal ,,	34	34
		Ambala ,,	22 (a)	18 (a)
	Jullundur	Kangra District	...	...
		Hoshiarpur ,,	45	45
		Ludhiana ,,	...	...
		Jullundur ,,	...	...

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending 8th October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar District	...	...
		Gurdaspur "	...	3
		Gujranwala "	6 (a)	7 (a)
		Sialkot "	9	3
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur "	4 (a)	4 (a)
		Gujrat "	1	1
		Attock "	6	5
		Jhelum "	9	4
	Multan	Lyallpur "	3	7 (b)
		Jhang "	2	1
	...	Patiala State	78	69
		Jind "	13	12
		TOTAL	306	281
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	9	9
		Prome District	1	1
		Tharawaddy District	4	4
	Irrawaddy	Bassein District	1	1
		Pyapon "	...	...
		Henzanda "	...	...
		Myaungmya "	..	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	...	...
		Moulmein Town	...	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	...	...
	Magwe	Minbu District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	4	4
		Bhamo District	...	...
		Myitkyina Town	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	1	1
		Kyaukse "	3	4
		Meiktila "	5	3
		TOTAL	28	27
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...

(a) Figure for the week ending 1st October 1910.
(b) Figure for the two weeks ending 8th October 1910.

Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	1 (c)	1 (c)
		Nagpur District	23	12
		Warddha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	5	4
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore District	7	6
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	16	13
		Narshingpur Town	1 (c)	...
		Narshingpur District	17	10
	Berar	Akola Town	4 (c)	3 (c)
		Akola District	172	115
		Buldana ,,	160	113
		Amraoti Town	17 (d)	12 (b)
		Amraoti District	161 (b)	126 (b)
		Yeotmal Town	1 (c)	1 (c)
		Yeotmal District	1 (c)	1 (c)
		TOTAL	586	417
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	26	19
		Bangalore City	36	19
		Bangalore District	41	27
		Mysore City	9	..
		Mysore District	41	30
		Hassan ,,	32	25
		Kadur ,,	92	65
		Kolar ,,	10	5
		Kolar Gold Fields	7	2
		Tumkur District	1	...
		Shimoga ,,	37	21
		Chitaldroog ,,	87	49
		TOTAL	419	262
Hyderabad State	...	Usmanabad District	149 (e)	112 (e)
		Raichur District	141 (e)	90 (e)
		Aurangabad District	...	..
		Nizamabad ,,	...	...
		Gulbarga ,,	...	...
		TOTAL	290	202
Central India	...	Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	142 (f)	209 (f)
		Indore Residency	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	..	...
		Rutlam State	83	83
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	10	6
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora State	...	...
		Dhar ,,	...	...
		Bagli ,,	9	6
		Sailana State	1	1
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	..	...
		Malwa Prant	113 (g)	81 (g)
		Rewa State	..	..
		TOTAL	358	386

(b) One imported. | (c) Imported. | (d) Two imported.
(e) Figures for the period from the 26th September to [illegible] | (f) Figures for the week ending 1st October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Mewar State	235	111
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	120	93
		Jaipur City	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Jaipur State	106	102
		Dholpur State	...	...
		Tonk City	...	...
		Tonk State	264	241
		Partabgarh City	...	...
		Kishangarh State	...	...
		Alwar City	13	8
		Alwar State	26	15
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli State	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Bharatpur State	16 (a)	15 (a)
		Ajmer City	1	...
		Ajmer District	13	13
		Shahpura	...	...
		Shahpura Town	2	...
		Deoli Agency	1	1
		Ajmer-Merwara District	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		TOTAL	798	600
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Peshawar Cantonment	...	...
		Nowshera Cantonment	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	4,660	3,523

(a) Figures for the week ending 30th September 1910.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
	During 2nd-half of 1909.	During official year 1909-10.	Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
			1909.	1910.	1st October 1909.	1st October 1910.	1909.	1910.	1st October 1909.	1st October 1910.			1st October 1909.	1st October 1910.		
	R	R	*Miles.*	*Miles.*	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
Bengal-Nagpur (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	207	243	2,350	2,367	4,57,277	5,39,000	195	228	54,66,102	63,28,000	8,61,898	..	1,34,31,033	1,43,28,000	8,96,967	...
Bezwada Extension	268	308	21	21	5,300	8,000	252	381	66,290	76,000	9,710	...	1,50,692	1,70,000	19,308	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Viramgam-Wadhwan Section, 3′ 3⅜″ gauge)	749	878	504	504	3,15,133	3,49,000	625	692	42,09,139	45,15,000	2,15,861	...	1,08,88,150	1,13,53,000	3,64,850	...
Nagda-Muttra	50	55	313	339	11,729	24,000	37	71	1,31,832	2,96,000	1,64,168	...	2,22,053	6,62,000	4,19,947	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	390	356	1,497	1,501	6,83,126	7,24,000	456	482	71,69,559	69,77,000	...	1,92,559	1,29,08,717	1,27,86,000	...	1,22,717
East Indian	646	681	2,337	2,337	15,50,420	17,94,000	663	768	1,80,93,891	2,02,47,000	21,53,109	...	3,88,78,801	4,24,50,000	35,71,199	...
Great Indian Peninsula	603	679	1,607	1,607	7,09,494	8,36,000	442	520	88,01,827	1,01,23,000	13,21,173	...	2,12,60,251	2,48,73,000	36,12,749	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	243	236	126	126	28,719	35,800	228	284	3,32,331	4,17,000	84,669	...	6,94,954	9,18,000	2,23,036	...
Baran-Kotah	32	31	40	40	1,901	1,900	48	47	15,736	23,000	7,264	...	28,094	54,400	26,306	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itársi)	213	229	916	916	1,76,235	1,80,000	192	197	19,26,998	20,87,000	1,60,002	...	46,17,869	51,82,000	5,64,131	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3⅜″ gauge lines)	211	226	2,578	2,578	5,56,357	5,13,000	216	199	69,13,376	69,94,000	80,624	...	1,48,05,324	1,59,25,000	11,19,676	...
North Western (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	339	373	3,670	3,718	11,25,849	13,00,000	307	350	1,65,09,329	1,95,04,000	29,94,671	...	3,56,10,484	3,66,48,000	10,37,516	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	213	241	1,298	1,402	2,59,722	2,86,000	200	204	33,35,200	40,75,000	7,39,800	..	80,36,793	92,32,000	11,95,207	...
Hardwar-Dehra	209	228	32	32	5,298	6,600	166	206	78,317	91,700	13,383	...	1,81,099	2,06,000	24,901	...
Assam-Bengal	123	122	771	790	1,02,538	1,15,000	133	146	11,43,246	12,64,000	1,20,754	...	22,87,211	24,72,000	1,84,789	...
Burma	201	247	1,527	1,527	2,92,472	2,65,000	192	174	37,31,058	38,82,000	1,50,942	...	89,73,095	92,28,000	2,54,905	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	134	135	124	124	16,696	11,300	135	91	1,86,461	1,94,000	7,539	...	3,98,254	4,19,000	20,746	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	132	153	200	215	25,198	26,400	126	123	3,10,142	3,93,000	82,858	...	7,94,483	9,49,000	1,54,517	...
Mysore State (including Kolar Gold-Fields 5′ 6″)	126	134	411	411	50,813	51,200	124	125	6,53,410	6,65,000	11,590	...	13,75,834	15,33,000	1,57,166	...
Palanpur-Deesa	49	62	17	17	913	1,100	54	65	10,158	10,600	442	...	29,032	28,700	...	332
Rajputana Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5′ 6″ gauge)	234	259	1,914	1,914	3,79,627	4,15,000	198	232	59,19,365	59,86,000	9,66,635	...	1,19,09,970	1,35,53,000	16,43,030	...
South Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	294	299	1,396	1,396	3,93,040	4,35,000	282	312	52,60,558	54,59,000	1,98,442	...	1,09,51,579	1,13,07,000	3,55,421	...
Travancore Branch	12[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	108	12,846	13,700	119	127	1,75,029	1,80,000	4,371	...	3,34,599	3,59,000	24,401	...
Tirhoot State	15[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	776	1,02,435	1,11,000	132	143	13,52,941	15,54,000	2,01,059	...	36,64,307	41,43,000	4,78,693	...

Bhopal-Ujjain	120	[illegible]	[illegible]	114	14,374	[illegible]	126	100	1,49,395	1,57,000	7,605	...	4,13,200	4,40,000	32,720	...
Bina-Goona-Baran	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	148	4,950	9,100	33	41	52,450	75,900	24,450	...	1,43,558	1,74,000	30,442	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	27[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	162	43,[illegible]93	52,700	267	325	4,88,941	5,46,000	57,059	...	10,57,514	11,91,000	1,33,485	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	91	103	16	16	985	2,000	62	125	11,990	24,000	12,010	...	36,741	47,400	10,659	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	132	144	79	79	10,671	13,000	135	165	1,22,126	1,49,000	26,874	...	3,24,129	5,01,000	1,76,871	...
Nagda-Ujjain	100	141	34	34	2,661	1,700	78	50	31,575	39,200	7,625	...	1,16,919	1,12,000	...	4,919
Nizam's Guaranteed State	260	284	334	334	76,300	74,500	228	223	9,07,579	10,70,000	1,62,421	...	21,63,885	24,54,000	2,90,115	...
Petlad-Cambay	113	136	34	34	3,775	3,400	111	100	48,367	46,700	...	1,667	1,20,666	1,31,000	10,334	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	224	237	107	106	23,363	18,000	218	170	2,70,659	2,52,000	...	18,659	6,68,938	6,06,000	...	62,938
Southern Punjab	149	157	425	424	51,833	71,000	122	167	6,68,949	9,15,000	2,46,051	...	15,10,931	21,42,000	6,31,069	...
" —"Ludhiana" Extension	101	102	155	152	13,961	18,[illegible]	90	118	2,09,924	2,56,000	46,076	...	4,16,507	5,11,000	94,493	.
" Sutlej Valley (a)	...	...	...	209	...	20,000	...	96	...	1,87,000	1,87,000	...	...	1,87,000	1,87,000	...
Tapti Valley	121	146	155	155	13,764	15,200	89	98	1,30,554	1,53,000	13,446	...	3,93,477	4,05,000	12,523	..
Tarkessur	269	321	22	22	5,043	6,400	229	291	71,830	82,500	10,670	...	1,82,609	1,94,000	11,391	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	61	68	34	34	2,023	1,800	59	53	24,152	26,900	2,748	...	60,348	66,200	5,852	...
Ahmedabad-Parantij	93	108	55	55	4,285	3,800	78	69	60,797	63,000	2,893	...	1,56,447	1,60,000	3,553	...
Bengal and North-Western	113	138	1,092	1,119	1,10,077	1,23,000	101	110	15,25,049	16,74,000	1,48,951	...	39,52,372	43,08,000	3,55,628	...
Bengal-Dooars	153	137	153	153	27,[illegible]71	31,400	182	205	2,97,119	2,87,000	...	10,119	4,99,970	5,12,000	12,030	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	112	121	52	52	6,741	4,900	130	94	80,474	67,200	...	13,274	1,65,706	1,53,000	...	12,706
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	101	123	459	459	46,189	43,200	101	94	5,32,832	6,42,000	1,09,168	...	13,81,236	15,46,000	1,64,764	...
Dibru-Sadiya	291	278	78	78	26,409	25,100	339	322	2,99,169	2,95,000	...	4,169	5,57,977	5,90,000	32,023	...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	63	78	179	179	9,456	10,600	53	59	1,31,163	1,54,000	22,837	...	3,55,365	3,84,000	28,635	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	141	171	392	392	37,828	35,200	96	90	4,99,192	6,04,000	1,04,808	...	13,48,097	16,45,000	2,96,903	...
Jaipur	43	43	73	73	3,239	2,[illegible]00	44	34	41,109	39,800	...	1,309	70,991	97,400	26,409	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	72	84	776	831	51,181	61,500	66	74	6,25,659	8,03,000	1,77,341	...	14,39,546	18,79,000	4,39,454	...
Kolhapur	136	160	29	29	3,295	4,200	114	145	43,189	[illegible],200	16,011	...	1,05,142	1,32,000	26,858	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo	28	25	50	50	1,391	1,700	28	34	13,387	19,700	6,313	...	(b) 21,106	40,600	19,494	...
Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi, 2′ 6″ gauge	91	101	93	93	8,620	7,800	93	84	1,11,892	1,17,000	5,108	...	2,53,607	2,86,000	32,393	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	137	130	54	55	7,739	10,600	143	193	83,316	89,900	6,584	...	1,58,165	1,63,000	4,835	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	107	122	214	214	26,420	24,000	123	112	3,14,232	3,54,000	39,768	...	7,30,062	7,79,000	48,938	...
Sangli	127	151	5	5	697	600	139	120	7,121	8,200	1,079	...	19,108	19,700	592	...
Shoranur-Cochin	141	158	65	65	8,821	9,800	136	151	1,21,119	1,34,000	2,881	...	2,70,409	2,76,000	5,591	...
Tanjore District Board	122	130	103	103	11,734	13,100	114	127	1,63,425	1,80,000	16,575	...	3,50,845	3,80,000	29,155	...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	60	68	67	67	3,359	3,600	50	54	45,143	47,900	2,757	...	1,12,023	1,16,000	3,977	...
Barsi	177	179	78	78	5,466	4,800	70	62	1,45,376	1,44,000	...	1,376	3,11,304	2,98,000	...	13,304
Cooch Behar	111	105	34	33	3,520	3,700	104	112	41,410	37,700	...	3,710	82,923	88,400	5,477	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	82	108	94	94	7,554	6,600	80	70	92,972	1,00,000	7,028	...	2,59,902	2,97,000	37,098	...
Rajpipla	34	47	37	37	1,222	1,400	33	38	16,245	18,000	2,355	...	41,600	47,900	6,300	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	387	377	51	51	18,911	23,000	371	451	2,23,769	2,29,000	5,231	...	4,93,[illegible]51	5,20,000	26,049	...
TOTAL	126	142	6,130	6,444	7,02,490	7,77,300	115	121	87,78,891	1,02,53,000	14,74,109	...	2,08,72,749	2,40,80,600	32,07,851	...
GRAND TOTAL	276	302	30,692	31,240	79,07,849	88,81,200	200	183	9,97,88,542	11,10,18,900	1,10,33,358	...	22,33,74,416	24,28,08,500	1,94,34,084	..

(a) Opened from 6th July 1910. (b) From 2nd May 1909.

C. F. ANDERSON, *Captain, R.E.*,
for *Secretary, Railway Board.*

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*

The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1910.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 851.

Simla, the 18th October, 1910.

His Majesty the King-Emperor has been pleased to confer upon the undermentioned regiments the honour of becoming their Colonel-in-Chief :—

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General.*
Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and published for the Government of India at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1910.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 24th March 1910.

From the 9th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 2nd April all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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[illegible]stage on single copies varies according to weight.

[illegible]es and Notifications issued under I[illegible]islative Acts, and having the force of law, may be [illegible]btained separately at, per page, [illegible] Paper [illegible]

[illegible] Governm[illegible]ll subscriptions [illegible] be paid *in advance*.

[illegible]r the [illegible] of the *Gazette* [illegible]e *public service* should be addressed to [illegible] the [illegible]t of India, Loc[illegible]Government, Head of Department or [illegible]behalf to whom t[illegible]plicant is subordinate.

[illegible]ipt of any [illegible] the *Gazette* should be forwarded [illegible] which it is [illegible]

Printed and p[illegible] for [illegible]

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 14th October 1910.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1912.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 10th October 1910 :—

No. 513 of 1910.—Bhagwan Das, postmaster, Ballia, United Provinces, British India. *A stove for cooking in Indian fashion.*

No. 514 of 1910.—Arthur Rudolf Harvey, tea planter and engineer, of Loobah Tea Estate, Kanaighat Post Office, North Sylhet, Assam, British India. *Improvements in crane hooks, spring swivel hooks, and the like.*

No. 515 of 1910.—Murdoch McDonald, agricultural implement maker, of Clunes, in the State of Victoria, Commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in railway signalling mechanism.*

No. 516 of 1910.—Duplex Seed Drill Company Proprietary Limited, of No. 47, Queen Street, Melbourne, in the State of Victoria, Commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in the sowing of grain and the like along with a fertilizer.*

No. 517 of 1910.—John Donald High, mechanical engineer, Lukergunj, city of Allahabad. *An iron "choola" to consume coal as fuel and specially adapted for Indian and English cooking.*

No. 518 of 1910.—Heinrich Severin, Company Director, of Sasbach, near Achern, in the Grand Duchy of Baden, Germany. *Device for extracting measured quantities of glass from smelting furnaces.*

No. 519 of 1910.—Thomas Edwards, metallurgist, of Webster Street, Ballarat, in the State of Victoria, Commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in ore roasting furnaces.*

No. 520 of 1910.—Peter Smith Swan, engineer, of 12, Clive Row, Calcutta, India. *Improvements in electric ceiling fans.*

No. 1913.—The under-mentioned designs have been registered, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma. These and other designs are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., at the Secretary's office (Imperial Secretariat, Government Place, West), Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

No. 11-D of 1910.—The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Company, Limited, manufacturers, of Para Mills, Aston, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, England. *A tyre tread.*

No. 12-D of 1910.—The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Company, Limited, manufacturers, of Para Mills, Aston, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, England. *A tyre tread.*

No. 1914.—SPECIFICATIONS of the [illegible] tioned inventions have bee[illegible] ed, under the provisions of the Inventions and [illegible] igns Act of 188[illegible] in the office [illegible] ne Secretary appointed under that Act, and copie[illegible] ave been sent [illegible] Gover[illegible] nts of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director [illegible] he Department [illegible] Reco[illegible] d Agriculture, United Provinces of Agra and Oud[illegible] These and oth[illegible] open to public

inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 2, Bankshall Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

No. 543 of 1909.—Dr. Dagobert Landenberger, chemist, of 14, Gitschiner-Strasse, Berlin, in the Empire of Germany. *Improvements inland relating to the manufacture of metallic alloys.* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 606 of 1909.—John Gurney Wakefield, of Earl's Court, Naulakha, Lahore. *A safety hat pin.* (Specification filed 3 October 1910.)

No. 616 of 1909.—Douglas Peter Jardine, assistant in charge of Kun Kunny Colliery (Loyabad Property), Barakur Coal Co., Bansjora P. O., District Manbhum, Bengal. *"An improved recording machine for loaded tubs, trucks, wagons or similar vehicles to be known as The Ouster."* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 626 of 1909.—Peter Lymburner Robertson, manufacturer, of No. 76, Main Street, West, in the City of Hamilton, county of Wentworth, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada. *Improvements in manufacture of screws.* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 627 of 1909.—Joseph Leese, technical and analytical chemist, of 3, Ash Grove, Victoria Park, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, England. *A new or improved abrasive and polishing material.* (Specification filed 2 September 1910.)

No. 23 of 1910.—Richard Scherl, engineer, and Paul Frohlich, of Zollnerstr, 37, Dresden, Empire of Germany. *Improvements in or relating to gyroscopic mechanism* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 62 of 1910.—Neil Stevenson Douglas, engineer, Mango Grove, Malagon, Tamwe Circle, Rangoon, Burma. *A rail and connecting block for preventing shock and jar given to the wheels of railway vehicles.* (Specification filed 23 September 1910.)

No. 113 of 1910.—Louis Brennan, civil and mechanical engineer, of Woodlands, Gillingham, in the county of Kent, England. *Improvements in means for imparting stability to bodies.* (Specification filed 14 September 1910.)

No. 114 of 1910.—Louis Brennan, civil and mechanical engineer, of Woodlands, Gillingham, in the county of Kent, England. *Improvements in and relating to the suspension and running gear of single track vehicles.* (Specification filed 14 September 1910.)

No. 132 of 1910.—Edward Brice Killen, engineer, of 52, Queen Victoria Street, London, England. *Improvements in or relating to endless, inwardly flanged steel rims.* (Specification filed 27 September 1910.)

No. 136 of 1910.—Percy Gwynedd Porteous, district loco. superintendent, and Richard Dermott Thompson, assistant loco. superintendent, both of Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Co., of Perambur, Madras, British India. *Improvements in or connected with the couplings of railway vehicles.* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 151 of 1910.—Arthur Manuel del Espino, engineer, Bengal Assam Steam Ship Company, of 6, Chapel Road, Hastings, in the town of Calcutta, British India. *A new or improved method of an apparatus for removing scale from the boiler tubes and tube plates of marine boilers and the like.* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 170 of 1910.—James Alexander Mytton Watson, district loco. superintendent, B. N. Railway, of Bilaspur, Central Provinces, British India. *Improvements in water lifts.* (Specification filed 27 September 1910.)

No. 171 of 1910.—James Alexander Mytton Watson, district loco. superintendent, B. N. Railway, of Bilaspur, Central Provinces, British India. *Improvements in token holders for use in token-exchange apparatus.* (Specification filed 27 September 1910.)

No. 185 of 1910.—Archibald Douglas Graham Shelley, Major, Royal engineers (retired), the Yacht Club Chambers, Bombay, British India. *New improved means or apparatus for keeping tatties, evaporators and the like continuously saturated or moist.* (Specification filed 2 September 1910.)

No. 358 of 1910.—Charles Dutton, signal superintendent, London Brighton and South Coast Railway, Engineer's Office, London Bridge Station, London, England, and McKenzie & Holland, Limited, railway signal engineers and contractors, of 58, Victoria Street, Westminster, London, England. *Improvements in signalling and interlocking for railways and tramways.* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 406 of 1910.—Ivor Scot Winby, engineer, of Queen Anne's Chambers, Broadway, Westminster, in the county of London, England. *Improvements in or relating to devices for securing the rails of permanent ways or similar tracks.* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 408 of 1910.—James Hodgkinson, engineer, of 4, Halton Bank, Eccles Old Road, Pendleton, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, England. *Improvements in and connected with apparatus for use in evaporating liquid from brine for the production of salt or for evaporating liquid from other solutions.* (Specification filed 24 September 1910.)

No. 430 of 1910.—William Welsh, coach builder, of 31, Bank Street, Hillhead, William Purvis, engineer, of 50, Kelburne Street, Kelvinside, and John Forbes, fish merchant, of 17, Clifford Street, all in Glasgow, Scotland. *An improved resilient wheel.* (Specification filed 22 September 1910.)

No. 1915.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each :—

No. 134 of 1900.—Edward Goodrich Acheson. *Improvements in the manufacture of graphite.* (From 13 November 1910 to 13 November 1911.)

No. 519 of 1904.—William Henry Chapman. *Process of removing static electricity from paper, yarn, etc.* (From 17 February 1911 to 17 February 1912.)

No. 46 of 1905.—Louis Jonet. *An improvement in and connected with an apparatus for raising water and other liquids from wells and the like.* (From 16 October 1910 to 16 October 1911.)

No. 1916.—WHEREAS the inventors of the under-mentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India, and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

No. 483 of 1905.—Sadasukh Shriram. *Improvements in warping machines.* (Specification filed 7 July 1906.)

No. 506 of 1905.—Haribhoy Dhanji Mistri. *Improvements in cotton gins.* (Specification filed 7 July 1906.)

No. 545 of 1905.—Balkrishna Chintaman Chhatre. *Improvements in fibre extracting machines.* (Specification filed 7 July 1906.)

No. 546 of 1905.—Abdeali Haji Sultanaly and Dinshaw Eduljee Dotivalla. *Improvements in cotton gins.* (Specification filed 7 July 1906.)

No. 579 of 1905.—La Societe Anonyme Westinghouse and Maurice Leblanc. *Improvements in or relating to ejectors.* (Specification filed [illegible] 1906.)

No. 167 of 1906.—Thomas Gibson Rice. *An improved apparatus for fumigating or destroying vermin and the like.* (Specification filed [illegible] 1906.)

No. 252 of 1906.—William Albe[illegible] *Improvements in spinn[illegible] machines.* (Specificat[illegible] July 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuan[illegible] an exclusive p[illegible]e—

4 (*a*) After the filing of th[illegible] ecification and [illegible] the ex[illegible]ion of the fourth year from the [illegible] of the filing th[illegible]

The sum o[illegible] each of the [illegible]

No. 113 of 1897.—James Davidson. *Improvements in the manufacture of products from tea.* (Specification filed 2 July 1897.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (*i*) After the expiration of the twelfth year and before the expiration of the thirteenth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of R100 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

2, BANKSHALL STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 2, Bankshall Street, Calcutta. Directions for inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.*).

2. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules must be received in full and in cash at the office within the times allowed by the Act. The office cannot be responsible for any delay attending the collection of cash on cheques. Cheques not payable at Calcutta are subject to commission. Preferably fees should be sent by money order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

3. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

4. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 2, Bankshall Street.

Madras—General Record Department, Fort St. George.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Record Room of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Lucknow—Office of the Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. R a.
(*a*) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(*b*) Bill to amend the Inventions and Designs Act	1 0
(*c*) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(*d*) Inventions and Designs for the year 1905	1 0
" " " " 1906	1 0
" " " " 1907	1 0
" " " " 1908	1 0
" " " " 1909	1 0
" " " January to March 1910	0 8
" " " April to June 1910	0 8
Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0

J. W. MEARES,
Secretary under the Inventions and Designs Act, V of 1888.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Sibpur, near Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1910 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb, ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1910 are :—

	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one *delivery.*			*Retail rate* For any quantity below *6 lbs. in one delivery.*		
	R	a.	p	R	a.	p.
16-oz. tins	5	0	0	6	0	0
8 " "	2	8	0	3	0	0
4 " "	1	4	0	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

   (*a*) Photo-Mechanical an[illegible] phic Work.
   (*b*) Workshops (both El[illegible] Mechanical sides).

[illegible]NSO[illegible] ajor, R.E.,
Prin[illegible] ege, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

Specimens of Persian Manuscripts for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6. Forwarded V. P. P., on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 4, Park Street.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909 are ready for sale. Price R3 per copy, and may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 4, Park Street.

Diwan-i-Sarkhush (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examinations in Persian; obtainable from Board of Examiners' office, price R3 per copy.

The Kalam-i-Urdu, the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu, is now ready for issue, price R2-12.

Qaâni, one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; obtainable from the Board of Examiners' office, price R7-8 per copy.

"Dewan-i-Andalib," one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian, is obtainable from the Board of Examiners' office, price R4 per copy.

Glossary to Ar-Rauzatuz-Zakiyah, the new text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic, price R6-4 per copy, is also obtainable from this office.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the new text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu, is obtainable from the Board of Examiners' office, price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i Ibrahim Beg," one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian, is obtainable from the office of the Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta, price R5 per copy.

* *N.B.*—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary, Board of Examiners.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 49 OF 1910.

In the matter of Hajee Mahomed Usoof, Merchant, of No. 9 Brooking Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Hajee Mahomed Usoof, Merchant, of No. 9 Brooking Street, Rangoon, on the 29th day of September 1910, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Hajee Mahomed Usoof.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 30th day of September 1910.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th October 1910.

No. 127.—No. 1103, 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abdul Hakim Khan, I.S.M.D., is granted three months' leave on medical certificate with effect from the 23rd July 1910. The first [illegible] days are on full pay.

The 7th [illegible] 1910.

No. 128.—The services of 4th class Assistant Surgeon J. W. Woodsell, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Director, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 18th August 1910.

C. P. [illegible]IS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
[illegible]ector-General, Indian Medical Service.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 14th October 1910.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th October 1910.

	Total amount of Notes in Circulation.			Reserve.										
				Coin and Bullion.							Securities (Purchase price).		Total.	Remarks.
				In India.			In England.		In transit between India and England.					
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	7,17,400	17,69,53,585	21,76,70,985	8,46,69,241	*27,61,470	7,86,970	6,36,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	2,00,00,000	27,18,92,627	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,502. (b) Nominal value—R2,24,24,292.
Cawnpore	..	3,01,98,480	3,01,98,480	5,27,52,390	29,23,530	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	5,56,75,920	
Lahore	..	3,86,43,425	3,86,43,425	3,41,87,368	57,02,520	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,98,89,888	
Bombay	7,94,015	4,48,44,835	16,16,38,850	6,01,99,141	1,77,74,069	...		...	..	...	...	...	7,79,73,210	
Karachi	..	1,46,66,830	1,46,66,830	34,08,130	13,24,650	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	47,92,780	
	22,13,440	5,95,68,255	6,17,81,695	2,83,84,705	28,86,720	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,12,71,425	
		2,90,90,375	2,90,90,375	6,57,93,280	28,66,320	.	...	...	...	.	...	...	5,86,59,600	
	5,97,24,855	49,39,65,785	55,36,90,640	32,94,54,255	[illegible]79	7,86,970	6,36,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	2,00,00,000	55,01,55,450	
[illegible]les [illegible]wn from circulation by [illegible] in course of remittance			39,35,190	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bills drawn by one circle on another									4,00,000	
[illegible]ATION R			54,97,55,450									Total Reserve R	54,97,55,450	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th October 1910.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 7th October 1910 to 380 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	John Brandon (son). Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia *alias* Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son). George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, J[illegible]ner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital [illegible]	Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier [illegible] Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. [illegible]mpany, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corp[illegible]ppers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
Manus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
[illegible]y, E., Sub-Overseer	Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith [illegible]ichael, Color Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, [illegible] Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., [illegible]eant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artille[illegible]	John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner [illegible]th Battalion, A[illegible]ry	John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, [illegible]as Ar[illegible]	John M. Wiggins (son).

[illegible]mant has not yet appe[illegible]ceive payment.

C. W. BUTLER, Captain,
For Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEP[illegible]ER OF MI[illegible] ACCOUNTS,
SECU[illegible]IVISION, B[illegible]

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 8th October 1910.

No. 6050.—Mr. P. N. Datta, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for six weeks under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th October 1910, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

T. H. D.LATOUCHE,
Offg. Director, Geological Survey of India.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 4th October 1910.

No. 2339-*D*.—Major F. S. Walker made over charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, to Captain G. D. Ogilvie on the forenoon of the 9th September 1910.

By order,
V. GABRIEL,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 3rd October 1910.

No. 3253.—Consequent on the creation of an appointment [illegible] ative Assistant to the Political Agent, Chagai, on pay of R250 a month with effect fr[illegible] the 18th July 1910, M. Sharbat Khan, Mir Munshi in the office of the Hon'ble the Age[illegible] the Governor General and Chief Commissioner and at present on deputation in tha[illegible] city will hold that appointment substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the same date.

By order,
H. B. ST. JOHN, Captain,
Assistant to the Agent to the Governor Gene[illegible]

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 4th October 1910.

No. 1438-327.—Rao Bahadur Munshi Harnam Dass, Judicial Assistant Com[illegible]ssioner, Ajmer (s. *p. t.*), is granted privilege leave for three months with effect fr[illegible] ne 17th September 1910.

2. The following officiating a[illegible]s are made with effect [illegible] the date of assuming charge during the absenc[illegible] leave of Rao B[illegible]dur Munshi [illegible]am Dass :—

(1) Mr. Dhanji Shah Dins[illegible] Mehta, Extra A[illegible]er I and Treasury Officer, Ajmer, to [illegible]ate as Judicial [illegible]IN. Comm[illegible]er, Ajmer.

(2) Munshi Phul Chand, Extra Assistant Commissioner II, Ajmer, to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner I and Treasury Officer, Ajmer.

(3) Munshi Shanker Lall, Extra Assistant Commissioner III, Kekri, s. *p. t.* to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner II, Ajmer.

(4) Munshi Bhagwati Lall, Officiating. Tehsildar, Ajmer, to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner III, Kekri.

By order,

R. E. HOLLAND,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 4th October 1910.

No. 41.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i. e.*, 1st October 1910:—

Lieutenant F. J. H. B. Hutchinson, R. I. M. . . . 6 months.

The 7th October 1910.

No. 42.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i. e.*, 2nd October 1910:—

No. 851.—His Major, R.I.M. . . . . 12 months.

A. W. McARTHUR,

for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 6th October 1910.

No. 2308-8-*Ap.*—Lala Joti Pershad, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, officiating in the 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 21 days combined with furlough for 1 year, 10 months and 9 days with effect from the 9th October 1910 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. W. O. Cesar, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, during the absence, on combined leave, of Lala Joti Pershad, or until further orders.

The 7th October 1910.

No. [illegible]-*Ap.*—Mr. H. R. E. Newman, Postmaster, Bareilly, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and [illegible] combined with leave on private affairs for 4 months and 17 days with effect from [illegible] October 1910 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

M. Willayat Hussain, Postmaster, III, Saharanpur, [illegible] R150—200, is appointed to act as Postmaster, Bareilly, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. H. R. E. Newman, or until further orders.

The 8th October 1910.

No. 2350-*s-Ap.*—Mr. H. C. Roussac, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for 3 months with effect from the 27th October 1910 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

M. Muhammad Al Hasan, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, United Provinces, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Mr. H. C. Roussac, or until further orders.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of the Post Office of India.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter from the 2nd Battalion, East Surrey Regiment of Infantry, dated at Thayetmyo, this 4th day of October 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—8591, Private, E. Skilton.
Age 24 years.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—3rd February 1905.
Place of enlistment—Kingston on Thames.
Parish and County in which born—Moseley, Surrey.
Date of desertion or absence—1st September 1910.
Place of desertion or absence—Ajmer.
Note.—Supposed to be at Jaipur.
Returning from Railway duties.
Under 6 years, service.

H. S. SLOMAN, Lieut.-Col.,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, East Surrey Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Manchester Regiment of Infantry, dated at Kamptee, this 10th day of October 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—1019, Private, Richard Power.
Age—22 years.
Height—5 feet 4 inches
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—24th July 1905.
Place of enlistment—Ashton-u-Lyne.
Parish and County in which born—Salford, Lancashire.
Date of desertion or absence—2nd October 1910.
Place of desertion or absence—Kamptee.
Marks—Slight [illegible]
Under 1 year's [illegible]

A. H. [illegible]WIN, Lieut.-Col.,
Commanding 1st [illegible]alion, Manchester Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion Manchester Regiment of Infantry, dated at Kamptee, this 10th day of October 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—1342, Private, Charles Henry Cook.
Age—21 years.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—30th October 1908.
Place of enlistment—Ashton-u-Lyne.
Parish and County in which born—Wi[illegible] Lancashire.
Date of desertion or absence—2nd October [illegible]
Place of desertion or absence—Kamptee.
Marks—Tattoo marks indistinct on both arms.
Under 2 years' service.

A. H. BALDWIN, Lieut.-Col.,
Commanding 1st Battalion, Manchester Regiment.

Report of a Deserter from the 1st Royal Scots Fusiliers of Infantry, dated at Ra[illegible] this 30th day of September 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—9076, Private, Thomas Hannis.
Age—22 years.
Height—5 feet 9½ inches
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, [illegible]; eyes, hazel.
Trade—Gardener.
Date of enlistment—4th October 190[illegible]
Place of enlistment—Bristol, England
Parish and County in which [illegible] Cranham, Stroud, Gloucestershire. [illegible]er 1910.
Date of desertion—30th S[illegible]angoon.
Place of desertion or absence.
Marks—[illegible] scar below righ[illegible]
Unde[illegible]s.

[illegible]TT, Lieut.-Col.,
[illegible] Royal Scots Fusiliers.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER AND AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Peshawar, 8th October 1910.

No. 54-*N*.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Rai Sahib Diwan Singh Dugal assumed charge of the civil medical duties of the Mardan Sub-Division in addition to his own duties on the forenoon of the 21st September 1910, relieving Captain H. M. Cruddas, I.M.S.

No. 55-*N*.—Captain H. E. J. Batty, I.M.S., assumed charge of the civil medical duties of Malakand on the forenoon of the 22nd September 1910, relieving Captain W. H. Leonard, I.M.S.

No. 56-*N*.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*c*) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Chief Commissioner hereby appoints Lala Devi Das, Extra Assistant Commissioner, to perform the functions of a Collector under the said Act, within the limits of the Bannu District.

No. 57-*N*.—The services of Lala Devi Das, Extra Assistant Commissioner, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Railway Board for the purpose of acquiring land for the Kalabagh-Bannu Railway, with effect from the afternoon of the 22nd September 1910, the date on which he relieved B. Harnam Das.

No. 58-*N*.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner that a publication entitled "Maro Firinghi Ko" contains words of the nature described in section 4, sub-section (i), of the Indian Press Act (I of 1910), inasmuch as they have a tendency to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India:

Now therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12, sub-section (1), of the said Act, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner hereby declares all copies of the said publication and whether published in English, Bengali or any other language, to be forfeited to His Majesty.

No. 851.—His Majesty's Proclamation.

No. [illegible]-*N*.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner that a book enti[illegible] (patriotism), purporting to have been published by Ali Al-Ghayati of the [illegible] newspaper at the Costaliyula Press, in the Abdul Haqq Sambati Street in Ca[illegible] contains words of the nature described in section 4, sub-section (1), of the Indian [illegible] (I of 1910), inasmuch as they have a tendency to excite disaffection towards [illegible] Government established by law in British India:

Now, therefor[illegible] in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12, sub-section (1), of the said Act, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner hereby declares all copies of the said book and [illegible] whether published in Arabic or any other language to be forfeited to His Majesty.

By order, &c.,

H. N. BOLTON,
Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
N.-W. Frontier Province.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Peshawar, the 8th October 1910.

No. 12.—In North-West Frontier Province Public Works Department Notification 6, dated 23rd June 1910 against "2 Essakhel" in column "Area in acres" for [illegible]" read "1·51".

[illegible] "No. 6 Plot" in column "Mouza" add "(5) Garhi Gulla No. 4 Plot" and against [illegible] in columns "Area in acre[illegible]" "Boundaries" insert "0·33" and "No. 4 Plot in [illegible]hi Gulla village all sides-area [illegible]" respectively.

P. E. DIXON, Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, Public Works Department.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Return of Births and Deaths registered at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the North-West Frontier Province during the week ending Saturday, the 24th September 1910.

Number.	Districts.	Municipal Towns.	Population according to the Census of 1901.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of death.								Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number.
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory disease.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1	Hazára	Abbottabad	3,395	1	...	1	3	2	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	46	1
2		Nawashahr (notified area).	4,114	3	1	4	8	4	4	...	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	51	101	2
3		Buffa	7,029	3	2	5	8	3	5	...	...	...	2	1	2	...	3	...	...	...	37	59	3
4		Haripur	5,578	3	2	5	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	1	47	37	4
5	Peshawar	Peshawar	73,343	15	13	28	45	20	25	1	1	...	27	...	5	...	11	5	4	9	20	32	5
6		Noushera Kalan (notified area).	9,663	3	3	6	4	3	1	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	22	6
7	Kohat	Kohat	18,092	5	12	17	9	3	6	3	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	49	26	7
8	Bannu	Bannu	10,070	6	6	12	4	2	2	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	62	21	8
9		Lakki	5,218	6	2	8	4	2	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	80	40	9
10	Dera Ismail Khan.	Dera Ismail Khan	28,287	12	12	24	10	6	4	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	6	2	3	5	44	18	10
11		Kulachi	9,125	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	11
12		Tank (notified area)	4,402	1	...	1	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12
13	Mardan Sub-Division.	Becketganj-Khwajaganj (notified area)	5,566	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	13
		Total	183,882	60	5[illegible]	114	[illegible]	[illegible]	54	6	1	...	54	3	11	1	23	11	10	21	32	28	

Remarks by the Administrative Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Provin[illegible] [illegible]eneral health of the Municipal Towns during the week ending Saturday, the 24th September 1910.
[illegible]ths in Municipal Towns—In the 13 Municipal Towns, 114 births were registe[illegible] [illegible]ales and 54 females), giving a birth-rate of 32 *per mille* of population; 99 deaths were registered (45 males and 54 females), giving a death-rate of 28 *per mille* [illegible]ulation.

A. L. DUKE, Lt. Col., I.M.S.,
Administrative Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province.

OFFICE OF INSPECTING OFFICER, FRONTIER CORPS—NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Miranshah, the 7th October 1910.

No. 297-*M-Camp*.—On return from leave granted to him in North-West Frontier Province Notification No. 107-M.-Camp, dated the 13th July 1910, Captain T. Milne, 55th Coke's Rifles, Wing Officer, Northern Waziristan Militia, assumed charge of the duties of officiating Adjutant and Quarter Master of that Corps, with effect from the forenoon of the 27th September 1910.

A. R. DICK, Colonel,
Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

(NAGPUR DIOCESE.)

NOTICE.

The following monuments in the Church of England Cemetery at Kamptee, C. P., are in a ruinous condition :—

1. Monument to the memory of Major James Woodward, 32nd Regiment, M. N. I., died 28th February 1850 (totally destroyed).
2. Monument to the memory of Harriet, wife of Major James Woodward, died 9th November 1849 (half the monument is destroyed).

N.B.—If no person will undertake to restore them after the 3rd issue of this notice, the monuments will be treated at the next repairs in such manner as the Chaplain may decide to be necessary for the maintenance of the cemetery in decent order.

C. PRICE,
Archdeacon of Nagpur.

4th October 1910.

851.—His MENT OF BOMBAY, REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

dermentio

war

NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th October 1910.

No. 8963-*A*.—The following agreement executed on behalf of the Countess of Dufferin Dispensary Society, Surat, of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council of the other part under section 41 of the Land Acquisition Act, No. I of 1894, is hereby published for general information under section 42 of that Act :—

THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN DISPENSARY SOCIETY, SURAT.

AN AGREEMENT made this 31st day of August one thousand nine hundred and ten between the Countess of Dufferin Dispensary Society, Surat, hereinafter called the "Society" of the one part, and the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL hereinafter called "the Secretary of State" of the other part.

WHEREAS for the purpose of the construction of a Hospital on the lands of Surat City in the Chorási Táluka in the Surat District the Society have applied to the Local Government to put in force the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (I of 1894), in order to acquire for the Society certain lands in the schedule hereto more particularly mentioned and described. AND WHEREAS the Local Government having held an inquiry and being satisfied that the proposed acquisition is needed for the construction of the said work and that such work is likely to prove useful to the Public has pursuant to section 41 of the said Act required the Society to enter into such agreement with the Secretary of State as is herein contained. NOW THESE PRESENTS witness and it is hereby agreed between and the Society for and on behalf of themselves and their successors and assigns on the one hand and the Secretary of State for India in Council for and on behalf of himself and his successors on the other hand as follows :—

1. That the Society shall and will pay to the Secretary of State through the Local Government the compensation determined by the Local Government of the acquisition of each order (severally) specified in the schedule hereto as and when possession of the lands shall respectively be handed over by the Local Government to the Society

2. That on such payment as aforesaid being made the land in respect whereof the same shall be so made shall be transferred to and legally vested in the Society subject however to the provisions of clause 3 of these presents.

3. That the said lands when so transferred to and vested in the Society shall be held by the Society as their own property and used for the purposes of their undertaking and in case at any time the said lands or any of them or any part thereof shall no longer be required for the purposes of their undertaking the Society shall be at liberty to sell the same or any part thereof.

4. The work of constructing the said Hospital shall be completed within 2 years from the date on which possession of the whole lands specified in the schedule shall be handed over by the Local Government to the Society. The said Hospital shall be maintained in a state of efficient repair by the Society at their own cost.

5. The Public without any exception shall be entitled to resort to the said Hospital under the usual rules and conditions; and to receive treatment for all women and children either free or on payment of the sanctioned fees according to their means as is usual at all public hospitals.

In witness whereof the common seal of the Countess of Dufferin Dispensary, Surat as been hereunto affixed in the presence of two of the members and the Secretary of the aid Society who have hereunto signed their names and one of the Secretaries to the iovernment of Bombay for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council has ereunto set his hand the day and year first above written.

Sealed with the common seal of the Countess of Dufferin Dispensary Society, Surat, in the presence of two of the members and the ecretary of the said Society who in token of their presence have hereinto signed their names.

Seal of the Countess of Dufferin Dispensary Society, Surat.

F. G. H. ANDERSON, I.C.S.,
President, and Collector of Surat.

KALABHAI LALLUBHAI,
Member of Executive Committee.

ICHHARAM BHAGVANDAS,
Secretary.

ligned and sealed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Bombay in t[illegible]ce of

MAHADEO VISHNU CHAUBAL,
Chief Secretary's Clerk.

DENNIS D'SOUZA,
Clerk with the Secretary to Government,
Public Works Department.

Seal.

G. CARMICHAEL,
Chief Secretary to Government.

The Schedule above referred to.

Localities.	Survey No.	Area.
		Sq. yards.
haga Talúo	M I 4 & 243	144
	214	45
	242	72
	215	
	1	
	215	130
	2	
	274 & 275	
	198	
	199	

By order of His Ex[illegible]ency the Honour[illegible]e Gover[illegible]in Council.

[illegible]CHAEL,
[illegible]overnment.

RAJPUTANA ADMINISTRATION—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

ORDERS BY THE LOCAL ADMINISTRATION, RAJPUTANA.

Mount Abu, the 10th October 1910.

No. 3499.—Consequent on the retirement of Mr. A. J. Fluke, Honorary Assistant Engineer, the following promotions in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department, Rajputana, are hereby ordered with effect from the 4th September 1910, forenoon.

Mr. F. W. Conroy, Supervisor, I grade, promoted to Sub-Engineer, III grade.

* * * * *

H. S. WILDEBLOOD,
Secretary to A. G. G. in the P. W. D., Rajputana.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 6th October 1910.

No. 25-*G*.—Mr. B. C. Wernicke, Assistant Superintendent, has been granted combined leave for nine months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for one month and twenty seven days under Article 250, combined with furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period under Article 308 (*a*) of the above quoted Regulations, with effect from the 18th July 1910.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Offg Director General of Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 14th October 1910.

No. 28-*T*.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 28th September to 11th October 1910:—

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Chitrakot	United Provinces	1st October 1910	Opened.
Jungshahi	Sind	" " "	Closed.
Kamptee	Central Provinces	" " "	"
Mahudha	Bombay Presidency	" " "	Opened.
Mirzapur Ry. Stn.	United Provinces	4th " "	"
	Railway Telegraph Offices.		
[illegible]iswan	Bengal and North-Western Railway	10th September 1910	Opened.
[illegible]ra	Assam Bengal Railway	8th " "	Closed.
Pe[illegible]endi	Bengal and North-Western Railway	10th " "	Opened.
Ta[illegible]il Fatehpur	Do. do.	" " "	"

H. C. N. PRANCE,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 7th October 1910.

No. 77. Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for a field work ground for the Military Department.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.		Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area. A.	G.	Sq. yds.	Sq. ft.	Boundaries. North.	East.	South.	West.	Remarks.
Baiderhalli Ka[illegible] Civil and Military Station.	1	[illegible]na	Garden	0	10	1	1	Part of Survey No. 31, Bodamma's land	Survey No. 32, Shanbogue Venkatappa's land.	Nalla	Survey No. 30, Rajamma's land.	
	2	M. P. Annasawmy Mudaliar, R. B.	Do.	1	21	0	0	Nalla	Sreepadachar and Ranganathar's land, Survey No. 8.	Kenchaka's land, Survey No. 6.	Shanbogue Venkatappa's land Survey No. 32.	
	3	Rajamma	Do.	0	3	92	5	Part of Survey No. 30, Rajamma's land.	Bodamma's land, Survey No. 31.	Nalla	Kempannah's land Survey No. 37.	
	4	Shanbogue Venkatappa	Do.	0	34	3	7	Part of Survey No. 32, Shanbogue Service Inam.	Nalla	Lands Nos. 33 and 34, Mr. Annasawmy Mudaliar's and Chendu Meah's lands.	Survey Nos. 31 and 35, Bodamma's and Rajamma's lands and Nalla	
	5	Mr. B. P. Annasawmy Mudaliar, R. B.	Do.	0	9	0	0	Land No. 32, Shanbogue Service Inam land.	Nalla and part of Survey No. 6.	Military land	Survey No. 34, Chendu Meah's land	
	6	Chendu Meah	Do.	0	9	0	0	Survey No. 32, Shanbogue Service Inam land.	Mr. Annasawmy Mudaliar's land, Survey No. 33.	Military (Department) land.	Survey No. 35, Begur Rayappa's land.	
	7	Begur Rayappa	Do.					[illegible]alla	Survey Nos. 32 and 34, Shanbogue Inam land and Chendu Meah's land.	Military land	Survey No. 36, Rajamma's land.	
	8	Rajamma	Do.	0	27	[illegible]		[illegible]alla	Survey No. 35, Begur Rayappa's land.	Ditto	Military land.	
	9	[illegible]pammah	Do.	0	6	7	3	[illegible] Survey No. 37, [illegible]mmah's land.	Part of Survey No. 30, Rajamma's land.	Nalla	Nalla.	
	10	Sreep[illegible]char and Ranganathachar	Dry	1	0	0	0	[illegible]	Land Survey No. 9, Mr. Roy's land.	Survey No. 5, Sulaiman Saib's land.	Survey No. 7, Mr. Annasawmy Mudaliar's land.	
	11	Rangappa [illegible] Hanumappa	Do.	1	33	01	0	[illegible]vey No. 24, Abdul Azeez's land.	Nalla and Survey No. 22, Papanna's land.	Nalla	Survey No. 25, Chendu Meah's land.	

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

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FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department. Corrected to November 1909. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India (Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts). From 1st April 1900 to 31st March 1908. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s.* (9*a.*)

List of officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department. Corrected to December 1909. January 1910. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*) each.

List of officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department corrected to February, March and April 1910. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*) each.

Corrected Sike's Tables for ascertaining the Strength of Spirits; with directions for using his "Glass Hydrometer." Corrected under the supervision of Major C. H. Bedford, D.Sc., M.D., I.M.S., Director, Central Excise Laboratory for India. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 or 9*d.* (3*a.*)

Financial Statement for 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s.* (9*a.*)

Budget of the Government of India, 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. 10*a.* or 1*s.* (5*a.*)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Civil Estimates, 1909-10. Foolscap. Board. Vol. I. R3 or 4*s.* 6*d.* (14*a.*) Vol. II. R3 or 4*s.* 6*d.* (14*a.*) Complete R6 or 9*s.* (R1-11.)

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1908-09. By O. T. Barrow. Foolscap. Board. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (6*a.*)

Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India for the year 1908-1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s.* (10*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Return of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1908. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (3*a.*)

The Merc[illegible] Annual (Second and Revis[illegible] Board. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Post Office Budget [illegible] of Revenue and Expenditure for [illegible] Foolscap. Limp cover. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in October, November and December 1909, Nos. 7, 8 and 9. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2*a.* or 2*d.* (1*a.*) each.

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1903-04 to 1907-08 in two Volumes. Foolscap. Board. R3-8 or 6*s.* (14*a.*)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of September, October and November 1909. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the months of November and December 1909. Royal 8vo Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*) each.

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India for 1909. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3*s.* (3*a.*)

Tariff Schedules, 1910. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 6*a.* or 7*d.* (1*a.*)

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1908-1909 and the four preceding years: 21st issue. Foolscap. Board. R1-12 or 2*s.* 9*d.* (4*a.*)

Annual Statement of the Coasting Trade and Navigation of British India in the year ending March 31, 1909. Forty-third issue. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4*s.* 6*d.* (7*a.*)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1909, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1907 and 1908. No. 1 of 1909-10. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (5*a.*)

Annual Statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1909, and the four preceding years, etc. Vol. II. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4*s.* 6*d.* (R1-2)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending September 1909 compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1907 and 1908. No. 2 of 1909-10. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (5*a.*)

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Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the Calendar year 1909. Compared with the years 1907 and 1908. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Accounts of the External Land Trade of British India for the months of December 1909, January, February and March 1910, Nos. 10, 11 and 12. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*) each.

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in January, February and March 1910. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2*a.* or 2*d.* (1*a.*) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and in the nine months ending December 1909, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1907 and 1908. No. 3 of 1909-10. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (5*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Report of the Agricultural Research Institute and College, Pusa (including report of the Imperial Cotton Specialist), 1907-1909. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (2*a.*)

Review of Forest Administration in British India for the year 1907-08. 1910 Edn. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 1*s.* 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1908-09. 1910 Edn. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 1*s.* 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Proceedings of the Fourth Conference of Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societies held at Calcutta in November 1909, with appendices. Foolscap. Paper cover. 10*a.* or 1*s.* (2*a.*)

Tables showing the Progress in Working Plans in the Provinces outside the Madras and Bombay Presidencies up to the 31st December 1908, with special reference to the application of the various Sylvicultural Systems. Compiled by A. M. F. Caccia, I.F.S., M.V.O., F.Z.S., Forest Pamphlet No. 9. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 10*a.* or 1*s.* (2*a.*)

Burmese Leza Wood (Lagerstrœmia Tomentosa Presi) by R. S. Troup, F.C.H. Forest Pamphlet No. 10. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2*a.* or 3*d.* (1*a.* 6*p.*)

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Petwun or Trincomali Wood (Berrya Ammonilla, Roxb.) by R. S. Troup, F.C.H. Forest Pamphlet No. 12. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (2*a.*)

Burmese in Wood (Depterocarpus Tuberculatus. Roxb.) Forest Pamphlet No. 13. Royal 8vo, Paper cover. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

Indian Forest Memoirs (Forest Zoology Series). Vol. I; Part II, on same undescribed Scolytidæ of Economic Importance from the Indian Region by E. P. Stebbing. Super-Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (2*a.*)

No. 851.—His M[illegible] dermontic[illegible] war[illegible]

List of Officers in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, Government of India, and in the Departments under its Administrative Control. Corrected to 1st January 1910. Royal 8vo. Board. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Burma Padauk. Forest Pamphlet No. 14 (Petrocarpus, Macrocarpus, Kurz) by R. S. Troup, F.C.H. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Classified List of Forest Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services in the Bengal, Madras and Bombay Presidencies on 1st January 1910. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (4*a*.)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in Baluchistan for 1908-09. Foolscap Paper cover. R1-12 or 2*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Annual Report of the Board of Scientific Advice for India for the year 1908-09. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (4*a*.)

The Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part II. A Note on the Fissibility of some Indian Woods. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-6 or 1*s*. 9*d*. (2*a*.)

The Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part I. (Economic Product Series). The Prospects of the Match Industry in the Indian Empire with particulars of proposed Match Factory Sites and woods suitable for match manufacture. Super-Royal 4to. Paper cover. R1-12 or 3*s*. (5*a*.)

Forest Pamphlet No. 16. Note on Best Season for Coppice Fellings of Teak (Tectona Grandis). Super-Royal 8vo. Paper. As. 4 or 5*d*. (1*a*.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Government of India Building Designs (a collection of Designs of Government buildings issued from 1903 to 1907, under the advice of Mr. James Ransome, F.R.I., B.A., while Consulting Architect to the Government of India). R5 or 7*s*. 6*d*. (6*a*.)

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1909. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Hand Book for 30-pr. B. L. Gun, Mark I, 1909. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R3 or 4*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Standing Orders for the Royal Engineers in India. Royal 8vo. Board. R1-2 or 1*s*. 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Certain subjects taught to Officers at the London School of Economics [abridged and adapted for study at the Supply and Transport School of Instruction, Rawalpindi] by Captain Mark Synge (Supply and Transport Corps). Royal 8vo. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (4*a*.)

Papers and Maps set for the Examination in subjects (d) to (j) for promotion held in India in October 1909 with Remarks by the examiners. Demy 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

Alphabetical List of Stations on Indian Railways (including Steamer and Out-Agency Stations worked in connection therewith corrected up to the 31st December 1909. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BENGAL.

History of Services of Gazetted and other Officers serving under the Government of Bengal, corrected to 1st July 1909. Part I. Royal 8vo. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (8*a*.) Part II R2 or 3*s*. (9*a*.) Complete R4 or 6*s*. (14*a*.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

North-West Frontier Province District Gazetteers, Volume III B, Kohat District, Statistical Table 1904. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 4*d*. (3*a*.)

Note on the Registration Returns of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1909. Foolscap Paper cover. 6*a*. or 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government, North-West Frontier Province, for the year 1909. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2*a*. 3*p*. or 2½*d*. (2*a*.)

Selections from the Records of [illegible] Government, Dutch [illegible] from General Inve[illegible] lists of the years 174[illegible]/80. Copied by the Rev. P. Gr[illegible] Board. 10*a*. or 1*s*. (2*a*.)

Report of the Sa[illegible] Commissioner of the North-West Frontier [illegible]vince, 1909. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a*. 6*p*. [illegible]

Records of Fort S[illegible] George.—Diary and Consultation Book, [illegible] Department, 1752. Foolscap. Board. [illegible] or 1*s*. 9*d*. (3*a*.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—

Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 57, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. 5, Nos 2 to 11, at R2 each.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10, Cerrhipedes Opercules de l'Indian Museum de Calcutta. Par Mr. M. A. Gruval, at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11, Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the Rainfall. By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Rasarnavam. Fasc. 2. By Dr. P. C. Roy, at R1-4.

Grihya Sangraha. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at As. 10.

Gobhila Paricista, Part I. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar. at R1-14.

Baudhayana Srauta Sutra, Vol. 2, Fasc. 3. By Dr. W. Caland, at As. 10.

Suryya Siddhanta, Fasc. 1. By M. M. Sudhakara Dvivedi, at R1-4

Chaturvarga Cintamoni, Vol. 4, Fasc. 9. By Pandit Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusana. As. 10.

Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 7. By Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur, at R1.

Mohabhasyapradipodyata, Vol. 3, Fasc. 10. By Pandit Bahuvallava Shastri, at As. 10.

Muntakhab-al-Labab. Part 3, Fasc. 1. By Major T. W. Haig, I.A., at R1.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1910.

Monthly Weather Review for September 1909 to March 1910. (Illustrated by 7 plates) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XVIII, Part IV. By Sir John Eliot, M.A., F.R.S., K.C.I.E. (Illustrated by 40 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R2.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 8*a*.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part II. By Gilbert T. Walker, M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price R1 8*a*.

Tables for the reduction of Meteorological Observations in India. Quarto. Cloth binding. R2.

Mont[illegible]ther Review, for December 1909 to June 1910. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) [illegible] R1 per month.

Memoirs of t[illegible]ermontic[illegible]eteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part II, By Gilbert T. Walker, M[illegible], F. R. S. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. paper cover. Price R1-8.

Memoirs of the Ind[illegible] Meteorological Department, Vol. XX, Part 8. By George C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price R3.

Tables for the [illegible]ion of Meteorological Observations in India. Quarto. Cloth binding. R2.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEKS ENDING 24TH SEPTEMBER AND 8TH OCTOBER 1910.

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXXIX, 1910. By Sir Thomas H. Holland, K.C.I.E., D.Sc., F.R.S., and L. Leigh Fermor, D.Sc., A.R.S.M. F.G.S. (with Plates 1-8). R2.

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XL, Part I. Director, Geological Survey of India. R1.

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XL, Part II. T. H. D. La Touche, Esq., B.A., F.G.S., Offg. Director Geological Survey of India. R1.

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1910.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Estate J. B. N. Hennessey decd.

851.—His M[illegible] dermontic[illegible]NT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby g[illegible] that all persons having claims against the late John Baboneau Nickterlien Henessey, C.[illegible]., F. R. S., M. A., who died at 18, Albyn Park, West Dulwich, on the 23rd May 1910, [illegible]ters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Rober[illegible]nston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on [illegible]fore 6th November next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate, J. B. N. Hennessey, decd.

CALCUTTA;
5th October 1910.

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 43.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1910.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	PAGES.
PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	1071—1080
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Public Currency Department, Bank[illegible] [illegible]ent to the Governor Gene[illegible] [illegible]ner in Baluchistan, [illegible] [illegible]overnor General, North-[illegible] [illegible]ovince, Administrator Ge[illegible] [illegible] High Court, Survey of [illegible]rtment, Indian Museum, State [illegible]s, Calcutta University, Post Off[illegible] Telegraph Department, Official Adve[illegible]ements .	1511—1551
PART III.—Advertisements an[illegible]tices by Private Individuals an[illegible]rations .	93
PART V.—A Bill to amend the Indian Ports Act, 1908	147—148
SUPPLEMENT No. 43—	
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 20th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period .	1679—1681
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 15th October 1910	1682—1684
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during week ending the 15th October 1910 . . .	1685—1690
Review of Irrigation in India in 1908-09	1691—1715
The Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1909-10.	1716—1740
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways . . .	1741—1743

No. 851.—His Ma[illegible] [illegible]dermontion [illegible]war[illegible]s, [illegible]

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 20th October, 1910.

No. 51.—The services of Mr. R. Casson, of the Indian Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Burma, with effect from the 27th October, 1910.

R. SHEEPSHANKS,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 18th October, 1910.

No. 435.—The Reverend G. C. MacPherson, a chaplain on probation, is appointed to be a junior chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal ecclesiastical establishment, with effect from the 5th September 1910.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 21st October, 1910.

No. 1640.—With reference to the Home Department notification No. 474, dated the 26th April 1910, it is hereby notified that the Honourable Sir John Prescott Hewett, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., returned from leave and resumed charge of the office of Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh on the 20th October 1910.

EXAMINATIONS.

The 20th October, 1910.

No. 356.—Major W. G. Grey, a Political Agent of the 4th class is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott, or until further orders.

JUDICIAL.

The 17th October, 1910.

No. 1457.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 527, sub-section (1), of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the criminal case, King Emperor *versus* Moona, from the Court of the District Magistrate, Pegu, to that of the District Magistrate, [illegible]bad.

The 21st October, 1910.

No 1489.—The services of Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Barrist[illegible] replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the [illegible]ber 1910.

MEDICAL.

The 21st October, 1910.

No. 1161.—The services of Captain C. R. O Brien, M.B., I.[illegible] are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, with effect from the 1st September 1910.

PORT BLAIR.

The 21st October, 1910.

No. 772.—Mr. E. H. Thirkell White, 6th (officiating 4th) Assistant Superintendent, Andamans Commission, has passed the examination prescribed for junior civil officers employed in the Settlement.

PUBLIC.

The 19th October, 1910.

No 5062.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to declare that the Consul for Costa Rica at Calcutta shall, as such, whether permanently or temporarily in office, have the privilege of private entrée to Government House.

The 21st October, 1910.

No. 5072.—In modification of entry (13) of Schedule I to the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the exemption from the operation of the prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13, 14, 15 and 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), thereby made in favour of European or East Indian subjects of His Majesty the King-Emperor shall cease to extend to Thomas James Kinsley, his wife Florence Kinsley and Florence Kinsley's brother H. S. F. Ray, all of Ballygunge, in the suburbs of Calcutta.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 20th October, 1910.

No 1235—196-7-*F.*—The services of Mr. W. H. Miller, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, 4th grade, on probation, on the Burma list, are placed at the disposal of the Superintendent of Port Blair for employment in the Andamans Forest Department, with effect from the 21st July 1910.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th October, 1910.

No. 90.—Mr. J. Begg, Consulting Architect to the Government of India, is granted combined leave for one year with effect from the 10th November 1910, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

No 91—Mr. H. A. Crouch, Consulting Architect to the Government of Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Consulting Architect to the Government of India during the absence on combined leave of Mr. J. Begg.

L. M. JACOB,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 20th October, 1910.

No. 3262-*Est.*—Mr. E. B. Howell, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, is posted on return from leave as Deputy Commissioner, Kohat, with effect from the 3rd October 1910.

S. H. BUTLER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 15th October, 1910.

No. 5415-*F.E.*—Mr. A. E. Nelson, I.C.S., has been placed on special duty in the Finance Department, with effect from the 3rd October 1910.

The 19th October, 1910.

No. 5520-*F. E.*—Mr. C. S. Venkataraman has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Post Office, Nagpur, with effect from the 10th September 1910.

Mr. J. W. Ebden, Assistant Accountant General, Post Office, Nagpur, has been granted privilege leave for 18 days with effect from the 10th September 1910, and has been appointed Assistant Accountant General, Post Office, Calcutta, with effect from the date of his return from leave.

Mr. W. A. St. Leger Kelly has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Post Office, Calcutta, with effect from the 16th September 1910.

Mr. N. Vijayaraghavan, Deputy Accountant General, Post Office, Calcutta, has been appointed Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, with effect from the 16th September 1910.

J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 17th October, 1910.

No. 1694-*E.*—Conductor E. H. Chapman, 3rd grade Superintendent, Military Finance Secretariat, is granted privilege leave for 3 months from the 27th October 1910.

The 21st October, 1910.

No. 1726-*Accts.*—Mr. R. J. Blaikie, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is promoted to Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, with effect from the 26th September 1910, *vice* Mr. W. Mathie, seconded on appointment as Chief Accountant, Bombay Dockyard.

No. 1727-*Accts.*—Mr. H E. W. O'Brian, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, Military Accounts Department, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 26th September 1910, *vice* Mr. Blaikie, promoted.

No. 1728-*Accts.*—Mr. J. Windsor, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is promoted to Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, with effect from the 29th September 1910, *vice* Mr. R. Barton, deceased.

No 1729-*Accts.*—Mr. E. M. Fullam, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, Military Accounts Department, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 29th September 1910, *vice* Mr. Windsor, promoted.

No. 1734-*Accts.*—Major R. deS. Dudgeon, I.A., Military Accountant, 3rd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for sixty days from the 10th October 1910.

J. B. BRUNYATE,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND

NOTIFICATIONS.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

Simla, the 22nd October, 1910.

No. 7358-154.—Mr. G. de P. Cotter, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for two months and ten days combined with furlough on medical certificate for three months and twenty-one days, with effect from the 17th October 1910.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 22nd October, 1910.

No. 7514-180.—Mr. E. A. Kenyon, Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, is permitted to retire from the service of the Government, with effect from the 1st October 1910.

No. 7537-189—The undermentioned qualified Apprentice is appointed to the Indian Telegraph Department as an Assistant Superintendent (Supernumerary), with effect from the forenoon of the 17th October 1910.

Mr. Narindra Nath Banerjee.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 22nd October, 1910.

No. 7532-13.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased, with effect from the 1st November 1910, to make the following amendments in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry,

No. 7571-163, dated the 8th October 1909, and to direct that the rules as amended shall govern the exchange by radio-telegraph of public correspondence between ships at sea and the coast stations at Bombay, Calcutta, Diamond Island, Sandheads, Table Island and Victoria Point :—

For Rule 1 substitute the following :—

"1. The service at coast stations in India will be according to the hours notified for such stations in the Indian Telegraph Guide. Those coast stations at which the service is of limited duration must not close before they have transmitted all their radio-telegrams to such ships as are within their range of transmission and have received from these ships all the radio-telegrams of which notice has been given. This applies also when ships notify their presence before work has actually ceased."

In Rule 6 for the words "the temporary coast station at Bombay" substitute "a coast station," and cancel the last sentence of the Rule.

For Rule 13 substitute the following :—

"13. The originals of radio-telegrams and the documents relating to them are kept for three days only in Government telegraph offices, after which they are sent to the Assistant Accountant General, Telegraph Check Office, Calcutta, where they are preserved for at least twelve months, reckoned from the month following that of handing in."

Rule 14 shall be cancelled.

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 18th October 1910.

HONORARY DISTINCTIONS.

No. 851.—His Majesty the King-Emperor has been pleased to confer upon the undermentioned regiments the honour of becoming their Colonel-in-Chief :—

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

The 21st October 1910.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 852.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated 27th September 1910, page 6842.

* * * * * * * *

War Office, Whitehall,
September 27, 1910.

* * * * * * * *

UNATTACHED LIST FOR INDIAN ARMY.

The name of Second Lieutenant Alan Stanley Clark Rogers is as now described and not as stated in the Gazette of 12th August 1910.

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * *

Lieutenant Seymour J. G. Beaumont, Indian Army, is granted the local rank of Captain while employed with the Malay States Guides. Dated 19th July 1910.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 853.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Captains to be Majors.

19th October 1910.

Alured De Laune Faunce, 72nd Punjabis.

Charles Forster Connell, 69th Punjabis.

Thomas Kershaw Gaskell, 89th Punjabis.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

19th October 1910.

Gerald Dominick Rice, Supply and Transport Corps.

Frederick George Brown, The 101st Grenadiers.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 854.—2nd Class Senior Sub Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, Muhammad Kázim (E) to be Supernumerary Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar; with effect from the 21st October 1910.

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 855.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Color-Havildar (Orderly-room Clerk) Abdul Khaliq, 79th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 15th September 1910.

89th Punjabis.

No. 856.—Jemadar Thakur Singh, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 865, dated the 23rd October 1908, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 20th September 1908.

No. 857.—The following promotions are made:—

26th Prince of Wales's Own Light Cavalry.

Kote-Dafadar Raghubir Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Har-Bhajan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 10th September 1910.

24th Punjabis.

Havildar Satiagar to be Jemadar, *vice* Hari Singh, transferred to the 74th Punjabis; with effect from the 1st September 1910.

91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).

Color-Havildar Faujdar Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Mihr Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 5th September 1910.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Havildar-Major Shiuparsan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Shiuparshad Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1910.

108th Infantry.

Jemadar Mushak Ali Khan to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Taj Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Shah Baz Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th September 1910.

Subadar Bhewa Sarafdar to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ali Ahmad to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Gul Husain to be Jemadar, *vice* Shahwali Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th September 1910.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Jemadar Ana Rám to be Subadar, *vice* Saulia Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 22nd May 1910.

2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Narjit Rana to be Subadar and Havildar Rahardan Rai to be Jemadar, *vice* Nardhoj Limbu, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 28th September 1910.

Jemadar Balbahadur Limbu to be Subadar and Havildar Chandrabir Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Jagandhoj Limbu, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1910.

Havildar Gangabir Rana to be Jemadar, *vice* Siridhoj Rai, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1910.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 858.—The following appointment is made in the Reserve of the Supply and Transport Corps :—

To be Ressaidar.

Tejpal Singh of the Bulandshahr District.

REWARDS.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 859.—With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Government of India are pleased to confer a Good Service Pension on the undermentioned officer :—

FROM THE 10TH JUNE 1910 IN THE ROOM OF MAJOR-GENERAL (HONORARY LIEUTENANT-GENERAL) S. H. E. CHAMIER, C.B., LATE ROYAL (MADRAS) ARTILLERY, DECEASED.

Major-General J. B. Woon, C.B., Indian Army.

Commissions.

Lieutenant, 1st October 1873.

Captain, 8th January 1885.

Major, 1st October 1893.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 20th May 1898.

Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st October 1899.

Brevet-Colonel, 29th November 1900.

Substantive Colonel, 1st April 1903.

Major-General, 10th June 1905.

Appointments.

Duty with R. M. Artillery, 1st October 1873 to 23rd June 1880.

Officiating Wing Officer and Officiating Adjutant, 14th Native Infantry, 29th July 1880 to 14th March 1882.

Officiating Wing Officer, Officiating Adjutant and Quarter Master, 40th Native Infantry, 15th March 1882 to 10th July 1882.

Wing Officer, 40th Native Infantry, 11th July 1882 to 26th July 1884.

Adjutant, 3rd Punjab Volunteer Rifles, 31st July 1885 to 17th September 1890.

Wing Officer and Officiating 2nd-in-Command, 40th Native Infantry, 18th September 1890 to 31st March 1891.

Wing Officer and 2nd-in-Command, 40th Pathans, 1st April 1891 to 9th February 1896.

(Officiating Commandant, 40th Pathans, 29th December 1892 to 17th March 1894.)

(Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Quetta District, 21st March 1895 to 16th October 1895.)

Commandant, 20th Punjab Infantry, 10th February 1896 to 9th February 1903.

(Officiating in Command, Bundelkhand District, 9th March 1903 to 3rd June 1903.)

Colonel on Staff, Bannu and Tochi, 4th June 1903 to 4th November 1904.

(Officiating in Command, Kohat District, 16th March 1904 to 4th November 1904.)

Commanding, Abbottabad Brigade, 5th November 1904 to 17th October 1907.

(Officiating in Command, 2nd (Rawal Pindi) Division, 8th July 1905 to 2nd October 1905.)

Commanding, Sirhind Brigade, 18th October 1907 to 27th June 1909.

Unemployed, 28th June 1909.

War Services and Rewards.

Afghan War, 1879-80.—Medal.

Chin-Lushai Expedition, 1890.—Medal with clasp.

N. W. Frontier of India, 1897-98.—Despatches (thrice). Medal with clasp. Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel.

China, 1900.—Medal. Despatches. Brevet of Colonel.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 860.—The undermentioned warrant officer has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the date specified:—

Sub-Conductor Andrew Aitken, Military Works Services, India; with effect from the 10th June 1910.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 861.—No. 1256, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon C. Visvasam is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 1st December 1910.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 862.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Colonel Harry Heptinstall Rose Heath, C.B., Unemployed Supernumerary List,—10th September 1910.

Major Frederick Hugh Hiddingh Jeffcoat, 86th Carnatic Infantry,—16th November 1910.

No. 863.—The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the transfer of Lieutenant Michael Ballantyne Rimington, 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse), to the Retired List on permanent half-pay, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 1st January 1911.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 864.—Colonel Patrick Alexander Weir, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 26th October 1910.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 865.—The undermentioned departmental commissioned officer, with honorary rank, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 15th September 1910:—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant John Fenwick.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 866.—Sub-Conductor George Malcolm Turner is, on appointment to the Finance Department (Military Finance Branch) of the Government of India, permitted to resign his rank and retire from the service, with effect from the 18th October 1910, under the provisions of paragraph 871, Army Regulations, India, Volume I.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Madras Volunteer Guards.

No. 867.—Lieutenant Fred Cross to be Captain, *vice* F. E. Hooper, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 16th August 1910.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 868.—Captain James Campbell Mitchell resigns his commission. Dated 6th August 1910.

1st Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 869.—Second Lieutenant Eric Ernest Christie resigns his commission. Dated 1st October 1910.

2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 870.—Second Lieutenant Harry Nichols to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st October 1910.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 21st October 1910.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 13th and 18th October 1910:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
40th Pathans	Lieutenant Alten Henry Bogle.	26th September 1910.	England ...	...	

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 21st October 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 89.—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

To be an Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Commander C. B. Henley, Royal Indian Marine.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 90.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 2nd May 1909:—

To be Lieutenant.

Sub-Lieutenant P. C. H. Lane, Royal Indian Marine.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 18th October, 1910.

No. 269.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India have sanctioned the construction by the Baroda Durbar of an extension of the Miyagam-Sinor Railway to Malsar—a distance of 4·65 miles.

2. The project will be known as the Malsar extension of His Highness the Gaekwar's Miyagam-Sinor Railway.

No. 270.—The undermentioned gentlemen, who have been appointed Assistant Engineers, State Railways, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, are posted as follows:—

To the North Western Railway.

Mr. J. A. Bell,
" E. R. Casement,
" M. S. Gregory,
" S. D. Ker.

To the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

Mr. G. C. Laughton,
" R. E. Marriott.

To the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

Mr. J. Scruby,
" R. W. Taylor.

The 19th October, 1910.

No. 271.—The following permanent promotions are ordered in the Engineer Establishment (Provincial Service) :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
			1910.
Green, H. D. ...	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	9th August.
O'Leary, C. ...	Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	1st September.

The 20th October, 1910.

No. 272.—Mr. L. E. H. Yates, Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway (on leave), is permitted to retire from the service of Government, under Article 650 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 5th November 1910.

No. 273.—The special leave granted to Mr. T. A. Hindmarsh, Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in Railway Board's Notification No. 88, dated the 24th March 1910, has been commuted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India into furlough on medical certificate and extended by six months.

The 21st October, 1910.

No. 274.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 228, dated the 9th September 1910, Mr. P. J. Hammill, officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Traffic Inspector on that railway, from the 3rd October 1910.

No. 275.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 205, dated the 5th August 1910, Mr. A. Upson, continued to officiate as Deputy Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, during the absence of Captain H. F. E. Freeland, R.E., on special duty, from the forenoon of the 5th to the afternoon of the 19th September 1910.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1910.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 21st October, 1910.

No. 52.—The Governor General has been pleased, under rule 23 of the Rules for the Conduct of the Legislative Business of the Council of the Governor General, to order the publication of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, in the *Gazette of India* in English, and the Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information. It is proposed to introduce the Bill at a forthcoming meeting of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

Suggestions in regard to the Bill will be taken into consideration by the Government of India if communicated to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department by the 30th November next.

BILL No. 16 OF 1910.

A Bill to amend the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

XV of 1908. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian Ports Act, 1908; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Ports (Amendment) Act, 19 .

Amendment of section 6, Act XV, 1908.

XV of 1908.

2. For clause (*p*) of section 6, sub-section (*1*), of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

[*Cf.* Public Health Act, 1904, s. 1. S. 130, Public Health Act, 1875.]

"(*p*) subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, for the prevention of danger arising to the public health by the introduction and the spread of any infectious or contagious disease from vessels arriving at, or being in, any such port, and for the prevention of the conveyance of infection or contagion by means of any vessel sailing from any such port, and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of this provision, for—

(*i*) the signals to be hoisted and the places of anchorage to be taken up by such vessels having any case, or suspected case, of any infectious or contagious disease on board, or arriving at such port from a port in which, or in the neighbourhood of which, there is believed to be, or to have been at the time when the vessel left such port, any infectious or contagious disease; [*Cf.* Pu Health 1896, s. 1.

(*ii*) the medical inspection of such vessels and of persons on board such vessels; [*Cf.* 137, Pu Health 1875.]

Public Health Act, 1896, s. 1 (b).]

(iii) the questions to be answered and the information to be supplied by masters, pilots and other persons of such vessels;

Public Health Act, 1896, s. 1 (c).]

(iv) the detention of such vessels and of persons on board such vessels;

Public Health Act, 1896, s. 1 (d).]

(v) the duties to be performed in cases of any such disease by masters, pilots and other persons on board such vessels;

[Cf. s. 110, Public Health Act, read with s. 2, Public Health (Ships) Act, 1885.]

(vi) the removal to hospital and the detention therein of any person from any such vessel who is suffering or suspected to be suffering from any such disease;

(vii) the cleansing, ventilation and disinfection of such vessels or any part thereof and of any articles therein likely to retain infection or contagion, and the destruction of rats or other vermin in such vessels; and

(viii) the disposal of the dead on such vessels; and".

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE object of this Bill is to enable provision to be made for the preparation of a satisfactory code of regulations for the prevention of the spread of disease by means of ships arriving at and departing from India. The provisions of the existing law are insufficient for this purpose, and they have been expanded accordingly, following generally the provisions of the English Public Health Acts.

The 20th October 1910.

J. L. JENKINS.

R. SHEEPSHANKS,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 43. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1910.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 20th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The rainfall of the week occurred chiefly in northeast India excluding Bihar, the south of the Peninsula and on the north Madras coast. There was but little rain in Burma, and none to the northwest of a line joining Karwar and Purnea. An excess of 20 per cent or more was received in the divisions of Assam, Eastern Bengal, Bengal proper, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, the Madras Coast North, Mysore and Malabar; and there was a deficiency of half an inch or more in Lower Burma, Bihar, Berar, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad North, and Madras Southeast.

2. The low pressure conditions over the Bay usually associated with the gradual retreat of the monsoon were well marked, and at the close of the week weather was apparently disturbed in the centre of the Bay.

3. *Burma.*—Only a few falls of rain were reported, chiefly from the northern districts where skies were moderately to heavily clouded; in the rest of the division cloud was light.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—No rain fell in Bihar and only one or two falls occurred in Chota Nagpur, but rainfall on most days was fairly general in the rest of the division. Skies were moderately clouded; and maximum temperature was lower than usual in Assam, and locally in Eastern Bengal, Bengal proper and Orissa.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Raipur and Jagdalpur were the only places that had rain, and skies were clear or lightly clouded except in the southeast of the Central Provinces. Unusually low night temperatures were reported on the last three days of the week.

Northwest India.—There was no rain and skies were cloudless. Night temperature was in defect in parts of Rajputana and of the east and north Punjab.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was fairly general in Mysore, Malabar and on the north Madras coast, and a few falls occurred in southeast Madras and the southeast of Hyderabad. Skies were clear or lightly clouded in the northwest of the Peninsula and were moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere; and day temperature was locally lower than usual on the north Madras coast.

4. The following are the chief amounts of rainfall as reported at 8 hrs. each day:—

October	14th.	Silchar 1·89″, Barisal 1·80″ and Calcutta 1·86″.
"	15th.	Myitkyina 3·63″, Silchar 2·04″, Cochin 2·43″ and Trivandrum 4·62″.
"	16th.	Mymensingh 1·99″, Bangalore 1·93″ and Negapatam 1·85″.
"	17th.	Silchar 2·12″, Mymensingh 1·88″, Saugor Island 1·82″, Jessore 2·59″ and Chaibassa 2·13″.
"	18th.	Cherrapunji 3·72″, Mysore 1·91″, Calicut 4·00″, Cochin 2·90″ and Trivandrum 2·70″.
"	19th.	Silchar 1·75″ and Vizagapatam 1·86″.
"	20th.	Masulipatam 2·15″.

5. The rainfall of the whole period from the 29th April to the 20th October is in excess by 20 or more per cent in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Mysore, the Madras Deccan and on the Madras Coast North; and is in defect by the same amount in Kashmir and Baluchistan.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 20th October 1910.			Rainfall data from 29th April 1910 to 20th October 1910			Seasonal percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1·9	2·2	−0·3	81·0	93·4	− 12·4	− 13	− 13
Lower Burma	0·9	2·0	−1·1	131·7	135·3	− 3·6	− 3	− 2
Upper Burma	0·6	0·8	−0·2	44·3	38·2	+ 6·1	+ 16	+ 17
Assam	3·5	0·9	+2·6	82·8	77·6	+ 5·2	+ 7	+ 4
Eastern Bengal	3·0	1·2	+1·8	88·4	76·1	+ 12·3	+ 16	+ 14
Bengal	2·8	1·5	+1·3	56·5	55·1	+ 1·4	+ 3	0
Orissa	3·5	1·7	+1·8	53·0	57·9	− 4·9	− 8	− 12
Chota Nagpur	1·1	0·7	+0·4	49·7	48·8	+ 0·9	+ 2	+ 1
Bihar	0	0·8	−0·8	53·9	49·8	+ 4·1	+ 8	+ 10
United Provinces, East	0	0·4	−0·4	37·8	40·2	− 2·4	− 6	− 5
United Provinces, West	0	0·1	−0·1	47·7	40·8	+ 6·9	+ 17	+ 17
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	23·8	21·8	+ 2·0	+ 9	+ 9
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	7·7	7·9	− 0·2	− 3	− 3
Kashmir	0	0·1	−0·1	3·3	5·4	− 2·1	− 39	− 38
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	10·1	5·5	+ 4·6	+ 84	+ 84
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·4	1·4	− 1·0	− 71	− 69
Sind	0	0	0	8·3	5·1	+ 3·2	+ 63	+ 63
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	11·5	11·3	+ 0·2	+ 2	+ 2
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	19·9	22·1	− 2·2	− 10	− 10
Gujarat	0	0·1	−0·1	26·0	26·1	− 0·1	0	0
Central India, West	0	0·1	−0·1	32·5	30·6	+ 1·9	+ 6	+ 6
Central India, East	0	0·4	−0·4	37·9	42·5	− 4·6	− 11	− 10
Berar	0	0·6	−0·6	36·3	31·3	+ 5·0	+ 16	+ 18
Central Provinces, West	0	0·4	−0·4	45·6	46·3	− 0·7	− 2	− 1
Central Provinces, East	0·1	0·4	−0·3	56·0	49·3	+ 6·7	+ 14	+ 14
Konkan	0	1·3	−1·3	86·6	96·4	− 9·8	− 10	− 9
Bombay Deccan	0	0·8	−0·8	29·9	26·5	+ 3·4	+ 13	+ 16
Hyderabad, North	0·1	0·6	−0·5	36·3	31·5	+ 4·8	+ 15	+ 17
Hyderabad, South	0·9	0·8	+0·1	27·6	28·2	− 0·6	− 2	− 3
Mysore	2·8	1·1	+1·7	33·4	24·1	+ 9·3	+ 39	+ 33
Malabar	6·2	3·0	+3·2	84·3	88·9	− 4·6	− 5	− 9
Madras, South-east	0·9	2·2	−1·3	19·0	17·8	+ 1·2	+ 7	+ 16
Madras Deccan	0·9	1·1	−0·2	27·5	21·7	+ 5·8	+ 27	+ 29
Madras Coast, North	3·5	2·7	+0·8	35·3	28·7	+ 6·0	+ 23	+ 22

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 20th October 1910.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 15th October 1910.

Burma.—The rainfall was generally heavy in the northernmost section and light to moderate elsewhere. Transplanting of winter rice has been nearly completed in Upper Burma. Replanting in flooded areas of three Delta districts continues. Reaping of early sesamum, cutting of maize, plucking of cotton and sowing of pulses are progressing. Standing crops are on the whole in good condition and prospects are satisfactory. The price of unhusked rice has risen considerably in Bassein and slightly in two other districts. Prices are generally normal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The rainfall during the week was general. It was heavy in parts of the Dacca, Chittagong and Surma Valley divisions and light to moderate elsewhere. The heaviest fall was 11 inches at Hailakandi. Ploughing for spring crops is in active progress. Sowing of pulses is still going on. Plucking of tea continues. Prospects are favourable. Winter rice, sugarcane and cotton promise well. The average price of common rice has risen one per cent. Cattle disease prevails in Malda, Goalpara, Nowgong, Lakhimpur and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—Rain fell in all the districts of the Province except Patna, Shahabad, Saran, Champaran, Darjeeling and Palamau. The fall was heavy in Burdwan, Bankura, Midnapore, Hooghly, the 24-Parganas, Nadia, Jessore, Khulna, Cuttack and Balasore, moderate in Puri and Singhbhum and light elsewhere. The recent rain has been beneficial to the winter rice crop but more rain is wanted for the purpose in parts of Midnapore and Murshidabad. Harvesting of autumn crops is still in progress. Preparation of lands for spring crops continues and sowings have commenced in some districts. Prospects of standing crops are good. Some damage to paddy by insects and to *kalai* by floods is reported from Sambalpur and Murshidabad respectively. The price of common rice has risen in Midnapore, Gaya, Saran, Darbhanga, the Sonthal Parganas, Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Manbhum and in all the districts of the Presidency division except the 24-Parganas and has fallen in Champaran, Monghyr and Bhagalpur. Cattle disease is reported from eleven districts. The supply of fodder and water is ample throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—The weather was seasonable and the week practically rainless. Sugarcane and other standing crops are flourishing. Cotton picking and harvesting of autumn crops continue. Ploughing operations are in full swing and sowing of gram, barley and linseed has begun in places. Prospects are good. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from twenty-six districts but the general condition of stock is good. Fodder and supplies are ample everywhere. Prices are for the most part stationary.

Punjab.—No rain fell during the week. Autumn crops are being harvested in certain districts. Picking of cotton is in progress. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops continue. The condition of standing crops is good to average in Hissar and Ferozepore, average in Lahore, Sialkot and Multan, average to below average in Lyallpur, fair to poor in Mianwali and good elsewhere. Crops are withering owing to drought in parts of Mianwali. Rain is also wanted in Shahpur. The outturn of autumn crops which are being harvested is generally good to average and that of cotton is average to below average in Lyallpur. Bulrush millet has become dark in parts of Rohtak owing to incessant rain and cotton has also been damaged to some extent for the same cause. Autumn crops have been damaged slightly by rats in Ferozepore. Prices are generally unchanged. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Mianwali. Complaints of a short water supply are being received from the Samundri and Toba Tek Singh tahsils in the Lyallpur district.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. It is badly wanted in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The condition of standing crops and their expected outturn are average. Maize is being reaped and cotton picked in the Mardan tahsil of the Peshawar district. Harvesting of *bajra* has commenced in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Sowing of spring crops is in progress. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district has been stopped. Cattle are generally in good condition but disease is prevalent in one village of the Nowshera tahsil of the Peshawar District and in one village of the Dera Ismail Khan tahsil. The public health is generally good. Malarial fever is prevalent in the Nowshera and Mardan tahsils of the Peshawar district. Prices of food grains are fluctuating. Prices:—wheat 13¾ to 18¾; gram 17 13/16 to 26; maize 15 to 28¾ and *bajra* 16 to 35 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 12 to 24 and maize from 18 to 32 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in some parts of the Province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week. Agricultural operations are in progress. Standing crops are generally good but they have been damaged by heavy rainfall in Bharatpur where the probable outturn will be much below the average. Some damage by unfavourable winds is reported in Marwar and by insects in one district of Mewar. Cattle disease is prevalent in Mewar, Banswara, Karauli and Merwara. Fodder is sufficient. Prices have risen in Jhalawar, Jaipur, Kishangarh, Bharatpur and Ajmer and are steady or falling elsewhere.

Central India.—The rainfall during the week was slight in parts of Malwa and Bhopawar. No rain fell elsewhere. The weather is excellent. Cotton, oilseeds and other crops have been damaged slightly by insects in Gwalior, Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar. Harvesting of autumn crops and preparation of land for spring crops continue. Cattle are generally in good condition except for some disease in Bhopal and Bundelkhand. Prices are falling in Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand and are steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and cool. Only Raipur had 30 cents of rain during the week. No more rain is required at present anywhere. Harvesting of autumn crops and ploughing of land for sowing of spring crops are in progress. Sowing of spring crops has already been started in some districts. Picking of cotton has begun in places in Buldana and Yeotmal. The condition of standing crops is generally good everywhere. The supply of fodder and water is adequate. Cattle are healthy. Variations in prices are unimportant and indicate a downward tendency.

Feudatory States.—During the week three States received rain ranging from 2 to 3 inches. Cutting of rice and sowing of spring crops continue. Prospects are good. Pasturage and water are ample. Prices:—gram in Kanker and rice in Jashpur became dearer by 2 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—The rainfall during the week was moderate in parts of Dharwar, Savantvadi and Kolhapur and slight in the Konkan, the Deccan, Belgaum, Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in the Upper Sind Frontier and Palanpur. They have been damaged slightly by rats in Karachi, by insects in Sukkur and Larkana, by grasshoppers in Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona and Belgaum and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops is progressing generally. Cotton picking has commenced in Thar and Parkar, Khandesh and Baroda. Lands are

being prepared for cultivation of spring crops in parts of Sind, Gujarat, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. Sowing of spring crops continues in parts of Gujarat, the Deccan, the Karnatak and Baroda. The fodder supply is adequate. Agricultural stock is deficient in Ahmednagar, Satara and Sholapur and is generally in good condition. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally adequate. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have risen in Kaira and Khandesh, have fallen in the Upper Sind Frontier, Broach and Ratnagiri and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 12 to 40 per cent; in the Konkan 13 to 22 per cent and in the Karnatak 3 to 21 per cent less than the normal. In Gujarat prices ranged from 12 per cent more than the normal to 23 per cent less and in the Deccan from 17 per cent more to 23 per cent less.

Hyderabad.—The average rainfall in the Dominions was 42 cents. No rain fell in Mahratwara except the Gulbarga and Raichur districts. The fall in Telingana averaged between 5 cents in Adilabad and 1 inch 80 cents in Nalgonda. The heaviest fall occurred in the Nalgonda district. General prospects are fair. Autumn crops are fair to good but they have suffered from excessive rain in parts of the Aurangabad, Parbhani and Nander districts and in some isolated places. Autumn cotton has suffered especially and in some places the area under the crop is being prepared for spring crops. The condition of spring crops is favourable and that of the early rice crop fair to good. Cattle disease prevails in fifteen talukas. Prices :—wheat 6¾; course rice 6½ and *juar* 15 seers per rupee, showing a fall of ½ seer in the price of *juar*. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 12 seers and yellow *juar* at 13½ seers per rupee. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in Karimnagar and the lowest 24 seers in Parbhani, Nander, Usmanabad and Bidar.

Mysore.—The rainfall during the week was good throughout the State. Prices of food grains are steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 3 inches 64 cents. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was very heavy in the Nilgiris; heavy in Salem, Coimbatore and Madura; good in the Circars, Anantapur, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, Ramnad, Malabar and South Canara and light to fair elsewhere. The rainfall in fourteen districts was above the average of the last 35 years. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in Chingleput and in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are generally fair but some in parts of Bellary have been damaged by grasshoppers, some in parts of Kurnool and Anantapur have been damaged by excessive rain and some in parts of Chingleput, Coimbatore, Madura, Ramnad and Tinnevelly are in urgent need of rain. Harvests continue in parts with outturn generally fair to normal. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Coimbatore and Tinnevelly. Fodder is scanty in parts of Ganjam, Godavari, Nellore and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in nine districts, has fallen in eleven and has risen in four. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows :—*Ragi* is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in five. *Cholam* is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in five and has risen in two. *Cumbu* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in two. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is generally satisfactory and employment is readily available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 20th October 1910.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 15th October 1910, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	15	14
		Ahmedabad Town	4	1
		Ahmedabad District	25	10
		Panch Mahals District	...	...
		Kaira District	52	24
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat District	1	3
		Mahi Kantha Agency	6	6
		Bhiwndi Port	1	1
		Bandra "	...	...
		Bassein "	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Umborgaon Port	...	...
		Agashi Port	...	...
		Thana District	1	1
	Central	East Khandesh District	71	42
		Satara District	232	170
		Poona City	...	...
		Nasik District	36	30
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	1
	Southern	Kolaba District	11	10
		Dabhol Port	...	...
		Bankot "	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	1	4
		Belgaum "	171	99
		Hubli Town	109	72
		Dharwar District	239	179
		Kanara District	...	...
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	10	9
		Karachi District	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port	...	...
		Cutch State	1	1
		Verawal Port	...	...
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	48	26
		Jamnagar Town and Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	187	101
		Kolhapur Town	104	74
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	85	59
		Billimora Port	...	...
		Baroda State	101	72
		Surat Agency	8	3
		Satara Agency	25	11
		TOTAL	1,545	1,024

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	38 (a)	33 (a)
		Madura District	14 (a)	14 (a)
		Mangalore Port	2	2
		Salem District	11 (b)	8 (c)
		Salem Town	55	49
		North Arcot District	3 (d)	3 (d)
		Ramnad District	...	...
		Nilgiris District	5	1
		Trichinopoly District	...	...
		Bellary District	2	...
		South Arcot District	...	...
		Malabar District	...	...
		Madras City	...	...
		Cochin State	...	...
		South Canara District	1 (d)	1 (d)
		TOTAL	131	111
BENGAL	...	Calcutta	13	13
	Burdwan	Howrah Town	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	...	...
		Patna District	44	35
		Shahabad District	...	...
	Tirhut	Saran District	20	15
		Champaran District	...	...
		Darbhanga "	...	...
		Muzaffarpur "	...	...
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	20	18
		TOTAL	97	81
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Meerut City	...	...
		Meerut District	32	19
		Muzaffarnagar City	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	13	10

(a) One imported. (b) Six imported. (c) Four imported. (d) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Agra	Etawah City	...	...
		Etawah District	1	1
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	4	...
		Mainpuri District	...	...
		Etah ,,	15	13
		Agra ,,	10	7
	Rohilkhand	Budaun District	...	...
		Pilibhit ,,	...	...
		Bijnor ,,	...	...
		Bareilly ,,	.	...
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	1	1
		Jalaun ,,	...	..
		Cawnpore City	3	1
		Cawnpore District	1	1
		Fatehpur ,,	5	4
	Benares	Ballia District	...	...
		Mirzapur District	54	40
		Jaunpur City	...	...
		Jaunpur District	4	4
		Ghazipur ,,	4	5
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City	...	...
		Azamgarh District	13	6
		Basti District	8	6
		Gorakhpur District	17	12
	Lucknow	Unao District	5	3
		Rae Bareli District	2	1
		Hardoi District	4	3
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	2	2
		Fyzabad District	3	3
		Gonda District	2	2
		Sultanpur District	13	11
		Bara Banki Town	...	...
		Bara Banki District	4	2
		Bahraich ,,	...	...
		TOTAL	223	157
Punjab	Delhi	Gurgaon District	76	62
		Hissar ,,	27	17
		Delhi ,,	22	12
		Rohtak ,,	99	78
		Karnal ,,	33	33
		Ambala ,,	9	9
	Jullundur	Kangra District	...	...
		Hoshiarpur ,,	11	11
		Ludhiana ,,	...	...
		Jullundur ,,	3(a)	1 (a)
		Ferozepur ,,	14	8

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending 15th October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Mewar State	90	60
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	84	63
		Jaipur City	... (a)	... (a)
		Jaipur State	83	79
		Dholpur State	...	...
		Tonk City	191	190
		Tonk State	...	...
		Partabgarh City	...	...
		Kishangarh State	...	...
		Alwar City	...	...
		Alwar State	61 (a)	44 (a)
		Bonwar	...	...
		Karauli State	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Bharatpur State	...	...
		Ajmer City	...	...
		Ajmer District	11 (a)	12 (a)
		Shahpura	1	1
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Deoli Agency	...	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	..
		TOTAL	521	149
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Peshawar Cantonment	...	...
		Nowshera ,,	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua ,,	...	...
		Jammu Province	26 (b)	18 (b)
		TOTAL	26	18
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	4,452	3,229

(a) Figures for the week ending 7th October 1910.
(b) Figures for the two weeks ending 15th October 1910.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 916-32 I.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

CIVIL WORKS.
Irrigation.

Simla, the 13th October 1910.

Review of Irrigation in India in 1908-09.

Irrigation works in India are divided into two main classes, *viz.*, major and minor works. Major works are sub-divided into :—

(*a*) Productive works, the capital of which is provided from borrowed money.

(*b*) Protective works, designed as a protection against famine, the capital of which is provided from the Famine Insurance Grant. Capital and revenue accounts are kept for all major works.

Minor works are constructed from funds provided out of the general revenues of India and are sub-divided into :—

(*a*) Works for which capital and revenue accounts are kept.

(*b*) Works for which only revenue accounts are kept.

(*c*) Works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept.

A—MAJOR WORKS.

I.—Productive Works.

2. Productive works are expected to yield sufficient revenue to pay their working expenses and the interest on the outlay expended on their construction. No project is now sanctioned as a productive work unless it can be shown beyond reasonable doubt that on full development it will fulfil these conditions. But the same standard did not obtain in former years, and thus it has happened that several large irrigation works which were financed from borrowed capital, are not remunerative. There are 13 such works, *viz.*, four in Bengal, seven in the Deccan and Gujarat, and two in Madras. They are still retained on the list of productive works, but current expenditure against their capital account is now charged against the general revenues of India. The total loss on these 13 works has amounted to about 10½ crores. But though they have proved financial failures in the ordinary commercial sense, they have been indirectly of great value in securing large areas of cultivation against the vicissitudes of the seasons.

3. The remaining works in operation, 40 in number, satisfy productive conditions. These works paid collectively 10·42 per cent on their capital outlay during the year, while the surplus revenue, after paying interest charges, which they had contributed to the general revenues of the country up to the end of 1908-09, amounted to 33¾ crores of rupees against 30½ crores, the capital invested on them. The financial results, the area irrigated and the mileage in operation for all productive works in operation are shown separately by provinces in Statements I and II.

4. The total area irrigated by all the productive works including branches in Native States of the Punjab amounted to 14,624,000 acres. Towards this total the Punjab canals contributed more than 5½ million acres, a larger area than attained in any other province. The return on capital is also highest in the Punjab where the canals yielded 12·58 per cent. The Lower Chenab Canal, despite the abnormally heavy monsoon rainfall and a severe

epidemic of fever which caused heavy mortality amongst the cultivators irrigated about two million acres and yielded a net revenue of about 6½ lakhs, equivalent to a return of 22·56 per cent on the capital invested. The year generally was a prosperous one for the colony. On the Upper Bari Doab Canal, although the rainfall was twice as heavy as that of the preceding year, the acreage sown with the aid of canal water was larger than that of 1907-08.

5. On account of the unusually heavy monsoon in the United Provinces the irrigated area, 2,511,000 acres, fell short of the results of 1907-08 by 676,000 acres. The net revenue shewed a defect of about Rs. 2,67,000 compared with the preceding year. The smaller area irrigated was partly responsible for this result, but other contributing causes are said to be (1) reduction in the rate for sugarcane from Rs. 10 to Rs. 6-10-8 per acre from 1st April 1908, in the Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar and Meerut Districts, and (2) remissions and reductions made in the rabi demand for 1907-08, collected in the year under review owing to the low river supplies being insufficient to meet the full requirements of the crops at the critical period of ripening.

6. In Madras the figures relating to the acreage under irrigation and the net revenue realised do not differ materially from those of the previous year. In this Presidency the financial results of the productive works taken as a whole are seriously affected by the poor results of the Kurnool-Cuddapah canal, the capital cost of which exceeds 2¼ crores of rupees while the area irrigated during the year did not exceed 65,000 acres. The net revenue realised amounted to 1½ lakhs of rupees, representing 0·66 per cent on the capital outlay.

7. In Sind the area of irrigation amounted to 1,351,974 acres, exceeding that of the previous year by 240,745 acres. It is satisfactory to note that the net revenue also surpassed that of the previous year by Rs. 2,03,695. The Sind canals are entirely dependent upon the height and duration of the floods in the Indus during the irrigating season. The inundation of the year was very favourable, the necessary level of the river being reached on a timely date and maintained for a period sufficient to bring crops to maturity. The year was distinguished by one of the greatest floods on record. The Ghotki floods over the left bank above Rohri were of great volume and long duration and silted the Nara supply channel so severely that the greater part of the rabi supply was cut off. The rainfall was very irregular over the whole of Sind. In many places it was considerable and of much benefit to the crops, while in others it was excessive and caused some damage.

8. In the Bombay Deccan and Gujarát, the canal works are limited in scope in comparison with those of other provinces. The area irrigated in the period covered by this review amounted to 37,314 acres only. As stated in paragraph 2 above, the works are not remunerative.

9. In Bengal, the Hijili Tidal canal is used purely for navigation purposes; the three other canals, *viz.*, the Orissa, the Midnapore and the Sone, are also so utilised, but they are primarily intended for irrigation. The area served by these canals during the year 1908-09 exceeded a million acres, and although these works failed to fulfil productive conditions, there is no doubt about their indirect value, considering that the estimated value of the crops raised on the area irrigated by them in the year under review amounted to Rs. 5,37,00,000, a sum which is more than four-fifths of their total capital cost.

10. Both in Burma and in the North-West Frontier Province the irrigated area exceeded 200,000 acres.

11. The importance of productive works may be gauged roughly by the value of the crops which are produced by their agency. In the year under review the estimated value of the crops irrigated by productive works amounted to about 53½ crores of rupees, exceeding the capital cost incurred on them by more than 11½ crores. With the completion of the important works now under construction, *viz.*, the Upper Jhelum, Upper Chenab and Lower

Bari Doab canals in the Punjab, the Upper Swat River canal in the North-West Frontier Province, the Nagavalli River project in Madras and the Môn and Ye-u canals in Burma considerable additional areas will be brought under cultivation.

II.—Protective Works.

12. There were in operation in the year under review 17 protective works which together irrigated a total of 352,103 acres. The majority are small tank works situated in the Central Provinces, where irrigation is still in its infancy. The works in the Central Provinces were sanctioned as experimental works, in accordance with the recommendations of the Irrigation Commission, to test how far the people were willing to resort to irrigation for the maturing of their crops and what water rates they were prepared to pay. The results obtained are generally gratifying and show that the people are beginning to realise the great advantages of irrigation. In the year 1907-08 the rainfall was somewhat deficient, while in the year under review it was if anything over the average; yet the area irrigated in the latter was 25,413 acres against 25,973 acres in the former. The average water rate paid during the year on these works was Rs. 1·14 per acre. Particulars of all protective works are given in Statements IV, V, and VI.

B—MINOR WORKS.

III.—Works for which capital and revenue accounts are kept.

13. There were ninety-four works so classed in 1908-09, the majority of which are in Bombay and Madras. Seven are purely navigation works.

The net revenue paid by works of this category during the year under review amounted to Rs. 29,37,724 (excluding navigation canals) or a return of 7·95 per cent on the capital outlay, against 6·50 per cent in the previous year. Nearly all the minor works in Sind return exceptionally high percentages; but as some large projects, with which it is intended to amalgamate them, are under consideration, their transfer to major works has been postponed for the present.

Excluding the area shown under Burma, *viz.*, 456,266 acres, which is not under irrigation, but represents the area of cultivation on lands reclaimed by river flood embankments, the area irrigated by minor irrigation works during 1908-09 was 1,511,098 acres against 1,346,545 acres in the previous year.

Statements VII and VIII give particulars of individual works.

IV.—Works for which only revenue accounts are kept.

14. There are numerous minor works for which separate capital accounts are not kept, either because they are not sufficiently important, or because, having been constructed by the former rulers of the country, their capital cost is not known. For such works only revenue accounts are kept; they are credited with a share of the land revenue depending on their maintenance, and are debited with all expenditure incurred on construction, extension, improvements and maintenance. Particulars for the year 1908-09 are shown in Statement X.

V.—Works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept.

15. There is a third important class of minor works, chiefly existing in the Madras Presidency, for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept. The Madras works include over 28,000 tanks and 6,000 irrigation channels, the improvements and repairs of which are executed by the Public Works Department, or, in the case of the smaller works, by civil officers. The areas irrigated by these small works in 1908-09 aggregated 3,327,833 acres, (or slightly less than the area irrigated by all the major works in the Presidency taken together), compared with 3,295,815 acres in 1907-08.

16. The following table summarizes the results of irrigation works for all India during 1908-09 in comparison with those of the two previous years:—

Financial and irrigational results of irrigation works in operation in India.

Class of work.	Capital outlay to end of the year on works in operation.	Gross revenue during the year.	Net revenue during the year.	Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay to end of year.	Area irrigated.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent.	Acres.
I and II.—Major Works. I.—Productive; II.—Protective	44,78,65,472	5,27,62,279	3,46,43,504	7·74	14,976,094
III.—Minor works for which capital and revenue accounts are kept (including works under construction.)	6,06,14,690	47,37,626	29,73,013	4·90	1,967,464
IV.—Minor works for which only revenue accounts are kept.	.....	59,74,725	19,94,638	...	2,416,588
V.—Works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept.	.....	86,68,014	42,03,374	...	3,403,231
Total 1908-09 ...	50,84,80,162	7,21,42,644	4,38,14,529	(a) 7·40	22,768,377
Total 1907-08 ...	50,24,77,911	6,94,59,957	4,20,55,143	(a) 7·24	21,948,431
Total 1906-07 ...	48,87,84,154	7,35,56,194	4,74,40,754	(a) 8·19	22,224,949

(a) Percentages calculated on works of classes I, II and III.

The total area irrigated was 22¾ million acres, while the value of the crops raised by the works for which capital accounts are kept is estimated at Rs. 61¼ crores, or about 121 per cent of the capital outlay expended on them.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Review be forwarded to the Finance and Revenue and Agricultural Departments and to the local Governments and Administrations in the Public Works Department, noted on the margin, for information.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab, Burma and Eastern Bengal and Assam.
The Honourable the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
The Honourable the Resident at Hyderabad.
The Honourable the Agents to the Governor-General for Central India, Rajputana and Baluchistan.
The Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.
Comptroller and Auditor-General, Public Works Branch.

Ordered, also, that the Review be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India.*

Ordered, further, that a copy of the Review be forwarded to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India for information.

L. M. JACOB,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Documents accompanying.

Statements I to XI.

Financial results of individual Productive irrigation works in operation during, and to the end of, 1908-1909.

Major Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-1909.			Revenue Account for 1908-1909.					Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay.					Revenue account to end of 1908-1909.				
	Direct.	Indirect.	Total.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	Average of Triennium. 1905-1906 to 1907-1908.	1902-1903 to 1904-1905.	1899-1900 to 1901-1902.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Productive.																		
BURMA.																		
Irrigation.																		
andalay Canal ...	50,69,098	1,14,466	51,82,564	3,34,201	91,767	2,42,434	1,70,646	71,788	6·03	4·68	4·03	·01	...	14,48,566	5,90,719	8,57,847	16,69,977	−8,12,130
awei o Canal ...	51,54,613	1,14,429	52,69,042	3,44,912	1,29,725	2,15,187	1,68,836	46,351	3·38	4·18	..	...	...	7,55,420	3,09,737	4,45,683	9,24,479	−4,78,796
Total Burma ...	1,02,22,711	2,28,895	1,04,51,606	6,79,113	2,21,492	4,57,621	3,39,482	1,18,139	4·73	4·38	3·41	·01	...	22,03,986	9,00,156	13,03,530	25,94,456	−12,90,926
BENGAL.																		
Irrigation.																		
Orissa Project ...	2,61,14,999	5,95,898	2,67,10,574	5,14,772	4,54,018	60,754	8,82,970	−8,22,216	·09	·23	·22	·14	...	1,15,68,951	1,48,02,629	−32,33,678	3,37,17,553	−3,69,51,231
Midnapore Canal ...	83,08,449	1,85,176	84,93,625	1,74,734	2,20,023	−45,289	2,81,115	−3,26,404	...	...	·02	·82	·34	82,07,377	76,12,007	5,95,370	1,18,95,907	−1,13,00,537
one Project ...	2,58,14,000	9,18,606	2,67,32,606	18,71,088	7,59,631	11,11,457	8,73,517	2,37,940	3·18	4·16	3·33	3·15	1·90	3,15,69,297	1,98,61,475	1,17,07,822	3,87,15,807	−2,20,07,985
Navigation.																		
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	25,51,641	63,513	26,15,154	46,055	48,799	−2,744	86,348	−89,092	·61	...	·72	·22	·53	19,48,007	15,66,395	3,81,612	32,17,165	−28,35,553
Total Bengal ...	6,27,88,766	17,63,193	6,45,51,959	26,06,649	14,82,471	11,24,178	21,23,950	−9,99,772	1·32	1·74	1·51	1·48	·77	5,32,93,062	4,38,42,536	94,51,126	8,25,46,432	−7,30,95,306
UNITED PROVINCES.																		
Irrigation.																		
Ganges Canal ...	3,09,81,809	19,83,773	3,29,65,582	49,89,198	12,49,891	3,39,307	10,47,237	25,97,072	11·13	11·04	10·50	10·01	10·26	13,03,01,968	4,76,90,917	8,26,11,051	5,29,91,019	2,96,20,032
Lower Ganges Canal ...	3,49,86,109	25,04,343	3,74,90,452	31,10,779	11,09,163	20,01,616	11,81,790	8,19,826	5·73	5·34	5·23	4·10	3·55	7,22,44,379	3,07,75,656	4,15,68,723	4,11,38,803	4,29,920
Agra Canal	1,07,44,505	7,93,912	1,15,28,417	8,17,525	3,59,369	4,58,156	3,60,133	98,023	4·34	3·97	4·48	5·79	5·52	2,07,66,735	87,28,591	1,20,37,596	1,22,84,938	−2,47,042
Eastern Jumna Canal ...	46,78,680	3,11,070	49,89,750	16,38,566	4,38,198	12,00,368	1,57,622	10,42,746	27·07	24·06	24·72	23·16	25·31	5,21,63,013	1,57,78,066	3,63,84,947	66,66,999	2,97,17,948
Fatehpur Branch, Lower Ganges Canal.	33,88,794	3,30,390	37,19,184	3,64,451	1,47,873	2,16,581	1,14,163	1,02,418	4·33	5·82	2·97	2·16	...	20,03,125	12,78,195	7,24,930	14,30,106	−7,05,176
Dun Canals	11,05,759	27,287	11,33,046	1,43,806	1,14,592	29,274	37,059	−7,785	3·41	2·58	...	...	...	39,35,320	22,49,349	16,85,971	13,84,651	3,01,320
Bijnor Canals ...	2,50,176	28,279	2,78,455	41,762	17,948	23,814	8,467	15,347	5·66	8·55	...		...	10,34,176	4,56,406	5,67,710	2,06,498	3,61,212
Total United Provinces.	8,61,35,832	59,79,054	9,21,14,886	1,11,06,150	35,37,034	75,69,116	29,06,469	46,62,647	8·56	8·22	8·03	7·79	7·08	28,24,48,708	10,68,67,480	17,55,81,228	11,61,03,014	5,94,78,214

STATEMENT No. I—*continued.*

Financial results of individual Productive irrigation works in operation during, and to the end of, 1908-1909—contd.

Major Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-1909.			Revenue Account for 1908-1909.				Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay.					Revenue Account to end of 1908-1909.				
	Direct.	Indirect.	Total.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	Average of triennia 1903-1906 to 1907-1908.	1902-1903 to 1904-1905.	1899-1900 to 1901-1902.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.
PUNJAB.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Irrigation.																		
ern Jumna Canal ...	1,65,59,790	8,02,600	1,73,62,190	24,11,170	10,54,459	13,56,707	5,67,250	7,96,451	11·63	7·81	10·5	9·13	9·37	9,59,98,604	3,25,16,262	6,34,82,612	1,88,96,863	4,45,85,776
r Bari Doab Canal	2,70,19,584	7,18,372	2,07,38,106	38,36,153	14,20,344	24,15,809	6,75,429	17,40,380	10·40	11·64	11·56	12·56	12·41	8,88,62,517	3,16,82,630	5,71,79,887	2,96,5[illegible],873	2,75,29,014
d Canal ...	2,37,80,975	1,01,017	2,40,90,992	30,19,407	9,65,603	20,53,804	8,05,111	12,48,693	8·47	8·22	8·04	7·31	8·01	5,07,[illegible]6,199	1,74,[illegible]	3,33,57,[illegible]99	2,73,70,681	59,86,508
r Sutlej (including er Sohag and Para ls.	16,5[illegible],731	98,835	17,49,436	5,03,603	3,02,548	2,01,057	55,910	1,45,147	19·25	11·49	14·76	9·72	6·[illegible]7	1,24,35,220	87,[illegible]3·6	32,08,[illegible]84	17,[illegible]4,54[illegible]	14,74,343
r Chenab Canal ...	2,76,3[illegible],697	6,87,564	2,83,10,261	84,53,159	20,61,836	63,91,3[illegible]3	9,32,739	54,58,564	18·20	22·56	21·63	23·09	14·13	7,98,62,317	2,06,20,59[illegible]	5,92,41,721	15,92,937	1,36,48,784
ai Canal ...	12,74,084	39,967	13,14,051	2,41,941	1,93,573	51,068	4[illegible],992	8,076	3·65	3·83	23·58	15·08	8·09	66,6[illegible],347	27,47,1[illegible]9	39,[illegible]5,238	9,75,684	19,29,554
r Jhelum Canal ...	1,56,08,460	3,77,697	1,59,86,157	22,13,337	8,80,056	14,33,281	5,26,552	9,06,729	5·74	8·96	4·13	...	...	72,29,040	41,06,024	31,23,016	40,92,096	−9,69,080
Inundation Canals	22,50,796	61,306	23,42,102	3,83,257	4,62,982	−74,725	76,472	−1,[illegible]1,197	2·44	...	4·35	10·72	...	1,24,14,463	1,10,72,644	13,4[illegible],819	13,13,647	28,172
Total Punjab ..	10,88,15,037	39,87,288	11,28,02,325	2,11,70,0[illegible]7	73,41,729	1,38,28,298	36,75,455	1,01,[illegible],843	11·67	12·58	12·11	11·01	10·62	35,38,51,007	12,89,70,611	22,48,80,393	9,96,57,325	12,52,23,071
TH-WEST FRONIER PROVINCE.																		
Irrigation.																		
rpur Inundation al.	8,81,660	14,311	8,95,980	20,016	15,803	4,213	26,421	−22,208	...	·47	...	...	...	20,168	26,729	− 6,561	63,402	−69,963
r Swat River Canal	40,96,946	1,49,197	42,46,123	5,94,109	1,49,584	4,44,525	1,38,260	3,06,267	10·72	10·47	...	...	...	86,50,591	23,27,078	63,34,533	39,67,115	23,67,418
l River Canal ...	10,19,443	22,972	10,42,415	1,[illegible]6,474	63,983	1,32,481	34,451	98,027	2·57	12·79	...	...	...	17,28,851	7,44,527	9,84,324	3,70,985	6,13,369
Total North-West Frontier Province.	59,98,0[illegible]5	1,56,423	[illegible]6,84,518	8,10,589	2,2[illegible],370	5,81,219	1,99,135	3,82,[illegible]84	7·57	9·30	...	...	...	1,04,08,610	30,96,314	73,12,[illegible]6	44,01,502	29,10,824
MADRAS.																		
Irrigation.																		
vari Delta System	1,21,68,982	19,46,433	1,41,15,415	38,23,361	9,96,906	28,26,455	4,11,381	24,1[illegible],074	19·79	20·02	19·68	18·43	17·48	10,63,91,754	2,98,42,238	7,65,49,516	1,83,68,495	5,81,81,021
na „ ...	1,48,05,744	10,11,954	1,58,17,698	34,59,376	7,71,903	26,87,473	4,96,814	21,90,659	16·97	16·09	15·92	14·41	15·71	7,51,85,0[illegible]8	2,18,58,579	5,33,26,429	1,53,36,413	3,79,90,016
									[illegible]	[illegible]	6·24	8·25	[illegible]·86	97,43,923	21,57,779	75,86,144	59,46,550	18,39,594

...ivaikuntam Anicut System.	15,24,850	1,03,282	16,28,232	94,680	13,511	81,169	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
...rucol Canal ...	2,25,31,271	36,205	2,25,67,476	2,81,050	1,31,053	1,49,997	7,61,992	—6,11,995	·86	·66	·67	·49	·37	29,50,445	34,19,055	1,01,290	2,27,82,923	—2,22,81,583	
...rur Tank	4,18,721	23,722	4,42,443	15,402	14,687	715	14,127	—13,412	2·50	·16	2·25	·76	1·54	2,17,680	1,24,617	93,063	3,63,973	—2,70,910	
...riyar Project ...	99,07,695	3,57,436	1,02,65,131	5,50,557	1,04,106	3,56,451	3,3[illegible]912	23,539	3·46	3·47	3·91	3·86	3·25	52,36,264	16,28,449	35,77,835	56,93,974	—20,96,039	
...vi Island Pumping Project.	18,43,188	23,507	16,66,795	66,909	87,606	—20,697	53,556	—74,253	1·00	...	...	...	...	1,04,[illegible]	1,10,409	—5,427	1,31,663	—1,37,088	
...ower Coleroon Anicut System.	16,56,421	48,658	17,05,080	2,95,313	78,000	2,17,334	54,238	1,63,096	12·46	12·74	...	...	...	16,21,748	22,19,3[illegible]	1,16,[illegible]165	13,10,369	1,02,85,836	
...atiatope Anicut System	6,33,847	9,144	6,48,991	1,18,011	20,075	82,936	19,247	64,689	12·91	12·93	...	...	...	33,89,4[illegible]	8,38,[illegible]11	29,70,797	2,94,495	27,06,302	
...rukkoyilur „ „	3,52,349	8,747	3,61,096	44,542	20,796	23,746	11,804	11,942	5·92	6·58	...	...	...	12,60,750	7,20,002	5,40,748	3,73,0[illegible]9	1,67,649	
...neyeru „ „	4,01,575	11,172	4,12,747	50,190	18,449	31,771	13,563	18,108	8·37	7·09	...	...	...	14,80,[illegible]50	9,01,878	5,78,18[illegible]	5,[illegible]3,343	74,879	
...biney „ „	2,32,137	6,246	2,38,383	4[illegible],518	14,204	31,[illegible]14	7,965	23,473	9·78	13·13	...	...	...	17,50,109	8,02,515	9,83,594	3,55,960	6,27,634	
TOTAL MADRAS ...	7,54,11,796	47,50,110	8,01,61,908	1,04,33,613	28,98,772	77,44,841	25,98,[illegible]	52,0[illegible]2	9·80	9·66	9·64	8·84	8·91	26,28,44,[illegible]	6,91,17,7[illegible]0	19,47,26,256	7,62,73,909	11,84,52,341	
BOMBAY.																			
SIND.																			
Irrigation.																			
...escrt Canal ...	29,[illegible]295	79,021	27,01,236	3,52,543	1,46,707	2,05,836	88,736	1,17,1[illegible]0	1·00	7·02	5·99	4·71	7·08	56,3[illegible],069	2[illegible],43,288	31,10,801	18,58,47[illegible]	12,52,328	
...nharwah	6,80,640	18,596	6,9[illegible],236	1[illegible]	32,165	1,38,6[illegible]5	22,676	1,35,9[illegible]9	18·11	22·[illegible]9	18·87	11·07	17·96	26,27,[illegible]91	[illegible]33,311	17,92,680	4,83,108	13,08,972	
...egari Canal ...	20,54,323	58,912	21,13,235	6,29,036	1,38,360	4,9[illegible],676	67,391	4,23,265	25·80	27·21	21·58	17·13	21·00	1,22,10,5[illegible]2	3[illegible],40,029	83,70,503	23,24,286	60,46,217	
...astern Nara Works ...	65,21,576	2,26,804	67,48,380	6,21,230	2,63,042	3,58,188	2,20,063	1,38,125	5·06	5·31	7·56	6·61	7·32	1,6[illegible],72,10[illegible]	53,88,552	1,[illegible]83,518	81,18,012	25,65,536	
...amrao Canal ...	79,33,813	2,28,394	81,62,207	4,88,[illegible]60	3,74,532	1,13,978	2,67,591	—1,53,613	4·07	1·40	5·34	4·25	2·46	54,67,312	21,[illegible]331	3[illegible],27,951	33,04,[illegible]00	—2,76,609	
...ed Canal	22,58,265	85,832	23,44,097	1,80,576	56,457	1,24,119	76,159	47,960	3·06	5·29	1·78	...	...	7,15,[illegible]98	5,[illegible]1,981	1,63,217	7,39,[illegible]8	—5,76,173	
...asrat Canal ...	18,10,890	55,104	18,65,904	2,33,839	54,378	1,79,461	61,177	1,18,284	3·46	·9·62	5·13	...	...	7,77,525	3,00,027	4,77,498	4,18,[illegible]95	59,303	
...akiwah Project ...	13,21,850	57,302	13,79,152	1,35,123	49,140	85,983	44,725	41,258	3·36	6·23	1·50	2·68	...	5,08,357	3,13,209	1,95,[illegible]28	3,16,495	—1,21,167	
TOTAL SIND ...	2,52,03,502	8,09,965	2,60,18,467	28,31,737	11,14,831	17,16,906	8,48,518	8,68,388	5·88	6·60	7·17	5·39	6·77	4,42,30,784	1,64,10,128	2,78,20,656	1,75,62,349	1,02,58,107	

STATEMENT No. I—*concld.*

Financial results of individual Productive irrigation works in operation during, and to the end of, 1908-1909—concld.

Major Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-1909.			Revenue Account for 1908-1909.					Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay					Revenue account to end of 1908-1909.				
	Direct	Indirect.	Total.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	Average of Triennium. 1905-1906 to 1907-1908.	1902-1903 to 1904-1905.	1899-1900 to 1901-1902.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
ECCAN AND GUJARAT.																		
Irrigation.																		
hmati Canal ...	4,90,925	26,913	5,17,838	17,563	11,747	5,816	16,613	—10,797	...	1·19	...	...	...	1,97,683	2,72,169	—74,487	6,99,993	—7,74,480
rer Panjhra River orks.	4,45,382	23,239	4,68,621	12,129	6,626	5,503	15,072	—9,569	·99	1·17	1·18	1·63	1·95	4,99,342	2,55,110	2,44,223	6,59,986	—4,15,764
va River Works ...	9,68,666	37,052	10,05,718	18,031	10,820	7,511	32,516	—25,005	·81	·75	1·65	·76	...	3,46,609	3,35,415	11,155	8,45,397	—8,34,242
Canal (Pravara River orks).	3,52,446	19,445	3,71,891	1,930	6,946	—5,016	11,927	—16,943	...	...	...	...	...	56,550	3,01,297	—2,46,747	5,60,647	—8,07,394
ha Canals ...	72,77,825	2,60,209	75,38,034	3,66,342	1,18,876	2,47,466	2,43,844	3,622	3·24	3·28	3·33	2·61	2·89	75,61,940	27,58,814	48,03,026	87,32,242	—39,29,216
uk Tank... ...	12,28,117	1,12,269	13,40,386	39,375	11,864	27,511	41,559	—14,048	2·04	2·06	2·02	·91	1·76	6,95,746	5,99,694	96,052	10,90,436	—17,94,384
shna Canal ...	8,20,237	46,390	8,66,627	47,637	11,639	35,998	27,757	8,241	2·96	4·15	3·63	3·75	2·35	12,30,218	6,52,512	5,77,706	13,24,972	—7,47,266
AL DECCAN AND JARAT.	1,15,83,598	5,25,517	1,21,09,115	5,03,307	1,78,518	3,24,789	3,89,288	—64,499	2·50	2·68	2·64	2·06	1·85	1,05,87,978	51,77,021	54,10,957	1,47,13,673	—93,02,716
TOTAL BOMBAY ...	3,67,87,100	13,35,482	3,81,22,582	33,35,044	12,93,349	20,41,695	12,37,806	8,03,889	4·92	5·35	5·75	4·33	4·95	5,48,18,762	2,15,87,149	3,32,31,613	3,22,76,222	9,55,391
TAL IMPERIAL ...	38,61,59,339	1,82,30,445	40,43,89,784	5,01,41,185	1,67,94,217	3,33,46,968	1,30,18,356	2,03,28,612	8·05	8·25	8·12	7·55	7·62	102,08,68,795	37,43,82,526	64,64,86,469	41,38,52,860	23,26,33,609
IVE STATE—PUNJAB	...	...	1,52,63,608	19,96,345	9,02,805	10,93,540	...	...	9·27	7·16	8·31	5·74	5·21	...	...	...	...	...

Productive irrigation works in operation.—Gross revenue, irrigated area, and mileage open.

Major Works.	Mileage in operation (including distributaries).			Gross revenue.			Irrigated area in acres.					
										Average of triennium.		
	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1905-1906 to 1907-1908.	1902-1903 to 1904-1905.	1899-1900 to 1901-1902.
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Burma.												
ndalay Canal...	...	...	...	2,89,938	3,97,164	3,34,201	46,282	53,949	55,953	47,356	26,995	...
webo Canal	...	...	...	1,16,813	2,92,167	3,44,912	44,639	91,483	1,48,123	...	...	...
Total Burma ...	...	...	...	4,06,751	6,89,331	6,79,113	90,921	145,432	2,04,076	192,730	26,995	...
Bengal.												
issa Project	1,512	1,517	1,545	5,01,729	4,87,689	5,14,772	266,961	289,506	284,692	263,863	219,076	201,955
dnapore Canal	309	336	337	1,56,521	1,53,330	1,74,734	61,042	62,040	63,824	65,783	88,908	78,190
ne Project	1,585	1,585	1,586	15,64,819	16,63,360	18,71,088	563,812	648,920	653,296	571,850	493,878	481,333
Total Bengal* ...	[illegible]06	3,438	3,468	22,23,068	23,04,379	25,60,594	891,815	1,000,466	1,001,812	901,496	801,862	761,478
United Provinces.												
nges Canal	3,521	3,528	3,536	54,60,219	49,50,000	49,89,798	934,502	1,304,744	1,051,774	1,202,880	889,355	1,020,836
wer Ganges Canal	3,063	3,122	3,143	32,81,049	32,41,597	31,10,779	87,013	1,034,641	786,820	978,211	737,528	706,296
ra Canal	812	865	909	11,19,818	8,28,006	8,17,525	254,476	342,554	212,745	313,543	227,309	238,414
stern Jumna Canal	909	909	914	18,69,155	17,81,835	16,38,566	295,463	327,145	321,404	334,179	288,933	306,733
tehpur Branch, Lower Ganges Canal	561	579	578	2,68,820	3,01,979	3,94,434	87,013	129,106	100,903	101,594	57,020	25,839
n Canals	...	87	87	...	1,23,676	1,43,866	...	21,421	22,898	...	...	...
jnor Canals	...	76	76	...	33,744	41,762	...	18,253	15,125	...	...	...
Total United Provinces ...	8,866	9,166	9,263	1,19,99,070	1,12,61,527	1,11,06,150	2,408,467	3,187,864	2,511,669	2,943,932	2,200,145	2,308,148
Punjab.												
stern Jumna Canal	1,911	1,967	†2,114	31,38,385	30,70,580	21,11,170	77[illegible],372	685,135	602,199	752,584	6,19,356	561,433
atern Jumna (Native States) ...	...	...	...	2,19,869	2,89,573	1,82,504	75,380	68,220	52,191	67,926	53,725	44,867
per Bari Doab Canal	1,959	1,934	1,934	38,70,506	38,39,711	28,36,153	1,038,746	907,516	1,039,477	1,025,295	928,763	826,473
hind Canal (Imperial)	†4,507	†4,419	†4,266	32,20,358	31,05,728	30,19,4[illegible]7	724,419	788,301	559,527	757,213	771,010	793,312

* The figures for the Hijili Tidal canal are not included, it being a navigation canal.
† Includes Native States.
‡ This average has been struck on the totals of the province(s) for the three years in question.

STATEMENT No. II—*contd.*

Productive irrigation works in operation. Gross revenue, irrigated area, and mileage open—contd.

Major Works.	Mileage in operation (including distributaries).			Gross revenue			Irrigated area in acres.					
										Average of triennium.		
	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1905-1906 to 1907-1908.	1902-1903 to 1904-1905.	1899-1900 to 1901-1902.
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Punjab—*contd.*												
ind Canal (Native States) ...	...	...	...	19,98,819	19,71,090	18,13,841	473,293	450,942	359,672	433,297	383,698	341,062
er Sutlej (including Lower Sohag and Para) Canals.	718	725	724	6,71,504	6,39,998	5,03,603	384,817	193,853	343,004	316,551	248,528	62,220
er Chenab Canal	2,735	2,730	2,722	87,79,994	7[illegible],22,604	84,53,159	1,570,853	1,705,296	1,992,210	1,6[illegible]589	1,919,186	1,643,959
nai Canal	199	199	199	5,01,995	5,70,001	2,44,941	22[illegible],942	88,841	190,227	158,027	138,564	103,392
er Jhelum Canal	1,289	1,243	1,247	16,26,388	16,81,954	23,13,337	435,083	543,529	617,696	475,090	241,357	21,789
s Inundation Canals	775	778	775	4,37,317	4,36,665	3,88,257	20[illegible],090	133,753	198,091	180,981	133,878	...
Total Punjab ...	14,033	13,935	13,981	2,44,65,195	2,25,87,904	2,31,66,372	5,902,9[illegible]5	5,515,386	5,959,393	5,860,583	5,388,065	4,398,507
North-West Frontier Province.												
er Swat River Canal	208	208	208	5,62,750	5,83,234	5,94,109	151,460	149,3[illegible]1	159,627	...	...	...
rpur Inundation Canal ...	...	45	49	...	152	26,016	..	15,354	16,636	...	...	...
ul River Canal	...	76	76	...	1,27,819	1,96,464	...	37,632	39,783	...	...	...
al North-West Frontier Province ...	2[illegible]8	329	3[illegible]3	5,62,750	7,11,205	8,10,589	151,460	202,317	216,046	...	...	...
Madras.												
avari Delta System	2,467	2,467	2,465	35,84,728	35,41,147	8,23,361	872,849	911,638	918,695	900,035	830,830	804,995
na „ „	2,414	2,414	2,609	32,66,771	32,09,307	34,59,376	664,171	685,975	697,014	669,781	631,046	606,311
ser River Canal	499	508	508	5,35,068	5,33,407	6,09,824	165,462	171,881	185,227	171,914	151,534	153,048
ery Delta System	2,094	2,094	2,565	9,66,141	9,35,766	9,83,860	983,106	994,033	996,950	990,252	982,585	980,644
kuntam Anicut System ...	90	90	90	1,34,630	1,30,901	94,680	41,431	45,339	40,733	44,576	44,193	43,655
nool Canal	505	563	585	2,21,306	3,10,621	2,81,050	43,156	88,195	64,586	64,562	65,126	69,302

...er Coleroon Anicut system ...	.....	898	898	.....	2,79,735	2,95,313	.....	112,936	114,738	.....	.....	.....
...tiatope Anicut System	.....	190	190	.....	1,05,018	1,13,011	.....	35,043	35,728	.....	.....	.....
...ak-koyilur Anicut System ...	.....	163	163	.....	41,194	44,542	.....	29,571	28,112	.....	.....	.....
...yeru " "	.....	181	181	.....	41,681	50,180	.....	33,329	35,628	.....	.....	.....
...ney " "	.....	182	182	.....	35,489	45,548	.....	22,649	23,888	.....	.....	.....
Total Madras ...	8,374	10,123	10,869	92,79,606	97,42,732	1,04,33,613	2,930,809	3,324,115	3,341,707	**3,092,941	2,865,273	2,805,296
BOMBAY.												
Desert Canal	326	328	329	8,83,786	2,07,671	3,52,543	182,486	105,841	185,299	157,813	198,063	140,912
Unharwah	98	102	117	1,77,033	1,54,508	1,93,830	75,690	68,051	81,067	74,941	70,747	79,248
Begari Canal	158	170	170	5,39,999	5,63,298	6,29,036	234,163	265,969	274,565	260,992	243,073	255,863
Eastern Nara Works	298	298	298	7,64,466	5,11,425	6,21,230	378,412	208,252	277,010	303,553	262,434	281,097
Jamrao Canal	589	589	589	6,89,013	6,40,688	4,88,560	246,204	208,238	205,198	240,633	267,039	133,483
Lad Canal	364	366	371	1,43,054	1,12,791	1,80,576	102,662	89,306	115,642	90,526	67,379	18,747
Nasrat Canal	293	293	294	1,96,572	1,11,003	2,33,830	134,368	93,963	120,114	109,005	43,035	...
Mahiwah Project	287	286	286	1,13,443	79,434	1,35,124	84,557	71,559	93,369	68,737	27,162	3,454
Total Sind ...	2,414	2,432	2,454	30,07,366	23,86,818	28,31,737	1,438,792	1,111,229	1,351,974	1,324,650	1,178,932	912,804
Hathmati Canal	51	51	51	1,476	9,213	17,563	2,258	6,572	8,375	3,135	544	677
Lower Panjhra River Works ...	45	45	45	13,855	11,308	14,129	2,296	2,795	2,165	2,467	2,549	2,485
Kadva River Works	38	38	38	22,565	15,858	18,331	2,153	2,907	3,474	2,5[illegible]2	3,460	3,140
Lakh Canal	32	32	32	824	1,324	1,9[illegible]0	304	517	1,254	528	649	865
Mutha Canals	155	155	172	3,28,574	3,33,512	3,66,342	11,451	7,313	11,740	9,446	8,615	9,133
Ekruk Tank	48	50	50	44,066	41,991	39,375	4,548	6,871	5,116	5,517	3,952	3,89
Krishna Canal	64	64	64	44,907	36,678	47,637	7,013	5,036	5,190	7,385	6,070	6,703
Total Deccan and Gujrat ...	433	435	452	4,56,204	4,5[illegible],224	5,03,307	30,023	31,511	37,314	31,015	25,139	26,904
Total Bombay ...	2,847	2,867	2,906	34,63,570	28,37,042	33,35,044	1,468,815	1,142,740	1,389,288	1,355,705	1,204,071	939,708
TOTAL PRODUCTIVE ...	37,734	39,858	40,920	5,23,69,951	5,01,34,120	5,20,91,475	13,884,282	14,518,320	14,633,991	**14,365,017	12,486,411	11,213,137

** This average has been struck on the totals of the province (s) for the three years in question.

STATEMENT No. III.

Capital outlay and interest charges of Productive irrigation works under construction during 1908-09.

Number of works.	Major Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-09.			Interest for 1908-09.	Interest to 1908
		Direct.	Indirect.	Total.		
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R
2	*Burma.*					
	Môn Canals ...	32,88,843	1,06,893	33,95,736	96,980	2,3
	Ye-u Canal ..	6,27,533	28,446	6,55,979	20,923	6
	Total Burma ...	39,16,376	1,35,339	40,51,715	1,17,903	3,0
3	*Punjab*					
	Upper Chenab Canal ...	1,45,94,854	4,36,257	1,50,31,111	4,11,698	8,4
	Upper Jhelum Canal ...	1,02,79,369	2,27,110	10,56,479	2,88,443	5,9
	Lower Bari Doab Canal	23,55,987	52,780	24,08,767	54,610	7
	Total Punjab ...	2,72,30,210	7,16,147	2,79,46,357	7,54,751	15,1
1	*North-West Frontier Province.*					
	Upper Swat River Canal	15,74,257	50,300	16,24,557	34,882	4
2	*Madras.*					
	Nagavalli River Project	11,13,843	24,078	11,37,921	33,637	7
	Siddapur Tank Project ...	44,341	1,024	45,365	920	1
	Total Madras ...	11,58,184	25,102	11,83,286	34,557	7
1	*Bombay (Sind).*					
	Naulakhi Canal ...	5,112	33	5 145	173	2
		[illegible]	[illegible]	3,48,11,060	9,42,266	19,4

Financial results of individual Protective irrigation works in operation during, and to the end of, 1908-1909.

Major Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-1909.			Revenue Account for 1908-1909.						Revenue Account to end of 1908-1909.				
	Direct	Indirect.	Total.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.	Percentage of net revenue on the Capital outlay.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest	Net profit.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
PROTECTIVE.														
CENTRAL PROVINCES.														
Irrigation.														
Khairbanda Tank ...	3,97,268	22,724	4,20,010	4,372	5,688	—1,316	12,877	—14,193	...	9,431	7,700	1,781	53,359	—51,578
Khapri-Aranda Tank ...	3,28,940	19,301	3,48,241	7,216	3,921	3,295	10,854	—7,559	·94	7,749	4,119	3,630	37,838	—34,208
Chandpur Tank ...	4,32,261	18,390	4,50,651	2,557	...	2,557	12,708	—10,151	·56	4,053	...	4,053	26,961	—22,908
Marowda Tank ...	3,76,003	18,837	3,94,840	3,895	3,654	241	12,413	—12,172	·06	4,366	6,345	—1,979	47,164	—49,143
Khola Tank	89,070	4,942	94,012	1,313	1,884	—571	2,994	—3,565	...	1,649	3,264	—1,615	15,696	—17,311
Kusrangi Tank ...	1,18,149	9,244	1,27,393	2,565	1,167	1,398	3,945	—2,547	1·09	3,771	3,083	688	19,552	—18,864
Khaira Datan Tank ...	86,829	4,503	91,332	1,532	912	620	2,910	—2,290	·67	1,935	2,120	—185	15,153	—15,338
Kukerdehi Tank ...	98,076	5,681	1,03,757	2,267	1,410	857	3,297	—2,440	·82	4,490	3,077	1,413	14,850	—13,437
Binakheri Tank ...	1,46,673	8,097	1,54,770	2,058	1,546	512	4,936	—4,424	·33	2,553	3,193	—640	19,378	—20,018
Hargahan Tank ...	1,16,139	3,295	1,19,434	3,276	2,047	1,229	3,924	—2,695	1·03	3,383	4,285	—902	15,540	—16,442
Pindraon Tank ...	1,56,843	10,256	1,67,099	3,587	2,111	1,476	5,298	—3,822	·88	3,876	4,896	—1,020	23,851	—24,871
Total Central Provinces	23,46,269	1,25,270	24,71,539	34,638	24,340	10,298	76,156	—65,858	·42	47,306	42,082	5,224	2,89,342	—2,84,118
BENGAL.														
Irrigation.														
Dhaka Canal	5,06,012	12,905	5,18,917	27,171	21,788	5,383	16,725	—11,342	1·04	47,983	45,232	2,751	90,934	—88,183

STATEMENT No. IV.—*concld.*

Financial results of individual Protective irrigation works in operation during, and to the end of, 1908-1909—concld.

Major Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-1909.			Revenue Account for 1908-1909.						Revenue Account to end of 1908-1909.				
	Direct.	Indirect.	Total.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.	Percentage of net revenue on the Capital outlay.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Interest.	Net profit.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
UNITED PROVINCES.														
Irrigation.														
Etwa Canal	73,35,288	3,11,935	76,47,223	1,19,447	1,39,623	−20,176	2,37,115	−2,57,291	...	23,92,268	25,68,651	−1,76,383	43,46,328	−45,22,711
Jen "	38,71,866	1,40,409	40,12,275	6,280	72,140	−65,860	1,27,046	−1,92,906	...	6,280	1,22,590	−1,16,110	3,99,487	−5,15,597
TOTAL UNITED PROVINCES	1,12,07,154	4,52,344	1,16,59,498	1,25,727	2,11,763	−86,036	3,64,161	−4,50,197	...	23,98,548	26,91,041	−2,92,493	47,45,815	−50,38,308
MADRAS.														
Irrigation.														
Bushikulya Project ...	46,20,758	4,11,474	50,32,232	1,17,403	54,220	63,183	1,57,030	−93,847	1·26	13,50,470	8,41,478	5,08,992	30,46,634	−25,37,642
BOMBAY.														
DECCAN AND GUJARAT.														
Irrigation.														
Mhasvad Tank ...	20,05,553	90,463	20,96,016	24,628	16,191	8,437	67,568	−59,131	·40	3,99,826	3,58,776	41,050	20,50,189	−20,09,139
Nira Canal, including Shetphal Tank.	60,70,183	3,63,695	64,33,878	2,95,182	93,451	2,01,731	2,05,838	−2,607	3·14	31,18,645	13,32,727	17,85,918	52,78,216	−34,92,298
TOTAL BOMBAY ...	80,75,736	4,54,158	85,29,894	3,19,810	1,09,642	2,10,168	2,73,206	−63,038	2·46	35,18,471	16,91,503	18,26,968	73,28,405	−55,01,437
[illegible]	9,67,55,090	14,56,151	9,82,12,080	6,24,749	4,21,753	2,02,996	8,87,278	−6,84,282	·72	73,62,778	53,11,336	20,51,442	1,55,01,130	−1,34,49,698

STATEMENT No. V.

al outlay and interest charges of individual Protective irrigation works under construction during 1908-09.

Major Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-09. Direct.	Indirect.	Total.	Interest for 1908-1909.	Interest to end of 1908-1909.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Central Provinces.					
Khairee Tank	41,117	1,010	42,127	1,087	1,956
Ghorajheri „	2,73,832	6,796	2,80,628	7,441	13,266
Asola-Menda „	5,93,937	13,544	6,04,481	17,063	45,769
Ramal „	2,19,850	6,106	2,25,956	5,830	9,592
Ramtek Reservoir	12,59,072	30,443	12,89,515	29,998	42,381
Wara Tank	1,21,113	3,811	1,24,924	3,294	4,557
Barera Kalan Tank	12,311	310	12,621	268	2,018
Total Central Provinces ...	25,21,232	62,020	25,83,252	64,861	1,17,669
Bengal.					
Tribeni Canal	37,58,515	94,867	38,53,382	1,46,120	4,25,060
United Provinces.					
Dassan Canal	27,11,365	96,459	28,07,824	77,516	1,44,725
Belan „	26,878	2,223	29,101	759	759
Total United Provinces ...	27,38,243	98,682	28,36,925	78,275	1,45,484
Madras.					
Mopad Project	5,20,268	61,935	5,82,203	17,709	52,686
Bhavanasi „	1,733	45	1,778	59	136
Venkatapuram Tank	12,241	39	12,280	207	207
Total Madras ...	5,34,243	62,019	5,96,261	17,975	53,029
Bombay.					
Chankapur Tank	13,66,671	35,318	14,01,989	43,344	1,99,950
Maladevi „	3,03,880	9,892	3,13,772	10,287	1,18,243
Budhihal „	4,88,915	18,202	5,07,117	16,541	66,754
Godavary Canal	20,70,551	55,463	21,26,014	49,261	65,938
Pravara River Canal Project	1,02,291	2,575	1,04,866	1,781	1,832
Total ...	43,32,308	1,21,450	44,53,758	1,21,214	4,52,717
Grand Total ...	1,38,84,540	4,39,038	1,43,23,578	3,98,445	11,98,959

STATEMENT No. VI.

Protective irrigation works in operation.—Gross revenue, irrigated area, and mileage open.

Major Works.	Mileage in operation (including distributaries).			Gross revenue.			Irrigated area in acres.					
										Average of triennium.		
	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1905-1906 to 1907-1908.	1902-1903 to 1904-1905.	1889-1900 to 1901-1902.
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			
tral Provinces.												
ia Tank	...	...	28	48	345	7,216	...	5,762	7,013	...	...	...
ank	...	...	14	155	4,954	4,372	...	3,434	1,572	...	...	...
ik	...	...	40	...	1,496	2,557	...	767	1,600	...	...	...
k	...	...	8	324	854	2,565	...	2,297	1,884	...	...	...
Tank	...	...	5	78	284	1,532	...	823	915	...	...	...
k	...	...	21	136	310	3,895	...	2,519	3,061	...	...	...
... ...	...	...	6	116	199	1,313	...	1,636	867	...	...	...
nk	...	...	6	224	1,956	2,267	...	1,626	2,025	...	...	...
k	...	...	6	55	257	2,058	...	1,126	1,456	...	...	...
ik	...	...	9	1	102	3,276	...	2,354	2,161	...	...	...
k	...	...	11	56	207	3,587	...	3,559	2,859	...	...	...
entral Provinces ...	...	...	154	1,193	10,958	34,638	...	25,973	25,413	...	...	...

UNITED PROVINCES												
...wa Canal	596	596	635	2,63,612	2,11,431	1,19,447	55,819	96,521	106,649	105,178	[illegible]	
...a Canal	...	263	306	...	...	6,280	...	66,469	46,769	...	...	
Total United Provinces ...	596	859	941	2,63,612	2,11,431	1,25,727	55,819	162,990	153,418	127,334	87,173	39,550
MADRAS.												
...hikulya Project	228	228	228	1,05,910	1,07,014	1,17,403	103,324	102,618	103,041	102,529	93,596	83,237
BOMBAY.												
Deccan and Gujarat.												
...asvad Tank	103	108	108	22,314	10,500	24,628	4,359	11,016	10,285			
...a Canal	239	246	246	2,16,002	4,38,264	2,95,182	37,490	40,588	45,533	47,187	45,332	52,586
...phal Tank	7	...	...	6,973	...	...	2,062	...	...			
Total Bombay ...	354	354	354	2,45,289	4,48,773	3,19,810	43,911	51,904	55,818	47,187	45,332	52,586
TOTAL PROTECTIVE ...	1,218	1,482	1,718	6,18,918	7,96,044	6,24,740	212,274	355,709	352,103	293,055*	226,101	175,373

* This average has been struck on the totals of the province (s) for the three years in question.

STATEMENT No. VII.

Financial results of individual Minor works for which capital and revenue accounts are kept during, and to the end of, 1908-09.

[Includes both works in operation and works under construction.]

	Minor Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-09.			Revenue Account for 1908-09.				Revenue Account to end of 1908-09.		
		Direct.	Indirect.	Total.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.
3	RAJPUTANA.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Irrigation.										
	Tanks in Ajmer Sub-Collectorate ...	17,76,710	68,883	18,45,593	66,482	22,274	44,208	2·40	19,71,520	9,98,305	9,73,515
	Tanks in Beawar Sub-Collectorate ...	10,51,886	52,143	11,04,029	45,178	24,497	20,681	1·87	14,60,926	9,23,706	5,37,220
	Tanks in Todgarh Sub-Collectorate ...	4,52,764	18,615	4,71,379	27,339	8,562	18,777	3·98	7,73,291	4,10,161	3,63,130
	Total ...	32,81,360	1,39,641	34,21,001	138,999	55,333	83,666	2·45	42,06,037	23,32,172	18,73,865
4	BALUCHISTAN.										
	Irrigation.										
	Khushdil Khan Reservoir	10,48,686	13,074	10,61,760	1,117	14,932	−13,815	...	4,45,686	2,14,541	2,31,145
	Shebo Canal	7,06,165	11,702	7,17,867	14,307	18,117	−3,810	...	3,08,710	2,00,038	1,08,672
	Anambar Channel	67,846	389	68,235	...	2,422	−2,422	...	...	8,211	−8,211
	Nar Nullah Project	1,98,919	2,503	2,01,422	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	20,21,616	27,668	20,49,284	15,424	35,471	−20,047	...	7,54,396	4,22,790	3,31,606
1	CENTRAL PROVINCES.										
	Irrigation.										
	Dongabori Tank	61,600	1,538	63,138	52	...	52	·08	52	...	52
2	BURMA.										
	Irrawaddy Embankments	35,72,116	96,434	36,68,550	12,67,423	2,79,282	9,88,141	26·91	2,49,51,165	63,48,689	1,86,02,476
	Thongwa Island Embankment	2,22,594	5,315	2,27,909	64,826	14,632	50,194	22·02	7,31,403	2,76,127	4,55,276
	Total ...	37,94,710	1,01,749	38,96,459	13,32,249	2,93,914	10,38,335	26·65	2,56,82,568	66,24,816	1,90,57,752
4	BENGAL.										
	Irrigation.										
	Saran Project	6,86,883	27,923	7,14,806	1,158	2,640	−1,482	...	2,66,625	4,29,004	−1,62,379
	Navigation.										
	Calcutta and Eastern Canals	79,66,734	1,10,791	80,77,525	4,32,012	2,93,882	1,38,130	1·71	2,91,21,246	1,35,53,602	1,55,67,644
	Orissa Coast Canal	43,72,462	1,06,616	44,79,078	20,859	1,05,123	−84,264	...	12,84,213	18,46,698	−5,62,485
	Madaripur-Bhil route	17,25,209	26,653	17,51,862	38,107	22,895	15,212	·87	8,06,334	1,79,486	1,26,848
		1,40,64,405	2,14,060	1,43,08,465	4,90,978	4,21,900	69,078	·48	3,07,11,793	1,55,79,786	1,51,32,007
	Total ...	1,47,51,288	2,71,983	1,50,23,271	4,92,136	4,24,540	67,596	·45	3,09,78,418	1,60,08,790	1,49,69,628
3	UNITED PROVINCES.										
	Irrigation.										
	Rohilkhand Canals	26,26,706	2,06,095	28,32,801	2,07,453	1,19,778	87,675	3·09	55,34,787	43,66,036	11,68,751
	Bundelkhand Irrigation Works ...	73,994	8,037	82,031	14,972	8,558	6,414	7·82	3,19,922	3,67,638	−47,716
	Pahuj and Garhman Canals	3,15,275	7,732	3,23,007	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	30,15,975	2,21,864	32,37,839	2,22,425	1,28,336	94,089	2·91	58,54,709	47,33,674	11,21,035
	PUNJAB.										
	Irrigation.										
	Shahpur Inundation Canals	2,05,933	9,981	2,15,914	71,669	38,943	32,726	15·15	6,95,868	5,18,950	1,76,918
	Ghaggar Canals	3,33,375	9,946	3,43,321	3,430	27,670	−24,240	...	40,431	3,45,496	−3,05,065
	Total ...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]					

Financial results of individual Minor works for which capital and revenue accounts are kept during, and to the end of, 1908-09—concld.

Minor Works.	Capital outlay to end of 1908-09.			Revenue Account for 1908-09				Revenue Account to end of 1908-09.		
	Direct.	Indirect.	Total.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net revenue.	Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay.	Gross revenue.	Maintenance and working.	Net Revenue.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MADRAS.										
Irrigation.										
Chembrambakkam Tank	6,37,787	1,12,509	7,50,296	38,910	1[illegible]3	36,947	4·92	10,75,852	1,19,556	9,26,206
Madras water-supply and Irrigation Extension project.	15,34,068	2,38,608	17,72,666	35,780	10,835	24,945	1·41	8,19,135	5,78,856	2,40,279
Palar Anicut System	22,83,858	1,15,752	23,99,610	1,33,130	60,219	72,911	3·04	47,[illegible],035	28,05,651	19,47,354
Thadapalle Channel System	1,59,157	10,921	1,70,078	42,308	19,809	22,499	13·23	12,59,325	4,99,209	7,60,116
Pelandorai Anicut System	5,53,038	46,258	5,99,296	40,135	11,125	29,010	4·06	7,05,161	6,40,395	64,766
Kalingaroyen Channel System ...	1,54,589	4,024	1,58,613	26,818	14,252	12,566	7·92	7,24,821	6,51,847	72,974
Ganjam Minor Rivers	2,39,087	9,930	2,49,017	66,956	19,369	47,587	19·04	12,67,415	6,93,697	5,73,718
Hajipuram Project	2,77,099	32,568	3,09,667	...	...	...	..	10	1	9
Arkenkota Channel System	1,38,239	3,618	1,41,857	13,979	8,965	5,014	4·17	3,75,403	3,31,381	44,022
Sagileru Project	4,47,108	17,619	4,64,727	1,178	2,317	2,161	·47	34,675	54,021	−19,346
Muniyeru ,, ...	5,62,044	29,481	5,91,525	14,926	8,477	6,449	1·09	1,12,703	87,101	25,602
Ponnalur Tank Project	1,63,440	24,703	1,88,143	..	.	...	...	...	...	...
Other Works (19)	11,96,618	69,200	12,65,818	1,32,281	24,886	1,07,395	8·48	39,28,006	11,94,779	27,33,227
Total ...	83,47,962	7,10,191	90,57,253	5,[illegible],701	1,81,317	3,08,384	4·07	1,50,55,511	76,86,494	73,69,017
Navigation.										
Buckingham Canal	85,23,631	1,88,175	90,11,806	73,297	94,326	−21,029	..	39,20,436	42,73,083	−3,52,647
Other Works (3)	3,06,099	16,871	3,22,910	1,204	13,964	−12,760	...	24,117	1,73,445	−1,49,328
Total ...	88,29,730	5,05,046	93,34,776	74,501	1,08,290	−33,789	.	39,44,553	44,46,529	−5,01,975
	1,74,76,702	12,15,237	1,83,92,027	6,24,202	2,89,607	3,34,595	1·82	1,90,00,064	1,21,33,022	68,67,042
BOMBAY.										
Sind.										
Irrigation.										
Sukkur Canal	13,64,751	61,496	14,26,250	1,96,515	68,849	1,27,666	8·95	39,88,719	20,60,223	19,28,496
Ghar Canal	5,41,696	30,690	5,72,386	7,05,881	1,44,114	5,61,767	98·19	2,33,52,412	66,22,927	1,67,29,485
Marak Great Canal	2,07,436	8,310	2,15,746	1,00,187	10,511	89,676	41·57	21,89,311	7,53,694	14,35,617
Sarfrazwah	1,18,569	6,121	1,24,689	44,598	15,644	28,954	24·22	8,13,026	4,81,807	3,31,219
Fuleli	19,13,446	71,215	19,84,661	5,00,183	89,669	4,10,514	20·68	1,46,01,594	70,25,849	76,45,745
Other Works (3)	4,74,086	18,500	4,92,586	44,029	39,014	5,015	1·02	4,32,323	2,48,229	1,84,094
Total ...	46,19,977	1,96,332	48,16,309	15,91,[illegible]93	3,68,107	12,23,[illegible]92	25·40	4,54,67,085	1,71,92,429	2,82,74,656
Deccan and Gujrat.										
Khari Cut	5,59,932	22,298	5,82,230	70,492	17,879	52,614	9·04	2,34,772	2,04,743	30,029
Jamda Canals	9,91,178	49,911	10,41,089	10,059	7,125	2,934	·28	2,46,257	4,77,930	−2,31,673
Parsul Tank	2,08,007	6,988	2,14,995	3,769	1,274	2,486	1·16	36,200	21,128	15,072
Pravara River Works—Ojhar Canal .	3,24,317	23,233	3,47,550	15,233	9,260	5,973	1·72	2,14,737	3,03,836	−99,099
Bhatodi Tank	3,52,685	27,022	3,79,707	6,153	4,261	1,892	·50	1,58,406	1,74,994	−16,587
Shiruphal Tank	2,12,199	12,369	2,24,568	2,511	2,366	145	·06	66,751	75,367	−8,616
Bhadulwadi	2,13,115	14,307	2,27,422	1,255	2,466	−1,211	...	68,922	61,435	7,487
Ashti	7,57,059	79,041	8,36,091	11,807	4,701	7,106	·85	1,26,462	2,00,627	−74,165
Upper Man River Works	4,15,835	23,451	4,39,286	5,196	3,844	1,352	·31	1,08,113	1,52,240	−44,127
Yerla River Irrigation Works	7,19,512	45,328	7,64,870	18,293	6,609	11,684	1·53	2,43,131	2,75,317	−32,186
Malni Tank	4,62,125	25,525	4,87,650	8,096	3,315	4,781	·98	1,59,704	1,37,354	22,350
Madag ,, ...	1,61,248	6,350	1,67,598	2,635	2,286	349	·21	79,048	78,762	286
Muchkundi Tank	1,40,217	18,490	1,58,707	392	254	138	·09	7,412	11,124	−3,712
Gokak Canal, 1st Section and Storage Works.	9,00,511	44,377	9,45,183	57,262	14,992	42,270	4·47	7,06,586	1,90,485	5,16,101
Other Works (18)	21,42,297	1,96,917	23,39,214	32,413	21,977	10,436	·44	5,05,532	3,98,163	1,07,369
Total Deccan and Gujrat ...	85,60,518	5,95,607	91,56,125	2,45,647	1,02,698	1,42,949	1·56	29,61,033	27,62,904	1,98,129
Total Bombay ...	1,31,80,495	7,91,939	1,39,72,434	18,37,040	4,70,790	13,66,241	9·78	4,84,28,118	1,99,55,333	2,84,72,785
GRAND TOTAL { Irrigation ...	3,49,29,000	20,42,140	3,69,71,419	4,72,147	12,34,423	29,37,724	7·95	10,09,84,315	4,30,48,729	5,79,35,584
GRAND TOTAL { Navigation ...	2,28,94,135	7,49,106	2,36,43,241	5,65,479	5,30,190	35,289	·15	3,46,56,346	2,00,26,314	1,46,30,032

STATEMENT No. VIII.

Minor works.—Gross revenue, irrigated area, an

Minor Works.	Mileage in operation (including distributaries).			Gross revenue.			Irri					
	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1907-		
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
Rajputana.												
'anks in Ajmer Sub-Collectorate ...	...	..	...	52,139	59,169	66,482	18,132	18,127	18,045	...	...	
anks in Beawar Sub-Collectorate...	..	...	...	41,107	34,168	45,178	11,967	14,732	16,071	...	...	...
anks in Todgarh Sub-Collectorate	...	...	...	19,312	24,954	27,339	3,420	5,094	4,700	...	...	...
Total Rajputana.	...	...	...	1,12,553	1,18,191	1,38,999	33,519	37,953	38,816	27,542	26,605	24,100
Baluchistan.												
hushdil Khan Reservoir ...	22	22	22	81,946	27,553	1,117	6,632	5,321	...	...	...	...
iebo Canal	23	25	25	17,473	12,823	14,307	2,371	1,798	2,065	...	...	...
Total Baluchistan.	45	47	47	99,419	40,376	15,424	9,003	7,119	2,065	7,458	5,408	5,345
Central Provinces.												
ngabori Tank	...	...	...	588	...	52	...	...	44	..	..	...
Burma.												
awaddy Embankments ...	...	...	...	12,46,310	12,97,495	12,67,423	412,227	417,320	428,311	...	...	...
ongwa Island Embankment ...	...	...	...	59,821	72,735	64,826	31,178	26,792	28,655	...	...	...
Total Burma ..	...	...	...	13,06,140	13,10,230	13,32,249	443,405	444,112	456,366	443,268	445,571	433,271
Bengal.												
ran Project	19	19	19	797	717	1,158	1,565	...	...	..	...	...
United Provinces.												
Dun Canals	87	..	...	1,25,224	...	...	18,822	...	...	...	...	...
hilkhand Canals	414	414	439	1,78,879	1,70,234	2,07,453	90,437	114,102	113,912	...	...	...
Bijnor Canals	76	...	...	37,704	...	...	11,871	.	...	...	...	...
ndelkhand Irrigation Works ..	66	66	66	3,499	11,030	14,072	4,250	8,570	6,643	..	...	...
Total United Provinces ...	643	480	505	3,50,596	1,81,234	2,22,425	125,380	122,672	120,555	124,746	112,018	134,577
Punjab.												
ahpur Inundation Canals ...	134	138	138	83,895	63,971	71,069	19,685	17,435	34,707	...	...	...
aggar Canals	68	68	68	6,917	14,233	3,430	21,761	9,617	12,831	...	...	...
Total Punjab ...	202	206	206	90,812	78,207	75,099	41,446	27,052	47,538	37,274	109,677	519,448
North-West Frontier Province.												
Kabul River Canal	76	...	...	1,24,916	...	...	35,395	...	...	...	19,090	...
Madras.												
embrambakkam Tank ...	27	27	27	25,544	33,370	38,910	14,943	16,517	18,238	...	...	...
ar Anicut System	296	296	296	1,61,879	78,235	1,33,130	107,0[illegible]6	88,117	95,593	...	...	...
andorai Anicut System ...	63	64	64	39,775	41,455	40,135	11,623	12,006	11,740	...	...	...
ower Coleroon Anicut System ...	898	..	...	2,03,334	...	...	113,118	...	...	...	...	...
dras water-supply and Irrigation Extension project.	10	10	10	34,454	34,523	35,730	11,365	10,747	11,168	...	...	..
hatlatope Anicut System ...	199	..	...	1,16,490	...	...	38,330	...	...	...	...	...
irukkoyllur Anicut ,, ...	103	...	...	43,369	...	...	28,710	...	...	...	...	...
heyeru Anicut System ...	181	..	...	46,434	...	...	34,449	...	...	...	...	...
oincy Anicut ,, ...	182	...	...	49,718	...	...	28,008	...	...	...	...	...
ileru Project	14	14	14	1,707	703	4,478	6,195	4,751	6,246	...	...	...
niyeru ,, ...	58	67	67	10,847	12,091	14,926	2,707	3,694	4,117	...	...	...
dapalle Channe System ...	...	76	76	..	37,367	42,308	...	15,765	15,767	...	...	...
ingaroyen ,, ,, ...	...	61	61	...	25,149	26,818	...	22,372	22,594	...	...	...
jam Minor rivers System ...	..	100	100	..	53,381	66,956	...	77,152	85,255	...	...	...
enkota Channel ,, ...	...	24	24	...	11,222	13,979	...	4,556	4,786	...	...	...
er Works	530	234	246	2,50,963	1,20,369	1,32,281	192,896	67,904	72,345	...	...	...

Minor works.—Gross revenue, irrigated area, and mileage open—concld.

Minor Works.	Mileage in operation (including distributaries.)			Gross revenue.			Irrigated area in acres.					
										Average of triennium for each province.		
	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1905-1906 to 1907-1908.	1902-1903 to 1904-1905.	1899-1900 to 1901-1903.
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Bombay.												
Sind.												
ur Canal	130	130	130	1,87,555	1,61,595	1,96,515	90,029	82,048	96,607	..	...	...
Canal	296	296	296	7,77,546	4,86,147	7,05,881	285,791	219,844	281,679	...	...	...
k Great Canal	173	173	173	1,91,418	83,253	1,09,187	63,969	61,052	65,210	...	...	...
nzwah Canal	111	111	111	46,356	38,643	44,508	31,954	29,726	37,364	.	...	...
l Canal	1,021	1,021	1,022	5,95,878	4,05,384	5,10,183	412,323	344,561	374,130	...	...	...
works costing less than Rs. 00,000 each.	193	193	196	43,266	45,825	41,029	46,601	39,414	45,608	.	...	...
Total Sind ...	1,924	1,924	1,928	17,52,019	12,23,846	15,91,303	930,664	776,645	900,602	863,415	816,047	831,324
Deccan and Gujarat.												
Cut	36	36	36	5,897	7,394	70,492	2,687	6,160	8,525	...	...	...
a Canals	114	114	114	5,561	6,133	10,039	1,487	6,123	2,825	..	.	...
l Tank	5	5	5	960	3,302	3,760	511	933	524	...	...	...
ara River Works—Ojhar Canal	40	40	40	6,093	12,118	15,233	3,932	2,849	8,105	...	...	...
di Tank	10	10	10	6,017	6,775	6,153	1,043	1,196	1,212	...	...	...
oba Tank	17	17	..	6,178	15,865	...	2,483	1,615	...	...	...	...
iphal Tank	12	12	12	1,592	5,501	2,511	1,549	1,405	839	...	...	
ilvadi Tank	10	10	10	3,608	5,533	1,255	1,560	1,926	1,578	...	...	
Tank	30	30	30	4,185	6,400	11,807	2,309	4,574	2,960	..	...	...
Mahi River Works ...	24	24	24	1,727	1,733	5,196	419	837	1,184	...	...	...
River Irrigation Works ...	37	37	37	5,291	10,811	18,293	3,103	3,781	3,865	...	...	...
Tank	17	17	17	3,070	6,227	8,096	1,264	1,553	1,609	...	...	...
kundi Tank	7	...	...	162	684	392	2	4	2	...	...	...
g Tank	9	9	9	2,869	2,866	2,635	635	758	895	...	...	...
Canal—1st Section and Storge Works.	50	52	52	79,960	53,4[illegible]	57,262	8,946	7,743	8,016	...	...	...
works costing less than Rs. 00,000 each.	63	65	74	14,614	21,715	32,413	6,926	10,966	11,400	.	...	...
Deccan and Gujarat ...	481	478	470	1,48,444	1,66,583	2,45,647	30,156	51,523	53,629	40,086	37,095	40,859
Total Bombay ...	2,405	2,402	2,398	19,00,463	13,90,429	18,37,040	969,820	828,168	954,231	903,501	853,142	872,183
Total Minor Works ...	6,002	4,127	4,160	50,60,800	35,68,179	41,72,147	2,248,399	1,790,657	1,967,464	2,050,403	2,110,150	2,521,472

STATEMENT No. IX.

General result of irrigation works in British India for which capital and revenue accounts a kept.

—	Capital outlay to end of 1908-09.	Gross Revenue during 1908-09.	Maintenance charges during 1908-09.	Net Revenue during 1908-09.	Percentage of Net Revenue on Capital outlay.	Percentage of Maintenance charges to Gross Revenue.	Area irrigated (in acres).	Estimated value of crops.	Average value of crops per acre.	Average rate of revenue assessed per acre.	Gross revenue realised per acre irrigated.	Cost of maintenance per acre irrigated.
RAJPUTANA.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Minor Works	31,21,001	1,38,969	57,323	83,636	2·15	39·81	38,816	9,12,635	23·51	3·50	3·58	1·4
BALUCHISTAN.												
Minor Works	20,49,284	15,424	35,471	−20,047		.	2,065	48,943	23·70	6·73	7·47	17·1
CENTRAL PROVINCES.												
Protective . ..	50,54,701	31,638	21,340	10,298	·20	70·56	25,413	10,30,537	40·55	0·90	1·36	0·9
Minor Works	43,138	52	...	52	·08	..	44	...	...	1·77	1·18	...
TOTAL CENTRAL PROVINCES ...	51,17,929	34,690	21,340	13,350	·20	70·16	25,457	10,30,537	40·48	0·99	1·36	0·96
BURMA.												
Productive	1,45,93,321	6,79,143	2,21,492	4,57,621	3·16	32·61	204,676	37,11,450	18·33	3·45	3·33	1·09
Minor Works	38,96,459	13,32,219	2,93,914	10,38,305	26·65	22·06	1,86,366	1,98,73,450	43·65	2·91	2·92	0·64
TOTAL BURMA ...	1,84,89,780	20,11,362	5,15,406	14,95,956	8·12	25·62	660,112	2,36,11,900	35·76	3·08	3·05	0·78
BENGAL.												
Productive	6,19,36,805	25,60,594	14,33,672	11,26,922	1·82	55·9	1,001,812	5,37,16,482	53·62	2·30	2·56	1·43
Protective	45,72,299	27,171	21,788	5,383	·12	80·19	13,513	7,63,262	56·48	1·59	2·01	1·61
Minor Works	7,74,806	1,158	2,340	−1,182	..		...	...	...	...	..	..
TOTAL BENGAL ...	6,70,23,910	26,88,923	14,58,100	11,30,823	1·69	56·32	1,015,325	5,44,79,744	53·66	2·20	2·55	1·44
UNITED PROVINCES.												
Productive	9,21,14,886	1,11,96,160	55,97,044	75,69,116	8·22	31·85	2,311,669	12,76,00,698	50·83	4·00	4·42	1·41
Protective	1,14,94,423	1,25,727	2,11,763	−86,036	...		1,53,418	51,07,086	33·29	2·20	0·82	1·38
Minor Works	32,37,849	2,27,425	1,28,336	94,089	2·91	57·70	120,555	73,24,291	60·75	1·78	1·85	1·06
TOTAL UNITED PROVINCES ...	10,98,49,148	1,14,54,302	38,77,133	75,77,169	6·90	33·85	2,785,642	14,00,92,075	50·29	3·81	4·11	1·39
PUNJAB.												
Productive	14,17,48,682	2,11,70,017	73,41,729	1,38,28,298	9·82	34·68	5,547,530	14,60,03,046	26·32	3·95	3·82	1·32
Minor Works	5,59,235	75,999	66,613	8,486	1·52	86·70	47,538	10,51,567	22·12	2·24	1·58	1·40
TOTAL PUNJAB ...	14,13,07,917	2,12,45,176	74,08,342	1,38,36,784	9·79	34·87	5,595,068	14,70,55,613	26·28	3·94	3·80	1·32
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.												
Productive	78,09,075	8,10,589	2,29,370	5,81,219	7·44	28·30	216,040	53,86,029	24·93	3·66	3·75	1·06
MADRAS.												
Productive	8,13,45,194	1,04,33,613	26,88,772	77,44,841	9·52	25·77	3,340,707	14,94,41,470	44·69	4·40	3·12	0·80
Protective	56,28,493	1,17,903	54,220	63,183	1·12	46·18	103,941	44,38,369	42·70	1·79	1·13	0·53
Minor Works	90,57,253	5,49,701	1,81,317	3,68,384	4·07	32·98	317,840	1,28,77,841	37·02	3·27	1·58	0·52
TOTAL MADRAS .	9,60,30,940	1,11,00,717	29,24,309	81,76,408	8·51	26·34	3,793,497	16,66,57,680	43·93	4·23	2·93	0·77
BOMBAY INCLUDING SIND.												
Productive	3,81,27,727	33,38,044	12,93,349	20,44,695	5·35	38·78	1,389,288	3,89,58,727	28·04	2·57	2·40	0·93
Protective	1,49,83,652	3,19,810	1,09,642	2,10,168	1·62	34·28	65,818	97,22,841	66·70	6·39	5·73	1·96
Minor Works	1,79,72,434	18,37,040	4,70,790	13,66,241	9·78	25·63	954,231	2,11,68,941	22·18	2·47	1·93	0·49
TOTAL BOMBAY INCLUDING SIND	6,50,83,813	54,91,894	18,73,790	36,18,104	5·56	34·12	2,399,337	6,38,50,509	26·61	2·62	2·29	0·78
TOTAL ...	51,60,92,797	5,48,02,026	1,84,01,594	3,64,00,432	7·07	33·52	16,531,695	60,31,27,664	36·48	3·65	3·32	1·11
PUNJAB, NATIVE STATES, PRODUCTIVE WORKS ...	1,52,03,608	19,06,346	8,02,806	10,93,540	7·16	45·22	4,11,863	1,01,91,953	24·74	4·30	4·85	2·19
GRAND TOTAL ...	53,13,56,405	5,68,88,371	1,93,04,399	3,75,83,972	7·07	33·93	[illegible]	[illegible]				

STATEMENT No. X.

Financial results of Minor works for which only revenue accounts are kept, for 1908-1909.

Province.	Area irrigated.	Revenue receipts.	Charges.	Net revenue.
	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Burma	468,101	16,31,810	819,870	8,11,940
Bengal	...	35,785	4,86,248	—4,50,463
Punjab	734,831	13,57,982	10,30,856	3,27,126
Bombay, including Sind ...	1,204,305	29,27,576	11,94,456	17,33,120
Central Provinces	9,351	21,072	4,45,513	—4,24,441
Central India	...	500	3,144	—2,644
Total ...	2,116,588	59,74,725	39,80,087	19,94,638

STATEMENT No. XI.

Statement showing the financial results, as affecting the general tax-payer, in respect of the construction of irrigation works in India, exclusive of works of minor importance, for which separate capital and revenue accounts are not kept.

	To end of 1907-08.*	1908-09.	To end of 1908-09.
MAJOR WORKS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) PROTECTIVE—			
Revenue—			
Direct receipts	55,27,162	5,09,695	60,36,857
Irrigation Land Revenue collected in the Civil Department, *less* collection charges.	9,95,038	94,064	10,89,102
TOTAL, REVENUE ...	65,22,200	6,03,757	71,25,959
Charges—			
Capital outlay { Charged to Protective grant ...	3,31,13,028	52,92,609	3,84,05,637
Capital outlay { Charged to Minor Works and Famine Relief grants.	21,31,492	...	21,31,492
Working expenses	43,89,339	3,81,729	47,71,068
TOTAL, CHARGES ...	3,96,33,859	56,74,338	4,53,08,197
Loss, excluding indirect charges	3,31,11,659	50,70,579	3,81,82,238
Indirect charges { Pertaining to Capital ..	17,22,961	1,72,228	18,95,189
Indirect charges { Ditto Revenue ...	2,84,415	19,034	3,03,449
Loss, including indirect charges	3,51,19,035	52,61,841	4,03,80,876
(2) PRODUCTIVE—			
Revenue—			
Direct receipts	59,13,69,632	4,32,04,661	62,45,74,293
Irrigation Land Revenue collected in Civil Department, *less* collection charges.	36,24,80,814	1,62,71,604	37,87,52,418
TOTAL, REVENUE ...	95,18,50,446	4,94,76,265	1,00,33,26,711
Charges—			
Capital outlay... { Charged to ordinary Revenues to end of 1884-85.	5,40,24,150	..	5,10,24,150
Capital outlay... { Charged to Minor Works and Protective grants.	1,53,06,588	2,83,854	1,55,45,392
Working expenses	31,92,58,820	1,51,67,097	33,44,25,917
Interest at 3·384 per cent on Capital at charge not charged to Revenue.	27,61,47,390	1,16,10,428	28,77,57,818
TOTAL, CHARGES ...	66,47,36,898	2,70,16,379	69,17,53,277
Gain, excluding indirect charges	28,91,13,548	2,24,59,886	31,15,73,434
Indirect charges { Pertaining to Capital	1,87,39,585	4,17,781	1,91,57,366
Indirect charges { Ditto Revenue ...	2,14,28,638	9,62,200	2,23,90,838
Gain, including indirect charges	24,89,45,325	2,10,79,905	27,00,25,230
TOTAL GAIN ON PROTECTIVE AND PRODUCTIVE WORKS. { Excluding indirect charges ...	25,60,01,889	1,73,89,307	27,33,91,196
TOTAL GAIN ON PROTECTIVE AND PRODUCTIVE WORKS. { Including ditto ...	21,38,26,290	1,58,18,064	22,96,44,354

* Variations from figures shown in last year's statement are due to corrections affecting the accounts of previous years.

***Statement showing the financial results, as affecting the general tax-payer, etc.*—concld.**

	To end of 1907-08.*	1908-09.	To end of 1908-09.
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) WORKS FOR WHICH CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT.			
Revenue—			
Direct Receipts	4,60,07,072	11,65,104	4,71,72,176
Irrigation Land Revenue collected in the Civil Department, *less* collection charges.	8,02,13,096	33,71,498	8,36,14,594
TOTAL, REVENUE ...	12,62,50,168	45,36,962	13,07,87,070
Charges—			
Capital outlay, excluding outlay shown against Protective and Productive Works.	5,45,36,932	16,26,784	5,61,63,716
Working expenses	5,39,37,377	15,00,307	5,54,37,684
TOTAL, CHARGES ...	10,84,74,309	31,27,091	11,16,01,400
Gain excluding indirect charges	1,77,75,859	14,09,811	1,91,85,670
Indirect charges { Pertaining to Capital ...	27,63,042	26,253	27,89,295
Indirect charges { Ditto Revenue ...	20,86,922	63,582	21,50,504
Gain, including indirect charges ...	1,29,25,895	13,19,976	1,42,45,871
(2) WORKS FOR WHICH ONLY REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT.			
Direct Receipts...	1,92,08,786	18,46,971	2,10,55,757(*a*)
Irrigation Land Revenue collected in the Civil Department, *less* collection charges.	12,45,91,208	41,27,754	12,87,18,962(*b*)
TOTAL, REVENUE ...	14,37,99,994	59,74,725	14,97,74,719
Charges in the Public Works Department ...	7,73,10,251	38,81,260	8,11,91,511
Gain ...	6,64,89,743	20,93,465	6,85,83,208
TOTAL GAIN ON MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION. { Excluding indirect charges ...	8,42,65,602	35,03,276	8,77,68,878
TOTAL GAIN ON MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION. { Including ditto ...	7,94,15,638	34,13,441	8,28,29,079

* *Vide* footnote on preceding page.

(*a*) In the case of projects in Bombay, the figures are from 1872-73 only. Figures for earlier years are not obtainable.

(*b*) In the case of projects in Bombay, the figures are from 1874-75 only.

No. 7420—7440-183.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TELEGRAPHS.

Simla, the 19th October 1910.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1909-10.

ORDERED that copies of the Report be forwarded to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the Home and Finance Departments, the Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, all Local Governments and Administrations and the Government of Ceylon, for information.

Ordered, also, that the Report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India.*

W. MAXWELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

FOR

1909-10.

GENERAL REPORT.

Statistical information relating to the growth of the Department from its commencement up to date is given in a convenient form in Appendix E.

2. The capital account at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 10,89,70,113, the expenditure on that head in 1909-10 being Rs. 25,19,323 which includes Rs. 2,57,778, the outlay in the Public Works Department on telegraph buildings. General Capital account, App. B.

3. The revenue earned having been Rs. 1,21,19,219 and the working expenses Rs. 1,21,12,784, the surplus amounts to Rs. 6,435 representing a return on capital outlay of ·006 per cent. Revenue account App. B.

4. As compared with the previous year, the working expenses have increased by Rs. 3,67,454 as follows:—

—	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.
General Charges	1,22,703	...
Line Maintenance	...	28,329
Signalling	2,73,080	...
Total ..	3,95,783	28,329
Net Increase ...	3,67,454	...

The increase under general charges is due, to a certain extent, to the introduction of the new Time Scale of pay for Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents brought into effect from the 19th of December 1909; but mainly to a smaller share of establishment charges having been debited to capital works consequent on less outlay during the year under that head. The decrease under line maintenance is due to repairs to lines in the previous year having been specially heavy. The increase under signalling is due partly to a slight increase in the clerical and petty establishments of signal offices as well as to annual increases of pay to the staff arising from the reorganisation.

5. The receipts from all sources amounted to Rs. 1,21,19,219 as compared with Rs. 1,33,53,051 in the previous year, the decrease being made up as follows:—

—	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.
Message Revenue	...	11,61,573
Rent of wires and instruments leased to Railways and Canals.	...	70,778
Rent of Local and Private lines and recoveries from guarantors.	...	4,166
Miscellaneous	2,685	...
Total ...	2,685	12,36,517
Net Decrease ...	...	12,33,832

The decrease in the value of telegrams is associated with a decrease in their number, the value having decreased by 11·65 per cent and the number by 7·11 per cent. The decrease in value is made up of Rs. 11,12,246 under paid telegrams and Rs. 49,327 under *pro formâ* value of news free and concessional telegrams. The decrease in paid telegrams which is entirely under Inland is made up as follows:—

—	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.
Inland State	...	8,29,238
Inland Private	...	4,58,120
Foreign State	3,108	...
Foreign Private	1,72,004	...
Total ...	1,75,112	12,87,358
Net Decrease ...	..	11,12,246

The decrease under Private may be attributed to general depression in internal trade. The decrease under State is doubtless due to the instructions issued to Government officials in Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Resolution No. 1861-1894-50, dated the 4th of March 1909, to reduce the number and length of State telegrams and to use the lower class as a general rule. The average value of an Inland State telegram, since the introduction of the revised tariff from 1st January 1909, has fallen from Rs. 1·823 to Rs. ·943.

6. Appendix F and the diagram of curves immediately following it show by figures and by curves, respectively, the variations that have occurred during the last 17 years in the number of paid telegrams and in the working expenses per paid telegram under the heads "Line Maintenance" and "Signalling". Details of the Departmental expenditure under those heads for the past five years are given in Appendix B, but, in calculating the expenses per telegram for the purposes of this diagram, all charges not properly debitable to Departmental traffic, such as those for Railway and Private Line offices, have been excluded.

The curve denoting the number of paid telegrams shows a fall for the first time since 1898-99; the reasons for which are explained in paragraphs 5 and 44 to 46.

Telegraph Offices, Appendices B and E.

7. On the 31st of March 1910, there were 9,037 telegraph offices of all kinds in India and Burma, of which 7,225 were open for paid telegrams and 1,812 for purely administrative purposes. Of the former 279 were departmental, 2,483 combined, 4,451 railway and 12 canal offices as compared with 6,973 in the previous year made up of 280 departmental, 2,378 combined, 4,304 railway and 11 canal offices. This Department technically supervised 3,999 railway and canal offices of which 2,444 were open to the public for paid message traffic. There were also 2,276 telegraph offices controlled and supervised by railway companies, of which 2,019 were open to the public.

Extensions. Paragraphs 68 to Appendices E.

8 The system maintained by the Telegraph Department was augmented during the year by a net increase of 2,682 miles of line and 6,071 miles of wire, including cable, and at its close comprised 72,746 miles of line and 287,266 miles of wire and cable. Of the latter 88,488 miles were used by railways 7,008 miles by canals, 13,368 miles were worked in connection with telephone exchanges and private lines and 178,402 miles were for departmental purposes.

Telephones. Departmental.

9. The subscriptions to the Telegraph Department for telephone and similar services rendered during the calendar year 1909 amounted to Rs. 4,88,875 being an increase of Rs. 81,929 over the figures of the previous year. The average annual subscriptions for the past five years amounted to Rs. 3,44,185.

Telephone Companies.

10. The gross earnings of the Telephone Companies during the calendar year 1909 amounted to Rs. 9,53,435 being an advance of Rs. 1,48,864 over those of the previous year. The largest increase recorded is in that of the Bengal Telephone Company, Calcutta, which amounted to Rs. 78,144. The average annual collective earnings of the Companies during the past five years were Rs. 7,30,777.

EVENTS OF INTEREST.

Reorganisation of the Department.

11. In February, the Government of India announced that the Secretary of State had sanctioned the reorganisation of the Upper ranks of the Department, a matter which had been under consideration for some time.

12. Under the old scheme, the organisation of the Department was as follows. For Telegraphic purposes, the whole of India was divided into twenty divisions, each in charge of a Superintendent. Each division included two or more minor charges known as Sub-divisions, of which there were 73, the more important of them being in charge of Assistant Superintendents, *i.e.*, junior officers of the Superior Staff, and the less important in charge of Sub-Assistant Superintendents who are Upper Subordinates.

13 In addition to the Heads of Divisions, there were eight officers of the same rank who were also immediately subordinate to the Director-General, *viz.*, the four Superintendents in charge of the Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Agra Offices, the Superintendent of the Check Office, the Electrician, the Superintendent of Telegraph Stores, and the Superintendent of the Telegraph Workshops. The whole Department was controlled by a Director-General assisted at Head-quarters by nine officers as follows :—

- 1 Deputy Director-General.
- 2 Directors for Construction and Traffic.
- 2 Deputy Directors for Construction and Traffic.
- 1 Personal Assistant.
- 1 Superintendent in the Traffic Branch.
- 2 Superintendents usually posted to the Direction.

14. This organisation was defective in several respects. There were as many as 28 Subordinate Officers, whose powers were very limited, in direct correspondence with the Director-General ; and the latter officer was consequently overwhelmed with a mass of unimportant references. The five Officers of the Department next in seniority to the Director-General were all stationed at Head-quarters. This concentration of so many senior officers at Head-quarters and the lack of adequate devolution of responsibility hampered the administration of the Department.

15. The most important changes to be introduced included the formation of eight Circles, each in charge of a Director, coterminous with the existing Postal Circles. The number of Divisions to be increased from 20 to 34, and all Sub-Divisions abolished. Many of the powers exercised by the Director-General are delegated to Directors, while the powers of Superintendents are materially increased. The formation of a purely Technical Branch under an Electrical Engineer-in-Chief, was sanctioned. The scheme also provided for the appointment of a Chief Store-keeper, recruited outside the Department, and for placing the Check Office under a Civil Accounts Officer.

16. The cadre of the Department was entirely changed. The Direction formerly consisted of the Director-General, Deputy Director-General, two Directors—these four being the most senior officers in the Department—and two Deputy Directors. Under the new scheme the post of Deputy Director-General is abolished and in addition to the Director-General there are 10 Directors, eight in charge of Circles, and two at headquarters. The appointments held by Directors are interchangeable. Directors are divided into four classes; the first class containing two on pay of Rs. 2,250; the second class, also two, with pay of Rs. 2,000 ; the third and fourth classes have three in each with pay of Rs. 1,750 and 1,500 respectively. At the same time all the Superintendents were placed on an incremental scale of pay rising from Rs. 380 to Rs. 1,250 in the case of the Imperial Service officers, and from Rs. 250 to Rs. 900 for Provincial Service officers.

17. Hitherto recruitment for the Provincial Branch of the Superior Staff of the Department was through the Thomason Civil Engineering College at Rurki, where a special class for the training of candidates was maintained. It was found that the Telegraph class at Rurki failed to attract candidates from more than one province and that there has been a complete absence of healthy competition.

18. The maintenance of a special Telegraph Class at one College was necessitated by the fact that the other Colleges did not make any provision, in their ordinary curriculum, for training in electrical engineering. This condition of things is, however, rapidly disappearing and in the course of a few years, it is anticipated, that the colleges in India will be able to maintain thoroughly equipped classes in electrical engineering, quite apart from the requirements of the Telegraph Department. In future it is intended to make appointments to the Provincial Service by selection from the graduates in the engineering classes

of any college which gives a suitable and adequate training in electrical engineering.

19. An Officer of the Provincial Service will be eligible for appointment as Director of Telegraphs if fully qualified to perform the duties attaching to the appointment; and of the thirty-four divisions now established, it is intended that twelve shall ultimately be filled by officers of that service.

20. A new scale of pay was also sanctioned for the Sub-Assistant Superintendents, General Branch, rising from Rs. 250 to Rs. 400, the eight senior officers being allowed to rise to Rs. 500. The Assistant Superintendents and Superintendents were brought on to the new scale from the 19th of December 1909. The Directors under the new scheme and the Sub-Assistant Superintendents (who were to be styled Deputy Superintendents in future) were not to be brought on to the new scale of pay till the 1st April 1910, the date on which the Circles were to be introduced. It was decided that one appointment in the Gazetted ranks of the Provincial Service should be given every two years to a specially selected Upper Subordinate, after the existing surplus of officers has been absorbed.

Rifle Volunteers

21. The number of Volunteers on the rolls in the Department during the year was 1,001 (33 per cent of the signalling establishment) being an increase of 13 compared with the previous year. Of this number 624 were extra-efficient, 318 efficient and 59 non-efficient. By way of encouragement, prizes aggregating Rs. 1,070 were granted for proficiency in drill and shooting.

22. At the annual camp of exercise of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles held at Santa Cruz from the 29th of January to the 5th of February 1910, the "D" (Telegraph) Company distinguished itself by the exceptionally large attendance on parades, which was 84·8 per cent of the total strength, and the general discipline and good work put in by the members. At the annual inspection of the Corps, "D" Company was selected for Company evolution before the General Officer Commanding the Bombay Brigade, and acquitted itself very creditably. The Commandant highly commended the Company in his address to the Battalion at the conclusion of the inspection parade.

23. The following trophies were won by this Company during this year:—

(*a*) His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales Ambulance Shield; open to teams of six Volunteers (other than Railway men) from any Corps in India or Burma. The examination was held this year at Jubbulpore, subject "First Aid" to the injured; St. John's Ambulance Association.

(*b*) The Leslie Challenge Cup for long distance marching and Tactical Shooting under service conditions.

(*c*) The Bayley Challenge Cup for General Efficiency.

(*d*) The Tenant Memorial Drill Challenge Cup for the largest percentage of members putting in the maximum number of parades.

(*e*) The Nicholson Challenge Cup for long range shooting.

(*f*) Wyer Cup for long distance shooting.

(*g*) Lord Harris Cup for drill.

24. The last three trophies were won outright by the Company and are now in its possession.

25. At the annual competition for (*a*) held at Jubbulpore on the 2nd of March 1910, the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps was represented by six men from the Telegraph Company, who won the shield and medals, the team scoring 80 per cent of marks. This is the third year in succession in which the staff of the Bombay Telegraph office have won this trophy.

26. The number of Volunteers on the roll of "F" (Telegraph) Company, 2nd (Presidency) Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, was 2 officers and 108 non-commissioned officers and men, of which 27 were marksmen, 76 first class shots, 4 second class shots and one non-efficient.

27. Colonel P.M. Ball, V.D., Commanding the Agra Volunteer Rifles, wrote as follows regarding the Telegraph Company belonging to the Agra office:—

> "It is a pleasure to me to be able to record my appreciation of the progress made by the Telegraph "B" Company during the current year; there has been a great improvement in the firing, the attendance at all parades has been good, the discipline of the Company is excellent, and the members have taken much more interest and shown greater keenness in their work, and I think it is not too much to say that "B" Company, as it is now, will compare favourably with any other company of Volunteers in India."

Bastar Rising.

28. The Telegraph operations in connection with a disturbance which broke out in the Bastar State in February 1910 were not large. Three Telegraphists accompanied the punitive Police Force sent to quell the disturbance and in all twenty eight camp offices were opened and closed. No special wires were erected except a short line of about two miles in length put up in Jagdalpur itself. As only repairing outfit was taken with the Telegraph party there were no posts or wire available for these two miles of line, but Telegraphist Martyris proved his resourcefulness by borrowing two miles of barbed wire from a Missionary and erected this on wooden posts; this line was in use for over ten days and worked well.

International Telegraph Conference.

29. The International Service Regulations, which were passed at the quinquennial International Telegraph Conference of the various Telegraph Administrations and Cable Companies, held at Lisbon, referred to in paragraph 12 of last year's report, were brought into effect from the 1st of July 1909. The following is a summary of the more important alterations in the rules for Foreign Telegrams which were introduced from that date:—

(i) The rules regarding Code language were modified to the extent, that the syllables shall be capable of pronunciation according to the ordinary usage of one of the eight accepted languages.

(ii) The Administrations of Great Britain, France and Germany were appointed as a Committee of Control, in order to examine all codes that may be presented to them to determine if they are unobjectionable.

(iii) Combinations or alterations of words sought to be concealed by reversing the order of letters, or syllables, were prohibited.

(iv) Artificial words may not contain the accented letters ä, á, a°, é, ñ, ö and ü.

(v) The combinations, æ, aa, ao, œ, ue and ch are to count as two letters each in artificial words.

(vi) Telegrams addressed to a reforwarding agency, which is known to be organised for the purpose of evading payment of the full rate chargeable for the transmission of telegrams, by acting as intermediaries for the receipt of telegrams and for their re-transmission to a destination beyond, may be stopped.

(vii) The stipulations relating to telegrams "*To follow*" by order of the sender, and telegrams to be re-transmitted by order of the addressee, which were not binding on such of the Extra-European Administrations as declared their inability to apply them, were made applicable to both *régimes*.

(viii) Signs of punctuation, apostrophes and hyphens may be transmitted, and consequently charged for, on the formal request of the sender.

(ix) The period for the preservation of telegrams was extended from eight to ten months.

(x) In groups of letters and figures used as commercial marks, each letter and figure is counted as one character; five characters,

whether wholly or partly letters and figures, counting as one word. For example, the commercial marks 197A-199A and 3-M which were formerly counted as four and two words, respectively, are now counted as two words (9 characters) and one word (3 characters) respectively.

The alterations enumerated in paragraphs (i), (iii), (iv), (v), (viii) and (x) were made applicable to Inland telegrams also.

Deposit System of Accounts.

30. The Deposit System of Accounts referred to in paragraph 45 of last year's report has not found much favour with the public, except in Calcutta and Bombay, although the rate of commission for the upkeep of Deposit Accounts was reduced at the beginning of the year, from 1 per cent on the gross value of the messages accepted to 1 rupee for every 25 telegrams. At the close of the year the following Deposit Accounts were current:—

	No. of Accounts.
At Calcutta	43
„ Bombay	19
„ Madras	2
„ Rangoon	3
„ Elephant Point	1
„ Calcutta Strand	1
Total ...	69

Debit Note System.

31. The Debit Note System, under which a large number of Government officials were permitted to send State telegrams without prepayment, was abolished with effect from the 1st of January 1910. This system necessitated a great deal of additional work in all Telegraph Offices from which these messages were sent, as they had to be separately bundled and docketed and sent separately to the Check Office. An elaborate Accounts procedure had also to be maintained. The Check Office had to prepare some 140 separate bills which entailed the employment of a large staff of clerks. The Deputy Accountant General, Telegraphs, on receipt of these bills from the Check Office was required to book up each bill against the Department concerned. A few selected high Government Officials are now permitted to send State telegrams without prepayment if tendered on special forms marked "O.H.M.S.", while all others are required to pay for their telegrams either in cash or service stamps. The abolition of the old system has thus led to a considerable saving in clerks and lessening of work in Signal Offices.

Mixed Postal a Telegraph Servi

32. A mixed Postal and Telegraph service was introduced between India and the United Kingdom with effect from the 1st of July. Communications intended for places in the United Kingdom are telegraphed to the Bombay Central Telegraph Office for despatch by registered post to the London Central Telegraph Office, to be telegraphed thence to destination on payment of the following charges:—

(1) the charge for the telegram in India at Inland Express or Ordinary rates, according to the wishes of the sender.

(2) one anna for postage, and

(3) the British Inland telegram rate of ½*d.*, or half an anna, per word with a minimum of six pence or six annas.

33. In the reverse direction, telegrams handed in at telegraph offices in the United Kingdom are telegraphed to London for despatch by registered post to Bombay to be telegraphed thence to their destinations in India. The charges are the same as the above, except that the Inland *Ordinary* rate is only levied for the telegraphic transmission in India.

34. From the date of inauguration of this system and up to the end of the year under report, 359 mixed Postal and Telegraph messages were sent from India to the United Kingdom but only 22 were sent in the reverse direction.

ws Agencies.

35. The Inland and Foreign Press telegram rules and rates, which were formerly confined to Press telegrams addressed to registered Newspapers, were extended to News Agencies in July and February, respectively.

es for Regis- Abbreviated esses.

36. At the end of October, the fees for the registration of abbreviated addresses were altered in order to reduce the fees for those who register more than ten abbreviated addresses. The revised fees are as follows:—

			Rs.
For first 10 abbreviated addresses ...	...	...	10 each.
For second 10 abbreviated addresses	...	...	5 "
For each subsequent abbreviated address	...	...	3 "

An additional fee, equal to half the registration fee, is charged for every change of the word selected, or for every transfer to another telegraph office within the period of registration.

-direction of rams.

37. From the 1st of June, the practice of redirecting telegrams free of charge was discontinued, except in the case of redirection within the same town. Inland telegrams redirected to another town are charged the full Inland rate according to the class of the telegram; while Foreign telegrams redirected within Indian limits are charged the Inland Express rate.

duced rates Foreign Press rams.

38. As a result of the Imperial Press Congress held at London, the Cable Companies and the British, Indian and Colonial Governments agreed to reduce the Press rates between Great Britain and India, Australasia and South Africa to a uniform rate of 9*d*, or 9 annas a word. The reduction in the Press rate between Great Britain and India from 12 annas to 9 annas per word took effect from the 1st of August.

39. From the 1st of March, the Press rates between Great Britain on the one side, and Penang, Singapore and Labuan on the other, were reduced to a uniform rate of 9 pence per word, the Indian Government taking its proportionate share in the reduction.

eign Telegra- money orders

40. Towards the close of the year arrangements were completed, between the Indian Post Office, the Eastern Telegraph Company, and this Department for the introduction of a system of telegraphic money orders between India and Aden, with the telegram charge at the same rate as for Private telegrams, *viz.*, one rupee per word. The system was introduced with effect from the 1st of April 1910.

ffic Reforms.

41. Mr. Newlands, C.I.E., left India in August having completed his work in this country and having seen the reforms he initiated in full working swing. The rapid disposal of messages has been maintained and the averages of 88 offices that keep up Tablet Checks, show that 81·9 per cent of the sent and transit traffic was disposed of within ten minutes, 91·8 within 20 minutes and 94·8 within 40 minutes. As regards delivery 77 per cent are sent out within five minutes of their being received.

There have been many complaints of mutilation during the year and the matter is receiving the closest attention, but the public are probably unaware to what extent they are themselves responsible for this, owing to the very general use of uncouth and bizarre artificial words in code messages. It is extremely difficult for a telegraphist to deal with such words with accuracy at the same speed with which he disposes of ordinary words and mutilations are chiefly due to his endeavouring to maintain his speed.

TRAFFIC.

Amount and alue of traffic.

42. The number and value of telegrams of each class are given in Appendix E.

43. The total paid traffic (excluding news-free and concessional telegrams) when compared with the previous year, shows a decrease of 922,081 or 7·08 per cent in number and Rs. 11,12,246 or 11·41 per cent in value. The decrease in number and value is explained in paragraphs 44 to 46.

44. Inland Private traffic (excluding Press) for the whole year shows a decrease in number of 898,200 or 8·37 per cent and of Rs. 1,64,835 or 7·88 per cent in value. The decrease in number may be attributed to depression in internal trade. The decrease in the number masks the effect of the new 6 anna tariff and it is impossible to determine what proportion of the decrease is due to it. The decrease has occurred almost entirely in the Departmental offices, for Combined Offices booked 29,545 messages more than last year with a slight decrease in value of Rs. 13,379. In the Calcutta Office alone there was a decrease of 64,753 in the number of messages booked, and of 115,430 in the number of messages received, clearly showing how much less business was done. It is worthy of notice that this decrease in Inland messages was also felt by the Railways whose receipts, in the calendar year ending the 31st December 1909, fell off by Rs. 1,05,000. **Inland Private.**

45. The new Inland tariff was introduced on the 1st of January 1909. For the first period of the previous year (April to December 1908), when the old tariff was in force, the average value of an Inland private message was Rs. ·547. For the second period January to March 1909, when the new tariff was in force, it was Rs. ·555. For the whole year 1908-09 it was Rs. ·549 and for the year under report it was Rs. ·552. These figures show that the new tariff has improved the average value of an Inland Private telegram.

46. In Inland State telegrams there has been a decrease of 141,773 or 14·52 per cent in number and of Rs. 8,29,238 or 51·60 per cent in value. The decrease in number and value may be attributed to the instructions issued to Government officials to reduce the number and length of their telegrams and also to use the lower class as a general rule. The decrease in value is also due to the revised Inland Tariff which was introduced on 1st January 1909, *vide* paragraph 48 of last year's report. The average value of an Inland State telegram has, since the introduction of the revised tariff, fallen from Rs. 1,823 to Rs. ·943. **Inland State.**

47. Foreign Private telegrams (including Press and Foreign transit traffic) show an increase of 118,720 or 10·29 per cent in number and of Rs. 1,72,004 or 8·65 per cent in value. This increase was composed approximately of Rs. 1,01,004 on Indian messages and Rs. 71,000 on messages transiting India. There was an increase in the number of words contained in telegrams also by 1,327,243 or 12·31 per cent. **Foreign Private.**

48. Foreign State telegrams show a decrease of 646 or 4·08 per cent in number, but an increase of Rs. 3,108 or 6·03 per cent in value. The Revenue from Foreign State telegrams transiting India is included under Foreign Private. **Foreign State.**

49. There were 161,417 Inland Press telegrams containing 27,556,637 words transmitted during the year, as against 162,483 telegrams containing 49,179,213 words during the previous year, or a decrease of 1,066 or 0·65 per cent in the number of telegrams and of 21,622,576 or 43·96 per cent in the number of words. The receipts for such telegrams decreased from Rs. 1,77,677 in the previous year to Rs. 1,68,063 or 5·41 per cent. The decrease in Press traffic is due principally to News Agencies being allowed the concession of Press telegram rates as stated in paragraph 35. These Agencies, which are at present confined to Calcutta, Bombay and Madras, collect news from outstations and distribute it to local newspapers, instead of as formerly each newspaper arranging for its own news to be telegraphed from outstations. **Inland Press.**

50. The Foreign Press traffic amounted to 11,897 telegrams, containing 1,289,135 words, as compared with 8,315 telegrams and 737,364 words during the previous year, or an increase of 43·07 per cent in the number of telegrams and of 74·83 per cent in the number of words. The Indian share of their value was Rs. 39,173 as against Rs. 46,625 the previous year, or a decrease of 15·98 per cent. The increase in the number of telegrams and words and the decrease **Foreign Press.**

in the value is due principally to the reduction in the rates for Press telegrams between the United Kingdom and India referred to in paragraph 38. The general elections at home also were the cause of a considerable increase. The figures under Foreign Press represent the number of Press telegrams to and from India, and the Indian share of their value, transit Press traffic to and from countries to the East and West of India being excluded.

News free and concessional telegrams.

51. The following statement shows the amount of news-free and concessional traffic during the year :—

	No.	*Pro forma* value.
		Rs.
Mail Steamer reports	28,076	28,646
Reuter's Government and Press	114,750	68,124
Indian News Agency	54,046	36,273
French Government Service	1,342	4,333
Portuguese Government Service	2,646	8,271
Kalat State	119	567
Kashmir State	5,193	7,849
British Indian and Colonial Government ...	9,697	24,450
O. H. M. S. (Free State Messages) ...	1,227	3,285
Total ...	217,096	1,81,798
Total of previous year ...	237,319	2,31,126

The reduction in value is due to the rate for Inland urgent or express telegrams, under which class the majority of the above telegrams are usually sent, having been reduced from a minimum of Rs. 2 to Re. 1 per telegram.

Classification of inland telegrams.

52. The abstract given below shows the number and value of Inland State, Private and Press messages classified under express and ordinary :—

Class.	Express.		Ordinary.		Total.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
State	99,261	2,69,891	708,209	4,92,255	807,470	7,62,146
Private	1,133,425	15,40,094	8,695,664	38,90,077	9,829,089	54,30,171
Press	41,031	34,734	120,386	1,33,629	161,417	1,68,363
Total ...	1,273,717	18,44,719	9,524,259	45,15,961	10,797,976	63,60,680

Exclusive of Rs. 62,635 on account of abbreviated addresses and of Rs. 10,762 on account of debit adjustments.

53. The following statement shows the percentage of Inland sent traffic under the various classes during the last three years :— **Proportion of Inland traffic under each class.**

Class.		1907-08.		April to December 1908.		January to March 1909.		1909-10.	
		No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs		Rs.
State	Deferred ...	71·65	50·10	6[illegible]·20	45·50	...	...	...	...
	Ordinary ...	17·54	16·80	19·77	15·36	83·35	55·07	87·71	64·59
	Express ...	10·8[illegible]	33·10	12·03	39·14	16·65	44·93	12·29	35·41
	Total ...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00
Private	Deferred ...	84·24	59·22	85·52	60·70	...	...	...	...
	Ordinary ...	10·40	21·08	9·12	19·50	86·52	68·50	88·47	71·64
	Express ...	5·36	19·70	5·36	19·80	13·48	31·50	11·53	28·36
	Total ...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00
Press	Deferred ...	87·34	70·67	69·74	68·57	...	...	...	...
	Ordinary ...	12·66	29·33	30·26	31·13	69·17	77·38	74·58	79·37
	Express ...	...	...	...	..	30·83	22·62	25·42	20·63
	Total ...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00

N.B.—The "Deferred" class was abolished and the "Urgent" class styled "Express" from the 1st of January 1909.

54. The table below shows the number and value of Telegraphic Money Order Advices dealt with during the last five years :— **Telegraphic money order advices.**

Year.	India.		Indo-Ceylon. Number of advices.			
	No.	Value. Rs.	Outgoing.	Incoming.	Total.	Value. Rs.
1905-06 ...	214,002	2,00,232	1,426	19,428	20,854	20,854
1906-07 ...	259,648	1,95,784	1,559	18,181	19,740	19,740
1907-08 ...	330,198	2,05,295	1,406	15,778	17,184	17,184
1908-09 ...	355,600	2,32,962	1,583	14,364	15,947	15,947
1909-10 ...	337,334	1,91,445	1,614	14,027	15,641	15,641

55. The Telegraph Department continued to receive the usual fixed fee of one rupee for each Telegraphic Money Order Advice exchanged between India and Ceylon.

56. The number and value of Indian Money Order Advices during the year are shewn below :—

	No.	Value. Rs.
Classed as Express	68,137	72,309
Classed as Ordinary	269,197	1,19,136
Total ...	337,334	1,91,445

57. From the 1st of October, the fixed fees per Telegraph Money Order Advice of one rupee and eight annas for Express and Ordinary telegrams, respectively, were abolished. The usual rates for Inland telegrams are now levied

and the remitter is permitted to add a private communication at the end of the advice on paying for the additional words at the usual rates.

Signalling operations.

58. The following statement shows the total number of sent telegrams, the total number of signalling operations entailed in their despatch from the office of origin to destination, with the necessary repetition at intermediate offices, and, lastly, the average number of signalling operations per sent telegram, for the past five years :—

Year.	Total number of sent telegrams *paid service* and *free* *	Total number of signalling operations.	Average number of signalling operations per sent telegram.
1905-06	11,578,870	56,048,978	4·84
1906-07	12,703,715	61,918,506	4·88
1907-08	14,266,942	70,407,120	4·93
1908-09	14,327,396	66,280,389	4·62
1909-10	12,281,569	61,302,432	4·99

* Service telegrams are excluded from 1909-10.

59. The increase in the average number of signalling operations per sent telegram is due to the decrease in the number exchanged between Departmental offices. As shown in paragraph 66 the number of messages sent from Combined offices was practically the same as the previous year. These Combined office messages undergo more operations than others and this effect is now shown.

Communication with foreign countries.

60. Communication with Europe *viâ* Suez was maintained uninterruptedly throughout the year. The Teheran route was interrupted for 381 hours as against 822 hours in the previous year. The Turkish route was interrupted for 3,306 hours as compared with 3,303 hours in the previous year. Details of the traffic which passed over these routes during the year are given in Appendices C and D.

61. Communication between India and Siam over the Moulmein Bangkok line *viâ* Kanburi was interrupted for 740 hours against 765 hours in the previous year beyond the Indian frontier. There were no interruptions within the Indian frontier as against four interruptions lasting 114 hours in the previous year. The line *viâ* Raheng was interrupted for 735 hours beyond and 26 hours within the Indian frontier, as compared with 551 and 114 hours respectively during 1908-09.

62. The land route to China *viâ* Bhamo was interrupted beyond the Indian frontier for 1,223 hours against 1,538 hours in the previous year. There were no interruptions within the Indian frontier.

Meteorological observation offices.

63. On the 31st of March 1910, there were 47 Government telegraph offices which were also Meteorological observation offices.

Signalling establishment.

64. At the close of the year the Signalling establishment stood as follows :—

	Rs.
Deputy Superintendents	56
Departmental Telegraph Masters and Telegraphists ...	2,912
Unattached List { Warrant officers	7
Unattached List { Non-commissioned officers	13
Military Telegraphists	600
Postal employés	3,930
Total ...	7,518
Total for 1908-09 ...	6,934*

* Revised figures.

65. Certificates of proficiency in telegraphy were granted to 267 soldiers; and at the close of the year 296 were under training. The corresponding numbers for the previous year were 329 and 306 respectively. **Training of soldiers in telegraphy.**

66. The following statement shows the number of combined offices open at the end of each of the last five years, and the number and value of telegrams sent from them as well as the total number of signalling operations during these years :— **Post Office Agency.**

Year.	Number of combined offices.	Number of paid telegrams.	Value of paid telegrams.	Total number of signalling operations.
			Rs.	
1905-06	2,029	4,717,436	29,20,347	11,093,201
1906-07	2,158	5,272,276	30,97,403	12,068,765
1907-08	2,265	6,123,137	34,64,784	13,863,294
1908-09	2,378	5,754,069	32,19,634	13,024,988
1909-10	2,483	5,783,614	32,06,255	12,049,124

67 Certificates of proficiency in telegraphy were granted to 691 postal employés, and at the close of the year 375 were under training. The numbers for the previous year were 577 and 439, respectively. **Training of postal employés in telegraphy.**

EXTENSION AND MAINTENANCE OF LINES.

68. The mileage of line, wire and cable maintained by this Department at the close of each quinquennial period from 1850-51 to 1899-1900 and at the end of each year since, is shown in Appendix E. Appendix A shows the purposes for which the line, wire and cable, were used at the close of the years 1908-09 and 1909-10. **Extent of system, Appendices A and E.**

69. The net increase in the extent of the system during the year was 2,682 miles of line and 6,671 miles of wire, including cable (*vide* paragraph 8). **Additions during year.**

70. The following were the principal Departmental works carried out during the year :— **Principal work carried out.**

	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.
New Construction.—		
Rajahmundry-Dummugudem	115	124
Simla-Kotgarh	51	51
Jodhpur-Lohawat	57	58
Srinagar-Badrinath	110	110
Extra wires.—		
Dhubri-Pandu Junction		158
Lambia-Kharchi *viâ* Ajmer		302

71. The extensive special repairs in connection with the improvement of the lines carrying the Calcutta-Rangoon wires sanctioned by the Government of India were continued during the year and will be completed in 1910-11, very little work remaining to be done after 31st March 1910.

Reconstruction

72. The total reconstructions during the year amounted to 811 miles of line and 4,715 miles of wire.

Cables.

73. Four submarine type cables across rivers, aggregating 1·29 miles in length, were laid during the year by the Department, either for new circuits or as renewals.

74. Under-ground cables, aggregating 18 miles in length, for telegraph and telephone purposes, were laid during the year, in Calcutta, Madras and Simla. All of them were laid by Messrs. Callender's Cable and Construction Company, Ltd.

75. Aerial telephone cables, aggregating 14 miles in length, were erected during the year in the Lower Burma, Punjab and United Provinces of Agra and Oudh Divisions, by the Department.

Interruptions to Communication.

76. Interruptions to communication which occurred during the year are classified below according to the causes to which they were attributed :—

	No.	Duration. Hours.
Preventable causes—		
Faults on lines and cables	359	5,223
Unpreventable causes—		
Cyclones and exceptional storms	442	8,513
Floods	41	847
Lightning	114	1,535
Fires	43	586
Trees falling other than by cyclones, etc.... ...	294	4,156
Birds and animals	791	9,518
Malice	138	2,489
Other unpreventable causes	703	8,672
Totals on lines and cables ...	2,925	41,539
Faults in offices	263	3,465
Unknown causes	717	7,483
GRAND TOTAL ...	3,905	52,487
Total for 1908-09 ...	3,596	51,254

Compared with the previous year.

77. As compared with the previous year, the interruptions which occurred in 1909-10 show an increase of 309 or 8·59 per cent in number and 1,233 hours or 2·4 per cent in aggregate duration. The average duration of a fault fell from 14·25 to 13·44 hours.

Preventable and Unpreventable causes.

78. Faults from preventable causes show an increase from 317 lasting 4,419 hours to 359 lasting 5,223 hours and those from unpreventable causes, an increase from 2,295 to 2,566 in number and a decrease in duration from 35,373 hours to 36,316 hours.

Faults in Offices.

79. Faults in offices show an increase of 39 or 17·41 per cent in number and 413 hours or 13·53 per cent in duration.

Unknown Causes.

80. Faults due to unknown causes have decreased by 43 or 5·65 per cent in number and 927 hours or 11·02 per cent in duration.

Storms.

81. Extensive damage to telegraph lines was caused by severe cyclones which passed over the Malabar Coast in May, Eastern Bengal on the night of the 17th-18th October and the East Coast on the morning of the 27th of October 1909.

82. In June 1909 half a mile of telegraph line was washed away by floods at the foot of the hills below Cherrapoonji.

ELECTRICAL.

83. As soon as information was received that the Peninsular and Oriental mail steamers to Bombay were to be fitted with radio-telegraph apparatus, arrangements were made to erect a radio-telegraph office at Bombay. This was opened in October 1909 and communicates with the mail steamers fitted with radio apparatus for a distance of about 350 miles. A radio-telegraph office was also opened at Jask in December and was subsequently handed over to the Indo-European Telegraph Department. **Radio telegraphy**

84. During the cold weather season and at night, when the physical conditions are peculiarly favourable for radio-telegraphy, it was found possible to hold communication over long distances with out stations though they are designed for regular work for distances of only about 300 miles. The stations at Jask and Bombay were frequently able to communicate, the distance being 1,100 miles. Jask was also able to exchange communication with the S. S. "Morea" at a distance of 1,200 miles. Calcutta communicated with a naval vessel 200 miles south of Colombo and received signals from one at Singapore, distance 1,500 miles.

85. A severe magnetic storm was experienced on the 26th of September 1909 and the natural currents resulting therefrom in the wires seriously interfered with the working of the lines. This storm was also experienced on the continent of Europe and in America and for a time disorganised the telegraph systems. It was remarkable not only for its intensity but for the variations in the direction of the currents experienced on the wires, though, on the whole, lines whose general direction was North and South were less disturbed than those where it was East and West. Work on the Baudôt systems entirely failed but other systems failed at intervals only when the natural current exceeded a certain value. The storm had no effect on radio-telegraphic communication. **Magnetic Storm**

86. Two additional Baudôt circuits were installed between Calcutta and Rangoon, one *via* Akyab with a repeater at Akyab, and the other *via* Assam with a repeater at Gauhati and a re-transmitter at Mandalay. An additional Baudôt circuit between Calcutta and Bombay was also brought into use in the busy season. The Baudôt circuits have worked on the whole very successfully and have disposed of a large amount of traffic. **Baudôt Apparat**

87. The Government Telephone system of Madras has been re-organised and a modern Central Battery Telephone system installed. It is believed that this will prove satisfactory to the subscribers as the service is very much improved. **Telephones.**

STORES AND WORKSHOPS.

88. The store depôts at Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Madras and Rangoon imported and exported 825,930 packages in all as compared with 940,273 in the previous year. About 106 tons of stores, effecting a saving of Rs. 1,588 only, were carried by Government steamers from Bombay and Rangoon. No stores were sent by Government steamers from Calcutta during the year. Unserviceable stores in depôts and agencies were sold and Rs. 23,659 realised thereby. **Store Branch.**

89. The value of the outturn in the workshops during the year was Rs. 9,52,000 as against 11,27,000 last year. The decrease is chiefly in the value of the output of construction and other stores which amounted to Rs. 1,96,000. There was an increase in the value of instruments completed of Rs. 37,000. **Workshops.**

90. The total value of the outturn is made up of stores 69·56 per cent; labour 21·31 per cent; establishment and contingencies 9·13 per cent.

PERSONAL.

91. Mr. T. D. Berrington relinquished the office of Director-General on the 5th of December 1909 and proceeded on two years' furlough.

92. The work in the Direction continued very heavy throughout the year and was increased during the last quarter by the preliminary arrangements that had to be made for the introduction of the Circle Scheme on the 1st of April 1910. I am much indebted to Messrs. C. Streatfeild-James and R. Meredith for the valuable assistance they gave me in this important work.

93. An honorarium of Rs. 750 was granted to Mr. J. D. Bunyan, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, for designing a special switch for use on branch circuits which has proved very valuable.

SIMLA;
The 3rd October 1910.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Offg. Director-General of Telegraphs.

Classification of telegraph lines according to purposes for which maintained for the year 1909-10.

(Referred to in paragraphs 8 and 68.)

	Miles of Line.			Miles of Wire.			Miles of Cable.			Miles of Cable Conductors.		
	To end of previous year.	1909-10.	To end of 1909-10.	To end of previous year.	1909-10.	To end of 1909-10.	To end of previous year.	1909-10.	To end of 1909-10.	To end of previous year.	1909-10.	To end of 1909-10.
INDIAN TELEGRAPH.												
Departmental property in joint use ...	25,973·19	972·02	26,945·21	...	...	...	9·92	1·08	11·00	...	...	...
In Departmental use only	25,931·53	171·63	27,103·16	170,712·17	2,018·08	172,730·25	238·74	—37·95	200·79	1,247·14	214·27	1,461·41
In use by guaranteed and subsidised lines	2,369·94	537·93	2,907·87	3,012·42	525·15	3,537·57	2·46	—·44	2·02	2·46	—·44	2·02
Property of Native States worked by the Department.	250·99	11·14	262·13	458·58	17·30	475·88	..	...	...	...	...	...
Departmental property rented to Railways	7,179·78	630·28	7,810·06	86,598·65	1,840·05	88,438·70	7·82	—3·23	4·59	49·95	—·83	49·12
Railway property maintained by the Department.	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·70	...	3·70	27·60	...	27·60
Departmental property rented to canals	4,816·10	86·27	4,902·37	6,798·68	207·91	7,006·59	...	...	...	1·72	...	1·72
Canal property maintained by the Department.	259·66	84·65	344·31	...	147·34	147·34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Private lines	1,919·86	218·30	2,138·16	10,130·85	887·54	11,018·39	94·53	10·05	104·58	1,534·88	815·20	2,350·08
Railway property rented to Telegraph Department.	6·57	...	6·57	19·71	...	19·71	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ...	69,707·62	2,712·22	72,419·84	277,731·06	5,643·37	283,374·43	357·17	—30·49	326·68	2,863·75	1,028·20	3,891·95

Revenue receipts for five years.

(Referred to in paragraphs 2 to 6.)

YEAR.	MESSAGE REVENUE. Paid Messages. State.	Paid Messages. Private.	Free messages.	Total.	Claims for State Railways.	Claims from Guaranteed Native States and assisted Railways and Canals.	Rent of local and private lines and claims from guarantors.	Sale of books, forms and maps.	Telegraph Gazettes	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
06	16,75,380	75,70,672	1,47,057	93,94,309	18,64,2[illegible]6	5,52,278	2,82,412	9,380	17,417	1,14,170	122,34,172
07	16,00,379	78,57,525	1,62,688	96,80,592	19,50,596	5,14,967	3,27,796	10,035	14,532	79,728	1,25,78,846
08	17,24,676	83,08,629	2,20,909	1,02,54,214	20,77,647	5,24,6[illegible]6	3,95,708	10,230	18,205	81,905	1,33,57,574
09	10,52,285	80,87,520	2,31,125	99,70,030	21,71,579	5,53,410	5,25,019	7,292	12,461	1,12,309	1,33,53,051
10	8,26,155	78,01,404	1,81,798	88,09,357	20,99,307	5,54,895	5,20,853	11,105	14,194	1,09,508	1,21,19,219

Revenue charges for five years.

YEAR.	LINE MAINTENANCE. Repairs to lines and buildings.	Establishment.	Office stores.	Share of Direction Accounts and Superintendence. * Establishment	Share of Direction Accounts and Superintendence. * Office stores.	Total.	SIGNALLING. Check Office. * Establishment	Check Office. * Office stores	Departmental Offices. Imperial. Establishment	Imperial. Office stores.	Imperial. Repairs to buildings	Postal combined. Establishment.	Postal combined. Office stores.	Postal combined. Repairs to buildings.	Railway and Canal Offices. Establishment.	Railway and Canal Offices. Office stores	Private line Offices. Establishment.	Private line Offices. Office stores.	Share of Direction Accounts and Superintendence. * Establishment	Share of Direction Accounts and Superintendence. * Office stores.	Saleable books, forms and maps.	Telegraph Gazettes.	Telegraph and postage stamps.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	R[illegible]	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
6 ...	8,45,798	5,24,915	13,158	5,80,460	1,59,148	22,23,479	1,07,727	2,050	43,56,565	2,31,633	6[illegible],280	919,460	22,361	7,876	1,52,337	50,790	55,806	33,041	5,80,459	1,59,149	—125	6,431	13,470	67,62,306
7 ...	9,68,882	6,50,150	17,834	5,22,008	1,58,350	23,17,224	1,16,241	7,932	47,87,[illegible]	2,27,275	78,324	10,35,352	24,325	8,575	1,60,890	7[illegible],471	65,971	68,080	5,22,009	1,58,351	110	6,576	7,563	73,45,851
8 ...	11,24,915	7,69,834	43,105	7,85,602	2,39,059	29,62,515	1,28,253	3,062	53,79,791	2,13,298	72,32[illegible]	10,[illegible]1,802	36,523	10,348	1,63,918	77,273	81,643	49,205	7,85,602	2,39,060	285	6,356	4,908	83,23,653
9 ...	11,09,757	8,11,143	38,811	7,98,862	1,87,265	29,45,838	1,35,777	3,246	56,97,939	2,82,319	86,755	11,[illegible]1,196	31,452	11,396	1,[illegible]9,707	62,348	89,972	42,916	7,98,862	1,87,265	744	7,604	...	87,99,492
0 ...	10,80,261	8,32,733	18,388	8,96,307	1,53,076	29,[illegible]0,705	1,33,148	2,066	58,99,915	3,24,021	74,250	12,09,578	36,397	21,130	1,64,916	67,839	90,050	41,470	8,96,307	1,53,076	246	5,866	14,602	91,32,019

*These items constitute the *General charges* referred to in paragraph 4.

Result of operations for five years.

YEAR.	Capital expenditure to end of year	Receipts.	Revenue. Charges	Revenue. Net revenue.	Percentage of net revenue on Capital Expended	Miles of line.	Miles of wire, including cable.	Number of signal officers.	Number of messages. Inland.	Number of messages. Foreign.	Number of messages. Total.	Value of messages. Inland.	Value of messages. Foreign.	Value of messages. Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.							Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
6	9,30,67,579	1,22,34,172	80,85,785	32,48,387	3·49	64,730·59	243,840·42	2,309	9,354,283	1,106,834	10,461,117	69,30,550	23,15,802	92,46,352
7	9,87,64,549	1,25,78,846	96,63,075	29,15,771	2·95	67,586·94	259,948·46	2,438	10,199,487	1,185,679	11,385,166	72,73,612	22,44,292	95,17,904
8	10,23,55,723	1,33,57,574	1,12,86,168	20,71,406	2·01	68,939·79	271,943·82	2,544	11,506,387	1,243,536	12,749,923	77,36,084	22,97,221	1,00,33,305
9	10,64,50,700	1,33,53,051	1,17,45,330	8,97,721	1·51	70,064·79	280,594·81	2,658	11,838,131	1,168,647	13,006,778	76,99,911	20,39,894	97,39,805

Proportion of International traffic to and from India, exclusive of transit traffic over the several routes to Europe for the year 1909-10.

(Referred to in paragraph 60.)

ROUTE.		NUMBER OF TELEGRAMS AND THE NUMBER OF WORDS BY EACH ROUTE.						PERCENTAGES.					
		FROM INDIA.		TO INDIA.		TOTAL.		FROM INDIA.		TO INDIA.		TOTAL.	
		No.	Words	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.
O-EUROPEAN :	*Viâ* Teheran ...	148,116	1,244,002	78,166	759,295	226,282	2,003,297	48·40	46·10	30·22	31·63	40·07	39·29
	Viâ Turkey ...	1,919	14,898	2,656	20,937	4,575	35,835	0·63	0·55	1·03	·87	0·81	0·70
	Persian Gulf, *Viâ* Karachi.	4,759	67,834	3,422	64,782	8,181	132,616	1·56	2·51	1·32	2·70	1·45	2·60
D SEA ...	*Viâ* Suez ...	151,205	1,371,876	174,424	1,555,848	325,629	2,927,724	49·41	50·84	67·43	64·80	57·67	57·41
	TOTAL ...	305,999	2,698,610	258,668	2,400,862	564,667	5,099,472	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00

Abstract of the foreign traffi

(Referred to i

CLASS OF TELEGRAMS.	WEST.							
	Vid Teheran.		*Vid* Turkey.		Persian Gulf.		*Vid* Suez.	
	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.
INDIAN.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Sent ... State ...	928	117	406	107	28,716	5,702	148,723	14,187
Sent ... Private ...	1,243,074	3,01,020	14,492	3,879	39,118	7,955	1,223,153	299,769
Received State ...	8,744	1,410	620	130	49,147	10,320	83,234	6,469
Received Private ...	750,551	1,26,823	20,317	4,102	15,635	3,485	1,472,614	2,42,380
TOTAL ...	2,003,297	4,29,370	35,835	8,218	132,616	27,462	2,927,724	5,62,805
TRANSIT.								
From East to West—								
Received *Vid* Madras ...	1,974	410	2,048	425	...	...	1,561,787	3,18,96
Received From Ceylon ...	39,093	7,139	140	32	669	135	209,788	35,40
Received *Vid* Moulmein ...	3,612	1,625	...	...	...	...	62,172	27,87
Received *Vid* Bhamo ...	4	1	...	...	...	...	50	1
From West to East—								
Sent ... *Vid* Madras ...	31,127	6,526	8,875	1,861	83	17	1,657,988	3,02,06
Sent ... To Ceylon ...	51,718	8,953	1,518	260	1,299	268	188,513	30,44
Sent ... *Vid* Moulmein ...	2,154	952	1,631	734	...	...	47,027	21,21
Sent ... *Vid* Bhamo ...	...	..	181	38	...	...	...	...
From West to West—								
Received *Vid* Bombay ...	26,322	5,528	1,002	210	726	152	...	...
Sent ... *Vid* Bombay ...	17,186	1,813	1,720	346	4,378	872	...	...
From East to East—								
Received *Vid* Madras ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Received From Ceylon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Received *Vid* Moulmein ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Received *Vid* Bhamo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ...	173,190	32,947	17,115	3,906	7,155	1,444	3,727,325	7,35,97

DIX D.

r the year 1909-10.

ragraph 60.)

EAST.								RADIO-TELEGRAMS.		TOTAL.	
Vid MADRAS.		CEYLON.		*Vid* RANGOON		*Vid* BHAMO.					
Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
14,468	2,921	6,373	908	227	101	1,259	180	...	...	201,100	24,223
533,015	2,16,760	1,477,310	92,614	38,235	14,436	10,173	1,925	1,675	491	4,580,545	9,38,849
17,212	5,136	38,514	5,825	260	125	5,870	960	...	...	203,601	30,376
402,271	1,49,652	756,405	93,241	35,860	16,071	6,663	834	2,164	541	3,462,480	6,37,129
966,966	3,74,469	2,278,602	1,92,588	74,582	30,733	23,965	3,899	4,139	1,032	8,447,726	16,30,577
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,565,809	3,19,800
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	249,690	42,711
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65,784	29,500
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,698,073	3,10,464
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	243,048	39,924
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50,812	22,901
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	181	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,050	5,890
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,284	3,031
...	...	62,931	21,009	4,325	1,409	...	...	...	...	67,256	22,418
60,263	23,465	...	...	1,464	774	920	223	...	...	62,647	24,465
2,769	1,246	5,165	2,553	...	...	15	3	...	...	7,949	3,80
24	5	429	90	350	74	...	...	...	...	803	16
63,056	24,716	68,525	23,652	6,139	2,257	935	226	...	...	4,063,440	8,25,12
								TOTAL	...	12,511,166	24,55,69
								Adjustments	...	...	—2,40,69

APPE

Showing the growth of the Telegraph Department a

NOTE.—The figures for each year from 1850-51 to 1904-

(Referred

Year.	Miles of		Number of offices.			Number of paid telegrams.									Total number paid telegram
						Foreign.			Inland.			Total.			
	Line.	Wire, including cable.	Departmental.	Postal combined.	Total.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	
1854-55 ...	3,255	3,314	48	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1859-60 ...	10,589	10,944	131	...	131	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1864-65 ...	13,258	14,157	174	...	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1869-70 ...	13,793	21,378	190	...	190	...	43,291	...	39,403	371,924	...	39,403	415,215	...	454,618
1874-75 ...	16,155	33,347	216	...	216	1,305	100,338	...	77,226	658,522	...	78,531	754,654	4,206	837,391
1879-80 ...	20,520	52,914	262	...	262	3,272	251,287	...	290,622	1,037,330	...	293,894	1,288,267	7,330	1,562,511
1884-85 ...	25,387	75,115	254	267	521	6,088	359,352	877	286,966	1,351,818	12,996	293,054	1,711,170	13,873	2,018,097
1889-90 ...	35,379	106,369	248	632	880	5,947	438,313	3,224	493,442	2,166,856	21,789	499,389	2,605,169	28,013	3,132,571
1894-95 ...	44,645	138,526	253	1,109	1,362	6,804	564,202	3,094	585,571	3,205,353	26,202	592,375	3,769,555	29,296	4,391,226
1899-1900 ...	52,900	171,049	239	1,612	1,851	11,669	816,300	6,521	702,055	4,655,527	45,226	713,724	5,471,827	51,750	6,237,301
1900-01 ...	55,055	182,179	248	1,691	1,939	17,423	876,476	6,078	805,216	4,701,458	42,721	822,639	5,577,934	48,799	6,449,372
1901-02 ...	55,82[illegible]	190,887	241	1,765	2,006	16,154	886,834	5,606	802,988	4,727,176	36,787	819,142	5,614,010	42,393	6,475,545
1902-03 ...	56,830	200,533	245	1,806	2,051	16,541	878,722	6,170	858,8[illegible]	4,939,127	42,667	875,408	5,817,849	48,837	6,742,094
1903-04 ...	59,692	212,530	258	1,859	2,127	16,296	890,440	6,564	812,490	5,542,208	39,089	828,786	6,432,648	45,653	7,307,087
1904-05 ..	61,[illegible]84	227,749	272	1,917	2,189	16,942	990,477	8,022	801,170	7,241,710	40,024	818,1[illegible]2	8,232,187	48,046	9,098,345
1905-06 ...	64,73[illegible]	243,840	280	2,029	2,309	15,96[illegible]	1,082,937	7,934	857,606	8,452,806	43,871	873,569	9,535,743	51,805	10,461,117
1906-07 ...	67,587	259,948	280	2,158	2,438	15,85[illegible]	1,162,660	7,160	891,145	9,248,491	59,850	907,004	10,411,152	67,010	11,385,166
1907-08 ...	68,940	271,944	279	2,[illegible]65	2,544	16,361	1,219,767	7,408	968,418	10,473,913	64,056	984,779	11,693,680	71,464	12,749,923
1908-09 ...	70,065	280,895	280	2,378	2,658	15,830	1,144,512	8,315	976,208	10,699,440	162,483	992,038	11,843,952	170,798	13,006,778
1909-10 ...	72,746	287,268	279	2,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

X.E.

s operations from 1850-51 to 1909-10.

given in the Administration Report for 1904-05.

paragraphs 2 to 8 and 68.)

mber lews etc., grams.	VALUE OF PAID TELEGRAMS.									Total value of paid telegrams.	Pro forma value of News-free, etc., telegrams.	Year.
	Foreign.			Inland.			Total.					
	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	...	...	...	24,050	40,750	...	24,050	40,760	...	64,810	...	1854-55.
	...	...	...	1,15,980	4,10,210	...	1,15,980	4,10,210	...	5,26,190	...	1859-60.
	...	...	...	1,13,818	7,92,558	...	1,13,818	7,92,558	...	9,06,376	10,048	1864-65.
,595	...	2,55,853	...	1,56,750	7,38,967	...	1,31,760	9,94,220	...	11,30,980	35,493	1869-70.
,365	11,053	5,74,675	...	2,57,315	10,73,835	...	2,68,368	16,30,590	17,820	19,16,878	1,58,570	1874-75.
,856	49,232	9,79,809	...	11,86,626	15,32,553	...	12,35,868	24,61,164	51,498	37,48,530	1,13,973	1879-80.
,683	52,403	12,73,315	3,938	6,63,648	14,55,.86	49,347	7,16,141	27,.8,501	53,285	34,98,027	29,349	1884-85.
,464	45,244	17,58,047	18,175	9,46,586	21,99,087	79,213	9,91,830	39,37,134	97,388	50,26,352	45,363	1889-90.
546	56,993	19,97,375	18,678	11,52,952	31,13,170	1,03,804	12,09,845	51,10,545	1,21,482	64,41,872	1,14,572	1894-95.
3521	80,932	21,14,782	32,286	16,63,062	42,59,729	1,57,502	17,43,984	63,74,511	1,89,788	83,08,282	1,36,757	1899-1900.
	1,40,076	23,85,596	31,379	22,99,777	42,64,148	1,46,917	24,39,853	66,49,744	1,78,296	92,67,893	1,92,226	1900-01.
360	1,21,545	23,17,494	36,951	20,54,210	40,34,897	1,46,699	21,75,755	63,42,391	1,73,550	86,91,696	1,18,232	1901-02.
105	1,10,218	19,59,836	30,998	21,53,612	41,95,642	1,74,452	22,63,830	61,55,478	2,05,450	86,24,758	1,82,716	1902-03.
303	1,15,600	19,64,554	38,454	18,14,954	44,11,851	1,43,732	19,30,554	63,76,405	1,72,186	84,79,145	1,63,076	1903-04.
30	1,18,033	22,21,835	42,003	15,87,734	47,46,565	93,449	17,05,757	69,69,400	1,35,452	88,10,608	1,18,791	1904-05.
89	73,436	22,00,853	41,523	16,01,954	52,11,797	1,16,799	16,75,380	74,12,650	1,58,322	93,46,358	1,47,957	1905-06.
30	54,740	21,51,852	38,891	16,06,130	55,02,496	1,64,986	16,60,379	76,54,348	2,03,177	95,17,904	1,62,688	1906-07.
39	60,078	21,95,455	41,639	16,64,598	58,93,888	1,77,597	17,24,676	80,89,343	2,19,286	1,00,33,305	2,20,909	1907-08.
19	51,490	19,41,779	46,625	16,00,795	59,31,439	1,77,677	16,52,285	78,63,218	2,24,302	97,39,805	2,31,125	1908-09.

APPENDIX F.

Showing the working expenses per telegram, under Signalling and Line maintenance and the avera value of a paid telegram from 1893-94 to 1909-10.

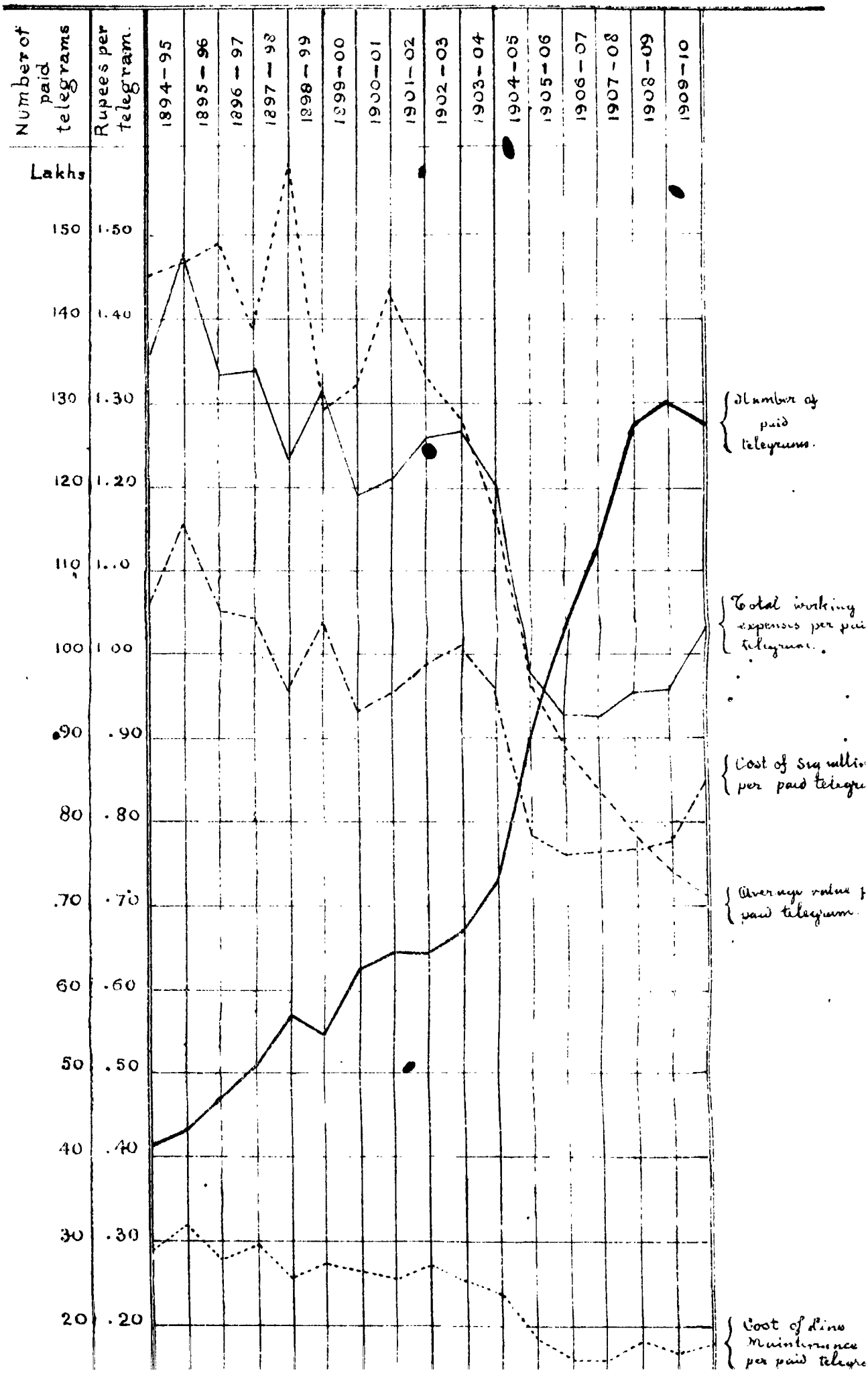
(Referred to in paragraph 6.)

Year.	Totals in lakhs.				Working expenses per telegram.			Average value of a paid tele-gram.
		Working expenses.						
	Number of paid telegrams.	Line maintenance.	Signalling.	Total.	Line maintenance.	Signalling.	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R
1893-94	41·85	12·05	44·71	56·76	·288	1·068	1·356	1
1894-95	43·91	14·12	50·77	64·89	·321	1·156	1·477	1
1895-96	47·37	13·33	49·89	63·22	·281	1·053	1·334	1
1896-97	50·77	15·07	52·86	67·93	·296	1·041	1·337	1
1897-98	57·13	14·72	55·39	70·11	·258	·969	1·227	
1898-99	54·49	14·98	56·70	71·68	·275	1·040	1·315	
1899-1900	62·37	16·56	57·97	74·53	·265	·929	1·194	
1900-01	64·49	16·30	61·83	78·13	·253	·958	1·211	
1901-02	64·75	17·69	64·15	81·84	·273	·990	1·263	
1902-03	67·42	17·50	68·12	85·62	·259	1·010	1·269	
1903-04	73·07	17·60	70·50	88·10	·241	·964	1·205	
1904-05	90·98	17·28	71·75	89·03	·190	·788	·978	
1905-06	104·61	17·31	79·67	96·98	·165	·762	·927	
1906-07	113·85	18·40	86·91	105·31	·161	·763	·924	
1907-08	127·50	23·19	98·13	121·32	·182	·769	·951	
1908-09	130·07	22·45	102·12	124·57	·172	·785	·957	
1909-10	120·84	21·76	102·44	124·20	·180	·847	1·027	

DIAGRAM

SHEWING

FOR EACH YEAR, FROM 1894-95 TO 1909-1910, THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS, THE WORKING EXPENSES AND THE AVERAGE VALUE OF A TELEGRAM (REFERRED TO IN PARA 6).



Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
			Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
	During 2nd-half of 1909.	During official year 1909-10.	1909.	1910.	8th October 1909.	8th October 1910.	1909.	1910.	8th October 1909.	8th October 1910.			8th October 1909.	8th October 1910.		
	R	R	*Miles.*	*Miles.*	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
tate and Guaranteed Railways.																
al-Nagpur (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	207	243	2,350	2,367	5,10,246	5,14,000	217	217	59,76,348	68,42,000	8,65,652	...	1,39,41,279	1,48,42,000	9,00,721	...
rada Extension	268	308	21	21	4,871	4,800	232	229	71,161	80,500	9,339	...	1,55,563	1,75,000	19,437	...
bay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. ramgam-Wadhwan Section, 3′ 3⅜″ gauge)	749	878	504	504	3,28,064	3,89,000	651	772	46,27,203	49,04,000	2,76,797	...	1,12,16,214	1,16,42,000	4,25,786	...
agda-Muttra	50	55	339	339	13,791	24,000	41	71	1,45,623	3,20,000	1,74,377	...	2,55,844	6,86,000	4,30,156	...
ern Bengal (including 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ uge lines)	390	356	1,497	1,501	6,48,312	7,19,000	433	479	78,17,871	76,96,000	...	1,21,871	1,35,57,029	1,35,05,000	...	52,029
Indian	646	681	2,337	2,337	15,73,795	17,87,000	673	765	1,96,67,686	2,20,33,000	23,65,314	...	4,04,52,596	4,42,37,000	37,84,404	...
t Indian Peninsula	603	679	1,607	1,607	7,64,353	7,76,000	476	483	95,66,180	1,09,28,000	13,61,820	...	2,20,24,604	2,56,78,000	36,53,396	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	243	236	126	126	27,802	37,100	221	294	3,60,133	4,56,000	95,867	...	7,22,766	9,56,000	2,33,234	...
Baran-Kotah	32	31	40	40	1,070	900	27	23	16,806	23,300	6,494	...	29,164	54,700	25,536	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itársi)	213	229	916	916	1,89,665	1,88,000	207	205	21,16,663	23,22,000	2,05,337	...	48,07,534	54,17,000	6,09,466	...
ras and Southern Mahratta (including 3⅜″ gauge lines)	211	226	2,578	2,584	5,53,002	5,15,000	215	199	74,66,378	75,19,000	52,622	...	1,53,58,326	1,64,40,000	10,81,674	...
th Western (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	339	373	3,670	3,718	11,10,120	13,00,000	302	350	1,76,19,449	2,08,04,000	31,84,551	...	3,67,20,604	3,79,48,000	12,27,396	...
h and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-urhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	213	241	1,298	1,402	2,27,954	3,20,000	176	228	35,63,154	43,95,000	8,31,846	...	82,64,747	95,52,000	12,87,253	...
dwar-Dehra	209	228	32	32	6,168	6,800	193	212	84,485	98,500	14,015	...	1,87,267	2,13,000	25,733	...
am-Bengal	123	122	771	790	1,08,548	1,11,000	141	141	12,51,794	13,75,000	1,23,206	...	23,95,759	25,83,000	1,87,241	...
ma	201	247	1,527	1,527	3,15,012	2,48,000	206	162	40,46,070	41,34,000	87,930	...	92,88,107	94,81,000	1,92,893	...
hpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	134	135	124	124	13,788	13,100	111	106	2,00,249	2,07,000	6,751	...	4,12,042	4,32,000	19,958	...
know-Bareilly	132	153	200	206	24,259	23,200	121	113	3,34,401	4,16,000	81,599	...	8,18,742	9,73,000	1,54,258	...
sore State (including Kolar Gold-Fields ′ 6″)	126	134	411	411	57,266	51,900	139	126	7,10,676	7,18,000	7,324	...	14,33,100	15,85,000	1,51,900	...
anpur-Deesa	49	62	17	17	907	1,000	53	59	11,065	11,600	535	...	29,939	29,700	...	239
jputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-agda, 5′ 6″ gauge)	234	259	1,914	1,914	3,84,986	4,59,000	201	240	54,04,351	64,45,000	10,40,649	...	1,22,94,956	1,40,12,000	17,17,044	...
uth Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge ines)	294	299	1,396	1,396	3,85,188	4,23,000	276	303	56,45,746	58,82,000	2,36,254	...	1,13,36,767	1,17,30,000	3,93,233	...
Travancore Branch	121	115	108	108	13,006	13,300	120	123	1,88,635	1,93,000	4,365	...	3,47,605	3,72,000	24,395	...
hoot State	158	191	775	776	1,[illegible]314	99,000	140	128	14,61,255	16,52,000	1,90,745	...	37,77,889	42,41,000	4,63,111	...

Amritsar-Patti	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	114	[illegible]	11,200	162	98	1,07,913	[illegible]	3,087	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	120	139	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6,800	39	46	58,212	76,200	17,988	...	1,49,320	1,73,000	23,680		...
Bina-Goona-Baran	33	40	148	148	[illegible]	[illegible]	272	[illegible]	5,33,011	5,94,000	60,989	...	11,01,584	12,40,000	1,38,416		...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	278	279	162	162	[illegible]	2,000	97	125	113,548	26,000	12,452	...	38,299	49,400	11,101		...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	91	103	16	16	[illegible]												
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	132	144	79	79	9,017	12,000	114	152	1,31,143	1,61,000	29,857	...	3,33,146	5,13,000	1,79,854		...
Nagda-Ujjain	100	141	34	34	2,888	[illegible],300	85	68	34,463	41,500	7,037	...	1,19,807	1,15,000	...		4,807
Nizam's Guaranteed State	260	284	334	334	76,928	72,800	230	218	9,84,507	11,42,000	1,57,493	...	22,40,813	25,27,000	2,86,187		...
Petlad-Cambay	113	136	34	34	3,481	3,000	102	88	51,848	49,700	...	2,148	1,24,147	1,35,000	10,853		...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	224	237	107	106	18,935	20,000	177	189	2,89,594	2,72,000	...	17,594	6,87,873	6,26,000	...		61,873
Southern Punjab	149	157	425	424	55,313	70,000	130	165	7,24,262	9,86,000	2,61,738	...	15,66,244	22,13,000	6,46,756		...
—" Ludhiana" Extension	101	102	155	152	14,317	20,000	92	132	2,24,241	2,76,000	51,759	...	4,30,824	5,31,000	1,00,176		..
Sutlej Valley (a)	...	...	...	209	...	19,000	...	91	...	2,06,000	2,06,000	...	...	2,06,000	2,06,000		...
Tapti Valley	121	146	155	155	13,760	12,500	82	81	1,52,314	1,65,000	12,686	...	4,66,237	4,18,000	11,763		...
Tarkessur	269	321	22	22	6,768	7,900	308	359	78,598	90,400	11,802	...	1,89,377	2,02,000	12,623		...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	61	68	34	34	1,841	1,900	54	56	25,993	28,800	2,807	...	62,189	68,100	5,911		...
Ahmedabad-Parantij	93	108	55	55	4,684	4,600	85	84	65,391	68,200	2,809	...	1,61,131	1,65,000	3,869		...
Bengal and North-Western	113	138	1,092	1,119	1,05,086	1,02,000	96	91	16,30,135	17,76,000	1,45,865	...	40,59,661	44,11,000	3,51,339		...
Bengal-Dooars	153	137	153	153	24,391	29,600	159	193	3,21,510	3,17,000	...	4,510	5,24,361	5,41,000	16,639		...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	112	121	52	52	5,042	5,100	97	98	85,516	73,300	...	12,216	1,70,748	1,58,000	...		12,748
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	101	123	459	459	37,955	43,200	83	94	5,70,788	6,75,000	1,04,212	...	14,19,192	15,90,000	1,70,808		...
Dibru-Sadiya	291	278	78	78	23,954	22,000	307	282	3,23,123	3,17,000	...	6,123	5,81,931	6,12,000	30,069		...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	63	78	179	179	8,965	10,200	50	57	1,40,128	1,63,000	22,872	...	3,64,330	3,94,000	29,670		...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	141	171	392	392	39,843	35,100	102	90	5,39,035	6,39,000	99,965	...	13,87,940	16,80,000	2,92,060		...
Jaipur	43	43	73	73	3,158	1,700	43	23	44,207	41,600	...	2,667	74,149	99,100	24,951		...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	72	84	776	831	53,334	54,100	69	65	6,78,993	8,92,000	2,13,007	...	14,92,880	19,69,000	4,76,120		...
Kolhapur	136	160	29	29	3,759	4,300	130	148	46,948	63,500	16,552	...	1,08,901	1,37,000	28,099		...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo	28	25	50	50	1,521	1,500	30	30	14,908	20,[illegible]00	5,992	...	(b) 22,627	41,700	19,073		...
Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	91	101	93	93	7,397	7,100	80	76	1,19,289	1,24,000	4,711	...	2,61,004	2,93,000	31,996		...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	137	130	54	55	6,909	10,100	128	184	90,225	99,900	9,675	...	1,65,074	1,73,000	7,926		...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	107	122	214	214	26,590	22,200	124	104	3,40,822	3,77,000	36,178	...	7,56,652	8,02,000	45,348		...
Sangli	127	151	5	5	807	600	161	120	7,928	8,700	772	...	19,915	20,200	285		...
Shoranur-Cochin	141	158	65	65	8,016	9,500	123	146	1,29,135	1,33,000	3,865	...	2,78,425	[illegible],000	6,575		...
Tanjore District Board	122	130	103	103	10,792	12,800	105	124	1,74,217	1,93,000	18,783	...	3,61,637	3,93,000	31,363		...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	60	68	67	67	4,825	2,900	72	43	49,968	50,800	832	...	1,16,848	1,19,000	2,152		...
Barsi	177	179	78	78	5,425	5,100	70	65	1,50,801	1,49,000	...	1,801	3,16,729	3,03,000	...		13,729
Cooch Behar	111	105	34	33	3,759	3,600	111	109	45,169	41,300	...	3,869	85,682	92,000	5,318		...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	82	108	94	94	6,221	5,700	66	61	99,193	1,06,000	6,807	...	2,65,123	3,03,000	36,877		...
Rajpipla	34	47	37	37	982	1,200	27	32	17,227	19,800	2,573	...	42,582	49,100	6,518		...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	387	377	51	51	21,007	25,000	412	490	2,44,776	2,54,000	9,224	...	5,14,958	5,45,000	30,042		...
TOTAL	126	142	6,130	6,444	6,89,192	7,39,200	112	115	94,68,083	1,10,11,600	15,43,517	...	2,15,64,144	2,48,58,600	32,94,456		...
GRAND TOTAL	276	302	39,718	31,237	80,61,853	87,65,100	262	281	10,78,47,395	12,04,92,800	1,26,45,405	...	23,14,43,740	25,16,93,500	2,02,49,760		..

(a) Opened from 6th July 1910.

(b) From 2nd May 1909.

C. F. ANDERSON, *Captain, R.E.*,
for *Secretary, Railway Board.*

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The Gazette of India.

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1910.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 12th October 1910.

From the 12th November next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 5th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

" It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

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4. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 2, Bankshall Street.

Madras—General Record Department, Fort St. George.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Record Room of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Lucknow—Office of the Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. R a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) Bill to amend the Inventions and Designs Act	1 0
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(d) Inventions and Designs for the year 1905	1 0
" " " " 1906	1 0
" " " " 1907	1 0
" " " " 1908	1 0
" " " " 1909	1 0
" " " January to March 1910	0 8
" " " April to June 1910	0 8
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0

J. W. MEARES,
Offg. Secretary under the Inventions and Designs Act, V of 1888.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 49 OF 1910.

In the matter of Hajee Mahomed Usoof, Merchant, of No. 9 Brooking Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Hajee Mahomed Usoof, Merchant, of No. 9 Brooking Street, Rangoon, on the 29th day of September 1910, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Hajee Mahomed Usoof.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 30th day of September 1910.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased for cash only by Government [illegible]ers and the general public from the Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1910 are :—

	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one *delivery.*			*[illegible]ail rate* [illegible] quantity below *one delivery.*	
	R	a.	p		p.
16-oz. tins	5	0	0	[illegible]	0
8 „ „	2	8	0	3	0 0
4 „ „	1	4	0	1	8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge is sold also by the [illegible] Druggists in Calcutta.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
   (*a*) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (*b*) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

Specimens of Persian Manuscripts for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6. Forwarded V. P. P., on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 4, Park Street.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909 are ready for sale. Price R3 per copy, and may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 4, Park Street.

Diwan-i-Sarkhush (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examinations in Persian ; obtainable from Board of Examiners' office, price R3 per copy.

The Kalam-i-Urdu, the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu, is now ready for issue, price R2-12.

Qaāni, one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; obtainable from the Board of Examiners' office, price R7-8 per copy.

"Dewan-i-Andalib," one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian, is obtainable from the Board of Examiners' office, price R4 per copy.

Glossary to Ar-Rauzatuz-Zakiyah, the new text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic, price R6-4 per copy, is also obtainable from this office.

* *N.B.*—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the [illegible] text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour exami[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from the Board of Examiners' office, price R5 per copy.

"Siyaha[illegible]Nama-i Ibrahim Beg," one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency exa[illegible]ination in Persian, is obtainable from the office of the Board of Examiners, 20, Park Str[illegible] Calcutta price R5 per copy.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary, Board of Examiners.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

(NAGPUR DIOCESE.)

NOTICE.

The following monuments in the Church of England Cemetery at Kamptee, C. P., are in a ruinous condition :—

1. Monument to the memory of Major James Woodward, 32nd Regiment, M. N. I., died 28th February 1850 (totally destroyed).
2. Monument to the memory of Harriet, wife of Major James Woodward, died 9th November 1849 (half the monument is destroyed).

N.B.—If no person will undertake to restore them after the 3rd issue of this notice, the monuments will be treated at the next repairs in such manner as the Chaplain may decide to be necessary for the maintenance of the cemetery in decent order.

C. PRICE,
Archdeacon of Nagpur.

4th October 1910.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 7th October 1910.

LIABILITIES.	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0	
Reserve Fund				1,73,00,000	0	0	
Public Deposits at Head Office	1,15,44,518	13	1	2,35,02,858	6	3	
Public Deposits at Branches	1,19,58,339	9	2				
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				17,34,55,511	2	5	
Bank Post Bills, etc.				5,97,171	12	1	
Sundries				13,11,618	11	7	
RUPEES				23,61,67,160	0	4	

ASSETS.	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Government Securities				2,77,93,225	0	[illegible]	
Other authorized Investments				81,10,334	0	[illegible]	
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				3,57,98,219	13	3	
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,21,18,602	2	3	
Bills discounted and purchased				3,85,98,706	15	[illegible]	
Balances with other Banks				55,95,530	15	[illegible]	
Bullion				...			
Dead Stock				21,69,900	7	9	
Stamps				11,947	8	[illegible]	
Sundries				1,20,767	9	10	
				16,03,17,234	8	[illegible]	
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	2,74,60,581	13	5	7,58,49,925	7	7	
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	4,83,89,343	10	2				
RUPEES				23,61,67,160	0	4	

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value R11,61,465 0 0
† Do. do. do. R4,35,645 0 0

R15,97,110 0 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 14th October 1910.

N. H. MATHESON,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

J. FLORENCE,
Offg. Dy. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 38·14.

BANK OF

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 15th O[illegible]ber 1910.

LIABILITIES.	R	a.	p.	ASSE[illegible]	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	[illegible],475	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,73,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investment[illegible]	[illegible]0,554	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office (R 1,25,00,633 6 5)	2,21,41,600	13	10	Loans on Government and other author[illegible]ed Securities	[illegible]69,03,116	12	0
Public Deposits at Branches (96,40,967 7 5)				Accounts of Credit on Gover[illegible]ment and other authorized [illegible] Securities	[illegible]3,45,916	8	5
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,07,89,743	9	10	Bills discounted and purchased	3,80,37,312	8	4
Bank Post Bills, etc.	5,14,673	7	7	Balances with other Banks	59,42,713	11	10
Sundries	12,98,928	8	1	Bullion	..		
				Dead Stock	21,71,316	12	0
				Stamps	11,456	0	10
				Sundries	1,18,212	4	10
					16,23,51,073	10	3
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office (* 2,41,02,548 13 10)	6,96,93,872	13	1
				Cash and [illegible]urrency Notes at Branches (†4,55,91,323 15 3)			
RUPEES	23,20,44,946	7	4	RUPEES	23,20,44,946	7	4

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value R12,33,615 0 0
† Do. do. do. R3,08,467 8 0

R15,42,082 8 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 20th October 1910.

N. H. MATHESON,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

J. FLORENCE,
Offg. Dy. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 35·78.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Sibpur, near Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1910 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 20th October 1910.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th October 1910.

	Total amount of notes in circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Securities (Purchase price).			
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.	Total.	Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	3,65,56,000	17,53,67,850	21,19,23,850	8,29,44,646	*25,70,505	7,86,970	6,36,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	2,00,00,000	26,99,76,467	(a) Nominal value R10,20,81,50
Cawnpur	...	3,13,18,475	3,13,18,475	5,24,29,295	26,83,425	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,51,12,720	(b) Nominal value R2,24,24,292
Lahore	...	374,31,930	3,74,31,930	3,39,24,203	50,11,005	...	...	...	...	...	...		3,89,35,208	
Bombay	1,58,80,050	14,59,64,285	16,18,44,335	6,05,51,226	1,75,50,539	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,81,01,765	
Karachi	...	1,42,15,370	1,42,15,370	33,78,105	13,42,545	...	...	...	...	...	-	...	47,20,650	
Madras	16,57,905	6,02,12,520	6,18,70,425	2,88,53,060	27,72,585	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,16,25,645	
Rangoon	...	2,93,89,450	2,93,89,450	6,62,98,775	27,08,820	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,90,07,595	
	5,40,93,955	49,38,99,880	54,79,93,835	32,83,78,710	3,46,39,424	7,86,970	6,36,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	2,00,00,000	54,74,80,050	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			6,13,785	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bills drawn by one circle on another									1,00,000	
Total Circulation R			54,73,80,050								Total Reserve R		54,73,80,050	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th October 1910.
† The silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 15th October 1910 to 380 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	[illegible]
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	John Brandon.* Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son)
Doyle, L., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia *alias* Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son). George Hawkins (son)
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Color Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

C. W. BUTLER, Captain,
For Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM ;

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH OCTOBER 1910.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of Dollars [illegible] the Straits Settlements Government.					
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins	Total	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	180	11	17	7	215	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	18	9	227	...	...	3	...	...	...

* { Silver tendered for British Dollar Coinage but not brought to Account 24.
Silver tendered for subsidiary coinage for the Straits Settlements Government but not brought to Account 1.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

[illegible]TY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 20th October 1910.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERA[illegible] CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD [illegible]OM 8TH TO 15TH OCTOBER 1910.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	11	17	7	215	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	2	200	...	17	7	226	16	3	16	...	...	...

* { Silver tendered for British Dollar Coinage but not brought to Account 12.
Silver tendered for subsidiary coinage for the Straits Settlements Government but not brought to Account 1.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 20th October 1910.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1910, and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1910-11.

[illegible] AND RECEIPTS.	Budget Estimate for 1910-11.	Receipts in August 1910.	Receipts from 1st April to 31st August 1910.
	R	R	R
I.—[illegible]	23,19,000	2,39,647	10,35,072
II.—[illegible]	22,000	1,326	8,619
IV.—Stamps	5,47,000	46,475	2,14,045
V.—Excise	3,00,000	19,298	1,06,182
VI.—Provincial Rates	4,000	...	295
VII. Customs	...	...	...
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	1,38,000	14,859	42,500
IX.—Forest	2,00,000	...	33,491
X.—Registration	43,000	2,809	14,122
XI.—Tributes from Native States	...	...	...
XII.—Interest	12,000	12	384
XIII.—Post Office	...	...	...
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	1,00,000	13,462	55,061
XVIB.— Do. do. —Jails	21,000	2,085	9,264
XVII.—Police	75,000	13,950	42,347
XIX.—Education	1,000	21	236
XX.—Medical	1,000	40	207
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	...	2	17
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	11,000	886	6,109
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	10,000	2,165	6,876
XXV.—Miscellaneous	1,29,000	3,535	23,18[illegible]
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works, Direct Receipts	...	...	...
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	...	...	...
XXXI.—Civil Works	1,07,000	6,031	39,845
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS	40,40,000	3,01,603	16,38,461
Add—Debt Accounts	...	35,72,351	2,15,83,683
TOTAL	...	39,38,954	2,32,22,144
Opening Cash Balance	...	17,68,102(*a*)	12,31,471(*b*)
GRAND TOTAL	...	57,07,116	2,44,53,615

(*a*) On the 1st August 1910. (*b*) On 1st April 1910.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF ACCTT. GENL., PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
17th October 1910.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1910, and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1910-11.

EXPENDITURE.	Budget Estimate for 1910-11.	Disbursements August 1910.	Disbursements 1st April to August 1910
	R	R	R
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	32,000	8,[illegible]	9,571
2.—Assignments and Compensations	19,000	224	9,104
3.—Land Revenue	6,07,000	37,531	2,51,180
6.—Stamps	21,000	1,514	6,160
7.—Excise	18,000	1,289	4,306
8.—Provincial Rates	...	...	...
10.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	65	334
11.—Forest	97,000	...	18,153
12.—Registration	10,000	760	3,934
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other Obligations	...	...	...
15.—Post Office	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	3,38,000	26,253	1,15,836
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	5,[illegible]8,000	48,274	2,35,410
19B.—Do. do.—Jails	1,47,000	12,8[illegible]3	19,333
20.—Police	16,80,000	1,22,895	6,6[illegible],767
.—Education	1,24,000	3,231	25,148
.—Ecclesiastical	38,000	3,860	15,517
.—Medical	2,00,000	8,369	43,602
.—Political	31,71,000	2,07,907	12,14,522
.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	70,000	3,533	15,675
[illegible]orial and Political Pensions	64,000	3,837	26,202
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	...	...	...
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	1,21,000	9,344	51,211
30.—Stationery and Printing	84,000	7,347	30,889
32.—Miscellaneous	34,000	1,395	10,982
33.—Famine Relief	...	...	...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	...	...	...
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	40,000	1,237	11,229
45.—Civil Works	1,02,000	1,381	6,466
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	75,86,000	5,03,926	28,24,581
Add—Debt Accounts	...	35,42,155	1,99,67,999
TOTAL	...	40,46,081	2,27,92,580
Balance on 31st August 1910	...	16,61,035	16,61,035
GRAND TOTAL	...	57,07,116	2,44,53,615

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF ACCTT. GENL., PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
17th October 1910

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 7th October 1910.

No. [illegible]-37.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 15, Sub-section 1, clause (*b*), of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), and in supersession of Notification No. 130[illegible] dated 17th May 1905, the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, [illegible] previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to impose an octroi tax at the rates specified in the schedule annexed, in the Cantonment of Nasirabad, with effect from the 1st December 1910.

No.	Names of articles.	Rates. R a. p.	Per.	REMARKS.
	I.—Articles of food and drink for men and animals.			
1	Cocoanut kernel	0 6 0	Maund.	
2	" with outer rind	0 4 0	"	
3	Ghi	0 10 0	"	
4	Grains of all descriptions—			
	Jowar, maize, gram, barley, bajra, mung, urad, arhar, masur, etc., with the exception of wheat, flour, maida and suji.	0 0 6	"	
5	Wheat, flour, maida and suji	0 0 9	"	
6	Rice	0 3 0	"	
7	Cotton seeds	0 1 0	"	
8	Sugar of superior quality, *i.e.*, white	0 6 0	"	
9	Sugar of inferior quality, *i.e.*, chaul, karkar, etc.	0 5 0	"	
10	Gur	0 1 6	"	
11	Potatoes	0 2 0	"	
12	Fresh fruits for sale only	0 2 0	"	
13	Dry fruits (almonds, raisins, date, walnut kaju, etc.)	0 4 0	"	
14	Betel leaves	0 15 0	"	
	II.—Animals for Slaughter.			
15	Sheep and goats	0 1 0	Head.	
16	Cattle	0 4 0	"	To be collected at the slaughter house.
	III.—Articles of fuel lighting and washing.			
17	Charcoal	0 6 6	Maund.	
18	Oil seeds and oil cake	0 2 0	"	
19	Soap	3 2 0	Cent.	
20	Firewood—			
	(*a*) By rail	0 10 0	100 Mds.	
	(*b*) By cart	0 1 0	Cart load.	
	(*c*) By Camel	0 0 6	Load.	
	(*d*) By other animals	0 0 3	"	

No.	Names of articles.	R	a.	p.	Remarks.
	IV.—Articles used in the construction of buildings.				
21	Munj	0	2	0	Maund.
22	Bamboos	0	[illegible]	0	"
23	Lime or chunam	0	12	6	100 [illegible]
24	Wood for building	0	4	0	Cart load.
25	Large pattis or slabs	0	2	0	"
26	Small " "	0	1	6	"
	V.—Drugs, spices and gums.				
27	Dry chillies, dhanya, zira and turmeric . . .	1	9	0	Cent.
28	Other spices, *i.e.*, pepper, cloves, dry ginger, suunf, cardamoms, betel nuts, and gum only.	3	2	0	"
29	Drugs and medicines, English and country, except cinchona and quinine.	3	2	0	"
	VI.—Tobacco.				
30	Country tobacco, raw, finer sort	0	8	0	Maund.
	Ditto common sort	0	4	0	"
	Cigars, cigarettes, and foreign tobacco . .	3	2	0	Cent.
	VII.—Piece goods and other textile fabrics and manufactured articles of clothing and dress.				
31	Cotton, cleaned and uncleaned	0	8	0	Cent.
32	" piece goods	1	9	0	"
	" daris and carpets	3	2	0	"
	[illegible]rdashery	3	2	0	"
35	[illegible]	3	2	0	"
36	Laces, gold and silver, and kalabatun for sale only .	3	2	0	"
37	Leather	1	9	0	"
38	Articles made of leather	3	2	0	"
39	Silk, raw, silk piece goods and articles made thereof	3	2	0	"
	VIII.—Metals.				
40	Gold and silver embossed or chased, and articles made thereof, and electroplated ware and watches, except bullion, coins, jewellery and wearing ornaments.	3	2	0	"
41	Metals and articles made thereof in whole or part except machinery for industry and Railway materials.	1	9	0	"
42	All mercantile articles (provisions, crockery, glassware, etc., including new furniture.)	1	9	0	"
43	All colours and aniline dyes	3	2	0	"

No. 1465—A[illegible]—In ex[illegible] powers conferred by Section 15, Sub-section (2) of the Ca[illegible]nments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-Ge[illegible]al in Council, the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased to [illegible]ply to the Cantonment of Nasirabad the following rules, in force in the Municipality [illegible] Ajmer, for the assessment and collection of octroi imposed by Notification No. 1464—A[illegible] dated the 7th October 1910:—

RULES.

Articles liable to octroi duty with exemptions.

1. S[illegible] following exemptions, and those shown as exemptions in the Octroi Schedule th[illegible] sanctioned from time to time by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner, Aj[illegible]ara, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, duty will be levied on all goods or animals for slaughter brought within the inner cordon of the Nasirabad Cantonment for use or consumption therein:—

(*a*) *Bonâ fide* passenger's luggage.

(*b*) Articles intended for private or personal use which have been previously in use.

(*c*) All articles, the duty on which would be severally less than a pice.

(*d*) All articles that have already paid octroi duty under these rules.

(*e*) Goods or animals the property in which is vested in Government at the time at which they pass the barrier if accompanied by an invoice with the endorsement of the proper officer of Government certifying that they are the property of the Government.

Explanation.—Goods or animals, the property in which is not vested in Government at the time at which they pass the barrier, but which, being imported with a view to the fulfilment of a Government Contract, or otherwise intended for the use of Government, will, in the ordinary course of things, become the property of Government after importation, shall, on passing the barrier, be declared as intended for the use of Government, *viz.*, in fulfilment of a certain specified contract. The duty on them shall then be paid and subsequently if they actually do become the property of Government the octroi duty shall be refunded on production of certificate to that effect by the departmental officer concerned.

(*f*) Parcels of fresh fruits, sweets, cakes, and the like, or of made up clo[illegible] intended for private or personal use.

(*g*) All goods imported through the Post Office, except value payable articles t[illegible] receipts for which are only sent through the Post Office.

NOTE.—The inner cordon consists of imaginary straight lines drawn from each octroi post to the octroi post on either side of it.

Assessment and collection.

2. *Octroi posts.*—Octroi posts shall be established at such points within Canto[illegible] limits as the Cantonment Authority may from time to time determine. All [illegible] animals received by rail shall be dealt with by the Head Octroi Office.

3. No goods or animals liable to octroi shall, except as laid down in Su[illegible] 2 of clause (*a*) and in clause (*b*) (1) of rule (6) be imported into the Cantonment limits until the octroi duty due thereon has been paid at such Octroi Outposts as exist or may from time to time be established by the Cantonment Authority.

4. (*a*) All persons bringing dutiable goods or animals into the Cantonment shall, as far as may be within their power, give all such information or produce all such receipts or other documents as may be necessary to enable the octroi officials to collect or assess the duty leviable, and such persons shall afford the octroi officials every facility to weigh, measure or examine the goods or animals, for the purpose of assessing or collecting octroi duty thereon, checking the payment of such duty or carrying out any other provisions of these rules.

(*b*) Goods brought by Railway will be held to have entered the octroi cordon directly they pass beyond the Railway goods or luggage yard or room, and they then become liable to duty in the same manner as goods brought by Road.

Destination of goods, etc., imported into the Cantonment.

5. On the importation of goods or animals liable to octroi duty the octroi moharrir in charge of the post shall call upon the importer to declare whether they are intended:—

(1) For the consumption, storage, use, or sale within the Cantonment.

(2) For immediate exportation.

(3) For temporary detention within Cantonment limits, and eventual exportation.

Forms A, A 1 being used in cases 2 and 3, respectively.

6. (*a*) (1) In the first case mentioned in Rule (5) (*I*) the octroi charg[illegible]le on goods or animals, shall, if it does not exceed annas eight, be paid at the option of t[illegible] importer at once to the Moharrir in charge of the Octroi Post, who shall draw up a receip[illegible]n triplicate on Badami paper in the annexed Form D. One copy shall be given to the [illegible]porter, one shall be put into the cash box, and the third shall remain as a counterfoil [illegible] the receipt book.

(2) If the duty exceeds eight annas, or if the importer chooses t[illegible] the head Octroi Office, the Moharrir in charge of the outpost shall draw up a pas[illegible]licate on white paper in the annexed Form E, and shall retain one in the cash bo[illegible] for transmission to the head Octroi Office, and give one to the importer. The imp[illegible] sh[illegible] pay the amount of octroi due at the head Octroi Office the same day. The [illegible] the head Octroi Office shall draw up in duplicate a receipt in the annexed Form [illegible] copy shall be given to the importer, and the other shall remain as a counterfoil in th[illegible]eceipt book.

(3) In the case of goods brought direct to the head Octro[illegible] Office, the Octroi Darogha shall draw up in duplicate a receipt in Form D on Badami paper, one copy being given to the importer and the other remaining as a counterfoil in the receipt book.

(4) In the case of goods or animals brought by road the Octroi Moharrir shall endorse the Badami Receipt Form D with the word "Received" as soon as the goods or animals enter Cantonment limits. In the case of goods or animals brought by rail the same shall be done by the Moharrir at the Railway Octroi Outpost.

6. (*b*) (1) In the case of goods for immediate exportation the Moharrir shall draw up in duplicate a pass in Form F on yellow paper filling up all columns except 9 and 10. One copy shall be given to the importer and the other shall remain in the pass book as a counterfoil. The pass given to the exporter shall be delivered up by him at the export barrier, where the Moharrir, after satisfying him[illegible]f that the goods or animals being exported are those covered by the pass, shall give the exporter a receipt in Form G, see the goods or the animals beyond the octroi boundary, fill up columns 9 and 10 of the pass, and place it in his cash box for eventual despatch to the head Octroi Office. On receipt of the yellow pass at the head Octroi Office, it shall be sent to the Moharrir of the issuing post, who shall paste it on its counterfoil.

[illegible] The Octroi Inspector shall in the course of his daily inspections see that the books of [illegible]llow passes are kept up to date at the Octroi Posts.

[illegible] If the goods or animals be not exported within 24 hours the importer shall within [illegible]s, in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving of which shall be on [illegible] give notice of the fact to the Octroi Inspector, or to the Moharrir in charge of the [illegible]troi Outpost of Import, and shall pay the duty charg[illegible]able on the goods or animals as [illegible]gh he had imported them under clause 6 (*a*) delivering up at the same tim[illegible] the pass [illegible]ued, under the preceding paragraph 6 (*b*) (1); any breach of this rule shall be held to be [illegible] evasion of payment of octroi duty.

(3) The Moharrir shall also be bound to report at once in writing to the Octro[illegible] Inspector all cases in which the yellow pass issued by him is not received back within 48 [illegible] On receipt of such report the Octroi Inspector shall enquire into the circumstances [illegible] them to the Secretary, Cantonment Committee, for necessary action.

[illegible] the [illegible]se mentioned in Rule 5 the articles may be sent to the bonded ware[illegible] a pass similar in Form F to that prescribed in Clause 6 (*b*) (1), but printed [illegible] paper.

7. (*a*) All goods on which an *ad valorem* octroi is leviable will be taxed according to their full value as given in the original invoice (Bijak) or bill from the station of import.

(*b*) In the event of there being no invoice or bill, a declaration in Form B must be made out and signed by the importer at the head Octroi Office, specifying the nature, weight in Government maunds and seers, and value of the goods, and the octroi will be levied accordingly. Should the importer or his agent refuse to make a declaration of the value of the goods, the same may be appraised according to the market value of the goods in Nasirabad Cantonment and the octroi levied on it.

When the invoice is subsequently received by the importer, he shall be bound to produce the same at the head Octroi Office for check, and shall pay, or receive back, as the case may be, the difference, if any, on account of octroi that may, after such check, be found to be due by him, or due to him.

(*c*) In the case of dutiable goods imported by rail, the railway receipt shall be produced in addition to the invoice (Bijak) bill or declaration required under clauses (*a*) and (*b*).

Inspection of Traders' Account Books.

8. The Secretary of the Cantonment Committee, or a member authorised by the Cantonment Authority, shall be at liberty to inspect and examine the account books of any trader, whenever it may be deemed necessary to do so in the interest of Octroi Taxation.

Bonded Warehouse.

9. There shall be a bonded warehouse under the charge of the Octroi Darogha for temporary accommodation of goods in transit or in dispute as regards the amount of octroi dues. The warehouse is intended for temporary use only, and the Cantonment Authority reserves to itself the right of refusing to admit any goods except for the purposes stated above, and of calling upon the owners or importers of goods to remove them after a reasonable period, according to the discretion of the Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

Detention of goods in bonded Warehouse.

10. Importers of goods unable or unwilling to pay the octroi duty at the octroi post or dissatisfied with the amount of octroi thereon demanded shall take such goods to the bonded warehouse to be detained till the octroi is paid, or until the goods are released for exportation or removal from the Cantonment.

11. On goods arriving at the bonded warehouse, the Octroi Darogha in charge shall at once make an entry of the goods in his register, after comparing them with the pass. The pass shall be filed as a voucher in the Octroi Office. A receipt in Form C shall be given by the Darogha to the owner or importer of the goods in bond.

Fees for bonded warehouse.

12. In return for the accommodation provided in the bonded warehouse, a fee of 6 pies for every bale or package weighing not more than 3 maunds shall be charged for periods not exceeding 7 days, a further fee of 6 pies per bale or package shall be charged for every subsequent period of 7 days or part thereof during which the goods remain in the bonded warehouse. For bales or packages weighing more than 3 maunds each, the fee will be double the rates prescribed above.

13. A portion of a consignment may be cleared from the bonded warehouse on paying the octroi duty thereon without rendering the remainder of the consignment liable to octroi duty until such remainder leaves the bonded warehouse for sale or consumption within the Cantonment limits.

14. All fees due for goods deposited in the bonded warehouse shall be paid at the time the goods are removed from the bonded warehouse.

Release of property from the bonded warehouse.

15. (1) When the owner or importer of articles bonded under clauses 9 and 10 desires to export the same, he shall ask the Darogha in charge of the bonded warehouse for the release of his property; the Darogha, having satisfied himself from the register of the propriety of the application, shall direct the release of the articles on payment of the prescribed fees for accommodation, and obtain the signature of the owner or exporter in the register. A receipt in Form C (1) shall be given by the Darogha for all fees received under this rule.

(2) If the articles released from bond under this rule be not expected within 12 hours from the time of release, the owner or exporter shall be bound to give notice to the Octroi Inspecter and to pay the octroi chargeable thereon, and a receipt shall be given for octroi paid, as prescribed in Rule 6 (*a*).

3. Goods shall not be removed from the bonded warehouse except between the hours 8 A.M. and 5 P.M., or between such other hours as the Cantonment Authority may from time to time.

4. A pass similar to that provided for by Rule 6 (*b*) (1) and under similar conditions shall be granted to the exporter by the Darogha in charge of the bonded warehouse.

16. The Octroi Inspector shall inspect the bonded warehouse daily and satisfy himself that the work is properly done there.

17. A sufficient watch and ward shall be maintained by the Cantonment Authority to ensure the safe custody of the goods in bond. Owners will be at liberty to employ their own chowkidars in addition.

Non-liability of Cantonment Authority for damage to goods in the bonded warehouse.

18. Persons depositing goods in the bonded warehouse shall have no claim for compensation for any damage or loss that may occur while the goods are passed into or out of the bonded warehouse or while they remain therein, unless such damage or loss shall be proved to have been occasioned by the wilful act or neglect of the official in charge of the bonded warehouse or other official of Cantonment Authority charged with the safe custody of the goods.

Detention of goods upon evasion of payment of octroi.

19. If the Octroi Inspector considers that any person is evading, or attempting to evade, the payment of octroi on any goods or animals which are being brought into the Cantonment, he may detain such goods or animals, reporting his action without delay to the Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

If the Secretary, Cantonment Committee, determines that octroi is payable on such goods, and the party bringing them into the Cantonment shall not forthwith pay the amount declared by the Secretary to be due, the [illegible] be sent to the bonded warehouse, and shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of Rules [illegible] 18.

Conduct and duties of Octroi Establishment.

20. There shall be placed at every Octroi Post a locked box into which the Octroi Moharrir shall drop the money, and the duplicates of receipts and passes [illegible]d, together with the passes received by him under Rules 6 (*a*) (1) and (2), 6 (*b*) (1) [illegible] the key of the box shall remain with the Octroi Inspector.

The Octroi Moharrir shall be bound to supply the octroi payer with [illegible]ange, up to the value of one rupee, as may be required by him for the [illegible]yment of the [illegible]es.

Verification of octroi receipts.

21. The contents of the cash boxes of Octroi Outposts [illegible] be forwarded to the head Octroi Office, where they shall be counted by the Octroi Inspector every day at a fixed time. The Octroi Inspector shall also compare the entries made in the copies of receipts received with the cash with the entries in the Octroi Post daily registers, and the totals of the latter with the daily abstracts, and he shall satisfy himself that these items agree, and that they correspond with the actual amount of cash received.

The Octroi Inspector shall then enter the totals for the head Octroi Office and for each outpost in the cash account with his own hand in English. He shall also enter the totals in the same manner in the Octroi Outposts daily registers and daily abstracts. He shall then sign the cash account, the daily registers and the daily abstracts.

22. After verification of the receipts the Octroi Inspector shall pay over the whole sum upon the same day to the Cantonment Cashier, who shall acknowledge receipt by signing his name opposite the cash account, and deposit such amount, along with other cash received by him, in the Treasury the same day. Provided that on days when the Treasury is not open for the receipt of money, the money shall remain in the custody of the Octroi Inspector and shall be paid to the Cashier on the first subsequent day on which the Treasury may be open.

23. The copies of the receipts taken out of the cash boxes shall be filed in the head [illegible] Office with the counterfoils when received from the Octroi Posts. The copies of [illegible] receipts shall be made into bundles corresponding to the counterfoils, with which they [illegible] be filed, and shall be placed in serial order.

Checking of Receipts.

24. Monthly lists showing the income from each Octroi Post, and the income under [illegible] class of articles shall be prepared in the head Octroi Office, and shall be submitted to [illegible]e Secretary, Cantonment Committee. An abstract from this list, giving the total income [illegible]om each Octroi Post, shall be forwarded monthly to the Moharrir in charge for verification. Any discrepancy shall be immediately reported by him to the Secretary, Cantonment [illegible]mittee.

[illegible] The Octroi Sub-Committee shall supervise generally the octroi administration, [illegible]ntable effective tests both in the realization of octroi income and the refunds of [illegible] of the Octroi Sub-Committee shall in turn, under the direction of the S[illegible] inspect the Octroi Posts at uncertain intervals, compare entries in the Daily Regist[illegible] the counterfoil receipt books, see that no leaves in this book are left blank while others of higher serial numbers are filled up, and check, when opportunity occurs, the receipts given to importers with the counterfoils. All entries examined shall be initialled by the Member, who shall at once report any irregularity discovered to the Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

Duties of Moharrirs.

26. It shall be the duty of the Moharrir in charge of each Octroi Post to transmit to the head Octroi Office at times fixed by the Secretary, Cantonment Committee :—

(1) The amount of cash collected by him during the day, with vouchers.

(2) Duplicates of the receipts and passes issued, and the passes received by him during the day.

(3) A list of the passes granted by him under Rule 6 (*b*) (1).

(4) A list of goods or animals passed through on promise of payment under Rule 6 (*a*) (2).

(5) The daily register and daily abstract.

It shall also be the duty of the Moharrirs in charge of Octroi Outposts to keep up the following registers :—

(*a*) Registers of passes (through challans granted under Rule 6 (*b*) (1)).

(*b*) Register of receipts issued on Badami paper.

(*c*) Register of Refund passes.

(*d*) Regist[illegible] of white [illegible]

Knowle[illegible] of English, Urdu, Hindi, and Mahajani shall be required from the Octroi Inspector, a[illegible] the Darogha, and every Moharrir to the extent approved by the Secretary, Cantonment [illegible]ommittee, in each case.

[illegible]at
[illegible]se is
[illegible]right of

Preparation of receipts for Octroi received.

27. [illegible]ing upon th[illegible]s shall be written in Hindi with carbon papers, each receipt being press num[illegible]ng to th[illegible] double numbers, *viz.*, a serial book number and a serial receipt number, the dai[illegible]erial number being given by hand. Each book shall consist of 100 receipt[illegible] the hea[illegible] Octroi Office, and in triplicate for the outposts.

[illegible] of goods un[illegible]
[illegible]mount of [illegible]octroi [illegible]
[illegible]detaine[illegible]

Octroi Establishment.

28. (*a*) An O[illegible]troi Insp[illegible]ith a subordinate establishment shall be entrusted with the col[illegible]ction of o[illegible]oi, under the supervision of the Cantonment Authority to be ordin[illegible]ily exercised through its Secretary aided by the Octroi Sub-Committee.

(*b*) The head Octroi Office shall be under the immediate control of the Octroi Inspector, who shall supervise the whole work and keep charge of the cash collected. He shall see that the procedure laid down is properly carried out by the Moharrirs, clerks, and other officials under him, both at the Head Office and the Outposts, and that the prescribed registers are regularly kept up, and the returns duly rendered.

Power of appoin[illegible]ent of octroi servants.

29. The establishment for the collection of octroi shall be appointed by the Secretary, Cantonment Committee. Servants of the Octroi Establishment shall wear such uniform or distinguishing badge as the Secretary, Cantonment Committee, may from time to time prescribe. Every servant shall be supplied with a copy of these rules, and of the Octroi Schedule, which he shall show on demand to any one desiring to see it.

Security deposit by Octroi Establishment and their liability as public servants.

30. Every octroi servant shall be required to furnish adequate security in an am[illegible] to be fixed by the Cantonment Authority for the proper performance of his duties. Th[illegible] security shall be liable to forfeiture in case of any criminal or dishonest action.

31. No octroi servant shall demand or accept any duty in excess of the rates spe[illegible] in the sanctioned schedule, and no money shall be received by any such servant for which printed counterfoil receipt in the prescribed form is not given to the payer.

32. Complaints connected with the levy of octroi may be addressed to the Secretary of the Cantonment Committee to be laid before the Cantonment Authority for orders.

Penalties.

33. Infringement of rules and punishment.

Evasion or infraction of Rules 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 15, 26, and 31, shall, on conviction before any Magistrate, be punishable with a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, or at the discretion of the Secretary, Cantonment Committee, with the approval of the Cantonment Authority, by the levying of double duty. The Octroi Inspector may apply to the Cantonment Magistrate for a summons against such offenders.

General.

34. Registers and counterfoils of receipts and passes shall be kept in the head Octroi Office for three years, and shall then be destroyed.

35. The Cantonment Authority may agree to compound for a period of 12 months or less with any persons or class of persons for the payment of octroi which is or may become due from them. When arrangements are made for compounding for the octroi duty which may become due within the specified time, the sum agreed upon shall be paid in advance. Messes, shops, coffee shops, and institutes are not allowed to compound.

36. The Cantonment Authority shall from time to time prescribe the forms referred to in the aforesaid rules.

37. Copies of the rules for the assessment and collection of octroi and the Octroi Schedule in English, Hindi, and Urdu, shall be exposed at every Octroi Outpost and at the head Octroi Office.

Refunds.

38. On the exportation of dutiable goods beyond the Cantonment limits the exporter shall be entitled to a refund of 81¼ per cent. (*i.e.*, 13 annas in the rupee) of the amount paid on the import of goods, but no refund shall be claimable if the amount to be refunded be less than one rupee.

39. No refund shall be granted on any article manufactured or produced within the Cantonment limits.

40. Application for refund shall be made separately by each exporter.

(*a*) The Moharrir at the outpost from which goods are exported shall collect the applications of exporters duly endorsed by the Octroi Inspector as mentioned in Rule 2, and shall forward them to the Octroi Office, stating that the goods have been actually exported.

(*b*) Forms of applications printed in vernacular will be supplied free of charge to exporters at the Octroi Office, and will be filled up by a Octroi Inspector, if necessary, according to the declaration of the exporters.

(*c*) The original receipts in proof of duty having been paid at the time of import must be attached to the application. If it is not possible, a certificate must be attached to show that the goods paid duty "as per receipt No.....dated....."

(*d*) Application for grant of refunds will be made separately by each exporter to the Secretary, Cantonment Committee, who will forward the same to the Octroi Sub-Committee for check and report by means of a register kept in the Cantonment Committee Office, where all payments will be made.

(*e*) Government contractors are entitled to receive a refund on the goods used for Government purposes, on production of a certificate by the head of the department concerned.

41. The exporter shall attend at the head Octroi Office between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. or at such hours as shall be fixed by the Cantonment Authority from time to time, and shall file an application for refund in a printed Form K, to be obtained at the Head Office. The "Remarks" column shall contain the signature of the exporter or his agent. Such goods as are not be exported by rail, as also those on which refund of *ad valorem* duty is claimed, shall be brought to the head Octroi Office for inspection. The application shall be accompanied by the original receipt for octroi paid on exportation of the goods, or by the original invoice.

42. The Darogha at the head Octroi Office shall register the application and write a pass in Form L in triplicate. He shall inspect the goods and make an endorsement of their value or quality in column 10 of the pass. He shall then deliver the pass, in duplicate to the exporter to be produced with the goods at the export Octroi Outpost.

43. On arrival of the goods at the export Octroi Outpost, the exporter shall deliver the pass to the Moharrir in charge, who shall satisfy himself that the goods passing out agree with the declaration in column 4 of pass L, made by the exporter at the head Office and shall attest the same in column 11 of both slips, of which he shall transmit into the Head Office with the daily remittances, and shall deliver the other to the exporter, for presentation at the Head Office.

44. If the goods are despatched by rail, the exporter shall also be bound to produce the Railway Receipt for verification at the head Octroi Office within 2 days after despatch. A copy of the entries in the Railway Receipt shall be made on the back of the application, and this copy shall be signed by the Octroi Inspector.

45. On production of the pass and the Railway Receipt in cases of exports by rail at the head Octroi Office, the exporter shall be entitled to receive a refund, after due verification of demand.

46. Only the exporter himself or his agent authorized in writing on his behalf shall be entitled to receive payment on account of refund.

47. If within 7 days from the date of export of goods, for which a pass has been given, the refund due on the pass is not applied for, no application for payment of the same will be entertained, and no payment shall be made.

48. Exporters shall not club their goods received under different *Rawannas* for the purpose of raising the refund claimed above the prescribed minimum.

49. In the case of a claim for refund of *ad valorem* duty the value of the goods shall be calculated at the original cost or invoice price, and not at the selling rates at Nasirabad. The Octroi Inspector shall insist on the production of the *Rawanna* or *Bijak* upon which the octroi was originally paid. In case of dispute the matter shall be decided by the Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

50. If any trader produces an invoice containing more than one description of goods which he is about to export, refund may be granted on all the goods on one application only, provided that the separate duty on any one description of goods be not less than one rupee. These goods shall be separately detailed as in the application.

51. Claimants for refunds [illegible] goods, which subsequent to import become Government property, shall present their applications at the head Octroi Office within 7 days from the date on which goods have become Government property, or, where a certificate is given, within one week from the date of such certificate. After the expiration of this period no application for payment of refunds will be entertained, and no payment will be made.

52. Expiration of right who have not complied with the provisions of these rules shall not be entitled [illegible] upon the [illegible] to the refund.

53. Any [illegible] infraction or evasion of any of these rules shall be punishable on conviction before any Magistrate with a fine which may extend to rupees 50 or ; at the discretion of the Secretary, Cantonment Committee, with the approval of the Cantonment [illegible] of goods u[illegible] amount of octroi levying of double fees.

54. Rules [illegible] detailed [illegible] inclusive, shall be translated into Hindi and vernacular and circulated in [illegible] shall also be posted in a prominent place at the head Office and [illegible] Octroi Posts.

55. A register [illegible] applications for refunds shall be kept in the form given below (Register M), in which all applications for refunds shall be duly entered. After payments have been made the Octroi Inspector shall cause the necessary entries to be made daily in Register N, and shall sign the same, and see that all applications, certificates (passes), and vouchers relating to each case are properly put together and filed. Refund applications shall be kept in the head Octroi Office for 3 years and shall then be destroyed.

56. The Octroi Sub-Committee, to be appointed by the Cantonment Authority, shall check all papers connected with applications for refunds of octroi duty and submit to the Secretary, Cantonment Committee, recommendations for payment of the demands in full or otherwise. Payments will be made by the Secretary himself at the office of the Cantonment Authority every Monday at 11 A.M.

Form A.

NASIRABAD CANTONMENT.

(Form of declaration to be used for goods for immediate exp[illegible])

I , hereby declare that the undermention[illegible] [illegible]nsigned to me are intended for immediate exportation to thro[illegible] Octroi Outpost.

Description—

Weight.

Value R

Witness to signature.

(1)

(2)

Dated

Form A (1).

NASIRABAD CANTONMENT.

(Form of declaration to be used for goods in transit to be temporarily stored in the bonded warehouse.)

[illegible] , hereby declare that the undermentioned goods consigned [illegible] are intended for temporary detention within Cantonment limits and eventual ex[illegible]n.

Description—

Weight.

Value R

Signature of Trader.

itness to signature.

(1)

Form B.

NASIRABAD CANTONMENT.

(Provisional declaration in absen[illegible])

I hereby declare that the contents of the consi[illegible]ent of received b[illegible] under Railway receipt No. of are as follows :—

Description of goods—

Weight.

Value R

Signature of T[illegible]

Witness to signature.

(1)

(2)

(To be filled in and signed by trader in presence of 2

I hereby certify that the above declaration in regard to the particulars of the consignment is in accordance with the importer's statement, and is subject to revision on inspection of the original Bijak, which the importer should produce on receipt.

Octroi Inspector.

Form C.

Serial No.

Book No.

Receipt for goods [illegible] temporary storage in the Bonded Warehouse, Nasirabad Cantonment.

Date.	Name of depositor, his father's name and caste.	Description of goods.	No. of packages.	Weight or value of goods.	Whence imported.	REMARKS.

Signature of Mo[illegible]

Form C-1.

Serial No.

Book No.

Receipt for Bonded Ware house fees collected.

	Name of depositor, his father's name and caste.	Description of goods.	No. of packages.	Period for which fees are levied.	Amount of fees received.	REMARKS.

[illegible]ngh[illegible]
[illegible]ffice.

[illegible]ignature of Moharri

Form D.

Serial No. Daily No.

Book No.

Receipt for Octroi duty paid at the Head Octroi Office.

Date.	Name of Importer.	Description of goods or animals.	Gross weight.	Weight of packages.	Net weight of goods, number of animals.	Value of goods.	Mode of conveyance.	Whence imported.	Octroi duty levied.		
									R[illegible]	[illegible]nt.	Total.

Signature of Moharrir.

Form E.

ss issued at the Octroi post for goods or animals on which octroi is to be levied at the Head Octroi Office.

Name of importer with parentage and [illegible]	Description of conveyance.	Description of goods or animals.	Quantity or weight of goods or animals.	Value of goods or animals.	Octroi leviable.		Date on which octroi is realized.	Amount of octroi realized.
					Rate.	Amount.		

[illegible] of the [illegible]

LEGISLAT[illegible]

[illegible] at [illegible] accounts [illegible]

Gene[illegible] Council [illegible]
proposing the same [illegible]

[illegible] and [illegible] received the

Form F (Yellow).

Serial No.

Book No.

Pass issued at the Octroi Post for goods or animals in transit.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Date, month and hour.	Name of [illegible]	[illegible] which [illegible] District.	[illegible] with [illegible] and caste and [illegible] name.	Number and description of conveyance.	Description of goods or animals.	Quantity, weight or value of goods or animals.	Name of place where the goods or animals will remain in Cantonment.	Name of outpost where the pass was produced.	Date and hour on which the pass was produced.

Form G.

Serial No.

Book No.

Check receipt for Passes for goods or animals in transit.

Number of pass.	Date of pass.	Name of octroi post.	Name of person tendering the pass.	Date on which the pass was produced and the goods or animals exported.	REM[illegible]

Form J.

Serial No.

Book No.

[illegible] receipt for octroi duty paid at the Head Octroi Office [illegible] Outpost No. [illegible]

[illegible]	Name of [illegible] and [illegible] pass.	Name of outpost from which the pass was issued.	Name of importer mentioned in the outpost pass.	Description of goods.	Gross weight.	Weight of pack[illegible]	Net weight or number of animals.	Value of goods.	Conveyance.	Whence received.	Period for which [illegible] are levied.	Amount of fees received.	OCTROI DUTY LEVIED.		
													Rate.	Amount.	Total.

[illegible] Office.

Form K.

Application for refund of octroi paid.

Description of goods to be exported.	Quantity, number or value of the goods.	Amount of refund claimed.	Octroi outpost by which and the precise time at which they will be exported.	Place to which they will be exported.	REMARKS.

ED BY AUTHORITY.

gnature of the exporter or his age

BER

Form L.

l No.

ok No.

Pass for goods or animals to be exported from Nasirabad.

Name and residence of owner.	Description of goods or animals.	Number of packages, carts or pack animals.	Weight, value or number.	Amount of refund.	Number of application for refund.	Destination.	Name of export outpost.	Endorsement by refund officer.	REMARKS.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1

Register M.

For app

for expo

LEGISLATIVE

1	2	3	5	8	9
Number of application.	Date of presenting application for pass.	Number.	Date.	Name of applicant.	Description of goods or animals for which pass required.	Weight or value of goods or animals to be exported.	Deduction, if any, for packing, etc.	Goods or animals to be despatched by rail or otherwise.	Particulars of consignee.	Signature of re-

Genera... Council a draft of
proposing the same

ceived the asse

(23)

Register No. N.

For applications presented for refunds of octroi on goods or animals exported.

Number of application.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Deductions if any.	Amount paid.	Date of payment.	Name of recipient.	Signature of refunding officer.	REMARKS.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4	5	6	7	8	9

By order,

R. E. HOLLAND

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Ra[illegible]
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Mer[illegible]

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th October 1910.

No. 129.—The services of 4th class Assistant Surgeon C. J. Lincoln, I.S.M.D placed at the disposal of the Director, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the [illegible] 1910.

[illegible] LUKIS, M.D. [illegible]
General, Indian [illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Amount of fees received.	[illegible]

[illegible] NS.

Quet[illegible] 11th October 1910.

No. 4755.—[illegible] next half-ye[illegible] examination in the Baluchi language by the [illegible] will be held at Quetta on Monday, the 7th November 1910 and the following [illegible]

The 15th October 1910.

No. 4772.—Captain J. H. Watson, 13th Lancers, is a[illegible] addition to his regimental duties, wi[illegible] effect from the [illegible] Brock, 126th Baluchista[illegible] Infantry.

[illegible]
Office.

By order,

A. L. JACOB, Major,
First Assistant.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS

LEAVE.

Bangalore, the 10th October 1910.

No. 78.—Lieutenant William Davis is granted leave [illegible] with effect from the 24th Septem[illegible]10.

[illegible]RTON,
[illegible]nt Reside[illegible]

[illegible]ED BY AUTHORITY.

[illegible]

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 [illegible]t on 29th August 1910, treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles and valued [illegible]t about R30 was found by one Santappaya son of Ravalaya while digging in S. No. 41-3 of Kalnad village, Kasargod Taluk, South Kanara District in the Madras Presidency, which is included in the patta granted to the said Santappaya.

Copper Kavalige	1	Spittoons	3	Spittoons broken	1
Tambale	1	Plates	2	Small plates	4
Small jars	5	Chembus	2	Urli	1
Hanging lamps	2	Gindi	2	Tortise gindi	1
Plate	1	Pot	1	Kardige with top	1
Leg of a lamp	1	Small lamp	1	Small vessels	3
Bell (broken)	1	Chunam kardige	2	Small kardige	2
Vessels (without name)	2	Triangular box	1	Chandra lamp	1
Adikattu	4	Small cups	6	Chain	1
Scale needle	1	Balls	2	Hollow Bala	1

[illegible]. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to [illegible]r personally or by Agent before the Collector of South Canara at his office at [illegible]galore on Monday the 3rd April 1911 in view to the matter being enquired into and [illegible]termined according to law.

(Illegible).
for Collector.

OFFICE,

[illegible]

LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

[illegible]

FURLOUGH AN[illegible]VE.

Bombay, the 15th Octo[illegible]910.

No. 44.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of [illegible]ent [illegible] private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulatio[illegible] Volume I, Part II; the [illegible]ecified period to count from the date of being struck [illegible]nor Genera[illegible] Council a draft [illegible] for proposing the same [illegible]

[illegible]ant R. A. Melhuish, R.I.M., 4th class Assistant Surveyor [illegible] Marine Survey of India [illegible] [illegible]ar [illegible]asons [illegible] [illegible]ceived the assent [illegible]R,

[illegible]n Marine.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Royal Welsh Fusiliers of Infantry, dated at Shwebo, this 8th day of October 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—6818, Lce. Corporal, Robert Blayney.
Age—2[illegible] years.
Height [illegible]
Colour [illegible] hair, light brown; eyes [illegible]
Trade [illegible] Brass [illegible]
Date of enlistment [illegible]

Place of enlistment—Birmingham.
Parish and County in which born—Birmingham, Warwick.
Date of desertion or absence—5th October 1910.
Place of desertion or absence—Shwebo.
Marks—S[illegible] centre of forehead.
Under [illegible] service.

[illegible] K. MANTELL, Lieut.-Col.,
[illegible]ing 2nd Battalion, Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Report of a Deserter or Abs[illegible] without leave from the 1st Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment of Infant[illegible] [illegible]ed at Poona, this 12th day of October 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name—8082, Private, George Hobart.
Age—22 years.
Height—5 feet 8 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, black; eyes, brown.
Trade—Butcher.
Date of enlistment—19th July 1907.

Place of enlistment—Boston.
Parish and County in which born—[illegible] Lynn, Norfolk.
Date of desertion or absence—10th October
Place of desertion or absence—Poona.
Marks—Scar on side of right eye.
Under 4 years' service.

A. E. HUBBARD, M[illegible]
Commanding 1st Lincolnshire

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 18th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, at Nowshera, this 14th day of October 1910.

Number, Rank, and Name— 38703, Gunner, Phillip Gold.
Age—24 years [illegible]
Height [illegible] inches.
[illegible] Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown;
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] enlistment—8th [illegible] 1905.

Place of enlistment—Bradford.
Parish and County in which born, Yorkshire.
Date of absence—11th October 19[illegible]
Place of absence—No[illegible]
Marks—None He i[illegible] speaks with a decided [illegible]
Under 6 months, service desertion.

[illegible] Major, [illegible] Field A[illegible]

[illegible] N'BLE THE [illegible] NT [illegible]

[illegible] eriod for which [illegible] levied. | Amount of fees received [illegible]

Extract from [illegible] Roll of the 51st Sikhs (F. F.)

[illegible] 47th No. [illegible]
[illegible] wy—B.
[Na]me—Naurang Singh.
[R]ank—Sepoy.
[R]eligion—Sikhs.
[C]aste—Jat Baidwan.
[Cou]ntry—Punjab.

Age when enlisted—16 years.
Height—5 feet 9½ inches.
Village—Sohana.
Pergunnah—Kharar.
District—Ambala.
Date of [illegible] 22th February 1[illegible]

(True Extract.)

R. C. G. POLLOCK, L[illegible]
Offg. Adjutant 51st Sikhs.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER AND AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Peshawar, the 17th October 1910.

No. 1575-*G*.—Captain J. F. Boyd, I.M.S., made over charge of the duties of Superintendent of the Bannu Jail to Captain R. A. Lloyd, I.M.S., on the forenoon of the 1st October 1910.

The 18th October 1910.

No. 60-*N*.—Captain [illegible] Harkness, I.M.S., [illegible] the civil medical duties of the Dera Ismail Khan District on the forenoon of October [illegible] the relieving 2nd grade, Assistant Surgeon, Lala Ram [illegible] (1a.)

[illegible]ED BY AUTHORITY [illegible] order, &c.,

H. N. BOLTON,
Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
N.-W. Frontier Province.

[illegible]DA[illegible]ER

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE AND FINANCIAL SECRETARY TO CHIEF COMMISSIONER, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Peshawar, the 11th October 1910.

Memo. No. 447-*L. F.*—Under the authority vested in him by Section 26 (*b*) of Act XV of [illegible] (the Cantonments Act) and in modification of Notification No. 505, dated 4th [illegible]ary 1907, the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, is pleased to [illegible]d and hereby extends the provisions of the Cantonment Code to the area as detailed below :—

(1) Sections 174 and 209 of the Cantonment Code to the whole of areas A & B as described below.

A (i) An area embraced between the following lines :—

A line running north from Cantonment pillar No. 4 along the Cantonment boundary to pillar No. 5 ; and thence at right angles to the line joining pillars 24 and 25 east to field [illegible] 1334 of Dhamtour village to a point 36 yards from its south-west corner ; thence south- [illegible]nd parallel to the link road continuously at a distance of [illegible]ds from it to the [illegible]t corner of field No. 1154 of Sheikhulbandi villa[illegible] the [illegible] along the [illegible] Murree road to south-west corner of fie[illegible] 1156 [illegible]di [illegible]ce southwards at right angles to the Murree [illegible]eld No[illegible] [illegible]oint [illegible]om its south-east corner ; thence west at right [illegible] the [illegible]e to [illegible]2907 at a point 163 yards from its south-ea[illegible] [illegible]hence [illegible] and para[illegible] [illegible]ance of 100 yards from it[illegible] [illegible]east [illegible] fie[illegible] No. 2[illegible] south-west cor[illegible] 15 yards [illegible]

(ii) Area [illegible] 4, 3, 2, 1, 132 and [illegible] No. 2417 of Sheikhulbai[illegible] a dista[illegible] [illegible] its north-east [illegible]

B. On the west of the Cantonment [illegible] Jagwarian the area w[illegible]me running from boundary pillar No. 44 to b[illegible] No. [illegible] distance [illegible] west of this line.

(2) Section 89 (omitting Sub-section (2)) and Section 104 to the ar[illegible]dia in [illegible] described above.

Note.—With regard to Section 89 the proviso is made that the Officer Comma[illegible] [illegible]ll not ref[illegible] the erection of a building without reference to the Gover[illegible] Council a draft [illegible] case of Deputy Commissioner's disagreement, the questi[illegible] for proposing the same [illegible] Revenue Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province. [illegible]

(3) The same Sections as in para. 2 above to exte[illegible]d to t[illegible]ceived the assen[illegible]low.

Area 100 yards on each side of the Mansehra roa[illegible] [illegible] the octroi post (situated between the Cantonment boundary pillars No[illegible] [illegible]ing up to the south-west corner of field No. 1334 of the Dhamtour v[illegible]

LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

Area 100 yards on each side of the Murree road, commencing from the octroi post near the Cantonment boundary pillar No. 13 and running up to the south-west corner of field No. 1156 of the Sheikhulbandi village.

(4) Section 66, sub-clauses (1) (a) (iii), (vii), (xiv) and sub-clause (c) to extend to the areas noted in paras. 2 and 3.

The 14th October 1910.

No. 934-C.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, that land is required by Government for a public purpose, namely,

[illegible] of goods [illegible] ation of a road from Jabri to Sultanpur,

[illegible] amount of [illegible] undermentioned land is [illegible] ed for the said purpose :—

[illegible] be deta[illegible] from [illegible] Specification of La[illegible]

District.	Pargana.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Boundaries.	Place where the plans may be inspected.
Hazara	Abbottabad Tehsil	Jhangra	75	..	A strip of land about 7 chains long and 10 feet wide bounded on north by fields of Jhangra village Nos. 969, 970, 971; east by road leading from Jhangra to Nara; south by Ziarat; West by fields of Jhangra village 964, 965.	Office of the Assistant Conservator of [illegible]ara Forest Division, Abbotta-

This declaration is made under the provision of Section 6, Act I of 1894, [illegible] under Section 7 of the said Act, the Deputy Commissioner, Hazara, is hereby di[illegible] to take order for the acquisition of the land specified above.

C. B. RAWLINSON, Major,
Revenue and Financial Secretary to Chief Commissioner
North-West Frontier Provin[illegible]

[illegible] THE [illegible] CTOR GENERAL OF POLICE [illegible] FRONTIER PROVINCE..

[illegible] N'BLE THE [illegible] paid [illegible] TIE[illegible] No[illegible] of [illegible] Period for which [illegible] are levied | Amount of fe[illegible]

[illegible] Pe[illegible] October [illegible]

No. 25.—On return [illegible] leave grai[illegible] him in this office. Gazette [illegible]fication [illegible] Exed [illegible] from [illegible] 1910, Mr. H. T. Wickham, Officiating S[illegible] ent of [illegible] posted to t[illegible] District.

[illegible] 47[illegible]

TRANSFER.

No. 26.—On relief by Mr. H. T. Wickham, Mr. H. J. C. Baskett, Superintendent [illegible]ce, Bannu, is transferred from the Bannu to the Kohat District.

REVERSION.

[illegible] On relief by Mr. H. J. C. Baskett, Sheikh Muzaffar Din, [illegible] [illegible]ice Kohat, reverts to his substantive appointment as Deputy Se[illegible]

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER—NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Peshawar, the 15th October 1910.

No. 455-*L. F.*—In accordance with the provisions of Section 18, Act XX of 1891 (The Punjab Municipal Act), it is hereby notified that the following persons are appointed, under Section 5, Sub-section 2 of the said Act, members of the M[illegible]al Co[illegible]ttee of Peshawar, in the Peshawar District :—

1. Nawab Colonel Si[illegible]hammad Aslam Kha[illegible] A.-D.-C.
2. Khan Sahib Haji M[illegible]han.
3. M. Aminullah Khan.
4. Khan Sahib Haji Mian K[illegible]
5. Kazi Amin Jan.
6. Rai Bahadur Lala Karam[illegible]
7. Rai Sahib Thakur Ram Ch[illegible]
8. Lala Sarab Dial.
9. Rai Sahib Lala Mool Chand.
10. Lala Mathra Dass.

Nos. 1—10 Re-appointed.

11. Agha Dilawar Jan.
12. Khan Sahib Ghulam Sarwar.
13. Rai Bahadur Lala Bhola Ram.
14. Bhai Ganga Singh.

Nos. 11—14 Newly appointed.

C. B. RAWLINSON, Major,
Revenue Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.

[illegible]ICE OF INSPECTING OFFICER, FRONTIER CORPS—NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Miranshah, the 9th October 1910.

[illegible]o. 309 *Camp.*—On return from the leave granted to him in North-West Frontier [illegible]ce Notification No. 501-M., dated the 25th May 1910, Lieutenant H. C. Rome, 20th [illegible]Cambridge's Own Infantry, Wing Officer, Khyber R[illegible] [illegible]s appointed to [illegible] Corps, with effect from the afternoon of th[illegible]th Ju[illegible]

A. [illegible] Colo[illegible]
Inspecting Officer, Frontier [illegible]est Fr[illegible]

[illegible] of Inu[illegible]

NOR[illegible] LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

[illegible]RRIGA[illegible]

NOTIFICATIO[illegible]

Simla, the 14th October 1910.

[illegible]o. 3547-*E. J. F.*—Mr. [illegible] B. Tate, Assistant Engineer, from the 2nd Divisi[illegible] [illegible]ete[illegible] Council a draft [illegible]ft on the afternoon of the 3rd August 1910, to the [illegible] [illegible]posing the same [illegible] Engineer, Swat River Canals Circle, which he joined on th[illegible] [illegible] th[illegible] August 1910.

NOTICE.

No. C-11-6805.—Sealed tenders for the supply of beef and mutton for British troops at all military stations in the 8th (Lucknow) Division from 1st April 1911 will be received by the Divisional Supply and Transport Officer, 8th (Lucknow) Division, Lucknow, up to 12 noon on Friday, the 25th November 1910.

2. Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedules are obtainable on application in writing to the above officer up to 17th November 1910 on payment of one rupee for each set of forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

H. M. M. BROOKE, Major,
for Divisional Supply and Transport Officer,
8th Lucknow Division.

SURVEY OF [illegible]ERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Mussoorie, the [illegible]th October 1910.

No. 14.—Mr. A. J. A. Drake, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, attached to No. 9 Party, Northern Circle, is granted privilege leave for 14 days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 17th October 1910 or subsequent date.

W. J. BYTHELL, Bt.-Col., R.E.,
Superintendent, Northern Circle.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 20th October 1910.

No. 505.—In supersession of Eastern Circle Notification No. 7, dated the 28th [illegible], Mr. J. O'Cisnerick, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade (on probation [illegible] certificate for 3 months and 24 days under article 33[illegible] [illegible]gulation [illegible] effect from the 18th July 1910.

[illegible] The 21st October 1910.

[illegible] Bose, Extra Assistant [illegible]rintendent [illegible] the 24th August [illegible] September [illegible] Period for which [illegible] Amount of fe[illegible] [illegible]ecunded :—

No. [illegible] S. Return[illegible] [illegible]nt, 3rd [illegible], to be Extra Assistant [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] posted to t[illegible] [illegible]ant Superintendent, 4th grade, to be E[illegible], 3rd grade.

[illegible]r. E. C. J. Bond, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 5th grade, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 4th grade.

Mr. Abinash Chunder Bose, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade (sub. *pro tem*), to be Extra Assistant Superintend[illegible] [illegible]th grade (sub. *pro tem*).

No. 4772.—Mr. P. L. Causley, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th [illegible] in addition [illegible]ssumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 8th Se[illegible] [illegible], Brock, [illegible]made [illegible]h effect from the same date :—

[illegible] Mr. E. C[illegible] [illegible]g Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, to revert [illegible] s subs[illegible] [illegible]ub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.

No. 509.—The following promotions are made with effect from the 20th September 1910 *vice* Mr. Nilmoni Chatterjee, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 4th grade, invalided :—

Mr. Jagdamba Prasad, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 5th grade, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 4th grade.

Mr. P. L. Causley, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 5th grade (sub. *pro tem.*).

Mr. B. C. Newland, Officiating Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, is confirmed in that grade.

Mr. E. C. O'Sullivan, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st gr[illegible] to officia[illegible] as Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade.

Mr. T. F. Kitchen, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, [illegible] to be Sub-Assistant Su[illegible]ndent, 1st grade.

Mr. Jiya Lal, Sub-As[illegible] Superintendent, 3r[illegible]ation), to [illegible] Assistant Superin[illegible] 2nd grade ([illegible]

No. 510.—The following pro[illegible]ED BY AUTHORITY [illegible]e 26th September 1910 *vice* Mr. C. G. Lee, Extra A[illegible]de, seconded on deputation to Eastern Bengal and Assam [illegible]

Mr. F. B. Powell, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 3rd grade, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. J. O. Greiff, Extra Assistant Superintendent [illegible] grade, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 3rd grade.

Mr. H. C. H. Cooper, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 5th grade, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 4th grade.

Mr. P. A. T. Kenny, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 5th grade.

Mr. Amjad Ali, Officiating Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, is confirmed in that grade.

Mr. H. D. W. Stotesbury, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, to officiate as Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade.

Mr. Abdul Aziz, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, to be Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. Moqimuddin, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 3rd grade (on probation), to be [illegible]nt Superintendent, 2nd grade (on probation).

F. B. LONGE, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

ereby given that the p ons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, pray pectively, for the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

	Names.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petition. Day.	Month.	Year.	Date of the Adjudication. Day.	Month.	Year.
	Hansraj Purmanan	No. 97, Mint Road	Lately carried on business as General Merchant and Cotto Muccadum in Bombay un the name of Hansraj Par nand and Co. and also as Hansraj Parmanand and now unemployed.	30th	Se	"	1st	October	1910
382—1910	Kazi Abdur Rehman Ka budin.	ahomedan Improvement Trust Property, Doongri.	Formerly dealer in fuel and now unemployed.	1st		"	1st	"	"
383—1910	Balkrishna Succaram Patil	du No. 721, Dadar	Unemployed	3rd		"	4th	"	"
385—1910	Sirpati Janoo Chawan and K Ganpati Bodkay.	Nairghar's chawl, opposite Victoria Gardens.	Formerly dealers in potatoes, onions, etc, in partnership with Eknath Mahadoo and Ramji Keshowji in the name of Eknath Mahadoo & Co., lately on their own account and now unemployed.	6th		"	6th	"	"
386—1910	Bhi alias Bhimrao Vithoo V Rajoorkar.	Coppersmith Lane, near Null Bazar.	Goldsmith	6th	"	"	7th	"	"
388—1910	H nd Premchand Sha	o. 44. Manoredas Street, Fort.	Mehta in the employ of D. B. Petit and Co.	7th	"	"	7th	"	"
389—1910	Karim Teli alias Karim Teli.	o. 39, Jambli Molla Pydhowni.	Lately carried on business in partnership with Gulab Maru, Dinar Gulab and Abdula Gulab in the name of Gulab Karim as cloth pressers and p nd now unemployed.	7th	"	"	7th	"	"
387—191	oriaji Mat		Co in the employ of the B Electric Supply and Co. Ltd	7th	"	"	10th	"	"

							8th	"	.	"	10th	" . "
390—1910	rayen Mahadeo Lele		indu	.	No. 12, Zaoba's Oart . .	Servant in the employ of Jamnadas Vandrawandas.	8th	"	.	"	10th	" . "
392—1910	bamiya Fakirmahomed		Mahomed	.	No. 30, Roshan Building, New Nagpada.	Servant in the employ of Snurufally Thavar.	8th	"	.	"	10th	" . "
393—1910	onja Mala Soni, L ni, Runchord nugwan Poonja S Jairam Soni.		ndu . .		No. 767, Barbhai Molla .	Goldsmiths	10th	"	.	"	10th	" . "
394—1910	Joes Manuel Domin al Manuel D'Mello.		Portuguese	.	Dadar	Compositor in the Government Central Press.	1		.	"	10th	" . "
396—1910	Fardunji Phirozsha B		Parsee .	.	No. 15, Golwad Lane, Fort .	Clerk in the National Bank India, Ltd.			.	"	12th	" . "
397—1910	Ardeshir Nusserwan		Do. .	.	No. 7, Chandanwadi . .	Lately Engine river in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co. and now unemployed.			.	"	12th	" . "
398—1910	Girdharlal Soonderl Sewbux C Hiralal Go		ndu .	.	Anant Wadi . . .	Formerly carrying on b as General Merch Govindlal Shrikisond r chand Shrikisondas. Champalal Shrikisondas and Chugonlal Shrikisondas in Bombay, Calcutta and Benares under different names and now unemployed.			.	"	14th	" . "
	Rewashanka tum Rewa er a Rewashasha		Do.		. . . . .	Doing business in partnership as Merchants and Commission Agents in Bombay under the name, style and firm of Desai Rewashankar Bhaichand and Co. and at Bhavnagar under the name, style and firm of Rewashankar Raghunath.	12th			"	14th	" . "

The several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

	NAMES.		Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITION.		DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Day.	Month.	Year.
1910	Halia Gopal M[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15th	October	1910
1910	Hirjibhai Lunj[illegible]	[illegible]	No. 29, Kolbhatwadi	Boiler maker in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard.	14th	[illegible]	15th	"	1910
1910	Gordhan Bhi[illegible]	[illegible]	No. 141, Kamatipura Lane.	Toddy seller	13th	[illegible]	15th	"	1910
1910	Russool Haji [illegible] Haji Cassum[illegible]	[illegible]	No. 56, Fort Marooti Lane	Turner in the employ of [illegible]khia, Thavar and Co[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15th	"	1910
		[illegible]ahomedan	Parsee Gully, Null Bazar	Until lately carried on business as milkmen at Madanpura outside the Fort of Bombay [illegible] in the name, style and firm of Suleman Haji Cassum.	[illegible]	[illegible]	15th	"	1910

Orders in the matters of [illegible] that the real and personal Estate and [illegible]cts of the said Insolvents be [illegible]med Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged In[illegible] [illegible]e Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF C[illegible]RK'S OFFICE, HI[illegible] [illegible]ort, Bom[illegible], this 17th day of [illegible]

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

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LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

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Statistics of British [illegible] preceding year, Part V[illegible]9. By [illegible] R1 or 1*s*. [illegible], D[illegible]

Supplement to [illegible] and Navig[illegible] R3. [illegible]

[illegible]phlet No. 14 [illegible] by R. S. [illegible]

Cla[illegible]s of [illegible] and [illegible]ncial Services in the Be[illegible]dia [illegible] and Bombay Presidencies on 1st Janu[illegible] Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (4*a*.)

Progress Report on Forest Administrat[illegible] Baluchistan for 1908-09. Foolscap. [illegible] cover. R1-12 or 2*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Annual Report of [illegible] Board of Scienti[illegible] for India for [illegible] year [illegible] Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6[illegible] Jasons [illegible]

The India[illegible] Forest[illegible]ved the assent [illegible] A No[illegible] Royal [illegible]

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LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

The Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part I. (Economic Product Series). The Prospects of the Match Industry in the Indian Empire with particulars of proposed Match Factory Sites and woods suitable for match manufacture. Super-Royal 4to. Paper cover. R1-12 or 3s. (5a.)

Forest Pamphlet No. 16. Note on Best Season for Coppice Fellings of Teak (Tectona Grandis). Super-Royal 8vo. Paper. As. 4 or 5d. (1a.)

Proceedings of the Board of Agriculture in India held at Pusa on the 21st February 1910 and following days with appendices. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 8 or 9d. (2a.)

PUBLIC WO[illegible]NT.

Classified List and [illegible] establishment. Corre[illegible] all [illegible] Royal 8vo. P[illegible] (2a.)

ARMY DEPARTMEN[illegible]

Papers and Maps set for the E[illegible]NC[illegible]ation in subjects (d) to (j) for promotion [illegible] in India in October 1909 with rema[illegible] by the examiners. Demy 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s 6d. (2a.)

Report on the Examination in subjects (d) to (j) for promotion held in India in March 1910, with remarks by Examiner, 1910. Price R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

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Alphabetical List of Stations on Indian Railways (including Steamer and Out-Agency Stations worked in connection therewith) corrected up to the 31st December 1909. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (5a.)

Administration Report on the Railways in India for the calendar year 1909. Foolscap. Limp cover. R2 or 2s. 8d. (6a.)

Classified List of the State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of Railways corrected up to 30th June 1910. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BENGAL.

History of Services of Gazetted and other Officers serving under the Government of Bengal, corrected to 1st July 1909. Part I. Royal 8vo. Board. R2 or 3s. (8a.) Part II. R2 or 3s. (6a.) Complete R4 or 6s. (14a.)

OTHE[illegible]L GOVERNMENTS AND [illegible]ADMINISTRATIONS.

[illegible] Frontier Province District Gazetteers, [illegible] III B, Kohat District, Statistical [illegible] 1904. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 4d.

[illegible]on the Registration Returns of the North West Frontier Province for the year 190[illegible] Foolscap Paper cover. 6a. or 6d. (2a.)

Report of the Chemical Examiner to Governm[illegible] North-West Frontier Province, for the [illegible] 1909. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2a. 3p. or [illegible] (2a.)

Selections from the Records of the Madras Govern ment, Dutch Records No. 9. Extracts fron General Inventories and Establishment lists o the years 1743, 1761 and 1780. Copied by th Rev. P. Groot. Foolscap. Board. 10a. or 1[illegible] (2a.)

Report of the Sanitary Commissioner of the [illegible] West Frontier Province, 1909. Foolsca[illegible] cover. 4a. 6p. (2a.)

Records of Fort St. George.—Diary and Consul tation Book, Military Department, 1752 Foolscap. Board. R1-2 or 1s. 9d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the Jails of the North West Frontier Province for the year 190[illegible] Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 10 or 10d. (2a.)

Report on Vaccination in the North-West Fr[illegible] Province for the year 1909-1910. Foo[illegible] Paper cover. As. 5 or 5d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKE[illegible] WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

[illegible] Th[illegible]gineering—

[illegible] Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 190[illegible]

[illegible]BLE THE [illegible]ting, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-[illegible] R5-2.

Report of th[illegible] Eted [illegible] posted to [illegible] [illegible]risoners in [illegible] R3 or [illegible]

Amount of fees [illegible] [illegible]E AT THE [illegible]AL, 57, PARK

[illegible] S PUBLICATIONS.

[illegible] List of Proceedings, Vol. [illegible], Nos. 2 to 11, at R2 each.

[illegible]doirs, Vol. 2, No. 10, Cerrhipedes Opercules de l'Indian Museum de Calcutt Par Mr. M. A. Gruval, at R2.

[illegible]oirs, Vol. 2, No. 11, Correlations of Areas of Mat[illegible] Crops [illegible] the Rai[illegible] Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

[illegible] Dr [illegible]. Roy, at R1-4.

[illegible]dra Kanta Tark[illegible]

Gobhila Paricista, Part I. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at R1-14.

Baudhayana Srauta Sutra, Vol. 2, Fasc. 3. By Dr. W. Caland, at As. 10.

Suryya Siddhanta, Fasc. 1. By M. M. Sudhakara Dvivedi, at R1-4

Chaturvarga Cintamoni, Vol. 4, Fasc. 9. By Pandit Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusana. As. 10.

Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 7. By Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur, at R1.

Mohabhasyapradipodyata, Vol. 3, Fasc. 10. By Pandit Bahuvallava Shastri, at As. 10.

Muntakhab-al-Labab. Part 3, Fasc. 1. By Major T. W. Haig, I.A., at R1.

LIST OF PUBLICATIO[illegible] ISSUED BY THE M[illegible] DEPARTMENT FROM [illegible] APRIL TO 30T[illegible] 1910.

Monthly Weather Review for [illegible]emb[illegible] [illegible]strated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1[illegible]

Memoirs of the Indian Meteor[illegible] [illegible]III, Part IV. By Sir John Eliot, M.A., F.R.S., [illegible] by 40 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R2.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Depa[illegible]t, Vol. XXI, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S. [illegible]rated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 8*a*.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part II. By Gilbert T. Walker, M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price R1 8*a*.

Tables for the reduction of Meteorological Observations in India. Quarto. Cloth binding. R2.

Monthly Weather Review for December 1909 to June 1910. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part II. By Gilbert T. Walker, M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price R1-8.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XX, Part 8. By George C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price R3.

Tables for the reduction of Meteorological Observations in India. Quarto. Cloth binding. R2.

[illegible]T OF NEW BOOKS P[illegible]Y THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEKS ENDING 24TH SEPTEMBER AND 8TH OCTOBER 1910.

[illegible]ords of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXX[illegible] [illegible] Holland, K.C.I.E., D.Sc., F.R.S., and L. Leigh[illegible] [illegible] (with Plates 1-8). R2.

[illegible] the Geolog[illegible] of India[illegible]vey of India, Volume [illegible]

Records o[illegible] Esq., B[illegible]

LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1910.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Estate J. B. N. Hennessey decd.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late John Baboneau Nickterlien Henessey, C.I.E., F.R.S., M.A., who died at 18, Albyn Park, West Dulwich, on the 23rd May 1910, Letters of Administration to whose Est[illegible] been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co [illegible] quired to [illegible]nd in the same on or before 6th November next to the [illegible] Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will [illegible] regard only to the claims of which he shall then h[illegible] subsequently will be recognized, and all perso[illegible] ties [illegible] property belong of the said Estate are also [illegible] the a[illegible] deliver the said s[illegible] trator w[illegible]

LEGISLATIVE DEPA[illegible]

CALCUTTA;
5th October 1910

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 44.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1910.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	PAGES.
PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	1081—1100
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	1553—1596
PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	95
SUPPLEMENT No. 44—	
Statement of Wholesale and Retail Prices and certain staple articles of food-grains for the second-half of September 1910	1745—1763
Imports of Cotton, Wheat, Linseed, Indigo, Jute, Tea and Rice	1765—1769
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during week ending the 22nd October 1910	1771—1776
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 22nd October 1910	1777—1780
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 27th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1781—1782
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1783—1785

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appoint[illegible]

LEGISLATIVE DEPART[illegible]

NOTIFICA[illegible]

Simla, the 28th Oc[illegible]

No. 53.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 26th day of February, 1886, the provisions of Section 1 of the Government of India Act, 1870 (33rd Vict., Cap. 3), were declared applicable to Upper Burma.

And whereas the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same has received the assent of the Governor General on the 28th day of October, 1910;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India* and in the Burma Gazette :—

REGULATION No. VI OF 1910.

A Regulation to provide for the control of the petroleum-mining industry in Upper Burma.

WHEREAS it is expedient to control and regulate the petroleum-mining industry in Upper Burma; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Title, extent and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Regulation may be called the Upper Burma Oil Fields Regulation, 1910.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of Upper Burma; and

(*3*) It shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may, by notification in the Burma Gazette, prescribe.

Definitions.

2. In this Regulation, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) "oil-field" means an area which the Local Government has, by notification as aforesaid, declared to be an oil-field for the purposes of this Regulation :

(*b*) "company" means a company registered under the Indian Companies Act, 1882, or under the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, or any Act thereby repealed, or incorporated by an Act of Parliament or of the Governor General in Council or by Royal Charter or Letters Patent, and carrying on oil-winning operations in an oil-field :

I of 1882.

Edw. VII

(*c*) "oil" means petroleum oil, and includes crude oil, refined oil, oil partially refined and any of the products of petroleum :

(*d*) "well" means an excavation made in the ground f[illegible] of extracting oil :

[illegible] ll which flows [illegible] ly from the [illegible] uped well [illegible] which aid [illegible]

[illegible] limit [illegible] ruary [illegible] ape- [illegible] rectora Str- [illegible] gulation, and may [illegible] Exec Strng [illegible] and fr[illegible] n time t[illegible] posted to tith and [illegible]

(*2*) Such [illegible] mits may extend to sin[illegible]ce where oil is stored or pipe-line stations are erected, and to any portion of a foreshore where oil is loaded into flats or boats.

Appointment of officer to carry out the purposes of this Regulation.

4. (*1*) The Local Government may appoint an officer of the Government, to be called the Warden, to exercise such powers and perform such duties within any oil-field as may be assigned to him under this Regulation.

(*2*) The Warden shall be deemed to be a Revenue-officer within the meaning of the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, 1889. III of

Power to make rules for control of oil-winning operations.

5. (*1*) The control of all oil-winning operations in an oil-field is vested in the Local Government, which may make rules to regulate all matters connected with such operations.

(*2*) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may—

(*a*) define the powers of the Warden ;

(*b*) provide for the appointment by Companies working in an oil-field of responsible local officers, and the duties to be carried out by such officers ;

(*c*) provide for the upkeep of registers, and the submission of records, reports and statistics by persons holding grants or leases from the Government of oil-sites or working in an oil-field, and for the inspection of such records by the public or by any persons ;

(*d*) prescribe the manner in which persons owning wells or well-sites shall demarcate such wells or sites and provide for the preservation of the demarcation marks prescribed ;

(*e*) prescribe the manner in which hand-dug wells shall be protected ;

(*f*) regulate or prohibit the access of [illegible] person not employed on any work in [illegible] oil-field, or who appears to be present [illegible] any vexatious or unlawful object or purpose ;

(*g*) prescribe methods for securing the proper weighing or measurement of the oil produced ;

(*h*) provide for the reporting of fires and accidents which may occur in an oil-field ;

(*i*) prescribe the precautions which persons working on adjacent sites shall take, so as not to interfere with the safety or convenience of persons carrying on oil-winning operations in the neighbourhood or with the lines of communication across the oil-field ;

(*j*) regulate the rights of ingress or egress to and from any site in the oil-field, and the right to transport materials, tools or machinery across any such site or to lay pipes or wires above or below ground across any site belonging to any other person engaged in the oil industry ;

(*k*) prescribe the measures to be taken to shut off water from wells, whether in use or abandoned;

(*l*) provide for the prohibition or limitation of the drilling of any well where such drilling might cause danger of flooding to any part of the oil-field; and

(*m*) provide for the precautions to be taken to detect and prevent the influx of water into the oil-sands.

(3) The Local Government may, by rule, attach to the breach of any rule under this section any punishment not exceeding a fine of five hundred rupees, and if fraudulent intention is proved or actual injury or damage to person or property in the oil-field ensues, any punishment not exceeding imprisonment for a term of six months, or a fine of one thousand rupees, or both.

The Local Government may also, by rule, attach to the breach of any rule made under sub-clause (*m*) of sub-section (2) the penalty of forfeiture of the grant or lease held by the offender or his employer from Government.

Power to make special fire rules.

6. (1) The Local Government may make rules for the prevention and extinction of fires in an oil-field or in any specified portion thereof.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may—

(*a*) regulate or prohibit the use of naked lights and of lamps other than those of a prescribed description or pattern;

(*b*) regulate or prohibit smoking and the use or possession of matches;

(*c*) regulate or prohibit the use of forges and open fires;

(*d*) regulate or prohibit all or any kind of work by night;

(*e*) regulate or prohibit the use of steam-boilers;

(*f*) regulate the use of engines and machinery;

(*g*) provide for the prohibition within or removal from any area of any construction which might in the opinion of the Warden prove a source of danger to the oil-field;

(*h*) provide for the disposal of inflammable gases;

(*i*) regulate or prohibit the use of oil-tanks;

(*j*) provide for the institution and regulation of fire-brigades, voluntary or otherwise;

(*k*) prescribe and regulate the use of lightning conductors;

(*l*) prescribe the use of fire extinguishers and of fire-extinguishing apparatus;

(*m*) regulate the position of pipes for the conveyance of oil and for the laying of such pipes underground where necessary;

(*n*) prescribe the method of dealing with flowing wells;

(*o*) prescribe the procedure to be adopted when a fire breaks out;

(*p*) provide for the compulsory cessation or limitation of operations of any kind in order to prevent or limit the spread of fire;

(*q*) provide for the bringing to the surface of all well-diggers immediately on an alarm of fire;

(*r*) provide for the construction of gate-valves or stop-cocks on flowing wells and their closure on an alarm of fire being given; and

(*s*) provide for the maintenance of fire-lines.

(3) The Local Government may, by rule, attach to the breach of any rule under this section any punishment not exceeding a fine of five hundred rupees, and if fraudulent intention is proved or actual injury or damage to person or property in the oil-field ensues, any punishment not exceeding imprisonment for a term of six months, or a fine of one thousand rupees, or both.

(4) The Local Government may also, by rule, attach to the breach of any rule made under clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*d*), (*f*) and (*n*) of sub-section (2) the penalty of forfeiture of the grant or lease held by the offender or his employer from Government.

(5) The Warden may from time to time define the limits within which all or any of the rules made under this section shall apply.

Tax on steam-boilers consuming crude oil-fuel.

7. The Local Government may, by notification as aforesaid, declare that all steam-boilers consuming crude oil-fuel in any oil-field shall be subject to the payment [illegible] at such rate as may be specified in [illegible]

Inquiry [illegible] accidents.

8. Whenev[illegible] Com- [illegible] Com- [illegible] an [illegible] the cr[illegible] sion [illegible] the [illegible] property [illegible] at [illegible] his [illegible] with [illegible] ing of occ[illegible]unts [illegible] any [illegible] inquiry [illegible] part of an [illegible] hold an inquiry; and su[illegible] conducting such inquiry [illegible] all the powers which a Magistrate would have in holding an inquiry into an offence under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Inapplicability of section 556 of Act V of 1898 to trials of offences against this Regulation.

9. The Warden shall not be deemed, within the meaning of section 556 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a party to or personally interested in any prosecution for an offence under this Regulation or any rule made thereunder.

Indemnity for acts done in good faith.

10. No suit or criminal prosecution shall lie against any public servant for anything done under this Regulation or in good faith intended to be done under this Regulation.

Government not liable for loss or damage.

11. The Government shall not be responsible for any loss or damage which may occur owing to any action taken in good faith by any public servant under this Regulation.

Persons empowered by rules under section 6 (2) (j) to be deemed public servants.

12. Every person empowered by any rules made under section 6, sub-section (2), clause (j), to do any act shall be that behalf for the purposes of Chapter X of the Indian Penal Code be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the said Code. 7 of 1860.

Revision of orders of Warden.

13. (1) An order made by the Warden under this Regulation shall be subject to review and revision in the same manner and to the same extent as an order of a Revenue-officer under sections 10 and 11 of the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, 1889. of 1889.

(2) Save as provided by this section, no appeal shall lie from any order made under this Regulation, but such order shall be final and shall not be liable to be contested by suit or otherwise.

Power of Local Government to revoke grants or leases.

14. The Local Government may revoke any grant or lease and take possession of any well or site in respect of which there has been committed a breach of any rule made under this Regulation to which this penalty may be attached by the Local Government.

Previous publication, etc., of rules.

15. (1) The power to make rules conferred on the Local Government by sections 5 and 6 shall be subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication.

(2) All rules made under this Regulation shall be published in the Burma Gazette, and on such publication shall have effect as if enacted in this Regulation.

Exclusion of jurisdiction of Revenue-officers in certain cases.

16. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 53 of the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, 1889, a Revenue-officer shall not exercise jurisdiction over any of the following matters, which shall be cognisable exclusively by a Civil Court, namely :— III of 1889.

Any claim as between private persons to the ownership or possession of any well or well-site, whether situate on State or other land or to establish any lien upon or other interest in any such well or well-site, or the rents, profits or produce thereof.

No. 54.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Colonel F. B. Longe, C.B., R.E., A.D.C., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

R. SHEEPSHANKS,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EDUCATION.

Simla, the 24th October, 1910.

[illegible] powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause [illegible] Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the [illegible] pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Surgeon-General [illegible] Inspector General, Indian Medical Service, to be an [illegible] with effect from the 26th October 1910.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 25th October, 1910.

No. 15[illegible] [illegible] posted to the [illegible] and [illegible] on 5, clause (b), of the Whipping Act, 1909 (IV of 1909), the Governor General in Council is pleased to specify an offence under section 19, sub-section (1), of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1871 (XXVII of 1871), being an offence punishable with imprisonment, as an offence for the abetment or commission of or attempt to commit which juvenile offenders may be punished with whipping in accordance with the provisions of the said section.

MEDICAL.

The 25th October, 1910.

No. 1173.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Cunningham, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to be Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Central Provinces, with effect from the 26th October 1910.

The 27th October, 1910.

No. 1190.—In the Home Department notification no. 809, dated the 15th July 1910, granting combined leave to Captain R. M. Carter, I.M.S., *for* "paragraph 222, Army Regulations, India, Volume II," *read* "article 606, note 2, and article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations."

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 1197.—The services of Captain M. Corry, M.B., I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 12th July 1910.

PORT BLAIR.

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 789.—Mr. W. H. Miller, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Port Blair, is appointed to be Assistant Superintendent in the Settlement so long as he holds his present office or until further orders.

No. 792.—Mr. W. S. Viney, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent in the Settlement so long as he holds his present office or until further orders.

PUBL[illegible]

The 26th October, 1910.

No. 5116.—The Governor General in Council directs that the following clause shall be added to Part I of the schedule to the rules regulating the use of uniform by officers in civil employ, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, no. 2890, dated the 4th August 1909:

"4. Accountants General serving with the Government of India.	First class as shown in the 'Description of Civil Uniform' appended."

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 5124.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following words shall be added after the words "the Dekkhan and Southern Maratha Country Sardars" in entry (*b*) of clause (18) of Schedule I of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909:

"the Sardars of Gujarat;"

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

The 25th October, 1910.

No. 1976.—The following telegram is published for [illegible]

Telegram dated Pera, the 17th [illegible]

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extra[illegible] tinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Measures against Alexandria and Port Said su[illegible] his [illegible] unts [illegible]

SANITARY.

The 26th October, 1910.

No. 1978.—The following telegram is published for general information:

Telegram dated Pera, the 20th October 1910.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Measures against Batoum reduced to medical inspection. This decision applies to ordinary ships. In case of pilgrim ships that port is still regarded as suspect.

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 1992.—The following telegram is published for general information :

Telegram dated Pera, the 26th October 1910.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Measures against Odessa, Kertch, Novorossisk, Theodosia, Sebastopol, Eupatoria reduced to medical inspection and disinfection for ships with passengers, to medical inspection only for ships without.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 26th October, 1910.

No. 1150—91-3.—Mr. James de Graaff Hunter, M.A., Mathematical Expert, Survey of India, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 25th October 1910.

CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

The 27th October, 1910.

No. 2419—2-II.—On return from leave Major J. D. E. Holmes, M.R.C.V.S., M.A., D.Sc., Imperial Bacteriologist to the Government of India, Muktesar Laboratory, is placed on special duty until the 5th November 1910.

No. 2420—2-II.—The services of Major F. S. H. Baldrey, F.R.C.V.S., D.V.H., Officiating Imperial Bacteriologist to the Government of India, are replaced at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces with effect from the date on which he is relieved by Major J. D. E. Holmes.

FORESTS.

October, 1910.

No. 1272—[illegible] cation of this Department No. 685—150-2-*F.*, dated th[illegible] servator of Forests, 3rd grade, is appointed to o[illegible] rs as Conservator, 2nd grade, with effect from the 1st July 191[illegible] on 5, clau[illegible] ouncil is [illegible]

No. 1274—281-4-F.—On return from combined leave, Mr. B. B. Osmaston, Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, resumed charge of the Office of the Conservator of Forests, Western Circle, United Provinces, with effect from the forenoon of the 17th October 1910, the date on which he relieved Mr. P. H. Clutterbuck, Officiating as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade.

From the same date the following changes take place :—

Mr. B. B. Osmaston, Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, is appointed to officiate as Conservator, 2nd grade, until further orders.

Mr. P. H. Clutterbuck, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, reverts to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator on the United Provinces list.

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 1277—238-4-*F*.—Mr. J. D. Maitland Kirwan, Deputy Conservator of Forests, and Instructor, Imperial Forest College, Dehra Dun, is granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th October 1910.

No. 1282—285-2-*F*.—On return from leave, Mr. A. W. Blunt, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Punjab, relieved Mr. C. G. Rogers, Conservator of Forests, 3rd (officiating 2nd) grade, of the charge of the Berar Circle in the Central Provinces, with effect from the afternoon of 17th October 1910.

From this date Mr. Blunt is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, until further orders.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 27th October, 1910.

No. 92.—The Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India has been pleased to sanction the construction from loan funds of the Asola Mendha Tank Scheme in the Brahmapuri Tahsil of the Chanda district, Central Provinces.

L. M. JACOB,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 15th October, 1910.

No. 46-*I.E.*—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that his Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the said Order:

To be an Honorary Knight Commander.

Shaikh Khazal Khán, Sardár-i-Arfa', of Mohammarah.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 25th October, 1910.

No. 3302-*Est.-A.*—Captain R. A. Lyall, a Political Assistant of the Second Class, is posted as Assistant Political Agent, Chitral, with effect from the 21st September, 1910.

No. 3303-*Est.-A.*—Captain C. G. Crosthwaite, a Political Assistant of the Second Class, is posted as Assistant Commissioner, Thal Sub-Division, Hangu, with effect from the 5th October, 1910.

No. 2183-*G*.—With reference to Notification No. 1682-G., dated the 8th August, 1910, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Monsieur M. Cuvelier as Consul for Belgium at Bombay, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

The 26th October, 1910.

No. 2093-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to amend the Bangalore Municipal Law, 189[illegible], as follows:

To section 137, sub-section (1), clause (*e*) of the said Law, the following shall be added as sub-clause (*ix*), namely:

"(*ix*) for the numbering and registration of all or any motor vehicle, bicycle or tricycle liable to taxation under this Law".

The 27th October, 1910.

No. 3320-*Est.-A.*—Captain C. W. Prescott, a Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, is posted as Assistant Commissioner, Kohat, with effect from the 5th October 1910.

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 2100-*I.B*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to Berar the provisions, so far as they may be applicable, of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), subject to any amendments to which the Act is for the time being subject in British India.

Provided, that in the Act as so applied references to British India shall be read as referring to Berar;

Provided, secondly, that the modifications and restrictions set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed shall be made in the said Act as so applied;

Provided, thirdly, that for the purpose of facilitating the application of the said Act any Court in Berar may construe the provisions thereof with such alterations not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt the same to the matter before the Court.

Schedule.

1. In section 4, sub-section (1), for the word "shall" the word "may" shall be substituted.

2. In section 20, for sub-section (1), the following shall be substituted, namely:

"(1) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, make rules regulating the duties and powers of the Chief Inspector of Mines in respect of the inspection of Mines under this Act, and providing for appeals from the orders of the Chief Inspector of Mi[illegible] ich rules shall be republished, as soon as may be, in the local official gazette.

3. To sub-[illegible] same section the following shall be prefixed, namely:

"(2) The [illegible] of the Central Provinces, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council may, for the whole or any part of Berar, by notification in the local official gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes and objects of this Act in respect of [illegible] classes of mines."

and for cl[illegible] section, the following shall be substituted, namely:

"(*a*) [illegible] and powers of Inspectors of Mines in respect of the inspection of mines under this Act and provide for appeals from the orders of Inspectors of Mines."

No. 2106-*I.A.*—The notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4773-I.C., dated the 28th November 1906, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Sirdar Bakshi Pretam Singh, Bahadur, Commander-in-Chief of the Patiala Forces, to be Honorary Aide-de-Camp on the personal staff of His Excellency the Viceroy is hereby cancelled.

S. H. BUTLER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 27th October, 1910.

No. 5722-F.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

tember 1910. Lakhs of Rupees.

	September.		To end of September.		Whole Year.	
	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	Budget, 1910-1911.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1909-1910.
Civil Revenue.						
l Revenue (including Land Revenue due to igation)	1,05	1,15	11,53	11,90	33,40	33,80
m	99	53	5,58	3,00	6,98	8,30
... ...	31	38	2,16	2,27	5,09	4,94
ps	63	54	3,85	3,55	7,12	6,03
se	84	77	5,03	4,67	10,24	9,79
incial Rates	9	7	43	38	81	82
oms	75	62	4,71	3,39	9,06	7,45
ssed Taxes	23	23	1,04	1,01	2,26	2,16
st	18	16	83	86	2,05	2,37
istration	5	4	36	37	68	65
utes from Native States	1	1	21	22	89	88
er Civil Revenue	27	24	1,94	1,81	4,61	4,12
AL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO CCOUNT: GROSS	5,40	4,74	37,78	33,43	83,79	81,91
Civil Expenditure.						
rest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and igation Works	—8	—7	—2,35	—2,40	—4,40	—4,59
um	—7	—14	—1,73	—1,53	—1,94	—1,66
nine Relief	...	...	...	—9	—75	—10
er Civil Expenditure	—2,71	—2,69	—17,94	—17,45	—38,95	—36,58
TAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO CCOUNT: GROSS	—2,86	—2,90	—22,02	—21,47	—45,83	—42,93
ceipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues rom those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:						
e figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.]						
t Office (Net: + Receipts more, —Receipts less than ssues)	+4	+19	+57	+95	+1,94	+1,34
rine	—5	—3	—22	—9	—49	—37
litary Receipts	+3	+8	+31	+35	+1,00	+88
litary Issues	—1,56	—1,62	—6,87	—10,03	—21,35	—20,79
blic Works Department—						
Receipts.						
dinary Branches...	+14	+24	+2,30	+2,62	+51,70	+50,81
ite Railways	+2,99	+2,51	+19,40	+17,77		
st Indian Railway	+55	+45	+3,73	+3,37		
legraph	+1	+2	+11	+10	+22	+24
TOTAL ...	+3,60	+3,22	+25,86	+23,93	+51,92	+51,05
Issues.						
dinary Branches	—88	—88	—5,81	—5,88	—48,55	—43,32
ite Railways	—2,41	—2,29	—13,41	—13,81		
st Indian Railway	—31	—43	—1,01	—2,94		
legraph	—9	—10	—57	—63	—1,40	—1,32
TOTAL ...	—3,69	—3,70	[illegible]	—22,38	—49,75	—44,64
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS ...	—1,63	—1,86	[illegible]	[illegible]	—16,83	—12,53
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
rmanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less than payments) ...	...	—1	+1,38	+2,40	+1,31	+2,28
nt Certificates and bullion Advances (Net as above)	+8	+3	+10	—4	...	—15
rrency Transfers for Gold in England ...	...	...	+2,62	...	...	+1,50
rrency Transfers for Silver in transit	...	...	...	...	...	...
xchange on Remittance Accounts	...	...	...	—5	...	+10
ouncil Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R15 per £	—1,81	—49	—15,48	—11,12	—23,25	—29,70
ther Debt Heads (Net as above)	—14	+25	+86	+90	+1,66	+2,61
OTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS ...	—1,87	—22	—10,51	—8,11	—20,28	—23,30
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES ...	—96	—24	+23	—3,52	+85	+3,09
pening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	19,63	12,07	18,44	15,35	17,85	15,75
losing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	18,67	11,83	18,67	11,83	18,70	18,44

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 25th October, 1910.

No. 5658-*F. E.*—Mr. S. K Levett-Yeats has been promoted substantively to the temporary rank of Accountant General of the third class with effect from the 1st July 1910. He is appointed Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, with effect from the 1st October 1910.

No. 5669-*F.E.*—Mr. T. K. Acharya, a Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Bengal, has been appointed to officiate as a Chief Superintendent in that office, with effect from the 20th September 1910 and until further orders.

The 26th October, 1910.

No. 5682-*F.E.*—Mr A. Newmarch, Officiating Accountant General, Madras, was granted furlough on medical certificate for one month, with effect from the 3rd September 1910.

Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, Madras, was appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the 3rd September 1910, during the absence on furlough of Mr. Newmarch.

J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 26th October, 1910.

No. 1766-*Accts*—The privilege leave for sixty days granted to Captain W. V. Richards, I A., Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, Military Accounts Department, in Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 1289-Accts., dated the 4th August 1910, is converted into combined leave in India for eighty-one days from the 22nd July 1910, the first sixty days being privilege leave and the remaining period leave under the leave rules of 1880 for the Indian Army.

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 1786 *Accts.*—The following officiating appointments of officers of the Military Accounts Department are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

I. *From the 16th September 1910, in consequence of the permanent promotions made in Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 1619-Accts., dated the 29th September 1910.*

Lieutenant M. E. Sinclair (on probation), Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

II. *From the 20th September 1910, the date of commencement of the furlough portion of Captain W. V. Richards' leave.*

Captain G. H. Morgan, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

III. *From the 24th September 1910, the date of Captain H. Murray's departure on leave out of India.*

Captain R. H. S. Whitchurch, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

J. B. BRUNYATE,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

[illegible] section [illegible] and powers [illegible] mines under this [illegible] es."

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 29th October, 1910.

No. 7633—20.—Mr. R. G. Richardson, who was granted privileg leave combined with leave on medical certificate out of India from the 14th January 1908 to the 13th January 1910, is appointed Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, with effect from the 1st December

1909. Mr. R. G. Richardson was granted by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India extraordinary leave without pay from the 14th January to the 20th June 1910.

Mr. R. G. Richardson was permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 21st June 1910.

COMMERCE AND TRADE.

The 29th October, 1910.

No. 7637—43.—The services of Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, I.C.S., late Officiating Director General of Commercial Intelligence, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras from the forenoon of the 24th October 1910.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 29th October, 1910.

No. 7678—194.—Mr. J. J. K. Sparrow, Assistant Superintendent of Telegraphs, Indian Telegraph Department, is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the 27th November 1910.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 29th October, 1910.

No. 7682—82.—With reference to Notification No. 7017—82 (Geology and Minerals), dated the 8th October 1910, Mr. G. F. Adams, Inspector of Mines, is appointed to officiate as Chief Inspector of Mines in India, with effect from the 9th November 1910, or the subsequent date on which he may join the appointment. Mr. Adams is appointed Chief Inspector of Mines in India with effect from the 13th December 1910, *vice* Mr. J. R. R. Wilson, who reverts to his appointment in England on that date.

STORES.

The 27th October, 1910.

No. 7726—7776-66.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following Rule shall be substituted for Rule 5 of the revised Rules for the supply of articles for the public service, which were published with the Resolution in this Department, No. 4941—4988-102, dated the 14th July 1909:

Rule 5.—Special purchases in India.

When serious inconvenience to the public service would be caused by waiting to obtain an article from England through the Director General of Stores, or when, owing to the greater promptitude of supply, an economy can be effected by purchasing in India articles which under the foregoing rules should be obtained through the Store Department, the purchase may be made in India, subject to Rule 13, provided that the articles are already in India at the time of order; but in such cases, if the value of the articles exceed Rs. 50, the sanctioning officer should place on record the reasons which make the local purchase desirable. This [illegible] be available for the inspection of the Examiner of Accounts [illegible] officer when required.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be communicated to all Departments of the Government of India, to all Local Governments and Administrations, to all Accountants General and Comptrollers (including the Comptroller and Auditor General), to all Heads of Departments subordinate to this Department and to the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Ordered, also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 28th October 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 871.—Colonel H. F. Mercer, C.B., Royal Artillery, to be Inspector of Artillery, Southern Army, *vice* Major-General J. M. S. Brunker, Royal Artillery, vacated, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 20th October 1910.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S BRANCH.

No. 872.—Mr. D. R. Berkeley Ryan, Personal Assistant to the Judge Advocate General in India, is granted privilege leave for one month; with effect from the 5th December 1910.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 873.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 4th October 1910, pages 6983 and 6984.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
October 4, 1910.

The KING has approved of the following promotions of Officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service and Indian Army Departments:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 30th July 1910.

Charles Henry Lewis, 35th Scinde Horse.

Dated 9th August 1910.

Wilfred Ironside Ryder, 1st Prince of Wales's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Dated 23rd August 1910.

Allen McConaghey, Supernumerary List.

Ernest Montague Jackson, 88th Carnatic Infantry.

Richmond Trevor Crichton, C.I.E., Supernumerary List.

George de Symons Barrow, 4th Cavalry.

Hon. Henry Dundas Napier, C.M.G., 39th Prince of Wales's Own Central India Horse.

Ramsay Frederick Clayton Gordon, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).

Donald John Campbell Macnabb, Supernumerary List.

Frank Popham Young, C.I.E., Supernumerary List.

Herbert Lane Goodenough, 92nd Punjabis.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 4th August 1910.

Julian Fr[illegible] nd po[illegible]erary List.
inc[illegible]er this [illegible]

Dated 13th August 1910.

Malcolm Edward Lloyd Bruce, Military Accounts Department.

Brevet Major Arthur Louis Bickford, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Stewart Blakely Agnew Patterson, Political Employ.

John Francis Bennett, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Walter James Henry Hunter, 117th Mahrattas.

Richard Ducat, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Henry Keith Barr, 38th Prince of Wales's Own Central India Horse.

Æneas Charles Perkins, 40th Pathans.

Archibald Campbell Hobson, 99th Deccan Infantry.

John Hodson Doveton, 16th Cavalry.

Cyril Grey Stansfeld, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 29th June 1910.

Oliver St. John, 88th Carnatic Infantry.

Dated 18th August 1910.

Allan Marriott Hutchins, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

To be Colonel.

Dated 25th May 1910.

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Casement Reeves.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 28th July 1910.

John Cyril Holdich Leicester, M.D., F.R.C.S.

Hubert Innes, M.D.

William Southwick Willmore.

Albert Elijah Walter.

Leslie Thomason Rose Hutchinson, M.D.

Alexander Mathers Fleming, M.B.

Ellacott Leamon Ward.

John Norman Walker.

Vivian Heathcote Roberts, F.R.C.S.

Thomas Spinks Ross.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Dated 2nd February 1910.

Sites Chunder Chuckerbutty.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.

Dated 4th July 1910.

To be Commissary, with honorary rank of Captain.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Lennie Lee.

To be Deputy Commissary, with honorary rank of Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Scott.

To be Assistant Commissary, with honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Conductor George Frederick John Caldecourt.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

To be Deputy Commissary, with honorary [illegible]tain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Albe[illegible] Dated 29th June 1910.

To be Assistant Commissary, with honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Conductor George Henry Green. Dated 11th July 1910.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

To be Assistant Commissary, with honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Conductor Simon Brown. Dated 12th July 1910.

NOTE.—The dates of promotion of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army are as follows, and not as stated in the London Gazette of 24th May 1910 :—

Major J. C. C. Perkins, D.S.O., as Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 20th October 1909.

Lieutenant A. M. Mills, as Captain. Dated 29th March 1910.

Lieutenant H. R. H. Whytehead, as Captain. Dated 30th March 1910.

Lieutenant M. T. Cramer-Roberts, as Captain. Dated 1st April 1910.

The dates of promotion of Lieutenants T. Nisbet and P. J. Goût are 1st April 1910, and 6th April 1910, respectively.

The spelling of the surname of Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Johnston, M.B., Indian Medical Service, whose promotion was announced in the London Gazette of 24th May 1910, is as now stated.

The King has approved of the following admissions to the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service :—

INDIAN ARMY.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Trevor Newall Watson, Squadron Officer, 12th Cavalry, from the 1st (Royal) Dragoons. Dated 11th June 1910, but to rank from 29th November 1908.

Lieutenant Vernon Conrad Duberly, Squadron Officer, 17th Cavalry, from the Royal Field Artillery. Dated 20th June 1910, but to rank from 29th October 1906.

Lieutenant Noel Ralph Whitaker, Officiating Double Company Officer, 18th Infantry, from the Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment). Dated 2nd July 1910, but to rank from 6th January 1909.

Lieutenant Harold Clement Montagu Lucas, Officiating Double Company Officer, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), from the East Surrey Regiment. Dated 22nd June 1910, but to rank from 12th September 1909.

Lieutenant Eric Tudor Tallent Todd, Double Company Officer, 121st Pioneers, from the Royal Garrison Artillery. Dated 19th June 1910, but to rank from 25th October 1908.

Lieutenant Eric Cummings, Double Company Officer, 93rd Burma Infantry, from the Royal Garrison Artillery. Dated 27th June 1910, but to rank from 23rd March 1906.

Lieutenant Douglas Gordon Ponsonby, Officiating Double Company Officer, 34th Sikh Pioneers, from the Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment). Dated 5th July 1910, but to rank from 16th November 1907.

Lieutenant Hugh Edward Growse, Double Company Officer, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs, from the South Wales Borderers. Dated 23rd June 1910, but to rank from 27th December 1907.

Lieutenant Eric Carmichael Brown, Officiating Double Company Officer, 6th Gurkha Rifles, from the Royal Garrison Artillery. Dated 12th July 1910, but to rank from 27th October 1907.

Lieutenant Edward Percy Marion Durand, Double Company Officer, 8th Rajputs, from the East Surrey Regiment. Dated 21st June 1910, but to rank from 29th August 1909.

Second Lieutenant [illegible] Mordaunt Hankin, Officiating Double Company Officer, Queen's [illegible] Dates of Guides (Lumsden's), from the Royal Field Artillery. Dated 3[illegible] [illegible]erary 1910, but to rank from 23rd October 1909.

Second Lieutenant [illegible] Dar[illegible]ry Stuart Moberley, Double Company Officer, 74th Punjabis, from the Unattached List. Dated 1st August 1910, but to rank from 17th November 1909.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

To be Lieutenants.

Dated 29th January 1910.

Framroze Jamsetjee Kolaporewalla.

Edward Galwey Kennedy, M.B.

Robert Forrester Douglas MacGregor, M.B.

Arthur Lewin Sheppard, M.B.

Paul Knighton Gilroy, M.B.

Joseph Arthur Alexander Kernahan.

Maurice Lionel Corrie Irvine, M B.

Ernest William O'Gorman Kirwan, M.B.

John Valentine Macdonald, M.B.

George Lawrance Duncan, M.B.

Anath Nath Palit, F.R.C.S.E.

Hubert Alan Hirst Robson, M.B.

Kalyan Kumar Mukerji.

Cecil George Howlett, M.B.

Captain Arthur Anderson McNeight, M B., Royal Army Medical Corps, has been admitted to the Indian Medical Service by exchange with Captain R. K. White. Dated 11th July 1910.

The King has approved of the following retirements of Officers of the Indian Army, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Colonel Harry Heptinstall Rose Heath, C B. Dated 10th September 1910.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Ffrench. Dated 1st August 1910.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Eyre Sullivan Taylor. Dated 30th August 1910.

Lieutenant-Colonel Rawdon Edward Dennys Reilly. Dated 6th September 1910.

Major Harry Prevost England Parker. Dated 29th August 1910.

Captain Arthur Pitcairn Hughes. Dated 28th September 1910.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain George Samuel O'Neal. Dated 4th July 1910.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Commissary and Honorary Captain Thomas Beck, Military Works Services. Dated 4th July 1910.

The King has approved of the resignation of the service by the following Officer :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Second Lieutenant John Colin MacDougall Stewart. Dated 27th August 1910.

The King has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned Officer to the Unemployed Supernumerary List :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Edwin Jones. Dated 6th September 1910.

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"London Gazette," dated the 7th October 1910, pages 7073 and 7074.

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War Office, Whitehall,
October 7, 1910.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lieutenant-Colonel Offley B. S. F. Shore, D.S.O., 18th Prince of Wales's Own Tiwana Lancers, to be Brevet Colonel. Dated 30th July 1910.

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PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No 874.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

1st October 1910.

George Stanley Frazer, Commandant, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

25th October 1910.

John Frederick Barry, Supply and Transport Corps.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 875.—Sergeant Frederick Charles Marks to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* John Webb, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th October 1910.

MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

MADRAS.

No 876.—Conductor Walter William Laskey to be Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 24th August 1908.

No. 877.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Walter William Laskey to be Deputy Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 21st July 1910.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

28th Punjabis.

No. 878.—Jemadar Ganda Singh, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 895, dated the 6th November 1908, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 1st October 1908.

No. 879.—The following promotions are made:—

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Kote-Dafadar Subh Ram to be Jemadar, *vice* Phul Singh, resigned; with effect from the 1st September 1910.

31st Punjabis.

Color-Havildar Nika Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jagat Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 20th September 1910.

34th Sikh Pioneers.

Quarter-Master-Havildar Indar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Arjun Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 13th September 1910.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Parmod Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Lal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th July 1910.

93rd Burma Infantry.

Color-Havildar Fazal Hasain to be Jemadar, *vice* Gul Hasan Shah, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 25th September 1910.

120th Rajputana Infantry.

Jemadar Dunga to be Subadar, *vice* Kurra Gujar, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 21st June 1910.

Havildar Sunda to be Jemadar to fill an existing vacancy; with effect from the 20th September 1910.

1st Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Padamdhoj Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Mahadal Limbu, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1910.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 880.—The following appointments are made in the Reserve of the Supply and Transport Corps :—

To be Ressaidars.

Kifait Ullah of the Karnal District.
Hoshiar Singh of the Karnal District.

10th Mule Corps.

No. 881.—Kote-Dafadar Painda Khan, appointed Jemadar on probation, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 16th June 1909.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 882.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified :—

Conductor William Levason, Ordnance Department, Northern Circle; with effect from the 15th June 1910.

Conductor Albert Samuel William Ellis, Ordnance Department, Southern Circle; with effect from the 18th October 1910.

Sub-Conductor John Webb, India Miscellaneous List; with effect from the 16th October 1910.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 883.—Lieutenant-Colonel George Frederick Dashwood Hamilton, Supply and Transport Corps, has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 5th October 1910.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 884.—The name of Second Lieutenant Wilfrid Temple Aldous is as herein stated and not as notified in Army Department Notifications Nos. 331 and 441, dated the 22nd April and 27th May 1910, respectively.

Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.

No. 885.—Lieutenant Walter Gardner Longdin to be Captain, on augmentation. Dated 14th September 1910.

2nd Battalion, Bengal-Nagpur Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 886.—Lieutenant Cyril George Ridsdale to be Captain, *vice* G. C. Godfrey, promoted. Dated 1st January 1910.

Lieutenant Charles Vincent Nixon Shortland to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st January 1910.

2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 887.—Captain William Patrick Henderson resigns his commission. Dated 1st October 1910.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 888.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

Lieutenant Frederick William W[illegible]

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 889.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), and in modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Military Department No. 664, dated the 16th June 1899, as subsequently amended, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to alter the Cantonment Code, 1899, to the extent set forth below :—

In section 64, sub-section (1) the words "other than a contract for the execution of a work" shall be omitted.

ORGANISATION.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 890—The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, having sanctioned the reorganisation of the Ordnance Department in India, which includes the creation of an Independent Inspection Branch, the following will be the establishment, pay and allowances of officers of the reorganized department, with effect from the 1st January 1911 :—

A.—ADMINISTRATIVE.

(i) *Consolidated pay of appointments.*

	Rs.	
1 Director-General of Ordnance	2,500 per mensem.	*plus* Exchange Compensation Allowance.
1 Director of Ordnance Factories	2,200 per mensem.	
1 Director of Ordnance Stores	2,000 per mensem.	
1 Director of Ordnance Inspection ...	2,000 per mensem.	
1 Assistant Ordnance Consulting Officer for India	£500 per annum.	

(ii) *Charge allowances for Administrative Appointments.*

	Rs.	
1 Deputy Director-General of Ordnance ...	200 per mensem.	*plus* Exchange Compensation Allowance.
1 Assistant Director-General of Ordnance ...	100 per mensem.	
1 Deputy Director of Ordnance Stores ...	100 per mensem.	
1 Deputy Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores	100 per mensem.	
1 Deputy Director of Ordnance Factories ...	100 per mensem.	
1 Assistant Director of Ordnance Inspection ...	100 per mensem.	

(iii) *Local Allowances.*

	Rs.	
To 3 Assistant Directors of Ordnance Stores in charge of two Divisions.	200 each per mensem.	*plus* Exchange Compensation Allowance.
To 3 Assistant Directors of Ordnance Stores in charge of one Division.	100 each per mensem.	
To 3 Inspection Officers	100 each per mensem.	
To 1 Proof Officer, Balasore	100 per mensem.	
To 1 Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores, Burma.	100 per mensem.	

B.—FACTORY BRANCH.

7 Superintendents of Factories—Indian pay of rank and branch, and staff pay at

$$\text{Rs. } 600 + \frac{100}{5 \text{ years}} = 800, \textit{ plus } \text{Exchange Compensation Allowance.}$$

C.—ALL OTHER OFFICERS.

Indian pay of rank and branch, and the following time scale of staff pay—

		Rs.	
*61 officers.	Less than 3 years' permanent departmental service	250 per mensem.	*plus* Exchange Compensation Allowance.
	3 „ and under 6 years' permanent departmental service.	300 per mensem.	
	6 „ and under 9 years' permanent departmental service.	350 per mensem.	
	9 „ and under 12 years' permanent departmental service.	400 per mensem.	
	12 „ and under 15 years' permanent departmental service.	450 per mensem.	
	15 „ and under 18 years' permanent departmental service.	500 per mensem.	
	18 „ and over permanent departmental service.	600 per mensem.	

* Includes the officers under A (*ii*) and (*iii*).

2. The total establishment will consist of 73 officers as detailed below—

	No.
Administrative Staff	4
Ordnance Officers holding Administrative Appointments	7
Ordnance Manufacturing Section	20
Inspection and Proof Section	12
Ordnance Stores Section	30
Total ...	73

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 28th October 1910.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 19th and 25th October 1910 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Indian Subordinate Medical Department.	Assistant Surgeon Percy Hartley Hemming Munrowd.	18th October 1910.	Simla ...	...	Was in Medical Charge, Junior Secretariat Establishments, Simla.
2nd Battalion, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment).	Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Percival England.	24th October 1910.	Jubbulpore...	...	

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th October, 1910.

No. 276.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned surveys being made by the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Administration for lines of railway on the 5 feet 6 inch gauge as under :—

(*a*) From Rosa station on the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to Budaon station on the Bareilly-Kasganj extension of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway, a distance of about 50 miles ;

(*b*) From Unao station on the Cawnpore branch of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to Madhoganj on the Madhoganj branch of the same railway, a distance of about 42 miles ; and

(c) From Rajghat or Atrauli Stations on the Aligarh branch of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to Kasganj station on the Cawnpore-Achnera section of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, a total distance of about 54 miles.

2. These surveys will be known as the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway extension surveys.

No. 277.—With reference to notification No. 189, dated the 8th July 1910, the services of Mr. F. A. Hadow are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as Manager and Engineer-in-Chief, Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar Railway.

The 27th October, 1910.

No. 278.—The services of Mr. C. W. T. Green, Assistant Engineer, State Railways, are permanently placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Public Works Department.

No. 279.—Mr. J. L. Kelly, Works Manager, Locomotive Department, North Western Railway, in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 650 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 27th October 1910.

No. 280.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a survey being made by private agency of a line of railway on the metre gauge from Koregaon, a station on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, *viâ* Mahuli to Satara city, a distance of about 10 miles.

2. This survey will be known as the Koregaon-Satara City Railway Survey.

No. 281.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 62, dated the 3rd March 1910, Mr. F. Calderbank, District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, in class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is, on return from leave, posted to the North Western Railway.

No. 282.—Mr. J. P. Williams, Deputy Carriage and Wagon Superintendent (on leave), is reappointed Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

No. 283.—Mr. E. S. Strong, District Locomotive Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways (on leave), is transferred to the North Western Railway.

No. 284.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 385, dated the 23rd December 1909, Mr. A. H. McLean, District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, in class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permanently transferred from the North Western Railway to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

The 28th October, 1910.

No. 285.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 251, dated the 6th October 1910, Mr. W. O. Chalk, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in class II of that establishment.

No. 286.—Major V. Murray, R.E., Officiating Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, is, on return to duty of Mr L. C. D. Bean, Traffic Superintendent, transferred temporarily to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway and appointed to officiate as Traffic Superintendent of that railway, until further orders.

No. 287.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 142, dated the 23rd May 1910, and No. 286, dated the 28th October 1910, Mr. A. R. Jacobson, Officiating Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Traffic Superintendent of that railway.

No. 288.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications Nos. 254 and 287, dated, respectively, the 7th (sain) and 28th October 1910, Mr. M. S. S. O'Connor, Officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is reverted to his substantive appointment of District Traffic Superintendent in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

No. 289.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 285, dated the 9th October 1908, and No. 288, dated the 28th October 1910, Rai Jai Narain Sahib, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, with temporary rank in class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent in class III, grade 1, of that establishment.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 27th October 1910.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 22nd October 1910, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	18	13
		Ahmedabad Town	1	...
		Ahmedabad District	32	13
		Panch Mahals District	...	...
		Kaira District	46	18
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat District	9	8
		Mahi Kantha Agency	20	13
		Bhiwndi Port	1	1
		Bandra "	...	...
		Bassein "	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Umbergaon Port	2	2
		Agashi Port	...	...
		Thana District	8	5
	Central	East Khandesh District	91	57
		Satara District	242	170
		Poona City	1 (a)	...
		Poona District	6	3
		Nasik District	42	31
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Kolaba District	6	[illegible]
		Dabhol Port	..	...
		Bankot "	13	9
		Ratnagiri District	5	4
		Belgaum "	170	127
		Hubli Town	139	90
		Dharwar District	265	166
		Kanara District	...	...
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	6	7
		Karachi District	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port	...	...
		Cutch State	...	...
		Verawal Port	...	...
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	34	24
		Jamnagar Town and Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	195	114
		Kolhapur Town	115	97
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	132	81
		Billimora Port	...	...
		Baroda State	75	64
		Surat Agency	...	2
		Satara Agency	57	38
		TOTAL	1,732	1,162

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Coimbatore District	36	17
		Madura District	6 (a)	7 (a)
		Mangalore Port	3	4
		Salem District	5	8 (a)
		Salem Town	49	48
		North Arcot District	1 (d)	1 (d)
		Ramnad District	...	...
		Nilgiris District	2	1
		Bellary District	2	1
		South Canara District	9 (b)	8 (c)
		TOTAL	113	95
BENGAL	...	Calcutta	7	7
	Burdwan	Howrah Town	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	...	...
		Patna District	36	32
		Shahabad District	24	12
	Tirhut	Saran District	24	21
		Champaran District	...	...
		Darbhanga "	5	2
		Muzaffarpur "	1	1
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	29	29
		TOTAL	126	104
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Meerut Cantonment	...	...
		Meerut District	64	39
		Muzaffarnagar City	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	61	39
		Saharanpur District	1	1

(a) One imported. (b) Four imported. (c) Three imported. (d) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Agra	Etawah City	...	...
		Etawah District	2	2
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	4	5
		Mainpuri District	10	10
		Etah District	14	6
		Agra City	4	4
		Agra District	29	23
	Rohilkhand	Budaun District	17	8
		Pilibhit ,,	...	...
		Bijnor ,,	...	...
		Bareilly ,,	...	...
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	1	2
		Jalaun ,,	...	...
		Cawnpore City	2	3
		Cawnpore District	16	13
		Fatehpur ,,	11	3
	Benares	Ballia District	...	...
		Mirzapur District	14	17
		Jaunpur City	...	...
		Jaunpur District	7	7
		Ghazipur ,,	14	14
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City	...	...
		Azamgarh District	13	11
		Basti District	4	2
		Gorakhpur District	19	19
	Lucknow	Unao District	14	8
		Rae Bareli District	4	3
		Hardoi District	11	10
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	5	5
		Fyzabad District	5	[illegible]
		Gonda District	14	6
		Sultanpur District	36 (a)	29 (a)
		Bara Banki Town	...	...
		Bara Banki District	...	...
		Bahraich ,,	...	...
		TOTAL	396	294
Punjab	Delhi	Gurgaon District	...	...
		Hissar ,,	15	8
		Delhi ,,	40	31
		Rohtak ,,	146	101
		Karnal ,,	48	40
		Ambala ,,	16	10
	Jullundur	Kangra District	...	...
		Hoshiarpur ,,	...	...
		Ludhiana ,,	...	...
		Jullundur ,,	3	...
		Ferozepur ,,	16	3

(a) Including 12 seizures and 9 deaths of the week ending the 8th October 1910.

Presidency or Provinces.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar District	...	...
		Gurdaspur "	3	1
		Gujranwala "	2	2
		Sialkot "	6	8
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur "	3	1
		Gujrat "	...	...
		Attock "	12	13
		Jhelum "	6	1
	Multan	Lyallpur "	5	2
		Jhang "	...	1
	...	Patiala State	73	57
		Jind "	26	22
		TOTAL	420	301
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	1	1
		Promo District	...	...
		Pegu "	...	...
		Tharawaddy District	1	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassein District	...	...
		Bassein Town	1	1
		Pyapon District	...	...
		Maubin District	...	2
		Henzada "	3	3
		Myaungmya "	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	1	1
		Moulmein Town	1	1
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	...	...
	Magwe	Magwe District	...	...
		Minbu "	1	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	7	7
		Bhamo District	...	...
		Myitkyina Town	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	...	...
		Kyaukse "	...	...
		Meiktila "	9	6
		TOTAL	25	23
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	2 (c)	1 (c)
		Nagpur District	22	14
		Kamptee Cantonment	2	1
		Bhandara District	...	...
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore District	38	19
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	27	23
		Nimar District	2 (c)	...
		Narshingpur Town	...	...
		Narshingpur District	137	104
	Berar	Akola Town	5 (c)	1 (c)
		Akola District	142 (b)	90
		Buldana "	209 (b)	113 (b)
		Amraoti Town	46	32
		Amraoti District	165	124
		Yeotmal Town	11 (b)	8
		Yeotmal District	...	...
		Total	808	530
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	54	40
		Bangalore City	46	33
		Bangalore District	54	36
		Mysore City	4	2
		Mysore District	32	26
		Hassan "	10	8
		Kadur "	94	70
		Kolar "	32	23
		Kolar Gold Fields	14	12
		Tumkur District	2	1
		Shimoga "	40	30
		Chitaldroog "	147	[illegible]
		Total	529	379
Hyderabad State	...	Usmanabad District	92 (d)	54 (d)
		Raichur District	172 (d)	156 (d)
		Aurangabad District	...	...
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Total	264	210
Central India	...	Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	232 (e)	180 (e)
		Indor Residency	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Rutlam State	98 (f)	88 (f)
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	2 (f)	1 (f)
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora State	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	1 (f)	3 (f)
		Sailana State	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	176 (e)	131 (e)
		Malwa Prant	...	...
		Rewa State	...	...
		Total	509	403

(b) One imported. | (c) Imported. | (d) Figures for the period from the 10th to 16th October 1910.
(e) Figures for the two weeks ending the 15th October 1910. | (f) Figures for the week ending the 15th October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Mewar State	196	81
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	75	62
		Jaipur City	... (a)	... (a)
		Jaipur State	191	149
		Dholpur State	...	...
		Tonk City	874	793
		Tonk State	...	...
		Partabgarh City	...	...
		Kishangarh State	...	...
		Alwar City	40 (a)	32 (a)
		Alwar State	168	112
		Bonwar	...	..
		Karauli State	...	..
		Karauli City	...	...
		Bharatpur State	8	7
		Ajmer City	...	...
		Ajmer District	28 (a)	22 (a)
		Shahpura	...	...
		Shahpura Town	13	7
		Deoli Agency	4	1
		Ajmer-Merwara District	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		TOTAL	1,597	1,266
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Peshawar Cantonment	...	...
		Nowshera "	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu [illegible]	...	1
		TOTAL	...	1
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	6,519	4,768

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending the 21st October 1910.

A. EARLE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 22nd October 1910.

Burma.—Light or moderate showers were reported from nearly all districts from which reports have been received but reports from ten districts in Upper Burma have been delayed. In spite of irregular rain, winter crops generally promise about a normal outturn. The heavy rains of the previous week are reported to have done some damage in Katha to *til* which is now coming into ear. Cotton plucking and other agricultural operations are progressing normally but a severe attack of disease among cattle in Minbu is reported to have impeded work. Variations in the prices of food grains from the normal are not important.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The rainfall was light in the Assam Valley and Rajshahi divisions and fairly heavy elsewhere. Plucking of tea and ploughing for spring crops are in progress. Sowing of mustard has commenced in the Assam Valley. Cotton promises well. Prospects of tea, winter rice and sugarcane are fair. Some damage to winter rice by insect pests has been reported in Sylhet, Goalpara, Nowgong and Sibsagar. The average price of common rice has risen by about one per cent. Cattle disease prevails in Malda, Goalpara, Darrang, Nowgong, Sibsagar and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—During the week rain fell all over the Province except Birbhum, Murshidabad, Hazaribagh, Manbhum and practically all the districts of Bihar except the Sonthal Parganas. The fall was heavy in Orissa, Khulna, Jessore, the 24-Parganas, Midnapore, Burdwan and Howrah, moderate in Nadia and Cooch Behar and light elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues in some districts. Sowings of spring crops have commenced in most districts but progress has been retarded in Angul by excessive rain. Winter paddy and sugarcane are doing well. Insects did some damage to paddy in Sambalpur. The price of common rice has risen in Midnapore, the 24-Parganas, Jessore and Bhagalpur and has fallen in Bankura, Nadia, Murshidabad, Patna, Darbhanga, Monghyr, the Sonthal Parganas, Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Singhbhum and Cooch Behar. Cattle disease exists in Midnapore, Patna, Gaya, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Purnea and in all the districts of Orissa and Chota Nagpur except Cuttack, Balasore and Singhbhum. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Standing crops are flourishing and prospects are good. Cotton picking and harvesting of rice and the larger millets are in progress. Preparation of fields for spring crops is being pressed forward and sowings of gram, barley, pulse and linseed have begun in places. The general condition of livestock is good though sporadic cattle disease is reported from twenty-five districts. Fodder and supplies are ample everywhere. Prices have fallen in a few districts but are generally stationary.

Punjab.—No rain fell during the week. Harvesting of [illegible] and maize, picking of cotton and ploughings for and sowings of spring crops are in progress. The condition and outturn of standing crops are generally good to average. Cotton is disappointing and millet is very poor in Rohtak. Drought is felt in Mianwali. The outturn of *mung* and of *moth* is reported bad from Rawalpindi. Great millet has been damaged by moth borer in parts of Hissar. Prices are generally unchanged. They are rising slightly in one and falling in four districts. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Mianwali. Complaints of a short canal water supply are being received from the Samundri and Toba Tek Singh tahsils in the Lyallpur district.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. It is badly wanted in Dera Ismail Khan. The condition of standing crops is poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to lack of rain. Elsewhere it is generally average. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and the expected outturn is average except that of rice and cotton which is reported below the average in the Charsadda tahsil of the Peshawar district. Sowings of spring crops continue in Dera Ismail Khan. Crops have been damaged by the *tiddi* insect in one village of the Dera Ismail Khan tahsil and in the Kulachi tahsil. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district has been stopped. The condition of cattle is generally good but disease is prevalent in two villages of the Charsadda tahsil in the Peshawar district. The public health is generally good except in some parts of the Peshawar and Charsadda tahsils. Malarial fever is prevalent in Peshawar and Nowshera. Prices of food-grains except that of *bajra* show a slight tendency to fall. Prices:—wheat $13\frac{3}{4}$ to $19\frac{3}{8}$; gram $17\frac{15}{16}$ to 27; maize 16 to $30\frac{5}{8}$ and *bajra* 16 to 23 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 12 to 24 and maize from 18 to 32 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in some parts of the Province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week. Agricultural operations for both autumn and spring crops continue. Standing crops are fair to good except in Bharatpur where the expected outturn is much below the average. Damage by grass-hoppers is reported in one district of Mewar and by heavy rainfall in Bharatpur. Cattle disease is prevalent in Karauli and in parts of Merwara, Banswara and Jhalawar. Fodder is sufficient. Prices have risen in Mewar, Partabgarh, Shahpura, Alwar and Karauli and have fallen or are steady elsewhere.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. The weather is clear and cool. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Standing crops are generally good but have been damaged slightly by insects in parts of Bhopal, [illegible]wa and Bhopawar. Cattle are in good condition but some disease prevails in parts of [illegible]or, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are falling in Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand and are generally easy.

Central Provinces.—The week was almost rainless. Reaping of autumn crops, picking of cotton and sowing of spring crops are proceeding. Prospects are good. Pasturage and water are sufficient. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices show little variation.

Feudatory States.—The rainfall during the week measured in inches was :—in Kanker and Bast[illegible]kti 2 and in Sarangarh $1\frac{1}{2}$. Raigarh, Sirguja and Jashpur also had light showers[illegible]k is required in Bastar and Sakti. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops continue. Cotton has suffered slightly from insect pests in Kawardha. The condition of crops is generally good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices :—gram in Kanker and rice in Raigarh, Sirguja and Bastar fell by 2 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—The rainfall during the week was moderate in parts of Kanara, Dharwar and Kolhapur and slight in Satara, Bijapur, Belgaum and Savantvadi. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in Palanpur. They have been damaged slightly by rats in Karachi, by insects in Sukkur, by grass-hoppers in Nasik, Ahmednagar, Belgaum and Kolhapur and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops

is progressing generally. Cotton picking is progressing in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Baroda. Lands are being prepared for cultivation of spring crops in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Surat, Nasik and Palanpur. Sowing of spring crops continues in parts of Gujarat, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. The fodder supply is adequate. Agricultural stock is deficient in Ahmednagar, Satara and Sholapur but is generally in good condition. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally adequate. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have risen in the Upper Sind Frontier, East Khandesh and Bijapur, have fallen in Nasik, Ahmednagar, Satara and Dharwar and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 19 to 40 per cent; in the Konkan 13 to 22 per cent and in the Karnatak 3 to 19 per cent less than the normal. In Gujarat prices ranged from 12 per cent more than the normal to 23 per cent less and in the Deccan from 13 per cent more to 23 per cent less.

Hyderabad.—The average rainfall in the Dominions was 1 inch 2 cents. The rainfall in the Mahratwara districts was light, except in Raichur, with an average of 1 inch 32 cents. In Telingana the fall averaged from 76 cents in the Medak district to 5 inches 14 cents in Nalgonda. The heaviest falls occurred in the Nalgonda, Mahbubnagar and Warangal districts. The general situation is satisfactory. The autumn crop has been damaged by the excessive rainfall of the week in parts of Telingana and to some extent by insects in parts of the Raichur and Medak districts. The crop is being harvested in many places. Autumn cotton has suffered in parts of Mahratwara. The rain during the week was generally beneficial to the early rice crop. Lands are being prepared for spring crops and sowings are proceeding in most places. Cattle disease prevails in fourteen talukas. Prices :—wheat 6¾; coarse rice 6½ and *juar* 15½ seers per rupee, showing a fall of ½ seer in the price of *juar*. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 12 and yellow *juar* at 13½ seers. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in Karimnagar and the lowest 26 seers in Aurangabad.

Mysore.—The rainfall during the week was good throughout the State. Prices of food grains have fallen slightly in Kolar and Chitaldroog and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 1 inch 84 cents. The condition of the rice crop is good. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for [illegible] are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was heavy in Ganjam, Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Nellore, South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Malabar, good in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Madura, Ramnad, South Canara and the Nilgiris and light to fair elsewhere. The rainfall in sixteen districts was above the average of the last 35 years. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in the Circars, the Deccan, Salem, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in Chingleput and in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are generally fair but some in parts of Bellary have been damaged by grass-hoppers, some in parts of Anantapur by excessive rain and some in parts of Chingleput and Tinnevelly are in urgent need of rain. Harvests continue in parts with outturn fair to bumper. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Coimbatore and Tinnevelly. Fodder is scanty in parts of Ganjam, Godavari, Cuddapah, Nellore and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in fourteen districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in one. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows :—*Ragi* is stationary in seven districts, has fallen in twelve and has risen in three. *Cholam* is stationary in seven districts, has fallen in four and has risen in four. *Cumbu* is stationary in three districts, has fallen in seven and has risen in six.

The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is generally satisfactory and employment is readily available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

Nepal.—*Report for the quarter ending 15th October 1910* :—Owing to the continued heavy rainfall during the month of July the maize crop in the hills suffered to some extent, but the rice crop did well. 10·75 inches of rain were registered during the last sixteen days of this month. In the month of August rice was sown in the Terai, and pears and apples were gathered in Nepal, the outturn being good. Cardamoms, early rice and maize were harvested in September in the hills and in the Nepal valley. The outturn was satisfactory with the exception of maize. Potatoes and early winter vegetables were sown. Millet and autumn rice are now being harvested and sowing of garlic and onions is in progress. Lands are being prepared for the sowing of wheat, barley and peas for the spring crop. The market is well stocked and the price of food grains is normal, also that of ghee. The rainfall for the period was 36·82 as compared with 36·32 for the corresponding period of last year. No epidemic of cattle disease has been reported.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 27th October 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. At the beginning of the week fairly general rain was falling in Burma, especially in Upper Burma, but northerly winds set in on the 24th and rainfall in consequence practically ceased. In northern India the only areas that received rain were the coast districts at the head of the Bay, and on the last two days of the week even these were practically rainless. In the Peninsula rainfall occurred nearly every day in the east and south, and during the last three days an advance of the monsoon in the Arabian sea caused an extension of rainfall northwards along the west coast and into Hyderabad and the Bombay Deccan.

2. Rainfall was in excess by 20 or more per cent in Upper Burma, Bengal proper, Orissa, the Central Provinces East, Hyderabad North, Mysore, Madras Southeast and the Madras Coast North; and was in defect by half an inch or more in Assam, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan and Malabar.

3. *Burma.*—Fairly general rain was reported on the first two days of the week, but on the remaining days there were only a few scattered falls. Skies were lightly to moderately clouded.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was confined almost entirely to the coast districts; and skies were clear or only lightly clouded except in the south of the division.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—A few falls of rain occurred in the east of the Central Provinces, and skies were moderately clouded in this area, while they were clear or only lightly clouded elsewhere. Night temperature was lower than usual in Central India and the west of the Central Provinces.

Northwest India.—Skies were free from cloud except on the 26th, when light cloud appeared in Gujarat and the extreme north. Night temperature was lower than usual in Rajputana, especially in the western districts.

The Peninsula.—On most days rainfall was fairly general in the south of the Peninsula and on the north Madras coast, and at the close of the week it also occurred in the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan. Skies were moderately clouded in the south and east; and except on the 25th, 26th and 27th they were clear or only lightly clouded in the northwest, where night temperature was accordingly lower than usual. Day temperature was below the normal in the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast.

4. The following are the principal amounts of rainfall as reported at 8 hrs. each day:—

October	21st.	Akyab 2·68″, Monywa 2·75″, Barisal 1·71″, False Point 2·22″, Negapatam 3·57″ and Nellore 2·39″.
„	22nd.	Tavoy 1·85″, Minbu 1·28″, Bangalore 2·67″, Trichinopoly 2·79″ and Salem 2·25″.
„	23rd.	False Point 2·73″, Cuttack 1·55″, Gopalpur [illegible]·65″ and Vizagapatam 1·71″.
„	24th.	Vizagapatam 1·62″, Madras 1·95″ and Coimbatore 1·72″.
„	25th.	Vizagapatam 2·84″, Masulipatam 3·57″, Coimbatore 2·28″, Trichinopoly 2·26″ and Madura 1·99″.
„	26th.	Poona 1·26″.
„	27th.	Madras and Cuddalore each 1·33″.

5. As will be seen from the table that follows, the rainfall of the whole period from the 29th April to the 27th October is in excess by 20 or more per cent in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Mysore, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North; and in defect by the same amount in Kashmir and Baluchistan.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 27th October 1910.			Rainfall data from 29th April 1910 to 27th October 1910.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	2·6	2·3	+0·3	83·6	95·8	— 12·2	— 13	— 13
Lower Burma	1·3	1·5	—0·2	133·1	136·8	— 3·7	— 3	— 3
Upper Burma	1·3	0·7	+0·6	45·6	39·0	+ 6·6	+ 17	+ 16
Assam	0·1	0·9	—0·8	82·9	78·5	+ 4·4	+ 6	+ 7
Eastern Bengal	0·5	0·9	—0·4	88·9	76·9	+ 12·0	+ 16	+ 16
Bengal	1·2	0·7	+0·5	57·7	55·8	+ 1·9	+ 3	+ 3
Orissa	2·6	0·7	+1·9	55·6	58·5	— 2·9	— 5	— 8
Chota Nagpur	0·2	0·4	—0·2	50·0	49·3	+ 0·7	+ 1	+ 2
Bihar	0	0·4	—0·4	53·9	50·2	+ 3·7	+ 7	+ 8
United Provinces, East	0	0·3	—0·3	37·8	40·5	— 2·7	— 7	— 6
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	47·7	40·8	+ 6·9	+ 17	+ 17
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	23·8	21·9	+ 1·9	+ 9	+ 9
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	7·7	7·9	— 0·2	— 3	— 3
Kashmir	0	0·1	—0·1	3·3	5·4	— 2·1	— 39	— 39
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	10·1	5·5	+ 4·6	+ 84	+ 84
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·4	1·4	— 1·0	— 71	— 71
Sind	0	0	0	8·3	5·1	+ 3·2	+ 63	+ 63
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	11·5	11·3	+ 0·2	+ 2	+ 2
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	19·9	22·1	— 2·2	— 10	— 10
Gujarat	0	0·4	—0·4	26·0	26·5	— 0·5	— 2	0
Central India, West	0	0·3	—0·3	32·5	30·8	+ 1·7	+ 6	+ 6
Central India, East	0	0·3	—0·3	37·9	42·8	— 4·9	— 11	— 11
Be[illegible]	0	0·6	—0·6	36·3	31·9	+ 4·4	+ 14	+ 16
Central Provinces, West	0	0·5	—0·5	45·6	46·8	— 1·2	— 3	— 2
Central Provinces, East	0·7	0·5	+0·2	56·7	49·9	+ 6·8	+ 14	+ 14
Konkan	0·3	1·2	—0·9	86·9	97·6	— 10·7	— 11	— 10
Bombay Deccan	0·7	0·9	—0·2	30·6	27·4	+ 3·2	+ 12	+ 13
Hyderabad, North	0·9	0·5	+0·4	37·2	32·0	+ 5·2	+ 16	+ 15
Hyderabad, South	0·4	0·6	—0·2	28·0	28·8	— 0·8	— 3	— 2
Mysore	2·0	0·8	+1·2	35·4	24·8	+ 10·6	+ 43	+ 39
Malabar	1·5	2·4	—0·9	85·8	91·3	— 5·5	— 6	— 5
Madras, South-east	4·4	2·5	+1·9	23·4	20·3	+ 3·1	+ 15	+ 7
Madras Deccan	0·8	0·9	—0·1	28·4	22·6	+ 5·8	+ 26	+ 27
Madras Coast, North	5·4	1·8	+3·6	41·4	30·5	+ 10·9	+ 36	+ 25

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 27th October 1910.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Mean length open.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.								Results of working for official year.			
	During 2nd-half of 1909.	During year 1909.	1909.	1910.	Total earnings for week ending 15th October 1909.	Total earnings for week ending 15th October 1910.	Earnings per mile open for week. 1909.	Earnings per mile open for week. 1910.	Total earnings from 1st July to 15th October 1909.	Total earnings from 1st July to 15th October 1910.	Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to 15th October 1909.	Total earnings from 1st April to 15th October 1910.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R		Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
ngal-Nagpur (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	207	243	2,350	2,367	5,28,029	5,18,000	225	219	65,04,377	73,60,000	8,55,623	...	1,44,69,308	1,53,[illegible]000	8,90,692	...
zwada Extension	268	308	21	21	5,229	5,900	249	281	76,390	85,600	9,210	...	1,60,792	1,80,000	19,208	...
mbay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Viramgam-Wadhwan Section, 3′ 3⅜″ gauge)	749	878	504	504	3,42,643	3,79,000	680	752	49,69,846	52,83,000	3,13,154	...	1,15,58,857	1,20,37,000	4,78,143	...
Nagda-Muttra	50	55	339	339	14,688	29,000	43	86	1,60,311	3,4[illegible]20	1,88,689	...	2,70,532	7,15,000	4,44,468	...
stern Bengal (including 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	390	356	1,497	1,501	6,48,312	6,68,000	433	445	84,65,183	83,64,[illegible]	...	1,02,183	1,42,05,341	1,41,73,000	...	32,341
st Indian	646	681	2,337	2,337	16,01,661	14,29,000	685	611	2,12,69,347	2,34,62,000	21,92,653	...	4,20,54,257	4,56,65,000	36,10,743	...
eat Indian Peninsula	603	679	1,607	1,607	7,62,617	8,20,000	475	510	1,03,28,797	1,17,49,000	14,20,203	...	2,27,87,221	2,64,98,000	37,10,779	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	243	236	126	126	26,220	36,700	208	291	3,86,353	4,93,000	1,06,647	...	7,48,986	9,93,000	2,44,014	...
Baran-Kotah	32	31	40	40	580	1,600	24	40	17,786	24,900	7,114	...	30,144	56,300	26,156	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itarsi)	213	229	916	916	1,89,039	2,07,000	206	226	23,05,702	25,29,000	2,23,298	...	49,96,573	56,24,000	6,27,427	...
adras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3⅜″ gauge lines)	211	226	2,578	2,584	5,05,967	4,96,000	196	192	79,72,345	79,30,000	...	42,345	1,58,64,293	1,68,51,000	9,86,707	...
orth Western (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	339	373	3,670	3,718	10,83,137	13,50,000	295	363	1,87,02,586	2,16,31,000	29,28,414	...	3,78,03,741	3,87,75,000	9,71,259	...
dh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	213	241	1,298	1,402	2,41,135	2,96,000	186	211	38,04,289	46,91,000	8,86,711	...	85,05,882	98,48,000	13,42,118	...
ardwar-Dehra	209	228	32	32	6,666	8,000	206	250	91,091	1,06,000	14,909	...	1,93,873	2,21,000	27,127	...
sam-Bengal	123	122	771	790	1,08,548	1,05,000	141	133	13,60,342	14,80,000	1,19,658	...	25,04,307	26,88,000	1,83,693	...
rma	201	247	1,527	1,527	2,89,320	3,17,000	189	208	43,35,390	44,57,000	1,21,610	...	95,77,427	98,03,000	2,25,573	...
dhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	134	135	124	124	13,788	14,700	111	119	2,14,037	2,22,000	7,963	...	4,25,830	4,47,000	21,170	...
cknow-Bareilly	132	153	200	215	25,595	26,300	128	122	3,59,996	4,42,000	82,004	...	8,44,337	9,99,000	1,54,663	...
ysore State (including Kolar Gold-Fields 5′ 6″)	126	134	411	411	52,238	48,300	127	118	7,62,914	7,40,000	...	22,914	14,85,338	16,08,000	1,22,662	...
lanpur-Deesa	49	62	17	17	925	1,000	54	59	11,990	12,700	710	...	30,864	30,700	...	164
jputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5′ 6″ gauge)	234	259	1,914	1,914	4,16,333	4,24,000	218	227	58,20,684	68,79,000	10,58,316	...	1,27,11,289	1,44,65,000	17,53,711	...
uth Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	294	299	1,396	1,396	3,72,195	4,34,000	267	311	60,17,941	63,17,000	2,99,059	...	1,17,08,962	1,21,64,000	4,55,038	...
Travancore Branch	121	125	108	108	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	127	2,01,282	2,07,000	5,718	...	3,60,252	3,86,000	25,748	...
choot State	158	191	775	77[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	143	15,74,946	17,69,000	1,94,054	...	38,91,471	43,58,000	4,66,529	...
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	74	[illegible]	38,282	38,600	317	...	52,506	52,800	...	[illegible]

All other Railways																
Amritsar-Patti	[illegible]	[illegible]	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	99	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Bhopal-Ujjain	[illegible]	39	114	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	99	64,326	82,100	17,774	...	1,55,434	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Bina-Goona-Baran	33	40	148	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	303	5,81,668	6,43,000	61,332	...	11,50,241	12,89,000	1,38,759	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	278	79	162	162	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	125	15,102	24,900	9,798	...	39,853	48,300	8,447	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	91	103	16	16	1,554	[illegible]	[illegible]									
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	[illegible]	44	79	79	8,733	9,600	111	114	1,39,876	1,85,000	45,124	...	3,41,879	5,36,000	1,94,121	...
Nagda-Ujjain	[illegible]	41	34	34	3,485	2,900	102	85	37,948	44,400	6,452	...	1,23,292	1,18,000	...	5,292
Nizam's Guaranteed State	260	284	334	334	73,129	62,400	219	187	10,57,636	12,05,000	1,47,364	...	23,13,942	25,90,000	2,76,058	...
Petlad-Cambay	113	136	34	34	2,894	3,200	85	94	54,742	52,900	...	1,842	1,27,041	1,38,000	10,959	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	224	237	107	106	16,449	20,000	154	189	3,06,043	2,98,000	...	8,043	7,04,322	6,52,000	...	52,322
Southern Punjab	149	157	425	424	56,762	73,000	134	172	7,81,024	10,87,000	3,05,976	...	16,23,006	23,14,000	6,90,994	...
" —"Ludhiana" Extension	101	102	155	152	13,624	20,000	88	132	2,37,865	3,02,000	64,135	...	4,44,448	5,56,000	1,11,552	...
Sutlej Valley (a)	...	...	...	209	...	18,000	...	86	...	2,05,000	2,05,000	...	...	2,05,000	2,05,000	...
Tapti Valley	121	146	155	155	12,225	15,600	79	101	1,64,539	1,81,000	16,461	...	4,18,462	4,34,000	15,538	...
Tarkessur	269	321	22	22	5,308	6,100	241	277	83,906	96,500	12,594	...	1,94,685	2,08,000	13,315	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	61	68	34	34	1,689	2,000	50	59	27,682	30,800	3,118	...	63,878	70,100	6,222	...
Ahmedabad-Parantij	93	108	55	55	4,377	4,600	80	84	69,768	72,900	3,132	...	1,65,508	1,70,000	4,492	...
Bengal and North-Western	113	138	1,092	1,119	1,05,145	1,16,000	96	104	17,35,280	18,85,000	1,49,720	...	41,66,950	45,19,000	3,52,050	...
Bengal-Dooars	153	137	153	153	23,995	23,200	157	152	3,45,505	3,40,000	...	5,505	5,48,356	5,64,000	15,644	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	112	121	52	52	4,529	4,900	87	94	90,045	77,800	...	12,245	1,75,277	1,63,000	...	12,277
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	101	123	459	459	34,270	45,900	75	100	6,05,058	7,34,000	1,28,942	...	14,53,462	16,39,000	1,85,538	...
Dibru-Sadiya	291	278	78	78	24,693	19,200	317	246	3,47,816	3,37,000	...	10,816	6,06,624	6,31,000	24,376	...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kaloi Kadi)	63	78	179	179	8,019	12,600	45	70	1,48,147	1,76,000	27,853	...	3,72,349	4,07,000	34,651	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	141	171	392	392	39,600	41,900	101	107	5,78,635	6,81,000	1,02,365	...	14,27,540	17,22,000	2,94,460	...
Jaipur	43	43	73	73	2,833	1,600	39	22	47,100	43,[illegible]	...	3,900	76,982	1,01,000	24,018	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	72	84	776	831	53,335	53,300	69	64	7,32,328	9,4[illegible]	2,13,672	...	15,46,215	20,22,000	4,75,785	...
Kolhap[illegible]	136	166	29	29	3,383	3,800	117	131	50,331	[illegible]	13,569	...	1,12,284	1,37,000	24,716	...
Mirpur [illegible]-Jhudo	28	25	50	50	1,521	1,900	30	38	16,429	22,700	6,271	...	(b) 24,148	43,500	19,352	...
Morvi [illegible]ing Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge	91	101	93	93	7,397	8,100	80	87	1,26,686	1,32,000	5,314	...	2,68,401	3,01,000	32,599	...
Mym[illegible]amalpur-Jagannathganj	137	130	54	55	6,909	9,800	128	178	97,134	1,10,000	12,866	...	1,71,983	1,83,000	11,017	...
Rohi[illegible] Kumaon	197	122	214	214	27,113	23,300	127	109	3,67,935	4,00,000	32,065	...	7,83,765	8,24,000	40,235	...
Sang[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	5	5	737	600	147	120	8,665	9,000	335	...	20,652	20,500	...	152
Sho[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	65	65	7,799	9,800	120	151	1,36,934	1,43,000	6,066	...	2,86,224	2,85,000	...	1,224
Ta[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	103	103	10,479	13,100	102	127	1,84,696	2,06,000	21,304	...	3,72,116	4,06,000	33,884	...
Ud[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	67	67	4,624	3,500	69	52	54,592	54,400	...	192	1,21,472	1,23,000	1,528	...
B[illegible]	177	[illegible]	78	78	5,835	8,000	75	103	1,56,636	1,57,000	364	...	3,22,564	3,11,000	...	11,564
C[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	34	3[illegible]	3,759	3,600	111	109	48,928	44,800	...	4,128	90,441	95,600	5,159	...
Gaek[illegible]abhoi	82[illegible]	[illegible]	94	[illegible]	5,846	7,700	62	82	1,05,039	1,14,000	8,961	...	2,71,969	3,11,000	39,031	...
Rajpipl[illegible]	34	47	[illegible]	[illegible]	864	1,500	23	40	8,091	21,300	3,209	...	43,446	50,600	7,154	...
Dar[illegible]malayan	387	377	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]88	24,000	488	47[illegible]	3,69,664	2,78,000	8,336	...	5,39,846	5,69,000	29,154	...
TOTAL	126	[illegible]	[illegible]39	[illegible]	6,84,052	7,49,6[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,01,52,135	1,17,98,600	16,46,465	...	2,22,50,340	2,56,17,600	33,67,260	...
GRAN[illegible]L	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]1,246	[illegible]	80,47,948	85,01,100	[illegible]	[illegible]72	11,58,95,343	12,84,10,400	1,25,15,057	...	23,94,93,723	25,96,15,400	2,01,21,677	...

[illegible]rom 6th July 1910.

(b) From 2nd May 1909.

C. F. ANDERSON, *Captain, R.E.,*
for Secretary, Railway Board.

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1910.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

N[illegible]

The 12th October 1910.

From the 12th November next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 5th November all notifications [illegible] matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publishe[illegible] [illegible]ngs Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government [illegible] Home Department, of August 1901 :—

" It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette* [illegible] *India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the ne[illegible] day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and [illegible] to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated [illegible] February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other mat[illegible] intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future [illegible] Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any [illegible] which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P[illegible]

Secretary to the G[illegible]

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should [illegible] the Department of the Government of India, Local Gover[illegible] the n[illegible]ad of Dep[illegible] other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applic[illegible]ch as [illegible]inate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any numbe[illegible] [illegible]y law in [illegible] within a week after the date on which it is due.

MEIKL[illegible]

[illegible]er, *Gazette of Indi*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 27th October 1910.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1947-*P*.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 24th October 1910 :—

No. 521 of 1910.—Frank Howard Vick, assistant superintendent, Roorkee Workshops, Public Works Department, Roorkee, United Provinces. *Improvements for automatically working falling and rising gates or shutters for overflow weirs of storage reservoirs.*

No. 522 of 1910.—Sheldon Arthur Ste[illegible] Bunting, assistant engineer, Indian Public Works Depart[illegible], residing at Nawabgunj, Cawnpore, in the United Provinces. *An Improved central hollow hydraulic jack for withdrawing boring casing tubes or piles from the ground.*

[illegible] 523 [illegible] 910.—William Simons & Company, Limited, engineers and ship-builders, William Brown and Walter Brown, directors, of the said company, all of the Loudon Works, Renfrew, in the County of Renfrew, Scotland. *Improvements in or relating to dredging vessels.*

[illegible] 524 of 1910.—Kokicho Mikimoto, Merchant, of No. 3 Shichome, Ginza, City of Tokyo, Empire of Japan. *Improvements in the process of depositing mother-of-pearls in oysters.*

[illegible] 525 of 1910.—Edward Tyer, electrical engineer, of Ashwin Street, Dalston, in the County of London, England. *Improvements in apparatus for controlling the traffic on single line railways.*

No. 526 of 1910.—Ernest Harry Archer, merchant, of 20 East Cheap, in the City of London, England. *Improved method of and apparatus for constructing chests or boxes.*

[illegible] of 1910.—Alfred Upton Alcock, electrical engineer, of No. 285, Murray Street, Perth, in the State of Western Australia, Commonwealth of Australia. *Improved electric process for drying timber.*

[illegible] 10.—Frederick Arthur Alcock, Manufacturer, of No. 155, Elizabeth Street, Melbourne, in the State of Victoria, Commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in and relating to the cushions of billiard tables.*

[illegible] Leeds [illegible] any, Limited, engineers, and Robert [illegible] Sha[illegible] nager, both of the Leeds Forge, Leeds, [illegible] ount[illegible] ork, England. *Improvements in railway a[illegible] igon[illegible]*

[illegible] any, Limited, engineers, of Deptford, in the Cou[illegible] ngland, and Alfred Henry Darker, engineer in th[illegible] of the said company, late of No. 41 Lee Terrace, Black[illegible] heath, but now of "Heath View", Montpelier Row, Blackheath, in the County aforesaid. *Improvements in and connected with apparatus for the electric lighting, heating, cooling and ventilating of railway carriages and other vehicles.*

31 of 1910.—J. Stone & Company, Limited, engineers, of Deptford, in the County of Kent, England, and Alfred Henry Darker, engineer in the employ of the said Company, late of No. 41, Lee Terrace, Blackheath, but now of "Heath View", Montpelier Row, [illegible]kheath, in the County aforesaid. *Improvements in and con[illegible] with apparatus for the electric lighting, heating, [illegible] and ventilating of railway carriages and other*

No. 532 of 1910.—J. Stone & Company, Limited, engineers, of Deptford, in the County of Kent, England, and Alfred Henry Darker, engineer in the employ of the said Company, late of No. 41, Lee Terrace, Blackheath, but now of "Heath View," Montpelier Row, Blackheath, in the County aforesaid. *Improvements in and connected with apparatus for the electric lighting, heating, cooling, and ventilating of railway carriages and other vehicles.*

No. 533 of 1910.—Wilburn Norris Dennison, mechanic, of 12, Welwood Avenue, Merchantville, Camden, New Jersey, United States of America. *Improvements in and relating to talking machines.*

No. 534 of 1910.—John Clifford English, mechanician, of Front and Cooper Streets, City of Camden, State of New Jersey, United States of America. *Improvements in and relating to talking machines.*

No. 535 of 1910.—John Clifford English, mechanician, of Front and Cooper Streets, City of Camden, State of New Jersey, United States of America. *Improvements in and relating to talking machines.*

No. 536 of 1910.—John Clifford English, mechanician, of Front and Cooper Streets, Camden, in the County of Camden, and State of New Jersey, United States of America. *Improvements in and relating to talking machines.*

No. 537 of 1910.—Gustaf Henrik Fabian Berglund, captain in the Swedish Army, of Stockholm, Sweden. *Improvements in automatic couplings for railways and the like vehicles.*

No. 538 of 1910.—Felix Gan[illegible] chief engineer, of La Compagnie Internationale des Wagons-Lits et des Grands Express Europeens, of 40 Rue de l'Arcade, Paris. *Improvements in means for ventilating railway and other carriages.*

No. 539 of 1910.—Clement George Fletcher, secretary, of Permanent Buildings, Harrison Street, Johannesburg, Transvaal. *Improvements relating to golf clubs, cricket and base ball bats, tennis rackets, hockey sticks, croquet mallets, and similar sporting [illegible]*

No. 540 of 1910.—Eldridge Reeves Johnson, manufacturer, of Front and [illegible] Streets, City of Camden, state of New Jersey, United States of America. *Improvements in and relating to the sound [illegible] talking machines.*

No. 541 of 1910.—Geo. Brunton & Son, engineers, of Cochin, Malabar Coast, British India, and Frederic Albert Cox, engineer, of Cochin aforesaid. *Improvements in two-cycle internal combustion engines.*

No. 542 of 1910.—Archibald Douglas Graham Shelly, Major, Royal Engineers (Retired), of Yacht Club Chambers in Bombay, British India. *New or improved means or apparatus for keeping tatties, evaporating screens and the like continuously saturated or moist.*

No. 543 of 1910.—James Johannes, of No. 15, Canal East Road, Calcutta, and member of Messrs. Stephens, Martin & Co., No. 7, [illegible] Street, Rangoon. *Washing lac.*

No. 544 of 1910.—John Levick, Junior, manufacturer, of Metal [illegible] Alma Street, Aston, Birmingham, England. *[illegible] folding lavatories.*

No. 545 of 1910.—James Johannes, member of Messrs. Stephens, [illegible] Rangoon, of No. [illegible] East Road, Calcutta. *[illegible] facture or conv[illegible]*

No. 546 of 1910.—George Castle, surveyor, [illegible] S. E. *Improvements in [illegible]*

No. 547 of 1910.—Societe Francaise des Distilleries de L'Indo-Chine, [illegible] Laffitte, Paris, France. *The [illegible] of rice [illegible] sake type and other fermented [illegible] cereal[illegible]*

No. 548 of 1910.—Societe Francaise des Distilleries de L'Indo-Chine, [illegible] Laffitte, Paris, France. *The treatment of legu[illegible] and of soja (glycine hispida) in particular for the [illegible] of sauces, condiments or food products.*

No. 549 of 1910.—John Gearon, senior, gentleman, a citizen of the United States of America, and a resident of Chicago, in the County of [illegible], State of Illinois, United States of America. *Imp[illegible] railroad cross-ties.*

No. 550 of 1910.—Walter Edward Wort, engineer, of Gr[illegible] Iron Works, [illegible]worth, in the County of Herts, Engl[illegible] *Improved [illegible] for railway axle-boxes and th[illegible]*

No. 551 of 1910.—Thomas William Arthur Hood, salesman, of Marion Street, Ashfield, Sydney, and Thomas Ronald McDonald Glenvale, Commercial traveller, of King Street, Waverley, Sydney, both in the state of New South Wales and Commonwealth of Australia. *Improved construction of neckties, scarfs or bows.*

No. 552 of 1910.—Thomas William Arthur Hood, salesman, of Marion Street, Ashfield, Sydney, and Thomas Ronald McDonald Glenvale, Commercial traveller, of Bondi, Sydney, both in the State of New South Wales, Commonwealth of Australia. *A device for attaching ties or scarfs to detachable shirt collars.*

No. 553 of 1910. Thomas William Arthur Hood, salesman, of Marion Street, Ashfield, Sydney, and Thomas Ronald McDonald Glenvale, Commercial traveller, of King Street, Waverley, Sydney, both in the State of New South Wales, Commonwealth of Australia. *Improved means for securing neckties, scarfs or bows in position upon a double detachable shirt or blouse collar.*

No. 554 of 1910. Ernest James Hume and Walter Reginald Hume, engineers, both of Adelaide, in the State of South Australia. *Concrete pipes, columns, blocks and other structural material and method of and means for manufacturing the same.*

No. 1948-*P*.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned Inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Directors of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 2, Bankshall Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

No. [illegible] of 1910.—Midas Limited, manufacturers, of 73, Leadenhall street, London, England. *Improvements in or relating to a method of and materials for the production of a coating of polish upon articles of leather and other materials.* (Specification filed 6 October 1910.)

No. 276 of 1910.—Paul Kestner, engineer, of [illegible] Rue de Toul, Lille (Nord), France. *An improved process of and apparatus for concentrating and crystallising sugar juices.* (Specification filed 6 October 1910.)

No. 457 of 1910.—Stanislaw Rechniewski, engineer, of Tawritscheskaya Street, 19, St. Petersburg, in the Russian Empire. *An improved saddle back roof-structure of ferro-concrete.* (Specification filed 7 October 1910.)

THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the following inventions for the periods shown against each :—

[illegible] 1901.—Charles Nicholas Eves Walke. *An improved water-proof varnish for boilers.* (From 11 November 1910 to 11 November 1911.)

[illegible] 1904.—[illegible]stus He[illegible] Sm[illegible] River, George Norman and the Birmingham Company, Limited. *Improvements in or [illegible] of the barrels and other parts of [illegible] ordnance, also tubes and other analo[illegible] machinery tools and appliances to be empl[illegible] therewith.* (From 23 December 1910 to [illegible] 1911.)

[illegible] 1904.—[illegible]harles [illegible] and Frank Henry Dutton. *Improvements [illegible] apparatus for working and locking railway points.* (Fr[illegible] 29 November 1910 to 29 November 1911.)

[illegible] 1905—David Danakoti Raju. *An oil extracting machine.* (From 2[illegible] November 1910 to 2 November 1911.)

[illegible] 1905.—Clayton Beadle and Henry Potter Stevens. *Improvements in the manufacture of food stuffs for cattle or other live stock.* (From 16 October 1910 to 16 October 1911.)

[illegible] 1906.—[illegible] Linwood Severy, and George Bailey Sinclair. *Improve[illegible] relating to means for vibrating sonorous bodies in [illegible] instruments.* (From 29 October 1910 to 29 October

No. 316 of 1906.—J. & H. Hadden & Company, Limited, and Reginald Hadden. *Improvements in bandages.* (From 23 October 1910 to 23 October 1911.)

No. 319 of 1906.—C. A. Clifford Batten. *An improved electric ray night sight for rifles or other shooting weapons.* (From 30 October 1910 to 30 October 1911.)

No. 327 of 1906.—Archibald Allan Crawford. *Improvements in electric supply plant for railway carriages.* (From 2 November 1910 to 2 November 1911.)

No. 1950-*P*.—WHEREAS the inventors of the und[illegible]tioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that [illegible] by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees h[illegible] respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of secti[illegible]on (2), of the said Act the exclusive privilege of making, selli[illegible]tions in British India, and of authorising others so to do [illegible]

No. 364 of 1905.—[illegible] Ch[illegible]berlain. *Improvements in [illegible]ee wh[illegible] clutches for cycles and the* [illegible] July 1906.)

No. 451 of 1[illegible] Karimsaheb Manoobhai Nadap. *[illegible]chines.* (Spec[illegible]

No. 460 of 1905.—Johann[illegible] *in selfd[illegible] mules.* (Specification filed 16 [illegible] 190[illegible]

No. 489 of 1905.—James Watson. *A [illegible] pattern tong[illegible]* (Specifica[illegible] 17 July 1906.)

No. 536 of 1905.—John William Esser, George William Barratt and [illegible]att. *Improvements in and rel[illegible]ing to breech loading[illegible]us.* (Specification filed 1[illegible] 1906.)

No. 543 of 1905.—Alfonso George L[illegible] [illegible]mes Edward McNellan[illegible] *ments in m[illegible]* (Specificatio[illegible] 16 July 190[illegible]

No. 8 of 1906.—Thom[illegible] Boy[illegible] & T. Boyd, [illegible] *Improvemen[illegible] [illegible]ellers for spinning and [illegible]us* [illegible] 20 July 1906.)

No. 15 of 1906.—Ans[illegible]ardner Betts. *Improvements in electrical conduct[illegible]* (Specification filed 17 July 1906.)

No. 42 of 1906.—John Franklin Brady. *Steam turbines.* (Specification filed 17 [illegible] 1906.)

No. 70 of 1906.—Frederick Hosking and Alobert Curnow. *Improvements i[illegible] mat[illegible] ore feeders as applied to stamp mills.* ([illegible] July 1906.)

No. 109 of 1906.—Malcolm Arbuthnot. *Improvements in carts [illegible] poses.* (Specification filed 2[illegible] July 1906.)

No. 217 of 1906.—D. M. Cassoobhoy. *A combined box and measure [illegible] or other and [illegible] ces.* (S[illegible]cificatio[illegible] 1906.)

No. 230 of 1906.—Hari Sakharam [illegible] *ing out water from [illegible]* fication filed 16 July 19[illegible]

No. 245 of 1906.—Malcolm Arbuthnot. *An [illegible]* fication filed 20 July 1906.)

No. 271 of 1906.—Fred David Stewart [illegible] *roving frames for jute, hem[illegible] other fibre[illegible]* filed 13 July 1906.)

No. 280 of 1906.—Robert Walton Egerton and John Alexander Colqu[illegible] *ments in pantagraphic apparatus for copyi[illegible] prismatic solids.* (Specification filed 14 July 1906 [illegible] shall [illegible]

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (*a*) After the filing of the specification and before the expiratio[illegible] year from the date of the filing thereof—[illegible]

The sum of R50 for each of the ab[illegible]ch as [illegible]

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 4th November, 1910.

No. 462.—The Most Rev[illegible]rend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta has appointed the Reverend J. Godber to be His Lordship's Domestic Chaplain, in addition to his own duties as junior chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st November 1910, or the subsequent date on which he takes over charge of the appointment.

No. 465.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made as section (9) to rule 24 in part V of the ecclesiastical rules published with the Home Department notification no 465, dated the 6th November 1909:—

"(9) While the rates shown in clauses (1), (2), (4), (5) and (8) of this rule should not ordinarily be exceeded, local Governments may sanction excess expenditure on particular articles of furniture [illegible]d that the excess is covered by savings on other articles the supply of which is ad[illegible] under the rules and for which definite rates have been fixed."

[illegible] M.A.,

JUDICIAL.

The 3rd November, 19[illegible]

No. 1546.—[illegible] Sc.D [illegible] of the power conferred by [illegible] of the Code of Criminal [illegible] 1898 [illegible] of 18[illegible] [illegible]il [illegible] pleased to direct [illegible]ction of Meteorological Obs[illegible] [illegible] from the Court of [illegible] District Magistrate, [illegible]er Review for December 1909 to June [illegible] [illegible]r cover. [illegible] per month.

[illegible]dian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part [illegible] Navigation [illegible] Sc.D., F.R.S. (Illustrated by [illegible] plates. Quarto [illegible]

No. 12[illegible] [illegible]ndian M[illegible]ological Dep[illegible] mentioned offic[illegible] X, Part 8 [illegible]d permanently at the disposal of [illegible] Government of M[illegible]:—

Captain F. C. Rogers, I.M.S.

Captain S. A. Ruzzak, I.M.S.

The 3rd November, 1910.

No. 1219.—Major J. A. Black, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Chemical Examiner, Punjab, and Professor of Chemistry in the Medical College, Lahore, during the absence on deputation of Lieutenant-Colonel D. St. J. D. Grant, M.B., I.M.S., or until further orders.

No. 1222.—Major [illegible] N. Windsor, M.B. I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Chemical Examiner, Bengal, and Professor of Chemistry in the Medical College, Calcutta, during the absence on deputation of Chemical Examiner, Punjab, and Professor of Chemistry in the Medical College, Lahore, of Major J. A. Black, M.B., I.M.S., or until further orders.

[illegible] [illegible]E.

[illegible] India, [illegible]mber, 1910.

[illegible] Orders [illegible]

No. 1125.—The se[illegible] of Lieut[illegible] E. Power, 19th Lancers, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police, with effect from the [illegible] September 1910.

PUBLIC.

The 4th November, 1910.

No. 5204.—In modification of clause (1), (*b*), of Schedule I to the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the exemption from the operation of the prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13, 14, 15 and 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), thereby made in favour of persons who bear titles conferred or recognised by the Government of India shall cease to extend to Khan Sahib Makhdum Karam Hussain, of Rangpur, in the Muzaffargarh District of the Punjab.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

The 4th November, 1910.

No. 2090.—The following telegram is published for general information:—

Telegram, dated Pera, the 2nd November 1910.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Precautions against Naples reduced to medical inspection. Precautions against Russian coasts between Anapa and Poti inclusive, between Kertch and Eupatoria inclusive and against parts of Akerman and Taganrog reduced to medical inspection and disinfection for ships with passengers. Medical inspection only for ships without.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 31st October, 1910.

No. 93.—With reference to Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification No. 278, dated [illegible] October 1910, Mr. C. W. T. Green, Assistant Engineer, is posted to Bengal.

No. 94.—The services of Mr. H. A. Joscelyne, Assistant Engineer, Bengal, are permanently placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Railway Department (Railway Board).

L. M. JACOB,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 31st October, 1910.

No. 2213-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Hans R. Schuler as Acting Consul for Germany at Calcutta.

No. 2120-*I.B.*—The notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 650-I.A., dated the 10th March 1899, in so far as it relates to the appointment of the Reverend W. B. Trewhella, of the Wesleyan Mission in Mysore, to be a Registrar of Births and Deaths for the territories of Mysore, including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, is hereby cancelled.

No. 3365-*Est.-A.*—Major C. J. Windham, a Political Agent of the 4th class, is posted as Resident in the Western States of Rajputana, and is placed in additional charge of the Bikaner Agency, with effect from the 15th October 1910.

The 1st November, 1910.

No. 2219-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Dr. F. Freiesleben, as Consul-General at Calcutta for the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

The 2nd November, 1910.

No. 3381-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Ramsay, C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd class is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for three months, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 21st October 1910.

No. 3382-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel K. D. Erskine, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 1st class, is appointed to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class and as Resident in Kashmir, with effect from the 21st October 1910, and until further orders.

No. 2131-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 4870-I.A., dated the 7th December 1905, namely :—

1. In rule 4, after the word "Act," the words and figures "and rules 10A and 10B" shall be inserted.

2. After rule 10, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"10A.—Transfers of debentures of Public Companies and Associations shall be stamped with adhesive stamps."

"10B.—Copies of maps and plans, and printed copies when chargeable with stamp duty under Article 24 of Schedule I of the Act may be stamped with adhesive stamps."

3. For rule 13, clause (*a*), the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*a*) Transfers of shares and debentures of Public Companies and Associations shall be stamped with adhesive stamps bearing the words 'Transfer Stamp, Mysore'".

4. In clause (*c*) of rule 13, after the word "plans" the words "and printed copies" shall be inserted.

S. H. BUTLER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 31st October, 1910.

No. 5790-*F.E.*—The following reversions and promotions of officers of the Accounts Department are notified :

With effect from the 31st August 1910,

Mr. C. D'A. Crofton, I.C.S., to revert to class II of the General List.

With effect from the 3rd September 1910,

Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., to officiate in class III of Accountants General.

With effect from the 19th September 1910,

Mr. U. L. Majumdar to officiate in class III of Accountants General.

The 1st November, 1910.

No. 5813-*F. E.*—The following promotions and reversions are ordered :

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
				1910.
E. D. Chanter ...	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade.	Examiner, Class IV, 1st grade.	Permanent ...	16th March.
F. J. Pruce ...	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade, sub *pro tempore*.	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade.	Permanent ...	16th March.
T. P. Farrell ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade.	Sub. *pro tempore*.	16th March.
H. H. D. Butterfield ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade, sub. *pro tempore*.	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Permanent ...	16th March.
J. H. Vaughan ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade, temporary.	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Sub. *pro tempore*.	16th March.
W. R. Steverson ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I, sub. *pro tempore*.	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Permanent ...	16th March.
K. Vankatarama Ayyar	Deputy Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Sub *pro tempore*.	16th March.
V. C. French ...	Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Examiner, Class II ...	.....	28th April.

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
				1910.
G. W. V. de Rhe Philipe	Examiner, Class II, temporary.	Examiner, Class III ...	...	28th April.
J. M. Hartley ...	Examiner, Class III, temporary.	Examiner, Class III, officiating.	.....	28th April.
R. B. C. Scott ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class I ..	.....	28th April.
S. M. L. Bean ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class II	.....	28th April.
R. B. C. Scott ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary	29th June.
S. M. L. Bean ...	Deputy Examiner, Class II	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	29th June.
G. C. Wolfe ...	Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Examiner, Class I. ...	Permanent ...	1st July.
F. C. W. Dover ...	Examiner, Class II ...	Examiner, Class I ...	Temporary ...	1st July.
G. W. V. de Rhe Philipe	Examiner, Class III ...	Examiner, Class II ...	Temporary ...	1st July.
J. M. Hartley ...	Examiner, Class III, officiating.	Examiner, Class III ...	Temporary ...	1st July.
R. S. Jackson ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary ...	1st July.
L. G. R. Van[illegible]	Deputy Examiner, Class II	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	1st July.
C. Muirhead ...	Examiner, Class II ...	Examiner, Class I ...	Temporary ...	2nd July.
W. G. G. Bayly ...	Examiner, Class III ...	Examiner, Class II ...	Temporary ...	2nd July.
S. C. Tomkins ...	Examiner, Class IV, 1st grade.	Examiner, Class III ...	Temporary ...	2nd July.
J. O'Brien ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I ..	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary ...	2nd July.
J. H. W. Kruger ...	Deputy Examiner, Class II	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	2nd July.
C. S. B. Sinclair ...	Examiner, Class III ...	Examiner, Class II ..	Temporary ...	29th July.
A. Rajagopala Ayyar...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary ...	29th July.
R. Sundarachari ...	Deputy Examiner, Class II	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	29th July.
J. E. Lacey ...	Examiner, Class III, temporary.	Examiner, Class III ...	Sub. *pro tempore.*	8th August.
T. W. T. Wheeler ...	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade, supernumerary.	Examiner, Class IV, 1st grade, supernumerary.	Sub. *pro tempore.*	8th August.
W. R. Butterfield ...	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade.	Examiner, Class IV, 1st grade.	Sub. *pro tempore.*	8th August.
M. W. Clifford ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade.	Sub. *pro tempore.*	8th August.
F. A. O'Connor ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade, temporary.	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade	Sub. *pro tempore.*	8th August.
A. N. J. Harrison ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Sub. *pro tempore.*	8th August.
R. Srinivasa Ayyar ...	Examiner, Class III ...	Examiner, Class II ...	Temporary ...	8th August.
Gangrama Kaula ...	Examiner, Class IV, 1st grade.	Examiner, Class III ...	Temporary	8th August.
F. J. Wood ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary ...	8th August.
J. H. Egan ...	Deputy Examiner, Class II	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	8th August.
P. C. Mole	Examiner, Class II, temporary.	Examiner, Class II ...	Permanent ...	20th September.
K. Balarama Ayyar ...	Examiner, Class II, temporary.	Examiner, Class II ...	Sub. *pro tempore.*	20th September.

The officers whose names are printed in italics have elected for the time-scale of pay with effect from the 1st October 1909.

The 2nd November, 1910.

No. 5818-*F.E.*—Mr. Bepin Behari Banerji reverted to class III of Superintendents in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat, with effect from the 12th October 1910.

No. 5823-*F.E.*—Mr. H. C. O'Brien, Accountant, 1st grade, Office of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services, is appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, 2nd class, in that office, with effect from the 6th October 1910, and until further orders.

The 3rd November, 1910.

No. 5858-*F.E.*—The services of Mr. E. Burdon, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 3rd November 1910.

No. 5861-*F.E.*—Mr. V. C. French assumed charge of the duties of Deputy Accountant General Bombay, on the 10th October 1910.

No. 5856-*F.E.*—Substitute the following for the portion relating to Mr. Ebden in the notification in the Finance Department, No 5530-F.E., dated the 19th October 1910:

Mr. J. W. Ebden, Assistant Accountant General, Post Office, Nagpur, has been granted privilege leave for eighteen days, with effect from the 10th September 1910, and has been appointed Assistant Comptroller General, Calcutta, with effect from the 8th October 1910.

No. 5870-*F.E.*—Mr. T. P. Srinivasan has been granted an extension of leave on medical certificate for one year, with effect from the 12th September 1910, in continuation of the leave granted in the notification in the Finance Department, No. 2314-F.O. & A., dated the 5th May 1910.

J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POST OFFICE.

No. 7843—7880-51.

Simla, the 29th October, 1910.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

THE Government of India have had under their consideration the question of increasing the number of Post Office holidays. At present holidays are given in the Post Office on Sundays, New Year's Day, Good Friday, the King's Birth Day and Christmas Day, but even on these days very few of the postal officials can be allowed complete relaxation from work as certain duties must be performed in connection with the delivery and despatch of mails, which necessitate the attendance for some period of the day of the majority of the staff at the various offices.

2. Representations have been made to the Government of India that the general liability to work on Sundays and holidays constitutes a grievance in the case of its large body of Post Office employés, for which a remedy should be found. It is recognised that it would be impossible to allow the staff of the Post Office as many holidays as are enjoyed by most other Government servants, but inasmuch as work in business offices is either stopped altogether or greatly curtailed on the more important public holidays, it has been represented that there would be no serious objection to increasing the number of Post Office holidays by six minor, to be selected as far as possible from those gazetted under the Negotiable Instruments Act. Most of these holidays are granted on account of important religious festivals, and the duties of postal servants prevent them to a large extent from attending and taking part in these observances to which many of them attach great importance. The six additional holidays would not necessarily agree in the different postal circles but would be arranged to suit local conditions.

3. It has accordingly been proposed that six new holidays should be held on the days of the following festivals :—

For all Circles except Madras and Burma—

1. Muharram.
2. Holi or Doljatra.
3. Janmastami or Gokulastami.
4. Id-ul-Fitr or Ramzan.
5. Dasehra, or one day of the Pujas.
6. Divali or Kali Puja.

For Madras—

1. Pongul.
2. Mahasiva Ratri (or Telugu New Year).
3. Avani Avittam (or Tamil New Year).
4. Mahalaya Amavasi.
5. Id-ul-Fitr or Ramzan.
6. Dipavali.

For Burma—

1. Muharram.
2. Burma New Year.
3. Beginning of Buddhist Lent.
4. One day of the Pujas.
5. End of Buddhist Lent.
6. Tazaundaing.

The dates to be selected would be notified before the beginning of the year in all post offices and in the Postal Guide.

4. The Government of India are prepared to take this question into consideration, if there is a generally expressed desire on the part of the public to afford relief in the matter of holidays to the employés of the Post Office. And this Resolution is published in order to afford the public an opportunity of expressing their opinion on the proposals it contains. It is not intended that these should apply to the Telegraph Department or to the Telegraph Staff in combined offices.

5. The Government of India will finally consider these proposals after the 1st January 1911. They will be glad to receive before that date any representations on the subject which Local Governments, public bodies, or private persons may desire to make.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, to all Chambers of Commerce and Trades Associations and to all Departments of the Government of India.

Ordered, also, that a copy be published in the *Gazette of India*.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 5th November, 1910.

No. 7907-152.—The following draft of certain rules which it is proposed to make in respect of mica, manganese, and limestone mines other than mines which have been exempted from the operation of the Act under Section 29 thereof, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), is published as required by the said section for the information of persons concerned, and notice is hereby given that the

draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on or after the 8th day of February 1911.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid, will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft Rules.

PART I.

MANAGEMENT.

Notice of change of name and address of Manager.

1. When a change occurs in the name or address of the manager of a mine, notice of the change shall be sent within one month, by the owner, agent or manager to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

Inspection Book.

2. At every mine a book, to be called the Inspection Book, shall be kept in which Inspecting Officers shall record their observations. The owner, agent or manager, shall also write or cause to be written at the commencement of the book—

(*a*) the name of the mine,

(*b*) the name and address of the owner of the mine and of the Agent (if any),

(*c*) the name and address of the manager of the mine, and

(*d*) the name of the competent person appointed under Rule 3.

Daily Report Book.

3. The manager or some competent person or persons appointed in writing, by the owner, agent or manager for the purpose shall, at least once in every 24 hours, inspect every part of a mine in or through which any person has to work or pass, and if more than 20 persons are employed in the mine simultaneously shall without delay write or cause to be written a report of such inspection in a book to be called the Daily Report Book. Every such report shall be signed by the person making the inspection.

Procedure to be followed when a person required to report is unable to write.

4. Where any person required by these rules, or by any special rule made under Section 21 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, to make any report is unable to write, he shall be present when his report is written for him, and shall have it read over to him, and shall attach his thumb-mark to it. The person writing the report shall also sign his name at the end, together with a statement that it has been read over to the person for whom it was written.

Books and rules to be kept in a convenient place.

5. All books which are required to be kept under these rules, together with a copy of the Indian Mines Act and of all rules applicable to the mine shall be kept in a convenient place adjacent to the mine, and shall be produced on the request of an Inspector of Mines, a Magistrate, or any person authorised in that behalf by the local Government.

PART II.

SINGLE SHAFTS AND OUTLETS.

Shafts and Outlets.

6. (*a*) At every mine, other than an open quarry, where more than 20 persons are employed below ground or where, in the opinion of the local Government it is necessary, there shall be at least two shafts or outlets affording separate means of ingress and egress available to all the persons employed in the mine.

(*b*) Proper arrangements shall be made for persons to descend to and ascend from the mine at each of such shafts or outlets. If apparatus is necessary, it shall be kept on the works belonging to the mine, and shall be constantly available for use.

(*c*) Such shafts or outlets shall not at any point be nearer to one another than 20 feet.

(*d*) The foregoing provisions of this rule with respect to shafts and outlets shall not apply—

(*i*) while a shaft is being sunk or an outlet being made;

(*ii*) to any working for the purpose of making a communication between two or more shafts or outlets.

(*e*) In cases where there are special difficulties which make compliance with the foregoing provisions of this rule not reasonably practicable, the mine may be exempted therefrom by the local Government, subject to such conditions as it may think fit to impose.

PART III.

VENTILATION.

Ventilation in shafts, tunnels and working places.

7. An adequate amount of ventilation shall be constantly produced in every mine to such an extent, that the shafts, tunnels and working places of the mine and the travelling roads leading thereto shall be in a fit state for working and passing therein.

PART IV.

EXPLOSIVES AND SHOT-FIRING.

Storage of explosives in mines prohibited.

8. No explosive substance shall be stored in the mine.

Secured cases or boxes for taking explosives in mine.

9. No explosive substance shall be taken into the mine except in secured cases or boxes containing not more than 5 lbs. each, and a person shall not have in use or keep for use at one time in any one place more than one of such cases or boxes; provided that the Chief Inspector of Mines may, in special cases and by order in writing, permit, subject to such limitations as he may prescribe, the use at one time in one place of more than one of such cases or boxes.

Detonators.

10. No detonator shall be carried or kept in the same case or box with any other explosive material.

Iron or steel implements.

11. No person shall use any iron or steel implement in the process of charging or stemming for blasting.

Warning to be given before and after blasting.

12. Blasting shall not be commenced until due warning has been given to all persons working in the mine and its vicinity by an efficient system of signals or by other means arranged by the manager. Notice shall similarly be given as soon as blasting is finished.

Misfires.

13. If a shot has, or appears to have missed fire, no person shall approach the place until at least one hour has elapsed unless the shot has been fired by electrical means when this interval may be reduced to 15 minutes after the battery has been disconnected.

Removal of things from holes which have been charged.

14. After a hole has been charged and made ready for firing, no person shall remove or attempt to remove anything therefrom.

New shot-holes.

15. A new shot-hole shall not be commenced in any portion of a shot-hole left by a previous shot.

16. If a shot has missed fire, no new hole shall be commenced within twelve inches from the hole in which the misfire occurred and care shall be taken to drill the hole in such a direction that there is no danger of touching the unexploded charge.

The new hole shall be bored in the presence of the manager or of the person who exercises daily personal supervision over the mine, or that section thereof and also, if possible, of the man who bored the hole in which the misfire occurred.

PART V.

SAFETY OF PERSONS EMPLOYED.

Roofs and sides of travelling roads and working places.

17. The roofs and sides of all travelling roads and working places shall be made and kept secure.

Overburden, loose ground and material.

18. In open workings the overburden and all loose ground and material shall be removed sufficiently far from the edge, or otherwise made secure in order to prevent danger to persons employed in the mine.

Sides of open workings.

19. The sides of open workings shall be sloped, stepped or secured in such a manner as to prevent danger from falls of material.

Steps in open workings.

20. When an open working is worked in steps, the steps shall be of sufficient breadth in comparison with their height to secure safety.

Fencing of exposed and dangerous parts of machinery.

21. Every flywheel and all exposed and dangerous part of the machinery used in or about a mine shall be kept securely fenced.

22. Where no enactment for the regulation and inspection of steam boilers and prime movers is for the time being in force, every steam boiler, whether separate or one of a range, shall have attached to it, a proper safety valve, and also a proper steam gauge and water gauge to show respectively the pressure of steam and the height of water in each boiler.

Steam boilers.

PART VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

23. Any place in or about an excavation which is dangerous shall be and shall be kept securely fenced. Should any doubt arise as to whether a place is dangerous or not, the opinion of an Inspector of Mines shall be conclusive on the point.

Fencing of excavation near public road or dwelling house

24. Any place in or about an excavation which, in the opinion of an Inspector of Mines, is dangerous, shall be and shall be kept securely fenced.

Fencing of dangerous place in an excavation.

25. Where a place is likely to contain a dangerous accumulation of water, the working approaching that place shall not at any point within 30 feet thereof exceed six feet in width or height, and there shall be constantly kept at a sufficient distance, not being less than five feet in advance, at least one borehole near the centre of the working, and sufficient boreholes on each side, and, where necessary, above or below.

Accumulation of water.

26. A sufficient supply of good drinking water shall be provided or kept in or near the mine, so as to be easily accessible to all persons employed in or about the mine and care shall be taken to secure that the supply remains free from contamination.

Drinking water.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

POST OFFICE.

The 5th November, 1910.

No. 7956-241.—Mr. H. F. P. Tulloch, officiating Postmaster General, 2nd grade, in charge of the Madras Circle, is granted privilege leave for two months and six days, with effect from the date on which he will be relieved by Mr. C. H. Harrison, I.C.S.

Mr. C. C. Sheridan, Deputy Postmaster General, 2nd grade and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Northern Circle, will continue to officiate as Postmaster General, 2nd grade, in charge of the Punjab and North-West Frontier Circle, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Tulloch, or until further orders.

EMIGRATION.

The 5th November, 1910.

No. 7921-81.—The following draft of a Notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 81 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1908 (XVII of 1908), is published, as required by the said section, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on or after the 10th February 1911.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 81 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1908 (XVII of 1908), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following Rule shall be substituted for Rule 133 of the Rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 94-E., dated the 18th March 1886, as subsequently amended by Notification No. 8669-58, dated the 1st November 1906.

"133. While embarkation is proceeding, the Surgeon Superintendent, or his assistant, shall supervise the location of the emigrants in their respective compartments of the between-decks. The location of emigrants shall be at the discretion of the Surgeon Superintendent, but in no case shall the single men be berthed next to the single women, or the single women next to the crew, provided that when there is a wire bulk-head fixed across the deck to prevent all communication between the crew and the emigrants the single women may be located next to the crew."

W. MAXWELL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 4th November 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 891.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to gazette the appointment of the undermentioned officer :—

Mr. Gerald Snowdon Butler, Chemist, Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 892.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 11th October 1910, page 7149.

* * * * * * * *

War Office, Whitehall,

October 11, 1910.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * *

Honorary Lieutenant Stanley Edgar Skinner, attached 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 12th October 1910.

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ORGANISATION.

ARMY RESERVES.

No. 893.—Henry Holroyd Tayler to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

PROMOTIONS.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 894.—The undermentioned officers of the General List are admitted to the Colonel's Allowance, with effect from the dates specified, in succession to Major-Generals Victor Edward Law and Frederick Smalley, deceased :—

Colonel George Edward Weston, General List Infantry, Madras, Unemployed Supernumerary List,—16th April 1910.

Colonel Frank William Chatterton, C.I.E., General List Infantry, Bengal, Unemployed Supernumerary List,—19th August 1910.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 895.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Brevet-Colonel.

29th October 1910.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Augustus Elphinstone Campbell, Commandant, 26th Punjabis.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 896.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Adams Cunningham, M.D., *vice* Colonel P. A. Weir, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, retired ; with effect from the 26th October 1910.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Circle.

No. 897.—Store-Sergeant Charles Bernard Hyde to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Edward John Harrison, appointed Assistant Overseer on probation in the Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, and *seconded*; with effect from the 7th June 1910.

No. 898.—Supernumerary Conductor Henry Pargiter to be absorbed and Store-Sergeant Thomas Warwick to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* William Levason, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 15th June 1910.

No. 899.—Store-Sergeant Thomas Nicholas to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Thomas Grout, appointed Assistant Overseer, Gun and Shell Factory, Cossipore, and *seconded*; with effect from the 18th July 1910.

No. 900.—Sub-Conductor Richard Lewis, Assistant Overseer, Ammunition Factory, Dum Dum, *seconded*, to be Conductor, *seconded*,

Sub-Conductor Frederick Snook, to be Conductor and

Store-Sergeant James Henry Fitter to be Sub-Conductor,

vice James Henderson, appointed Assistant Overseer, Gun Carriage Factory, Jubbulpore, and *seconded*;

with effect from the 12th August 1910.

Southern Circle.

No. 901.—Sub-Conductor George Charter McLaurin to be Conductor and Store-Sergeant Ernest Victor Johnson to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Thomas Clarke, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 5th September 1910.

No. 902.—Sub-Conductor Albert Edward Rogers to be Conductor and Store-Sergeant Frederick William Grant to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* James Pullen, deceased; with effect from the 5th September 1910.

No. 903.—Sub-Conductor Ernest Dally to be Conductor and Store-Sergeant James Henry Eldridge to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Charles James Payne, appointed Assistant Overseer in the Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore, and permanently *seconded*; with effect from the 10th September 1910.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 904.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Captain is conferred, on retirement, on Risaldar-Major Hanwant Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated the 16th October 1910.

No. 905.—The following promotions are made :—

26th Punjabis.

Jemadar Sham Singh to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Buta Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Ali Haidar, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 21st October 1910.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Oudi Antoni to be Subadar and Havildar Peter Mitchell to be Jemadar, *vice* Antoni, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1910.

13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

No. 906.—In Army Department Notification No. 725, dated the 26th August 1910 *for* "Mehgo Singh" *read* "Mehgu Singh."

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 907.—Major Rupert Bohun Blunt Howe, 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry, has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 8th December 1910.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.

No. 908.—Rocksborough Remington Smith to be Captain, *vice* J. M. Symns, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 14th October 1910.

Assam-Bengal Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 909.—Charles Henry O'Neill Baker to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st August 1910.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 4th November 1910.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 91.—The following appointments have been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Assistant Engineers.

Francis Bishop Drake,—23rd August 1910.

Carl Rousey Leopold Bergner,—30th August 1910.

Frederick Greenlees,—6th September 1910.

Andrew Richard Tomkins,—12th September 1910.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 92.—The Viceroy and Governor-General of India has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 5th November 1910 :—

To be an Honorary Extra Aide-de-Camp.

Commander F. Dobson, Royal Indian Marine.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 31st October, 1910.

No. 290.—In Railway Board Notification No. 275, dated the 21st October 1910, notifying the promotion of Mr. A. Upson to officiate as Deputy Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, during the absence of Captain H. F. E. Freeland, R.E., on special duty, *for* "19th September 1910" *read* "18th September 1910."

The 2nd November, 1910.

No. 291.—Messrs. W. A. E. Hanby and H. Lawton, Executive Engineers, are, on return from leave, posted to the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

The 3rd November, 1910.

No. 292.—Mr. F. W. Wadley, Storekeeper, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is, on return from leave, re-appointed to officiate as Chief Storekeeper of that railway in class I, with effect from the 24th October 1910, and until further orders.

No. 293.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 197, dated the 22nd July, and No. 292, dated the 3rd November 1910, Mr. G. A. Meade, Officiating Chief Storekeeper, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is reverted to his substantive appointment of Storekeeper with rank in class III, grade I, permanent, and class II, grade 4, temporary, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

No. 294.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 233, dated the 16th September, and No. 293, dated the 3rd November 1910, Mr. F. W. Thorp, Officiating Storekeeper in class II, is reverted to his substantive appointment of Storekeeper in class III, grade I.

No. 295.—Mr. W. H. H. Young, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, is promoted from class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, to class III, grade 2, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from the 4th April 1910, and until further orders.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 45. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1910.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 3rd November 1910, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Rainfall occurred chiefly in Mysore and the Madras presidency, but scattered falls were reported from other parts of the Peninsula and from Assam. An area of disturbed weather appeared over the Andamans on the 30th October, and travelling in a northerly direction carried rainfall into Upper Burma where the precipitation of the week was more than 20 per cent in excess of the normal; in Lower Burma however rainfall was below the average.

2. In addition to Upper Burma, rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Assam, Hyderabad South, Mysore, Malabar and Madras Southeast, and was half an inch or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Eastern Bengal, Bengal proper and Orissa.

3. *Burma.*—Fairly general rain was reported from Upper Burma on the 1st and 2nd November, but on the remaining days only a few falls occurred. Cloud was moderate to heavy in the northern half of the province and light to moderate in the southern, and at the close of the week maximum temperature was considerably lower than usual in Upper Burma.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was restricted to a few falls in Eastern Bengal and Assam. Skies were clear or only lightly clouded.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Jagdalpur had a light fall of rain on the 28th. Skies were clear except for occasional cloud in the south of the Central Provinces, and night temperature was lower than usual in the Central Provinces.

Northwest India.—Skies were clear or lightly clouded; and in Baluchistan, Sind and the Punjab temperature was higher than usual especially at night.

The Peninsula.—Nearly general rain fell in the south and a few falls occurred in the north. Skies were moderately to heavily clouded in the area of rainfall.

4. The following are the chief amounts of rainfall as reported at 8 hrs. each day:—

October	28th.	Nellore 1·93″, Madras 2·15″, Cuddalore 1·91″, Negapatam 2·12″, Pamban 2·20″, Trivandrum 2·24″ and Cochin 3·55″.
,,	29th	Masulipatam 3·10″, Madras 1·83″, Cuddalore 2·05″, Coimbatore 3·43″, Trichinopoly 2·06″ and Ootacamund 2·12″.
,,	30th.	Slipper Island 2·41″, Bhamo 2·47″, Nellore 2·08″, Cuddalore 3·64″, Pamban 1·82″, Cochin 1·92″ and Mercara 1·85″.
,,	31st.	Pamban 2·90″ and Calicut 1·92″.
November	1st.	Pamban 2·04″ and Mangalore 2·64″.
,,	2nd.	Akyab 2·07″, Cuddalore 1·74″ and Cochin 2·03″.
,,	3rd.	Negapatam 2·45″.

5. The rainfall of the whole period from the 29th April to the 3rd November is 20 per cent or more in excess in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Mysore, Madras South-east, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North; and in defect by a similar amount in Kashmir and Baluchistan.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 3rd November 1910.			Rainfall data from 29th April 1910 to 3rd November 1910.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1·5	2·4	—0·9	85·1	98·2	— 13·1	— 13	— 13
Lower Burma	1·1	1·2	—0·1	134·2	138·0	— 3·8	— 3	— 3
Upper Burma	1·3	1·0	+0·3	46·9	40·0	+ 6·9	+ 17	+ 17
Assam	0·6	0·3	+0·3	83·5	78·8	+ 4·7	+ 6	+ 6
Eastern Bengal	0	0·7	—0·7	88·9	77·6	+ 11·3	+ 15	+ 16
Bengal	0	0·7	—0·7	57·7	56·5	+ 1·2	+ 2	+ 3
Orissa	0	0·9	—0·9	55·6	59·4	— 3·8	— 6	— 5
Chota Nagpur	0	0·4	—0·4	50·0	49·7	+ 0·3	+ 1	+ 1
Bihar	0	0·1	—0·1	53·9	50·3	+ 3·6	+ 7	+ 7
United Provinces, East	0	0·1	—0·1	37·8	40·6	— 2·8	— 7	— 7
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	47·7	40·9	+ 6·8	+ 17	+ 17
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	23·8	21·9	+ 1·9	+ 9	+ 9
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	7·7	7·9	— 0·2	— 3	— 3
Kashmir	0	0	0	3·3	5·5	— 2·2	— 40	— 39
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	10·1	5·5	+ 4·6	+ 84	+ 84
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·4	1·4	— 1·0	— 71	— 71
Sind	0	0	0	8·3	5·1	+ 3·2	+ 63	+ 63
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	11·5	11·3	+ 0·2	+ 2	+ 2
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	19·9	22·1	— 2·2	— 10	— 10
Gujarat	0	0·1	—0·1	26·0	26·5	— 0·5	— 2	— 2
Central India, West	0	0·1	—0·1	32·5	30·9	+ 1·6	+ 5	+ 6
Central India, East	0	0·1	—0·1	37·9	42·9	— 5·0	— 12	— 11
Berar	0	0·1	—0·1	36·3	32·1	+ 4·2	+ 13	+ 14
Central Provinces, West	0	0·1	—0·1	45·6	46·9	— 1·3	— 3	— 3
Central Provinces, East	0	0·4	—0·4	56·7	50·2	+ 6·5	+ 13	+ 14
Konkan	0·3	0·7	—0·4	87·1	98·3	— 11·2	— 11	— 11
Bombay Deccan	0·5	0·5	0	31·2	27·8	+ 3·4	+ 12	+ 12
Hyderabad, North	0·1	0·3	—0·2	37·3	32·3	+ 5·0	+ 15	+ 16
Hyderabad, South	1·1	0·6	+0·5	29·1	29·4	— 0·3	— 1	— 3
Mysore	2·4	0·9	+1·5	37·7	25·7	+ 12·0	+ 47	+ 43
Malabar	6·1	2·1	+4·0	91·9	93·4	— 1·5	— 2	— 6
Madras, South-east	6·0	2·5	+3·5	29·4	22·8	+ 6·6	+ 29	+ 15
Madras Deccan	0·9	1·0	—0·1	29·3	23·5	+ 5·8	+ 25	+ 26
Madras Coast, North	2·4	2·6	—0·2	43·8	33·1	+ 10·7	+ 32	+ 36

W. A. HARWOOD,
for Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 3rd November 1910.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 29th October 1910.

Burma.—Nearly all districts report rain but mostly very slight in amount. Sowing and planting of rice were completed in good time in Lower Burma except in a few flooded tracts where replanting still continues. In Tharrawady where a large area was flooded replanted crops are not expected to mature. Later rains have so far been satisfactory in Lower Burma and have partly made good the harm caused by deficient rain. In Upper Burma reaping of autumn rice is progressing under favourable conditions and an early start has been made with preparations for beans, tobacco and other dry weather crops. The recent continued rain in Upper Burma has much improved prospects and a good winter harvest is expected. Variations from the normal in prices of food grains are unimportant. Prices are generally rather low compared with recent years.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was seasonable with slight scattered rain in parts of the Dacca division and on and near the hills. Plucking of tea, ploughing for and sowing of mustard and other spring crops are progressing. Prospects of tea and sugarcane are fair and of cotton, winter rice and other standing crops good. The average price of common rice has risen 2 per cent. Cattle disease prevails in Kamrup, Darrang, Nowgong, Sibsagar, Lakhimpur and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—During the week no rain was received in Behar, Chota Nagpur, Birbhum and Bankura. The fall was heavy in Angul, moderate in Midnapore, Howrah and Cooch Behar and light elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops is still going on in some districts and that of early rice has commenced in some districts of Orissa and Chota Nagpur. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in Gaya and Bhagalpur. Standing crops are doing well. Some damage to paddy by insects is reported from Sambalpur. The price of common rice has risen in Burdwan, Nadia, Murshidabad, Khulna, Patna, Puri, Hazaribagh and Cooch Behar, and has fallen in Bankura, Midnapore, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, the Sonthal Parganas, Sambalpur, Ranchi and Palamau. Cattle disease prevails in Midnapore, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Purnea, Angul, Puri, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Standing crops are flourishing and prospects are good. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops and cotton picking are in progress. Wheat, gram, barley and linseed are being sown. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from twenty-five districts but the general condition of stock is good. Fodder and supplies are ample. Prices have fallen slightly in nine districts and are generally stationary elsewhere.

Punjab.—Rainfall *nil.* Harvesting of paddy, maize, great millet, etc., picking of cotton and ploughing for and sowing of spring crops continue. The condition and outturn of standing crops are generally good to average. Cotton is disappointing and the outturn of great millet and *mung* is poor in Rohtak and of cotton below average in Hissar. Crops are generally dried up owing to drought in Mianwali. Rain is also wanted in Lahore and Sialkot. Prices are generally unchanged. They are falling slightly in Gurgaon, Jullundur, Lahore, Amritsar and Mianwali. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient except in Mianwali. Complaints of a short water-supply are being received from the Samundri tahsil in the Lyallpur district.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rainfall *nil.* Rain is badly required in Dera Ismail Khan where the condition of standing crops is reported poor. Crops are generally average elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops continues and the expected outturn is average except that of rice, maize and cotton which is reported below average in the Charsadda tahsil of the Peshawar district. Sowing of spring crops is in progress. Sowing of clover and grain is nearly over in the Bannu district. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district has been stopped. Cattle are generally in good condition except in three villages of the Charsadda tahsil. The public health is generally good. Prices of food-grain except of wheat and maize, show a slight tendency to fall. Wheat sells from 13½ to 19 11/16; gram 17¾ to 27; maize 16 to 30 and *bajra* 16 to 23½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Rain *nil.* Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 12 to 24 and maize from 18 to 32 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in some parts of the Province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Rajputana.—Rainfall *nil.* Agricultural operations for both autumn and spring crops continue. Standing crops are fair to good. The outturn is about half the normal in Bharatpur where crops have been damaged by heavy rainfall. Cattle disease prevails in Karauli and in the district of Banswara. Fodder is sufficient. Prices have risen in Bikaner, Jaisalmer, Mewar and Partabgarh and have fallen or are steady elsewhere.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. The weather was clear and cool. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Standing crops are generally good but they have been damaged slightly by insects in Bhopal. Cattle are in good condition but some disease is prevalent in parts of Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. There are slight variations in prices but they indicate a downward tendency.

Central Provinces.—During the week Wardha, Drug, Raipur and Buldana had a sprinkling of rain not exceeding 76 cents. Harvesting of autumn crops, picking of cotton and sowing of spring crops continue. The condition of standing crops is generally good everywhere. The supply of fodder and water is adequate. Cattle are doing well. Prices:—The price of rice remained stationary in fifteen districts, gram in seventeen, *juar* in eighteen and wheat in twenty districts. Rice became cheaper in Mandla and Bilaspur by 3 and 2½ seers per rupee respectively. Variations are unimportant elsewhere.

Feudatory States.—Seven States received rain ranging from 6 cents to 1 inch. A break is required in Bastar where excessive moisture has caused some damage to crops. Reaping of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Prospects are favourable. Pasturage and water are ample. Prices:—wheat and gram fell in Chhuikhadan by 6 and 9 seers per rupee respectively. Gram rose by 2 seers in Kanker.

Bombay.—The rain during the week was good in parts of Kanara, Ahmednagar, and the Karnatak, moderate in Poona, Satara, Sholapur and Savantvadi, slight in Surat, Thana, Colaba, Ratnagiri, East Khandesh and Nasik. Standing crops have been damaged slightly by recent rain in Ratnagiri, by rats in Karachi, by insects in Sukkur and Poona, by grass-hoppers in Nasik, Ahmednagar, Belgaum and Dharwar and are generally good elsewhere. Cotton has been affected slightly by recent rain in Ahmednagar and Sholapur. Harvesting of autumn crops is generally progressing. Cotton picking continues in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Baroda. Lands are

being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind, the Panch Mahals, Palanpur and Mahi Kantha. Sowing of spring crops continues in parts of Gujarat, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Kathiawar, Baroda, Cutch and Rewa Kantha. The fodder supply is adequate. Agricultural stock is deficient in Ahmednagar, Satara and Sholapur and is generally in good condition. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally adequate. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have risen in Ahmednagar and Dharwar, have fallen in the Panch Mahals, Surat and East Khandesh and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 19 to 40 per cent. In the Konkan 13 to 22 per cent and in the Karnatak 3 to 22 per cent less than the normal. In Gujarat prices vary from 12 per cent more than the normal to 17 per cent less and in the Deccan from 17 per cent more than the normal to 23 per cent less.

Hyderabad.—The average rainfall in the Dominions was 77 cents. The rainfall was more or less general. The heaviest falls occurred in Mahbubnagar and Nalgonda. Fair weather is needed and has apparently set in. General prospects are fair. The autumn crop, especially cotton, has suffered rather heavily in parts where the rainfall was excessive and untimely. Crops have been damaged somewhat by insect pests in parts of Medak and Raichur and some of the area under autumn cotton has been resown with other crops. Spring sowings have been suspended in places by excessive rain but prospects of the crop are favourable. The early rice crop has suffered to some extent by the week's rain in parts of Telingana but its prospects are fair to good. The crop is being weeded in a few places and harvested in places. Lands for late rice are being prepared in a very few parts of Telingana. Cattle disease prevails in thirteen talukas. Prices :—wheat 6¾ ; coarse rice 6¾ and *juar* 15¾ seers per rupee, showing a fall of ¼ seer in the price of coarse rice and *juar*. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 12 seers per rupee and yellow *juar* at 13½. The highest price in districts is 8½ seers in parts of Karimnagar and the lowest 28 seers in Nander, showing a downward tendency in prices.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good throughout the State. Prices of food grains have fallen slightly in Kolar and Mysore and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 7 inches 47 cents. The rice crop is in good condition. Prices of food grains are normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in Chingleput, Madras, Nellore, the Nilgiris and Guntur; heavy in South Arcot, Madura, Godavari, Kistna, Ramnad, the Vizagapatam litoral, North Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Tinnevelly, Coimbatore, South Canara, Malabar and Ganjam and good elsewhere. The rainfall in seventeen districts was above the average of 35 years. Irrigation supplies are sufficient except in parts of Madura. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress. Standing crops are generally good and have benefited by the recent rains in Chingleput and Salem, but some in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur and Cuddapah have been damaged by excessive rain and some in parts of Bellary have been damaged by grass-hoppers. Harvests continue in parts with outturn fair to bumper. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of Godavari. Fodder is scanty in parts of Ganjam, Godavari, Nellore and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in fourteen districts, has fallen in seven and has risen in three. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows :—*Ragi* is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in ten and has risen in four. *Cholam* is stationary in three districts, has fallen in seven and has risen in five. *Cumbu* is stationary in two districts, has fallen in eight and has risen in six. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is generally satisfactory and employment is readily available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 3rd November 1910.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 29th October 1910, is published for general information.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	9	9
		Ahmedabad Town	3	...
		Ahmedabad District	13	12
		Panch Mahals District	...	...
		Kaira District	53	22
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat District	12	5
		Mahi Kantha Agency	13	4
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra ,,	...	...
		Bassein ,,	1	2
		Thana ,,	...	...
		Umbergaon Port	...	...
		Agashi Port	...	...
		Thana District	...	...
	Central	East Khandesh District	101	62
		Satara District	219	138
		Poona City	1 (a)	...
		Poona District	...	1
		Nasik ,,	32	23
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Kolaba District	25	17
		Dabhol Port	...	...
		Bankot ,,	3	2
		Ratnagiri District	3	4
		Belgaum ,,	194	120
		Hubli Town	126	90
		Dharwar District	284	228
		Kanara District	...	...
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	5	4
		Karachi District	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port	1	2
		Cutch Town	125	...
		Cutch State	3	2
		Verawal Port	...	...
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	...	...
		Jamnagar Town and Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	...	...
		Kolhapur Town	85	79
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	190	137
		Billimora Port	...	...
		Baroda State	69	45
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Satara Agency	45	35
		TOTAL	1,615	1,043

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Coimbatore District	33 (a)	22 (b)
		Madura District	16	9
		Mangalore Port	3	2
		Salem District	12 (c)	(d)
		Salem Town	76	71
		North Arcot District	1 (e)	1 (e)
		Ramnad District	...	...
		Nilgiris ,,	2	1
		Bellary ,,	...	...
		South Canara District	3	3
		TOTAL	146	116
BENGAL	...	Calcutta	7	7
	Burdwan	Howrah Town	...	..
	Patna	Gaya District	...	...
		Patna ,,	47	24
		Shahabad District	33	14
	Tirhut	Saran District	54	40
		Champaran District	...	...
		Darbhanga ,,	10	8
		Muzaffarpur ,,	2	2
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	27	19
		Bhagalpur ,,	3	1
		TOTAL	183	115
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Meerut City	1	1
		Meerut District	99	76
		Muzaffarnagar City	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	82	57
		Saharanpur District	...	...

(a) Four imported. (b) Three imported. (c) Seven imported. (d) Five imported. (e) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Agra	Etawah City	...	...
		Etawah District	...	...
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	1	1
		Mainpuri District	12	10
		Etah District	15	13
		Agra City	...	...
		Agra District	21	16
		Muttra ,,	4	4
	Rohilkhand	Budaun ,,	26	11
		Pilibhit ,,	4	4
		Bijnor ,,	1	1
		Bareilly ,,	...	...
		Bareilly City	1	3
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	17	8
		Jalaun ,,	...	...
		Cawnpore City	3	2
		Cawnpore District	17	14
		Fatehpur ,,	13	7
	Benares	Benares District	1	1
		Ballia District	2	2
		Mirzapur District	18	18
		Jaunpur City	...	...
		Jaunpur District	14	10
		Ghazipur ,,	27	23
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City	...	...
		Azamgarh District	26	21
		Basti District	15	8
		Gorakhpur District	18	10
	Lucknow	Unao District	3	2
		Rae Bareli District	11	4
		Hardoi District	15	12
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	10	7
		Fyzabad District	4	2
		Gonda District	13	6
		Sultanpur District	24	19
		Bara Banki Town	...	...
		Bara Banki District	3	3
		Bahraich ,,	...	...
		TOTAL	521	376
Punjab	Delhi	Gurgaon District	324 (a)	251 (a)
		Hissar ,,	40	18
		Delhi ,,	50	35
		Rohtak ,,	118	85
		Karnal ,,	83	64
		Ambala ,,	24	21

(a) Figure for the two weeks ending 29th October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Jullundur	Kangra District	...	...
		Hoshiarpur "	24 (a)	21 (a)
		Ludhiana "	2	2
		Jullundur "	5	2
		Ferozepur "	11	3
	Lahore	Amritsar District	4	4
		Gurdaspur "	4	2
		Gujranwala "	7	3
		Sialkot "	1	1
		Montgomery "	3 (b)	...
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur "	9	4
		Gujrat "	1	...
		Attock "	...	...
		Jhelum "	5	1
	Multan	Lyallpur "	4	1
		Jhang "	5	2
	...	Patiala State	119	75
		Jind "	9	7
		TOTAL	852	602
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	3	3
		Prome District	...	...
		Pegu "	2	2
		Tharawaddy District	2	2
	Irrawaddy	Bassein District	...	...
		Bassein Town	...	...
		Pyapon District	...	...
		Maubin "	...	..
		Henzada "	3	3
		Myaungmya "	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	2	1
		Moulmein Town	1	1
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	...	...
	Magwe	Magwe District	...	...
		Minbu "	...	1 (b)
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	5	5
		Bhamo District	...	...
		Myitkyina Town	...	...
		Katha District	1	1
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	6	4
		Kyaukse "	3	3
		Meiktila "	4	8
		TOTAL	32	34
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...

(a) Figure for the two weeks ending 29th October 1910.
(b) Figure for the week ending 22nd October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	...	...
		Nagpur District	10	11
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Kamptee Town	2	2
		Bhandara District	...	...
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore District	15	16
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	40 (a)	31 (a)
		Nimar District	2 (b)	2 (b)
		Narshingpur Town	1 (b)	...
		Narshingpur District	118 (a)	89 (a)
	Chhattisgarh.	Raipur	1 (b)	...
	Berar	Akola Town	...	...
		Akola District	133 (a)	90 (a)
		Buldana "	194	130
		Amraoti Town	94	88
		Amraoti District	131	117
		Yeotmal Town	...	...
		Yeotmal District	14	11
		TOTAL	755	587
		Coorg	6	1
		TOTAL	6	1
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	51	42
		Bangalore City	34	30
		Bangalore District	75	49
		Mysore City	1	2
		Mysore District	34	23
		Hassan "	12	6
		Kadur "	82	61
		Kolar "	32	19
		Kolar Gold Fields	26	17
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga "	38	23
		Chitaldroog "	84	56
		TOTAL	462	328
Hyderabad State	...	Usmanabad District	262 (c)	200 (c)
		Raichur District	127 (c)	112 (c)
		Aurangabad District	... (c)	... (c)
		Parbhani "	6 (c)	4 (c)
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		TOTAL	395	316

(a) One imported. | (b) Imported. | (c) Figures for the period from the 17th to 23rd October 1910.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	50	43
		Indor Residency	...	...
		Ujjain City	... (a)	... (a)
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Rutlam State	111	111
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	2	1
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora State	7	7 (a)
		Dhar ,,	...	...
		Bagli ,,	10	3
		Sailana State	6	2
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant	...	...
		Rewa State	...	...
		TOTAL	186	167
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Mewar State	59	28
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	30 (b)	29 (b)
		Jaipur City	...	...
		Jaipur State	46	41
		Dholpur State	...	...
		Tonk City	376	323
		Tonk State	...	...
		Partabgarh City	6	3 (b)
		Kishangarh State	...	...
		Alwar City	15	14
		Alwar State	186	121
		Bonwar	...	...
		Karauli State	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Bharatpur State	33	18
		Ajmer City	1	1
		Ajmer District	15 (b)	10 (b)
		Shahpura	...	...
		Shahpura Town	1	2
		Deoli Agency	...	1
		Ajmer-Merwara District	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		TOTAL	768	586
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Peshawar Cantonment	...	...
		Nowshera ,,	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua ,,	...	...
		Jammu Province	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	5,928	4,271

(a) Figures for the week ending the 22nd October 1910.
(b) Figures for the week ending the 28th October 1910.

A. EARLE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
	During 2nd-half of 1909.	During official year 1909-10.	Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
			1909.	1910.	22nd October 1909.	22nd October 1910.	1909.	1910.	22nd October 1909.	22nd October 1910.			22nd October 1909.	22nd October 1910.		
	R	R	*Miles.*	*Miles.*	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
ngal-Nagpur (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	207	243	2,350	2,367	4,97,166	5,31,000	212	224	70,01,543	78,91,000	8,89,457	..	1,49,66,474	1,58,91,000	9,24,526	...
zwada Extension	268	318	21	21	49,7[illegible]	4,200	239	200	81,347	8[illegible],800	8,453	...	1,65,749	1,84,000	18,251	...
mbay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Viramgam-Wadhwan Section, 3′ 3⅜″ gauge)	749	878	504	504	3,70,3[illegible]	3,74,000	735	742	53,4[illegible]	58,57,000	3,16,822	...	1,19,20,189	1,24,11,000	4,81,811	...
Nagda-Muttra	50	55	339	359	18,431	19,[illegible]	54	56	1,78,742	3,6[illegible]	1,89,258	...	2,88,963	7,34,000	4,45,037	...
stern Bengal (including 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	390	356	1,497	1,501	6,48,312	6,[illegible]8,000	433	458	91,14,495	91,47,000	32,505	...	1,48,53,653	1,49,56,000	1,02,347	...
ast Indian	646	681	2,337	2,337	14,05,853	15,41,000	602	659	2,26,75,210	2,50,45,000	23,[illegible]9,790	...	4,34,60,120	4,72,48,000	37,87,880	...
reat Indian Peninsula	603	679	1,6[illegible]	1,607	8,24,773	8,91,000	513	554	1,11,53,570	1,26,[illegible],000	14,86,430	...	2,35,11,994	2,73,89,000	37,77,006	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	243	239	126	126	30,785	37,[illegible]00	244	296	4,17,138	5,30,000	1,12,862	...	7,79,771	10,31,000	2,51,229	...
Baran-Kotah	32	31	40	20	1,56[illegible]	1,400	42	35	19,453	2[illegible],300	6,847	..	31,811	57,700	25,889	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itársi)	213	229	916	916	2,07,006	2,13,000	226	233	25,12,768	27,42,000	2,29,232	...	52,03,639	58,37,000	6,33,361	...
adras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3⅜″ gauge lines)	211	226	2,578	2,584	5,01,654	4,99,000	195	193	84,73,939	84,29,000	...	44,999	1,63,65,947	1,73,50,000	9,84,053	...
orth Western (incldg. 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	339	373	3,670	3,718	10,97,141	13,50,000	299	363	1,97,99,727	2,29,81,000	31,81,273	...	3,89,00,882	4,01,25,000	12,24,118	...
udh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	213	241	1,298	1,402	2,53,450	3,14,000	195	224	40,5[illegible],739	49,55,000	8,97,261	...	87,50,332	1,01,12,000	13,52,668	...
ardwar-Dehra	209	228	32	32	7,650	7,300	239	228	98,741	1,10,000	11,259	...	2,01,523	2,25,000	23,477	...
ssam-Bengal	123	122	771	790	1,08,548	1,59,000	141	163	14,68,820	16,00,000	1,49,110	...	26,12,855	28,17,000	2,04,145	...
urma	201	247	1,527	1,527	3,02,785	3,14,[illegible]00	198	206	46,38,155	47,70,000	1,31,845	...	98,80,192	1,01,17,000	2,36,808	...
dhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	134	135	124	124	13,787	15,500	111	125	2,27,824	2,37,000	9,176	...	4,39,617	4,62,000	22,383	...
ucknow-Bareilly	132	153	200	215	27,469	27,000	137	126	3,87,462	4,69,000	81,538	...	8,71,803	10,20,000	1,54,197	...
ysore State (including Kolar Gold-Fields 5′ 6′)	126	124	411	411	52,051	48,200	127	117	8,14,965	7,89,000	...	25,965	15,37,389	16,56,000	1,18,611	...
alanpur-Deesa	49	62	17	17	786	1,000	46	59	12,776	13,700	924	...	31,650	31,700	50	...
ajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5′ 6″ gauge)	234	259	1,914	1,914	4,60,326	4,12,000	241	[illegible]	[illegible]	72,92,000	10,10,990	...	1,31,71,615	1,48,78,000	17,06,385	...
outh Indian (including 5′ 6″ and [illegible] gauge lines)	294	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,395	3,83,348	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	67,61,000	3,50,711	...	1,20,92,310	1,26,08,000	5,15,690	...
Travancore Branch	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	108	13,124	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,[illegible]1,000	6,594	...	3,73,376	4,00,000	26,624	...
irhoot State	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	770	10,871	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	18,89,000	2,03,183	...	40,05,053	44,78,000	4,72,947	...
											140	...	55,683	54,800	...	883

All other Railways.																
Amritsar-Patti										1,37,000	62,176	...	1,33,886	2,19,000	85,114	...
Bhopal-Ujjain										1,94,000	...	7,504	4,65,389	4,83,000	17,611	...
Bina-Goona-Baran				148	6,340	[illegible]				88,900	18,234	...	1,61,774	1,86,000	24,226	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka			2	162	53,581	51,1[illegible]				7,00,000	73,751	...	12,03,822	13,54,000	1,50,178	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Se[illegible]	91	103	16	16	1,914	[illegible]0				26,900	9,884	...	41,767	50,300	8,533	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	132	144	79	79	8,681	9,[illegible]00	110	[illegible]	[illegible]48,557	1,94,000	45,443	...	3,50,560	5,45,000	1,94,440	...
Nagda-Ujjain	100	141	34	34	4,602	3,100	135	91	42,550	47,500	4,950	...	1,27,894	1,2[illegible],000	...	6,894
Nizam's Guaranteed State	260	284	334	334	72,843	7[illegible],800	218	2[illegible]0	11,30,479	15,32,000	2,01,521	...	23,[illegible]6,785	27,17,000	3,30,215	...
Petlad-Cambay	113	136	34	34	3,137	4,[illegible]00	92	132	57,879	57,400	...	479	1,30,178	1,42,000	11,822	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	224	237	107	107	16,622	21,000	156	1[illegible]6	3,22,585	3,19,000	...	3,685	7,20,964	6,73,000	...	47,964
Southern Punjab	149	157	425	424	54,166	70,000	12[illegible]	16[illegible]	8,35,130	11,57,000	3,21,870	...	16,77,112	23,84,000	7,06,888	...
—" Ludhiana" Extension	101	102	155	152	12,574	19,[illegible]00	81	125	2,50,439	3,21,000	70,561	...	4,57,022	5,75,000	1,17,978	.
Sutlej Valley (a)	...	...	...	209	..	17,000	...	81	...	2,22,000	2,22,000	...	...	2,22,000	2,22,000	...
Tapti Valley	121	146	155	155	14,[illegible]	16,100	92	[illegible]4	1,78,870	1,97,000	18,130	...	4,32,793	4,50,000	17,207	..
Tarkessur	269	321	22	22	[illegible]	6,[illegible]00	239	282	89,170	1,02,000	12,830	...	1,99,949	2,14,000	14,051	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	61	68	34	34	[illegible]	1,900	46	56	29,256	32,700	3,444	...	65,452	72,000	6,548	...
Ahmedabad-Parantij	93	108	55	55	4,[illegible]1	5,200	83	95	74,329	75,[illegible]00	3,771	...	1,70,069	1,75,000	4,931	...
Bengal and North-Western	113	138	1,092	1,119	1,05,176	1,21,[illegible]60	[illegible]	108	18,40,456	20,06,000	1,65,544	...	42,74,239	46,4[illegible],000	3,65,761	...
Bengal-Dooars	153	137	153	153	23,314	25,300	152	165	3,6[illegible],819	3,51,000	..	17,819	5,71,670	5,75,000	3,330	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	112	121	52	52	4,545	4,900	87	94	94,500	82,700	...	11,890	1,79,822	1,68,000	...	11,822
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	101	123	459	459	44,303	46,900	97	102	6,49,361	7,81,000	1,31,639	...	14,97,765	16,86,000	1,88,235	...
Dibru-Sadiya	291	278	78	78	17,168	25,000	220	321	3,64,984	3,61,000	...	3,984	6,23,792	6,56,000	32,208	...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	63	78	179	179	9,374	15,600	52	87	1,57,221	1,92,000	34,779	...	3,81,723	4,23,000	41,277	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	141	171	392	392	41,472	51,[illegible]00	106	130	6,20,107	7,32,000	1,11,893	...	14,69,012	17,73,000	3,03,988	...
Jaipur	43	43	73	73	2,774	1,400	38	19	49,874	44,600	...	5,274	79,756	1,02,000	22,244	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	72	84	770	831	53,335	53,[illegible]00	69	64	7,85,603	9,99,0[illegible]0	2,13,337	...	15,99,550	20,75,000	4,75,450	...
Kolhapur	136	160	29	29	3,425	3,700	118	128	53,756	67,600	13,844	...	1,15,709	1,41,000	25,291	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo	28	25	50	50	1,[illegible]21	2,300	30	46	17,950	25,0[illegible]0	7,050	...	(b) 25,669	45,800	20,1[illegible]1	...
Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge	91	101	93	93	7,397	8,[illegible]00	8[illegible]	92	1,34,083	1,41,0[illegible]0	6,917	...	2,75,798	3,10,000	34,202	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	137	130	54	55	6,909	9,0[illegible]	128	17[illegible]	1,04,043	1,20,0[illegible]0	15,957	...	1,78,892	1,93,000	14,108	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	107	122	214	214	28,959	24,1[illegible]0	135	113	3,96,894	4,24,000	27,100	...	8,12,724	8,48,000	35,276	...
Sangli	127	151	5	5	736	600	147	120	9,491	9,6[illegible]0	199	...	21,388	21,100	...	288
Shoranur-Cochin	141	158	65	65	8,090	10,0[illegible]0	125	154	1,45,033	1,53,0[illegible]0	7,907	...	2,94,323	3,05,000	10,677	...
Tanjore District Board	123	130	103	103	10,860	13,400	105	13[illegible]	1,95,556	2,19,000	23,444	...	3,82,976	4,19,000	36,024	...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	65	68	67	67	4,747	4,0[illegible]0	71	60	59,319	58,400	...	919	1,26,199	1,27,000	801	...
Barsi	177	179	78	78	8,065	8,200	115	105	1,65,491	1,66,000	409	...	3,31,519	3,19,000	...	12,519
Cooch Behar	111	105	34	33	3,759	3,500	111	109	52,687	50,700	...	1,987	94,200	1,02,000	7,800	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	82	108	94	94	6,098	9,600	65	102	1,11,137	1,23,000	11,863	...	2,78,067	3,20,000	41,933	...
Rajpipla	34	47	37	37	868	1,400	23	38	18,959	22,700	3,741	...	44,314	52,000	7,686	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	387	377	51	51	27,285	25,000	535	490	2,96,949	3,03,000	6,051	..	5,67,131	5,94,000	26,869	...
TOTAL	126	142	6,130	6,415	6,99,201	7,97,700	114	124	1,08,51,036	1,26,47,800	17,96,764	...	2,29,51,654	2,64,77,200	35,25,546	...
GRAND TOTAL	276	302	30,720	31,247	80,43,697	87,95,600	262	281	12,39,38,740	13,73,40,200	1,34,01,460	...	24,75,42,244	26,85,56,400	2,10,14,156	..

(a) Opened from 6th July 1910. (b) From 2nd May 1909.

C. F. ANDERSON, *Captain, R.E.,*

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